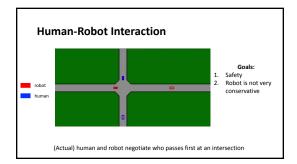
Safe Human-Interactive Control via Shielding

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Overview

- Key challenge: How to model the human?
- Naïve approaches
 - Model human as an adversary
 Results in conservative policies
 - Learn a model for the human
 Model might not be accurate
- Our approach
- Human model based on a notion of fault: We model the actions that the
- human and the robot are expected to take to avoid an accident
- Dynamics overapproximation: We use abstract interpretation to overapproximate the reachable set and ensure that the human can always safely come to a stop

Experimental Results

· Real humans interacting with toy self-driving simulator





