

The histogram displays the frequency of values across a logarithmic scale. The x-axis represents the value, with major ticks at  $10^{-8}$ ,  $10^{-7}$ , and  $10^{-6}$ . The y-axis represents the frequency, with a grid extending to  $10^6$ . The data is represented by multiple bars of various colors, indicating different categories or bins. The distribution is skewed to the right, with a peak around  $10^{-6}$ .

