

# SDC test journal

Mikkel Wohlert Jensen

2024-12-23

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## 4 Results

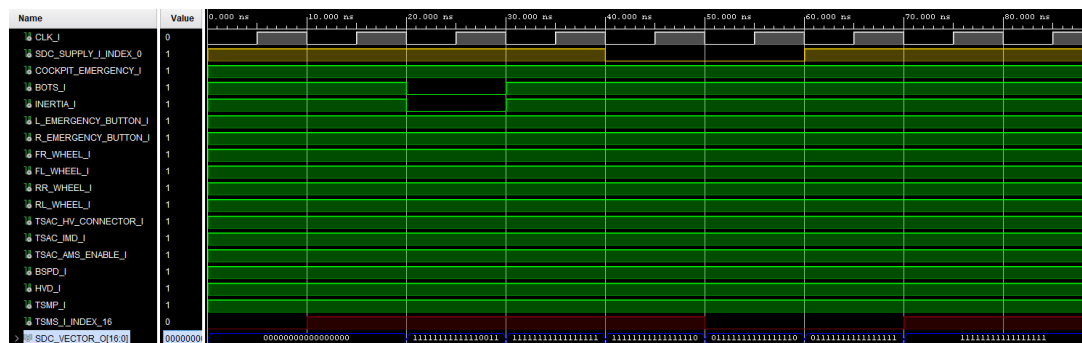


Figure 2: A snapshot of the simulation.

Do note that the logic presented in the testbench is inverted of the physical pins to the Zynq. That is, if a SDC node is closed it will input a “0” to the Zynq. This has no effect on how the algorithm works.

## 5 Experiments Using the SDC Library

Code for the developed SDC library in C can be found at the bottom of this journal. The API includes the functions:

```

1  int init_SDC();
2  void SDC_ISR(void *CallbackRef);
3  void SDC_open_read_as_register(uint32_t* SDC_register);
4  void SDC_open_read_as_array (uint32_t SDC_array[ NO_OF_SDC_NODES ]
    );
5  bool is_SDC_Completed();
6  const char* get_first_broken_node();
7  bool get_SDC_inertia_Open_Status();

```

Listing 1: SDC library functions.

Some of these functions will be tested here via a printout to a terminal. The MC testbench has jumpers that act as each SDC node (see report). Jumpers were removed and put back arbitrarily to simulate the physical SDC.

Interrupt test:

The first test will be of the interrupt using the code in `main.c` as shown below, which only initializes the SDC code: setting up the AXI GPIO instance and the GPIO interrupt used:

```
init_SDC()
```

### SDC Monitoring Register and Array Fetching Test:

Next, a test is done of the API for fetching the state of each SDC node from the PL-side to the PS via `SDC_Open_read_as_register()` and `SDC_Open_read_as_array()`:

```
1     u32 SDC_open_register;  
2     SDC_open_read_as_register(&SDC_open_register);  
3     printf("\n Register decimal value showing status of all open SDC  
           nodes: %u", SDC_open_register);
```

---

Listing 2: SDC\_Open\_read\_as\_register()

```
1  u32 SDC_open_array[NO_OF_SDC_NODES];
2  SDC_open_read_as_array(SDC_open_array);
3  printf("\nArray showing status of all open SDC nodes:\n");
4  for (int i = 0; i < NO_OF_SDC_NODES; i++)
5  {
6      printf("Node %d: %u\n", i, SDC_open_array[i]);
7  }
8  for(int i = 0; i < 200000000; i++) // for 2 sec delay
```

Listing 3: SDC\_open\_read\_as\_array()

### SDC Check Test

Lastly, is a test of the is\_SDC\_Completed() function, which checks if the entire node is closed as well as a “get”-status function for an individual node:

```
1  bool k = is_SDC_Completed();
2  printf("\n Is the whole SDC closed: %u", k);
3
4  k = get_SDC_inertia_Open_Status();
5  printf("\n Is the inertia switch open: %u", k);
```

Listing 4: is\_SDC\_Completed()

## 6 Results of Experiments Using the SDC Library

Below are terminal printouts of the function calls in order.

### Interrupt test:

```
Setting up SDC AXI GPIO\\
Setting up SDC AXI Interrupt\\
SDC broken at: TSMS

All nodes connected.\\
SDC broken at: TSMS

All nodes connected.\\
All nodes connected.\\
SDC broken at: TSMS

All nodes connected.\\
SDC broken at: Front Left Wheel

SDC broken at: Front Left Wheel

All nodes connected.\\
SDC broken at: Front Left Wheel

All nodes connected.\\
```

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: Front Left Wheel

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: Right Emergency Button

SDC broken at: Right Emergency Button

All nodes connected.\\  
All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

SDC broken at: BOTS

SDC broken at: Rear Left Wheel

SDC broken at: Rear Left Wheel

SDC broken at: BOTS

SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.\\  
SDC broken at: BOTS

All nodes connected.

### **SDC Monitoring Register and Array Fetching Test:**

Setting up SDC AXI GPIO\\  
Setting up SDC AXI Interrupt\\  
Register decimal value showing status of all open SDC nodes: 0\\  
Array showing status of all open SDC nodes:\\

```

Node 0: 0\\
Node 1: 0\\
Node 2: 0\\
Node 3: 0\\
Node 4: 0\\
Node 5: 0\\
Node 6: 0\\
Node 7: 0\\
Node 8: 0\\
Node 9: 0\\
Node 10: 0\\
Node 11: 0\\
Node 12: 0\\
Node 13: 0\\
Node 14: 0\\
Node 15: 0\\
Node 16: 0\\
s of all open SDC nodes: 66544\\
Array showing status of all open SDC nodes:\\
Node 0: 0\\
Node 1: 0\\
Node 2: 0\\
Node 3: 0\\
Node 4: 1\\
Node 5: 1\\
Node 6: 1\\
Node 7: 1\\
Node 8: 1\\
Node 9: 1\\
Node 10: 0\\
Node 11: 0\\
Node 12: 0\\
Node 13: 0\\
Node 14: 0\\
Node 15: 0\\
Node 16: 1\\
s of all open SDC nodes: 66544\\
Array showing status of all open SDC nodes:\\
Node 0: 0\\
Node 1: 0\\
Node 2: 0\\
Node 3: 0\\
Node 4: 1\\
Node 5: 1\\
Node 6: 1\\
Node 7: 1\\
Node 8: 1\\
Node 9: 1\\

```

```
Node 10: 0\\
Node 11: 0\\
Node 12: 0\\
Node 13: 0\\
Node 14: 0\\
Node 15: 0\\
Node 16: 1
```

Register decimal value showing status of all open SDC nodes: 66558\\

Array showing status of all open SDC nodes:\\

```
Node 0: 0\\
Node 1: 1\\
Node 2: 1\\
Node 3: 1\\
Node 4: 1\\
Node 5: 1\\
Node 6: 1\\
Node 7: 1\\
Node 8: 1\\
Node 9: 1\\
Node 10: 0\\
Node 11: 0\\
Node 12: 0\\
Node 13: 0\\
Node 14: 0\\
Node 15: 0\\
Node 16: 1
```

### SDC Check Test:

```
Is the inertia switch open: 0\\
Is the whole SDC closed: 1\\
Is the inertia switch open: 0\\
Is the whole SDC closed: 1\\
Is the inertia switch open: 1\\
Is the whole SDC closed: 0\\
Is the inertia switch open: 1\\
Is the whole SDC closed: 0\\
Is the inertia switch open: 1\\
Is the whole SDC closed: 0
```

## 7 Conclusion

- The RTL-side SDC works as intended, although the testbench may lead the reader to believe that a HIGH state for an SDC node is to be considered a “closed”-state. This is however not the case, as the physical inputs to the pins are inverted, so a closed node is a digital “0”.

- The SDC software works as intended mostly, but a debouncer might be needed, as the program kept interrupting whilst a jumper was getting removed or inserted. Besides that, the code is considered to be ready for optimization for when it gets implemented into the car.