

# Do consumers spend more money in Online Shopping than visit In-Stores?

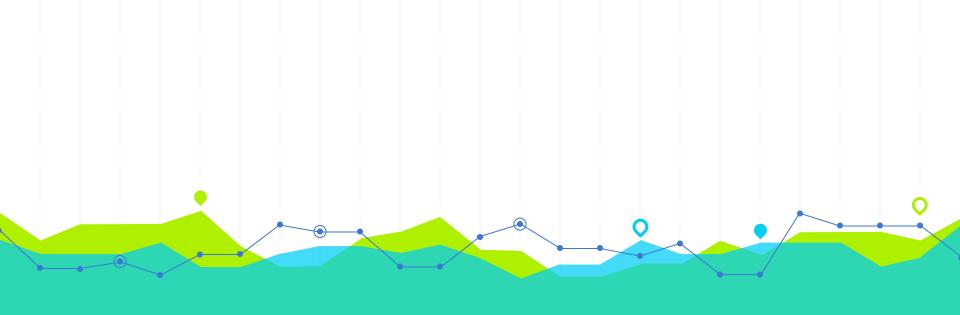
## **Group Member Introduction:**

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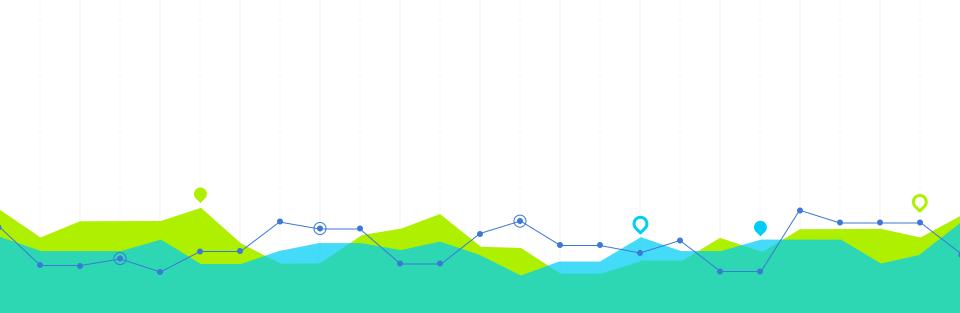
## Introduction

#### Introduction:

- Research Topic/Hypothesis: Online shopping cause people to spend more money than in-person shopping.
- **Target Audience**: Post graduate students and working professionals aged between 20 to 35.
- Approach: To carry out the task we have build a questionnaire of 15 questions in which we collected data regarding Gender, Age, Demographics, Monthly Income and questions related to Online Shopping such as Online shopping store preference, Online shopping monthly expenditure, Customer Satisfaction and Overall experience.

#### Introduction:

- Statistical Test: We performed several statistical test including Proportion testing,
  Mean testing and Hypothesis testing. We also applied Correlation to identify
  relations among variables and Regression technique to predict one of the variables
  from our questionnaire.
- Software: All the Statistical analysis is performed using Minitab.



## Questionnaire For Given Survey

#### **Data Collection:**

This survey collected information from the targeted people like age between 21 to 30 above about their opinions, behavior, or knowledge for online shopping.

We have added total 15 questions in our questionnaire, most of questions were qualitative in nature.

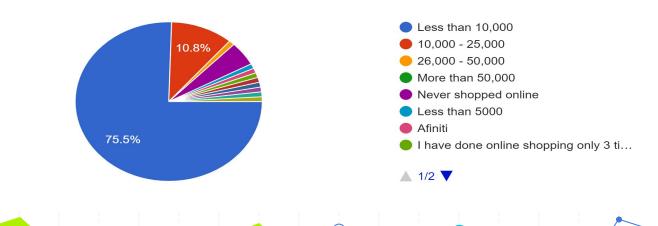
Over 100+ responses achieved during the survey.

#### People's average opinion held by questionnaire:

#### **Consumer Spend money in Online Shop:**

Among the 102 samples, Majority of the people - over 75.5% were spend less than 10,000 amount on online shopping in a month and over 20% of the people were spend more than 10,000 amount on online shop in a month.

102 responses

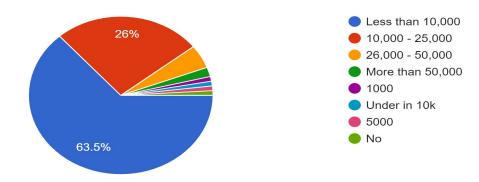


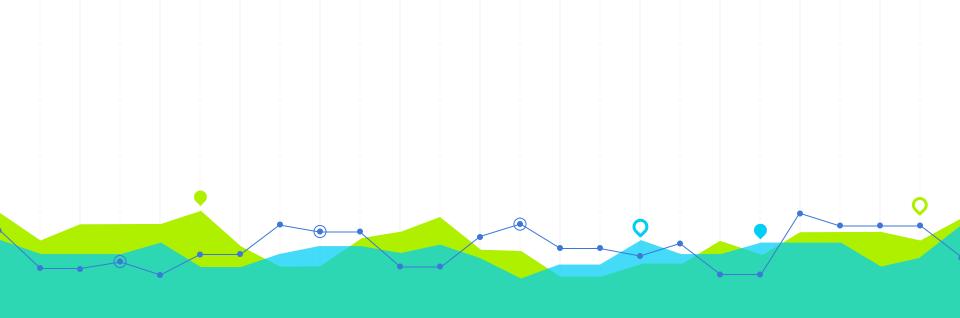
#### People's average opinion held by questionnaire:

#### **Consumer Spend money in Visit In-store:**

Among the 104 samples, Majority of the people - over 63.5% were spend less than 10,000 amount on physical shopping in a month and over 45% of the people were spend more than 10,000 amount on physical shop in a month.

104 responses

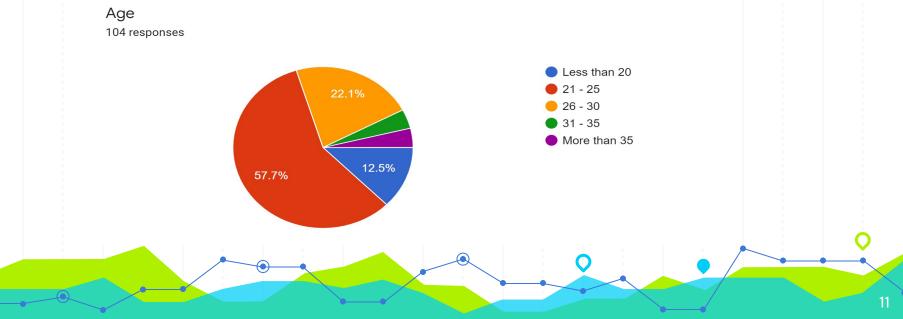




## **Descriptive Statistics**

## **Age Group Respondent:**

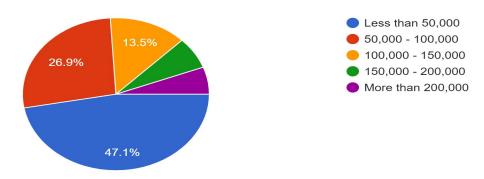
We had over 104 responses from different age groups. Majority of our respondents were below 25 years. During survey it was found that majority of the people - over 57.7% belong to 21- 25 years and 31% of the people were in 26 to 40 years age group. We believe this suggests that the young generation are more incline to online shopping.



## **Monthly Income Respondent:**

Among the 104 samples, the respondents included both males and females. Majority of the people - over 53% were belong to more than 50,000 monthly income and over 47% of the people were belong to less than 50,000 monthly income.

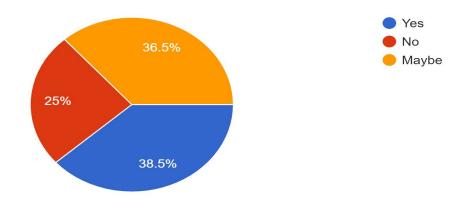
Monthly Income 104 responses



## Prefer online shopping:

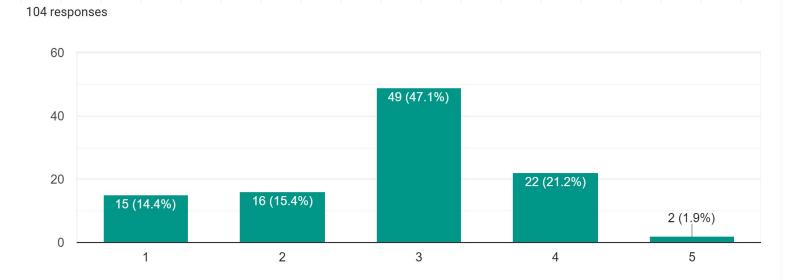
Over 70% of respondents shared that their shopping activity is done online and over 30% surveyed people admitted they did not preferred shop online. This result was surprising to us and showed how a large population of youngsters are comfortable with online shopping.

104 responses

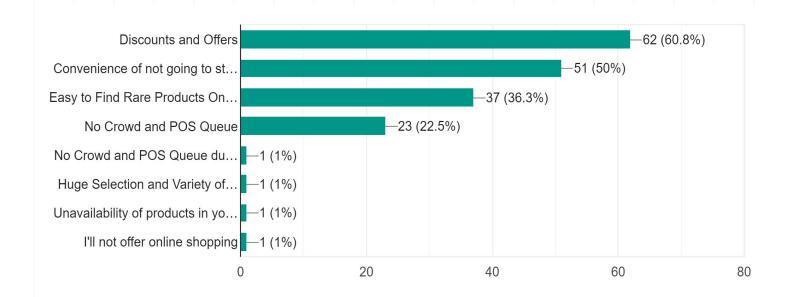


## **Trust on Online Shop:**

We had 104 responses, It was found over 49 respondent trust 47.1% in online shopping.



## Reason to prefer Online Shopping:



## Reason to prefer Online Shopping:

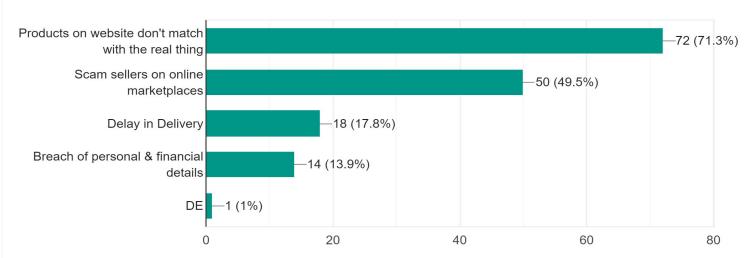
**Discounts & Offers:** When asked about Discounts and offers, over 60.8% of the respondents said they look for discounts and offers while shopping. This result was as expected as we can say the discounts are the key to their shopping online. The survey also confirms that offers are the most important factor while making any purchase.

**Convenience of not going to store:** 50% of the respondents listed the convenience to shop as the most important reason to shop online you can do it from anywhere, anytime. It is best, especially for someone who doesn't have much time to locate or visit a store physically.

**Easy to Find Rare Products Online:** Over 36.3% responded said they shop online because it is easy to find variety of products in one place.

## Reason don't prefer Online Shopping:

101 responses



## Reason don't prefer Online Shopping:

**Products on website don't match with the real thing:** Over 71.3% respondent don't trust the quality of the products sells online, since they prefer tell the quality through touching objects and checking them on the spot.

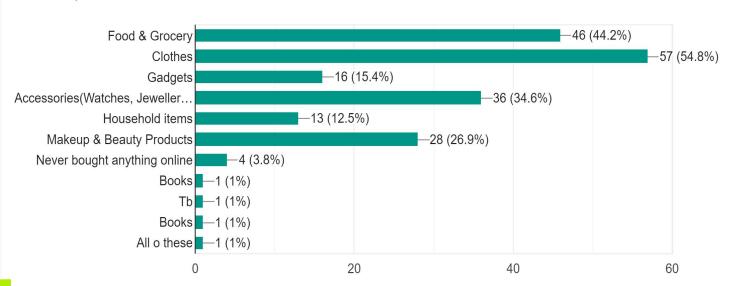
**Scam sellers on online marketplaces:** 49.5% respondent listed while online shopping there is so many scams and stealing important info from consumers that is the reason Identity Fraud. Many time cloths that is ordered online don't fit so people like trying them on in a store instead.

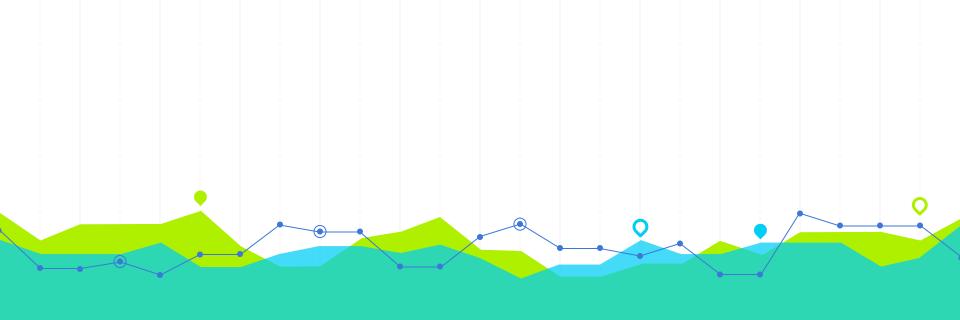
**Delay in Delivery:** Over 17.8% respondent claims the delivery of the product to customer's doorstep takes about 1-3 weeks. This frustrates the customer and prevents them from shopping online.

## Most preferred product buy Online:

2/3 of the 'best e-commerce sites' sell clothing online. That confirms data from an earlier online shopping behavior survey saying that clothing is the most popular product buyers shop for online.

104 responses





## **Analysis**

Do you prefer online shopping? (1 proportion test)

```
Test of p = 0.5 vs p > 0.5

Sample X N Sample p 95% Lower Bound Z-Value P-Value 1 40 66 0.606061 0.507131 1.72 0.042

Using the normal approximation.
```

Results: As P-Value < 0.05, therefore we reject Ho and accept H1. This
indicates that more people prefer online shopping.</li>

 Do you think you buy unnecessary things and spend more money in online shopping as they are a click away? (1 proportion test)

#### **Test and CI for One Proportion**

```
Test of p = 0.5 vs p < 0.5  
Sample X N Sample p 95% Upper Bound Z-Value P-Value 1 33 88 0.375000 0.459887 -2.35 0.010  
Using the normal approximation.
```

Results: As P-Value > 0.05, therefore we reject H1 and accept Ho. This indicates
that people do not buy unnecessary things and spend more money in online
shopping.

How much do you trust online stores ?(Normality test)



• Results: As P-Value < 0.005 therefore, it indicates that data is not normally distributed.

How much do you trust online stores? (Mean test)

Test of 
$$\mu$$
 = 3 vs < 3  
The assumed standard deviation = 0.0977

• Results: As P-Value > 0.05, therefore we reject H1 and accept Ho. This indicates that people trust on online stores is average (Neither so good nor so bad).

How often do you shop online? (Mean test)

#### **Test and CI for One Proportion**

```
Test of p = 0.5 vs p > 0.5
Sample X N Sample p 95% Lower Bound Z-Value P-Value
1 96 104 0.923077 0.880098 8.63 0.000
```

• Results: As P-Value < 0.05, therefore we reject Ho and accept H1. This indicates that more than 50% of people shop online.

Monthly Income ? (Mean test)

#### One-Sample Z

```
Test of \mu = 70000 vs < 70000
The assumed standard deviation = 59021.2
```

```
N Mean SE Mean 95% Upper Bound Z P
104 73558 5788 83078 0.61 0.731
```

• Result: As P-Value < 0.05, therefore we reject Ho and accept H1. This indicates that mean monthly income of people greater than 50,000.

#### Regression test

Regression Analysis: buy unnecess versus G, OFTEN SHOP, trust online, prefer online, convince by discounts

#### Analysis of Variance

Source	DF	Adj SS	Adj MS	F-Value	P-Value
Regression	5	4.5129	0.9026	2.06	0.077
G	1	0.1794	0.1794	0.41	0.524
OFTEN SHOP	1	0.6461	0.6461	1.47	0.228
trust online 1	1	1.5727	1.5727	3.58	0.061
prefer online	1	0.7756	0.7756	1.77	0.187
Convince by discounts	1	0.5225	0.5225	1.19	0.278
Error	98	43.0256	0.4390		
Lack-of-Fit	55	23.6506	0.4300	0.95	0.569
Pure Error	43	19.3750	0.4506		
Total	103	47.5385			

#### [[Model Summary

S R-sq R-sq(adj) R-sq(pred) 0.662598 9.49% 4.88% 0.00%

#### Coefficients

Term	Coef	SE Coef	T-Value	P-Value	VIF
Constant	0.093	0.313	0.30	0.767	
G	-0.086	0.135	-0.64	0.524	1.01
OFTEN SHOP	-0.125	0.103	-1.21	0.228	1.24
trust online _1	0.1456	0.0769	1.89	0.061	1.38
prefer online	0.1095	0.0824	1.33	0.187	1.21
Convince by discounts	0.0891	0.0817	1.09	0.278	1.04

#### Regression test

Regression Equation

```
buy unnecessary = 0.093 - 0.086 G - 0.125 OFTEN SHOP + 0.1456 trust online _1 + 0.1095 prefer online + 0.0891 Convince by discounts
```

Fits and Diagnostics for Unusual Observations

					buy	
		Std Resid	Resid	Fit	unnecessary	Obs
	R	-2.07	-1.319	0.319	-1.000	44
	R	2.02	1.293	-0.293	1.000	57
X		0.36	0.212	0.788	1.000	61
	R	-2.06	-1.326	0.326	-1.000	78
	R	-2.31	-1.472	0.472	-1.000	97
	R	-2.18	-1.412	0.412	-1.000	103

- R Large residual
- X Unusual X

Regression test



#### Regression test

Regression Equation

```
buy unnecessary = 0.093 - 0.086 G - 0.125 OFTEN SHOP + 0.1456 trust online _1 + 0.1095 prefer online + 0.0891 Convince by discounts
```

Fits and Diagnostics for Unusual Observations

	buy					
Obs	unnecessary	Fit	Resid	Std Resid		
44	-1.000	0.319	-1.319	-2.07	R	
57	1.000	-0.293	1.293	2.02	R	
61	1.000	0.788	0.212	0.36		X
78	-1.000	0.326	-1.326	-2.06	R	
97	-1.000	0.472	-1.472	-2.31	R	
103	-1.000	0.412	-1.412	-2.18	R	

- R Large residual
- X Unusual X

Two Mean test (physical amount – online amount)

#### Two-Sample T-Test and CI (Main)

```
Sample N Mean StDev SE Mean
1 104 290625 281068 27561
2 102 224500 217008 21487
```

```
Difference = \mu (1) - \mu (2)
Estimate for difference: 66125
95% lower bound for difference: 8365
T-Test of difference = 0 (vs >): T-Value = 1.89 P-Value = 0.030 DF = 193
```

• Result: As P-Value < 0.05, therefore we reject Ho and accept H1. This indicates that people spend more money in physical shopping than online.

## THANKSI

Any questions?