

Interactive Pedestrian Simulation

YIGE LI*, SHUN LI*, CHENGSHU LI, CLAUDIA PEREZ-D'ARNAO, SILVIO SAVARESE

Stanford University

Stanford University

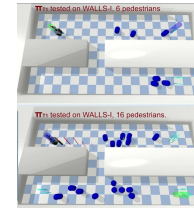
Robot Learning for Social Navigation



- Robot learning for social navigation requires better simulation of pedestrian behaviors.
- Current analytical models are limited:
 - ◆ No human-like behaviors
 - ◆ Challenged by indoor constrained environments

Stanford University

Pedestrian Simulation using ORCA



ORCA is commonly used in social navigation research. It is limited in several aspects:

- Additional global planner is required to perform in indoor environments.
- The collision avoidance responsibility is equally divided among agents.
- The protocol doesn't consider the multi-modality of pedestrian trajectories.

C. Perez-D'Arnao, C. Li, Y. Li, T. Gabel, T. Martin-Martin, and S. Savarese. Robot navigation in constrained pedestrian environments using reinforcement learning. ICRA 2020. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.04401>.
 Wei Chen, Bing-Jian Shen, J. Chen, Ming-Li, and Chuan-Min Chen. Navigation in Body-Centered Environments. Springer, Trends in Artificial Intelligence, 2011.

Stanford University

Learning-based pedestrian simulation (on-going work)

Datasets of pedestrians trajectories



ZARA01

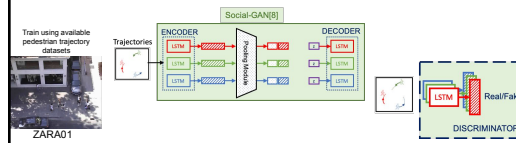
Simulation in realistic indoor environments



Bohui Shen, Fan Yin, Chengshu Li, Roberto Martin-Martin, Lina Fan, Guoshu Wang, Claudia Perez-D'Arnao, Chuan-Min Chen, Sergio Escalante, Lina P. Torres, Michael E. Tatman, Neil Durrant, Li Fan Yin, Silvio Savarese. Diffusion: a Simulation Environment for Interactive Tasks in Large Realistic Scenarios. ICRA 2021. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.04401>.

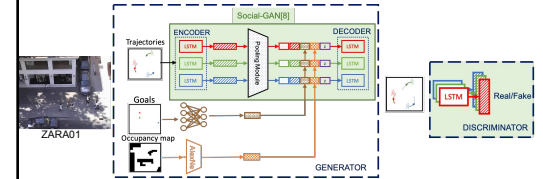
Stanford University

Pedestrian Prediction



Stanford University

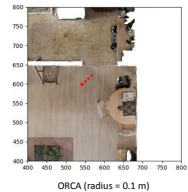
Pedestrian Prediction -> Generative model for simulation



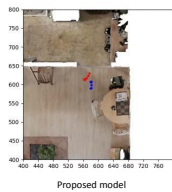
Alvin Gupta, Justin Johnson, Li Fan Yin, Silvio Savarese, and Alexandre Alahi. Social GAN: Socially acceptable trajectories with generative adversarial networks. CVPR 2016.

Stanford University

Pedestrian simulation in iGibson



ORCA (radius = 0.1 m)



Proposed model

Stanford University