

Open and Reproducible Fisheries Science

Standardized workflows at ICES and FAO

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Overview

Why *repeatability, institutional memory, reviewability, scientific method, interregional research, dissemination, collaboration, traceability, credibility*

Open *scripts, data, software*

Reproducible *standardized sequential R scripts, version control*

Infrastructure *2021 UN Recommendation on Open Science, working group, GitHub, TAF, data management, ICES, FAO, GFCM, SPC*

Recommendations *relative paths, dependencies, 1st and 2nd class scripts, complete workflow, data preparation, partially open*

Why open and reproducible

Peer reviewability and reproducibility are **core principles** underpinning the **scientific method**

- Reproducibility distinguishes between arbitrary analyses and science
- Some assessments are more reviewable than others

Easy to pick up a stock assessment from a previous year and run an **update assessment**

- Especially important when a new scientist is doing the assessment

Why open and reproducible (cont)

Easy to modify model settings and rerun the **entire workflow**

→ Allows more thorough analyses, exploration, improvements

Share data that others can use

→ Dissemination, machine and human readable

→ Interregional research, collaboration

Traceability

→ Credibility, buy-in



Compare to 1990s:
litdb, photocopy
buying software
typing numbers

Open

Scripts GitHub

Data Static HTML
 GitHub
 Data warehouse
 Web services

Software GitHub
 Releases

How Open?

Not provided online

Sensitive data

Requires login

Available by request

Part private, part open

Hard to find

Fully open

Easy to find and browse

Reproducible Analysis

Can be run on any computer

- By different people

- On different operating systems

- In different software environments

Can be run later

- Next week

- Next year

- 5–10 years from now

Can be modified and rerun

- With different data

- With different model settings

How Reproducible?

A gradient from low → high **quality of science**, in terms of reproducibility:

1. Here's the management advice – trust me, I did the math
2. I used the model published in this paper and here are the data tables and results
3. I used these exact equations and preprocessed the data in this manner
4. Here are some scripts that give the general idea
5. Here are scripts that run on my computer, as a complete workflow without errors
6. Here are scripts that should run on your computer, along with all input files and software dependencies
7. I've cleaned up the directory to include only files required to run the core analysis, tested on another computer, with exact instructions on how to run
8. Adopted a standard reproducible format for the analysis

How to Make an Analysis Reproducible

R scripts Relative paths (data/catch.dat)

Can be run from command line: `Rscript myscript.R`

Manageable size

General structure

1. Load packages
2. Read files
3. Do the work
4. Write files

Standardize further One script prepares data

Another script runs the core analysis

Third script gathers the results

Fourth script produces plots and formatted tables for report

⇒ Every script is self-contained, reading files from previous steps

⇒ Every analysis is structured the same, anyone can pick up and run

Transparent Assessment Framework (TAF)

Supports open and reproducible science

More than anything, an **agreed way** to work with R scripts

Launched in 2018

Developed by ICES, used around the world

taf.ices.dk

IRAQ ROOM

قاعة العراق

ونلو حبة شعرك العيش



Transparent Assessment Framework (TAF)

TAF applications

Around 30 ICES stock assessments each year

ICES survey indices

ICES catch at age

ICES fisheries overviews

FAO SOFIA – under development

R packages TAF, icesTAF, SOFIA

Version control – software and data

Data provenance – who, what, where

SOFIA-TAF

Standardized structure to organize the SOFIA analyses

All the fisheries in the world

Converted from monolithic R Markdown to modular scripts

Tiers 1, 2, and 3

Ongoing development at github.com/sofia- taf

R package SOFIA, one place to make changes, affecting all the analyses

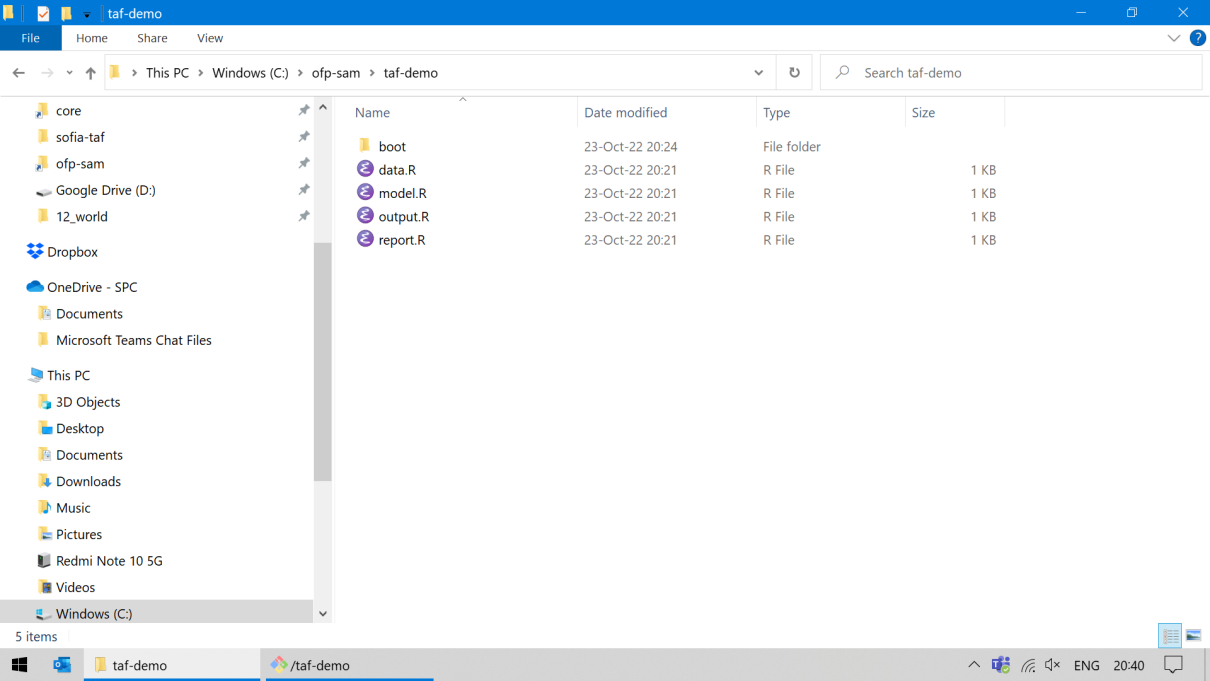
SOFIA-TAF

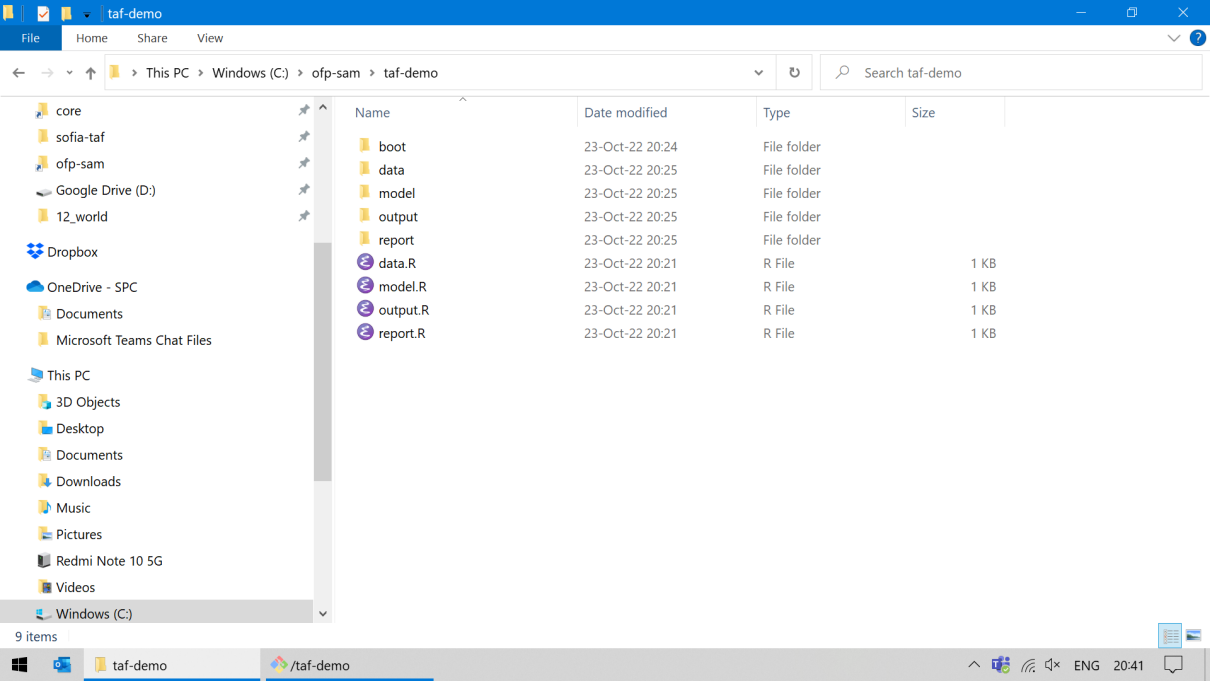
2020 Initial discussions

2021 Prototype analysis of Area 37
Database
Design report

2022 SOFIA package 1.0
SOFIA-TAF launch at FAO-CAPAM meeting
Workshops in Areas 37, 31, 41

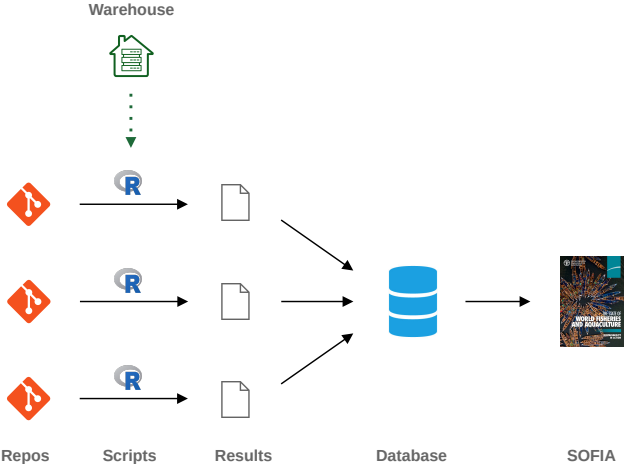






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core				
sofia-taf				
ofp-sam				
Google Drive (D:)				
12_world				
Dropbox				
OneDrive - SPC				
Documents				
Microsoft Teams Chat Files				
This PC				
3D Objects				
Desktop				
Downloads				
Music				
Pictures				
Redmi Note 10 5G				
Videos				
Windows (C:)				
	boot	23-Oct-22 20:24	File folder	
	data	23-Oct-22 20:25	File folder	
	model	23-Oct-22 20:25	File folder	
	output	23-Oct-22 20:25	File folder	
	report	23-Oct-22 20:25	File folder	
	data.R	23-Oct-22 20:21	R File	1 KB
	model.R	23-Oct-22 20:21	R File	1 KB
	output.R	23-Oct-22 20:21	R File	1 KB
	report.R	23-Oct-22 20:21	R File	1 KB

SOFIA-TAF



Open Science Infrastructures

Some examples from fisheries

2018	ICES	ICES-TAF
2021	FAO	GFCM STAR
2022	FAO	SOFIA-TAF
2023	SPC	Assessment Repos

General

- 2021 UN Recommendation on Open Science
 - adopted by 193 member states, provides principles and norms
- 2022 UN Working Group on Open Science Infrastructures

Discussion

There are two types of scripts

1. Script that **runs**

relatively short, does one part of the workflow, as reflected by its filename

⇒ to use this script: *run it*

2. Script that is **essentially a notebook**

*longer, does many parts of the workflow,
not really intended to run completely from start to finish*

⇒ to use this script: *open and run selected blocks of code*

It's useful to clearly distinguish between these types of scripts (1st and 2nd class) and consider what is most practical for a given project

Discussion

Data preparation is a large part of the stock assessment work

Indices *survey, cpue*

Catch *in tonnes, age composition, size composition*

Life history *maturity, growth*

Tags *releases, recaptures*

etc.

The benefits of **scripting the data preparation** as reproducible workflows can be at least as important and beneficial as scripting the model run

Recommendations

Project organization

1. Organize analyses in GitHub repos, preferably open (at least scripts)
2. Divide the work into separate scripts of manageable size, with descriptive names
3. Make each script run by itself: read files, do stuff, write files
4. Consider using a common structure to organize projects

Within each script

1. Write the script so it will run on any computer
2. Avoid using `setwd()` use `alt-sws` in RStudio
3. Use relative paths
4. Use few dependencies Chuck Norris style

Transparency in Fisheries Management

Transparent = open and reproducible
as a result, reviewable and traceable

A growing question in all fisheries around the world:

⇒ **Is the management of this stock based on open and reproducible science?**

If not, which criteria are still missing?

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