



DEV ACADEMY
TE KURA HANGARAU
O AOTEAROA

Client-Side Routing *with* React Router



Serving a static HTML file

client

server



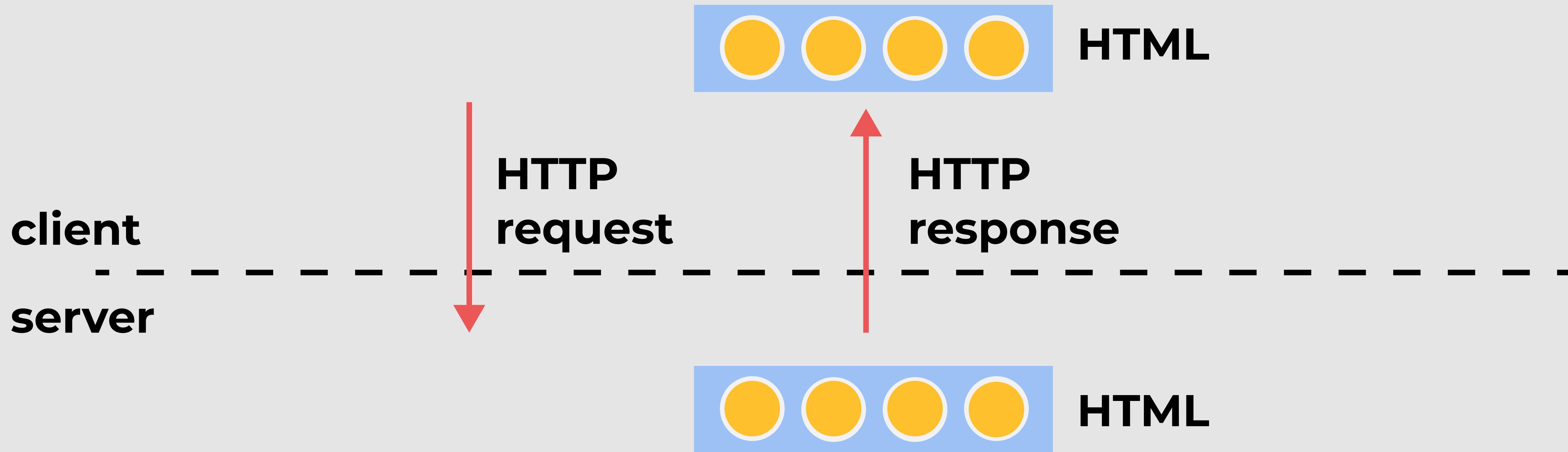


Serving a static HTML file





Serving a static HTML file





Serving a static HTML file

- We go to a URL like:
 - `http://localhost:3000/profiles/1`

```
server.get('/profiles/:id', (req, res) => {
  const id = req.params.id
  if (id === '1') {
    res.sendFile(path.resolve(__dirname, './public/silvia.html'))
  } else if (id === '2') {
    res.sendFile(path.resolve(__dirname, './public/sampson.html'))
  }
})
```

- We get static HTML file



Server-side rendering

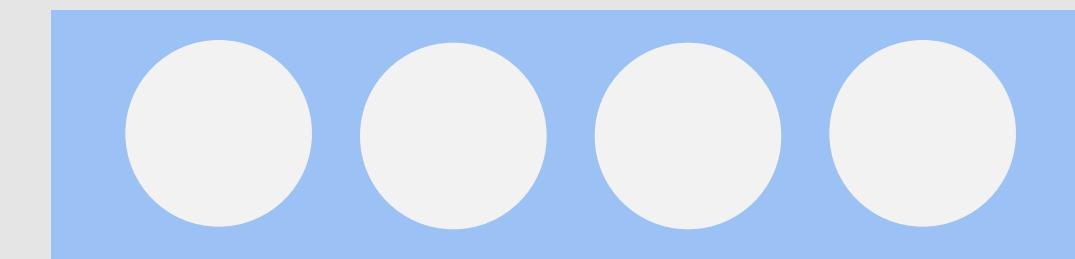
Server-side routing

client

server



data

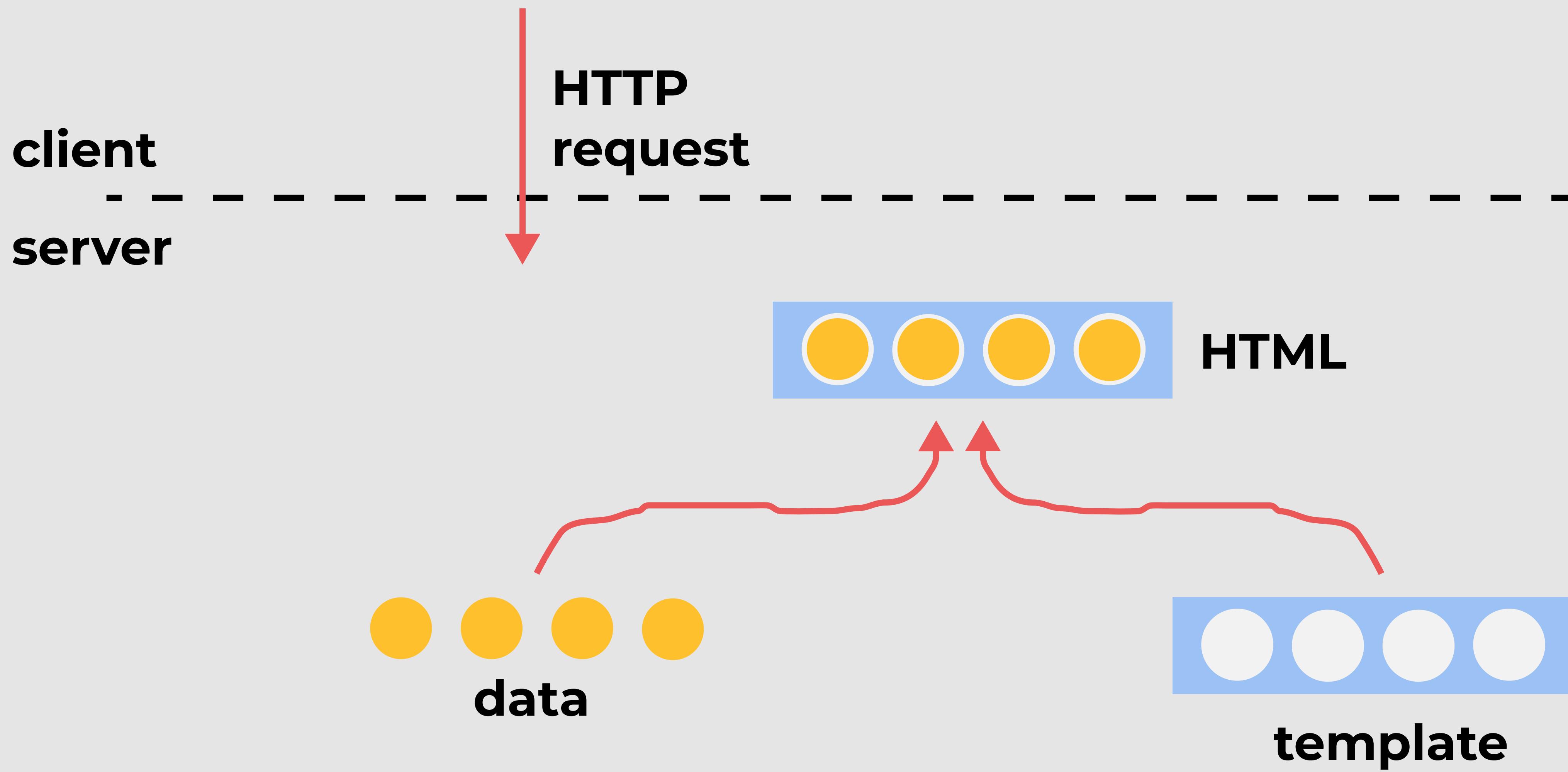


template



Server-side rendering

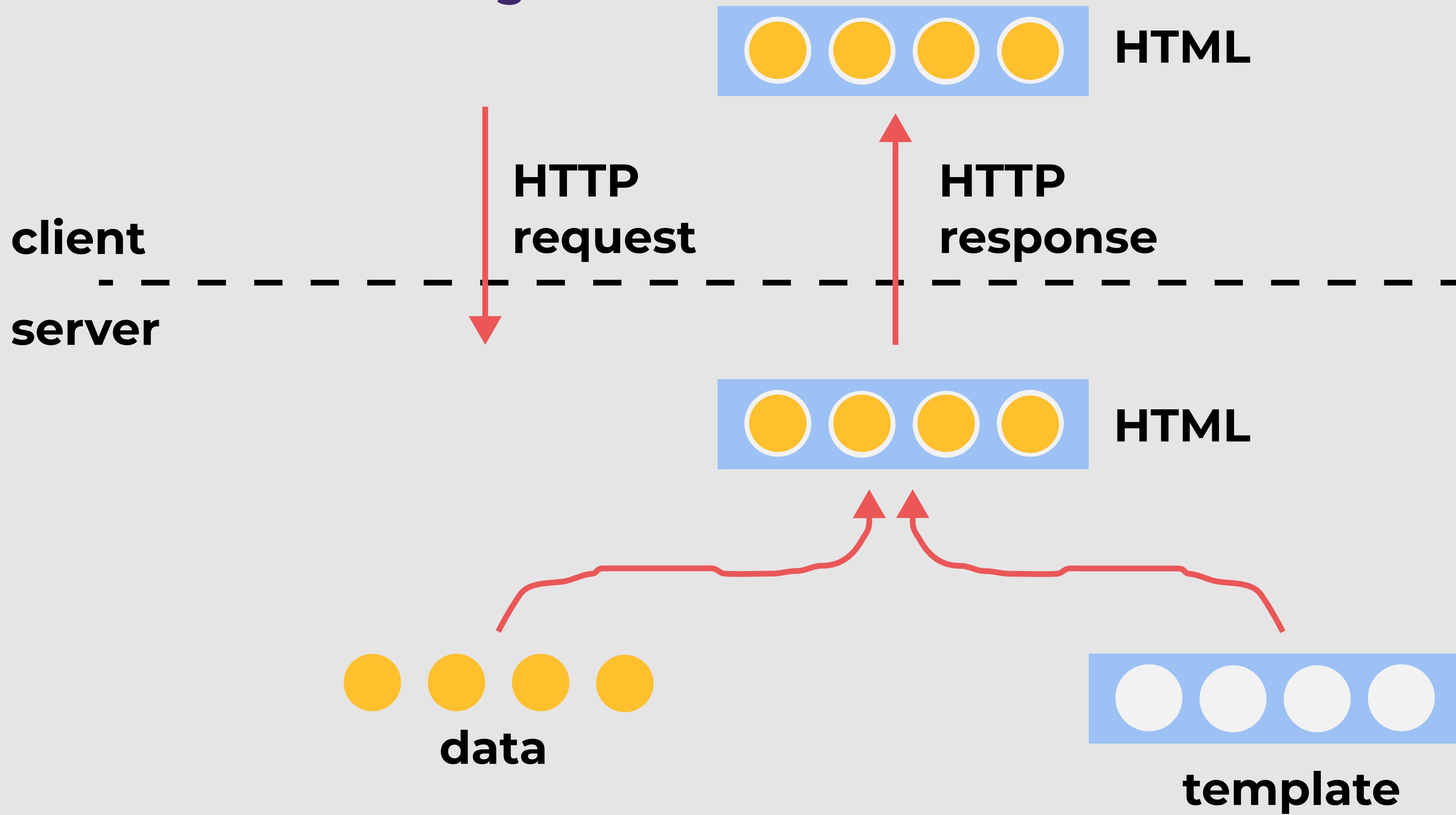
Server-side routing





Server-side rendering

Server-side routing





Server-side rendering

Server-side routing

- We go to a URL like:
 - `http://localhost:3000/locations`

```
// GET /locations
router.get('/', async (req, res) => {
  const locations = await db.getAllLocations()

  const viewData = { locations }
  res.render('showLocations', viewData)
})
```

`server/routes/locations.js`

- Each new page required a new request and response



Client-side rendering

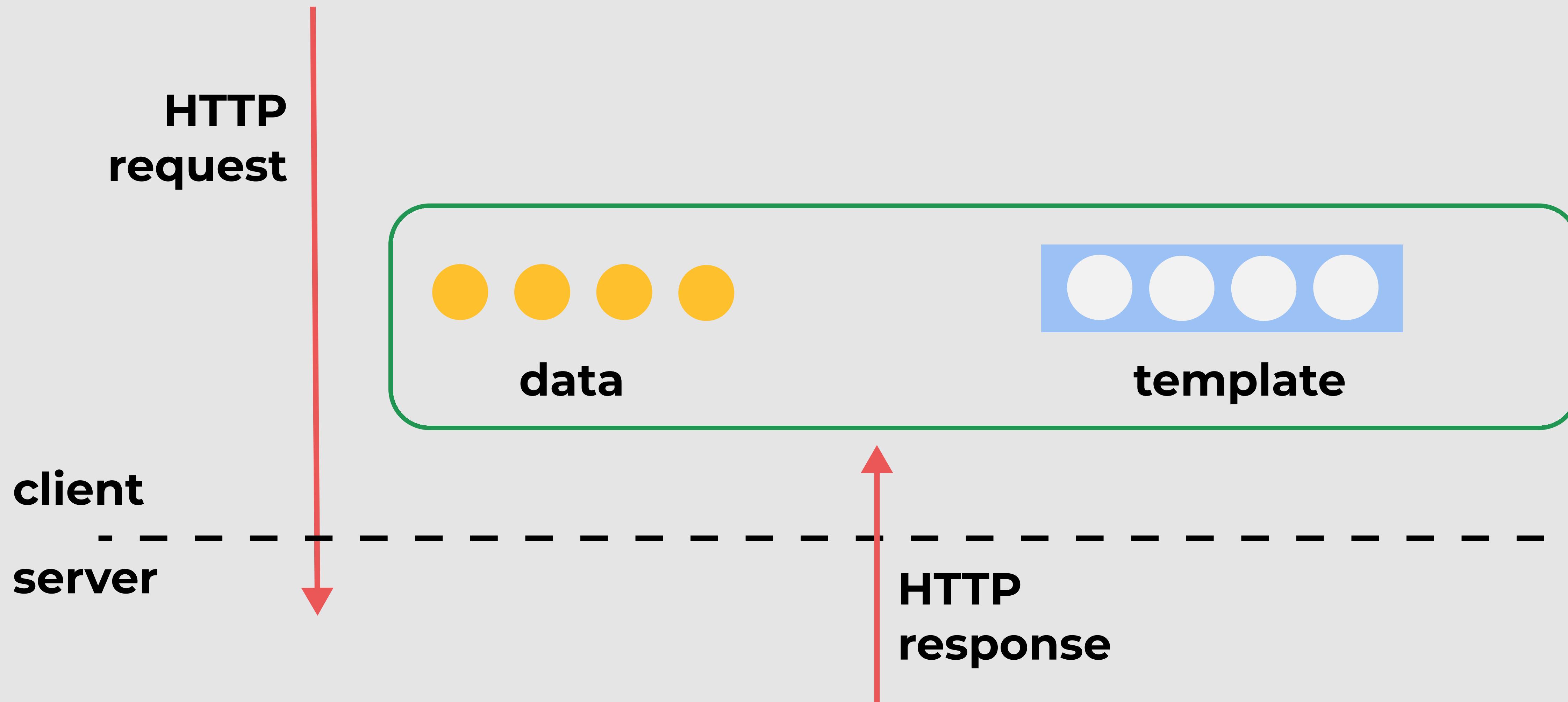
Client-side routing





Client-side rendering

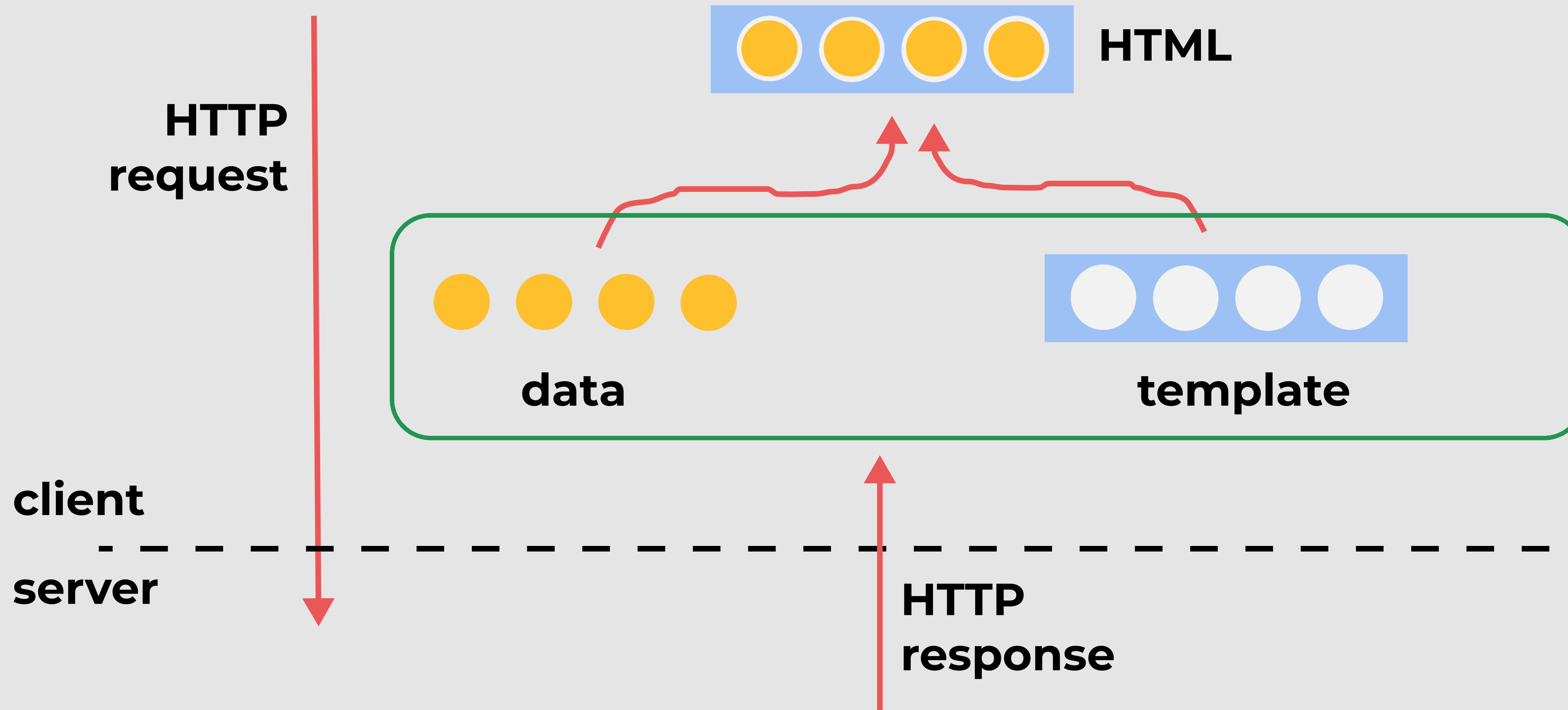
Client-side routing





Client-side rendering

Client-side routing





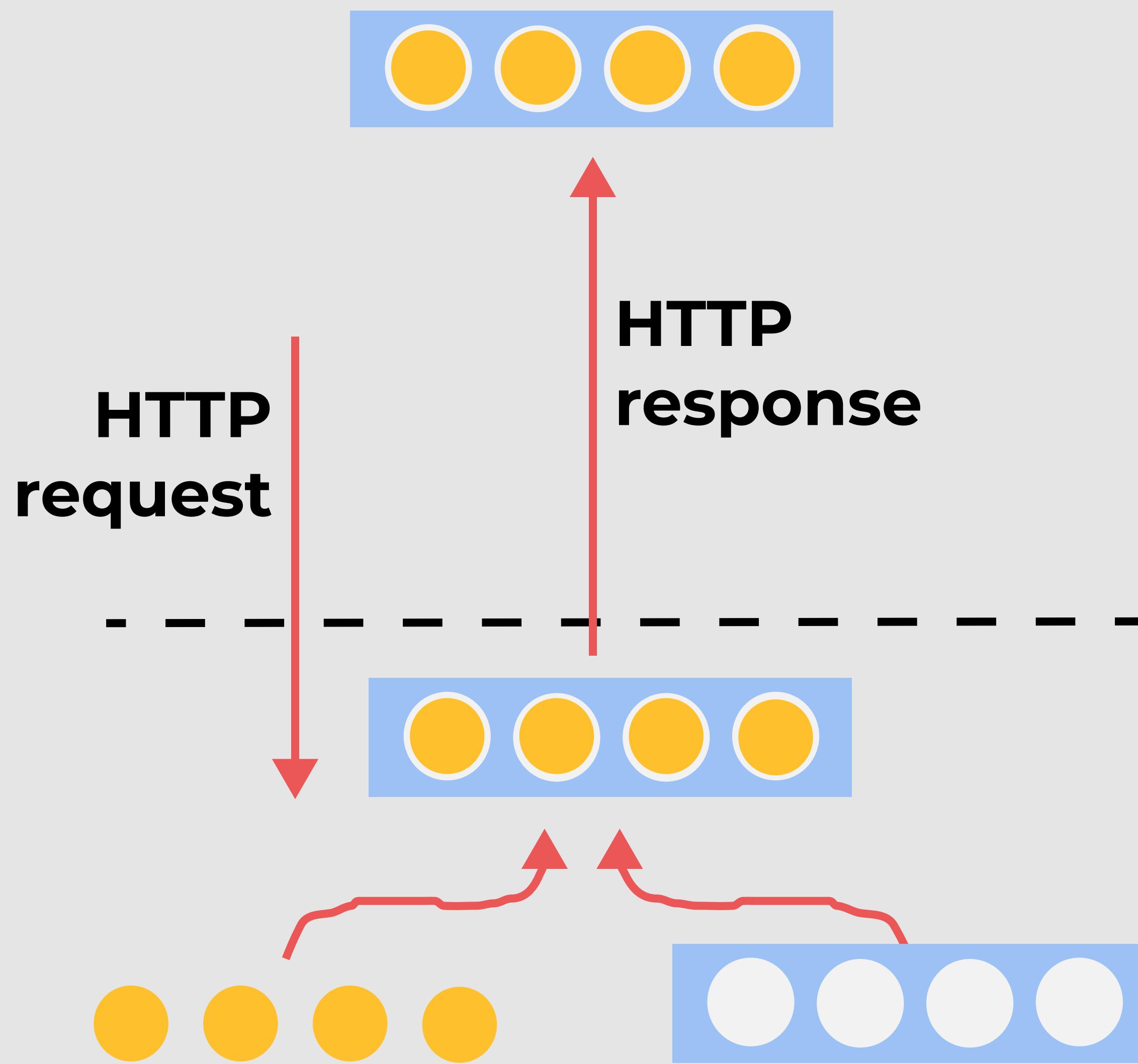
Client-side rendering

Client-side routing

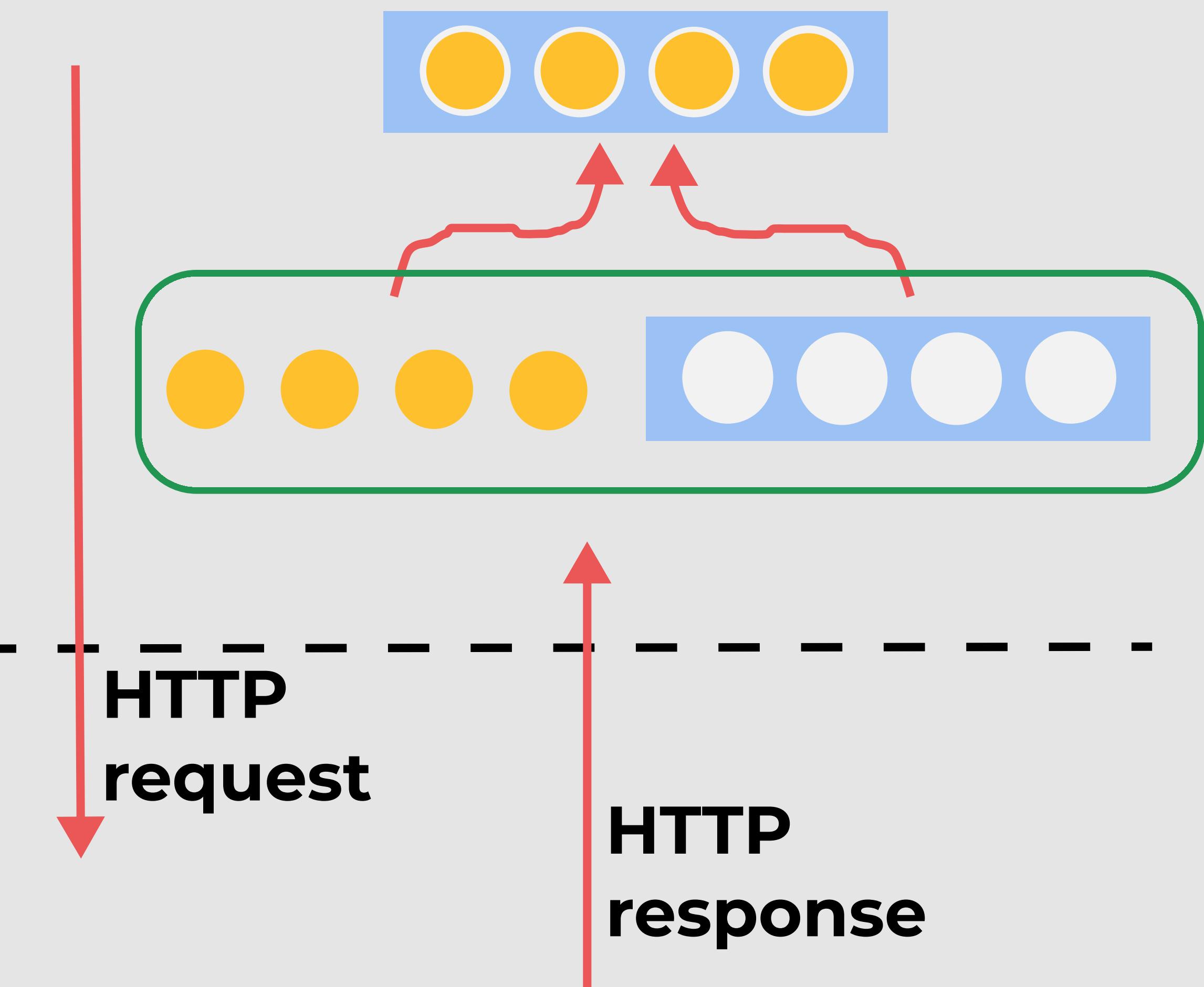
Navigating between pages happens entirely on client side:

- No new http request
- No http response
- All the templates (components) sent when the page first loads
- We're just showing/hiding components
- Calls to server are (usually) only for data

Server-side rendering



Client-side rendering



Why use client-side rendering (vs server-side)?



All the reasons we use React...

- Responsive UI, fast loading between “pages”
- Processing work is on the client-side, where we don't have to pay for it
- Home computers (+ phones) are now fast enough



Client-side rendering (without React Router)

```
export default function App() {
  const [page, setPage] = useState('home')

  switch(page) {
    case 'home':
      return <Home />
    case 'info':
      return <Info />
    case 'cats':
      return <Cats />
  }
}
```



Client-side rendering (without React Router)

```
export default function App() {
  const [page, setPage] = useState('home')

  switch(page) {
    case 'home':
      return <Home />
    case 'info':
      return <Info />
    case 'cats':
      return <Cats />
  }
}
```

- URL always stays the same
 - Cannot share URL links
 - Will always start at homepage
- No browser history
 - No back button
 - No forward button
- We'll need to be able to call setPage everywhere in our application



Client-side routing - sneak preview

With React Router

```
<Route path='/'>
  <Route index element={<Home />} />
  <Route path='info' element={<Info />} />
  <Route path='cats' element={<Cats />} />
</Route>
```

The image shows three browser tabs side-by-side, each with a back and forward button, a circular refresh icon, and the URL 'localhost:3000'. The first tab has a black bar at the top and bottom. The second tab has a black bar at the top and a white bar at the bottom. The third tab has a white bar at the top and a black bar at the bottom.

- Tab 1: localhost:3000
- Tab 2: localhost:3000/info
- Tab 3: localhost:3000/cats

React Router docs

<https://reactrouter.com/en/main>





Birds of Aotearoa

localhost:3000/birdFamily/Parrots

host port path



My favourite native birds

Nav

- Info
- Parrots
- Honeyeaters
- Pigeons
- Rails and swamphens
- Wattlebirds
- Owls

Parrots



Code demo...



Steps for using React Router



1. Create the component
2. Add the <Route>
3. Build the <Link>
4. (if required) make the component read the params from the URL



Client-side routing with React Router: Summary (1)

- More responsive user experience than server-side routes
- Allows sharing of URLs
- Allows you to use the Back and Forwards buttons
- **<Route>** - connects URL paths to components
- **<Link>** - how you navigate between <Route>s



Client-side routing with React Router: Summary (2)

- Renders the most specific matching route (instead of first matching route)
- Using map to render elements multiple times:

```
{birdFamilies.map(birdFamily => <li>{birdFamily}</li>)}
```

- String interpolation:

```
<Link to={`/birdFamily/${birdFamily}`}>{birdFamily}</Link>
```

- Route params

```
<Route path='birdFamily/:birdFamily' element={<BirdFamily/>} />
```

```
function BirdFamily () {
  const params = useParams()
  const birdFamily = params.birdFamily
```