

EMPOWERING DIVERSE HEALTH LITERACY NEEDS WITH MULTI-AGENT HEALTH INTERVENTIONS: DESIGN CHALLENGES FOR SOCIALLY AWARE MULTI-AGENT SYSTEMS

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INTRODUCTION

MOTIVATION

Clinical trials are important for advancing cancer treatment, but participation remains low (2-8%)

GAP

Mixed results with helping low health literacy populations in past virtual agent work, but these use single virtual agent systems

PROBLEM

Limited awareness due to poor communication — especially for low health literacy populations

APPROACH

Multi-agent systems that mirror real clinical dynamics (doctor + companion) to improve clinical trial awareness and decision-making support

MEASURES

User health literacy

Decision-Making Outcomes

Perceived decision-making pressure

Amount of information received

Satisfaction with decision-making

PARTICIPANTS

Online research platform

Past or current diagnosis

61 participants

49 median age

69% female

74% white

RESEARCH QUESTION

How do multi-agent interventions affect decision-making experiences across different health literacy levels?

STUDY DESIGN

CONDITIONS | Single-agent vs Multi-Agent



Single-Agent



Multi-Agent

Doctor

Doctor + Caregiver

METHOD | Randomized, Between-subjects

INTERVENTION | Web-based

Virtual agent intervention addressing clinical trial barriers

Users select questions to ask via multiple-choice button input

For every answer the virtual agent provides, users can select from 3 explanation options based on varying levels of health literacy

Less Technical

“...checks how well new treatments work...”

Standard NCI

“...tests how well new medical approaches work...”

More Technical

“...evaluates the efficacy of novel medical interventions...”



Responds with information:

- Doctor in **single-** & **multi-**agent conditions

Facilitates information delivery:

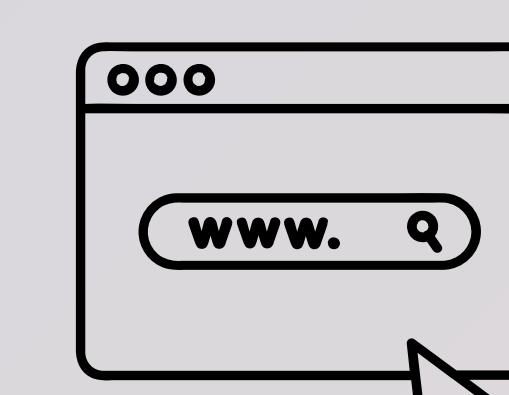
- Doctor in **single-** agent condition
- Caregiver in **multi-**agent condition

PROCEDURE



Pre-Survey

Informed Consent, Health Literacy



Intervention

Single- or Multi-agent intervention



Post-Survey

Decision-making, Demographics

RESULTS

Align Rank Transform (ART) ANOVA

PRESSURE

↓ Multi-Agent Condition
↓ Low Health Literacy

Participants in the **multi-agent condition** felt less pressure during decision-making

Participants with **low health literacy** felt less pressure during decision-making

INFORMATION

↑ Low Health Literacy

Participants with **low health literacy** felt they received more information

SATISFACTION

↑ High Health Literacy

Participants with **high health literacy** had higher satisfaction with the decision-making

DISCUSSION

Multiple virtual agents may reduce pressure during decision-making, but health literacy appears to drive satisfaction and perception of information received.

DESIGN IMPLICATIONS

Second agent could detect cognitive overload and intervene
Adaptive scaffolding based on literacy level
Need for real-time emotion/confusion detection
Role differentiation between agents matters

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

Free-text/voice input for better state detection
Dynamic role adaptation based on user needs
Building more socially aware multi-agent systems

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