1		Q1 f(x)=1	X - COSX				
1	n	a	Ь	$C = \frac{(b+a)}{2}$	abs error	f(0) =	-1 0.45969
	01	0	1	0.5	= C _{n+1} - C _n	+((),=)	0.43 16 1
	02	0.5	1	0.75	0-25		
	03	0.5	0.75	0.625	0.125		
	04	0.625	0.75	0.6875	0.0625		
	05	0.625	0.6875	0.65625	0.03125		
	06	0.625	0.65625	0.640625	0.015625		
	07	0.640625	0.65625	0.6484375	7.8125×10 ³		
	9		-				

 $X = 0.6484375 \approx 0.64844$ (Ans)

17

+(0)=0.435 f(1)=0.45

	02.			+(-/
n	a	6 9.	$c = a - \frac{f(a)(b-a)}{f(b)-f(a)}$	abs error.
01	0	1	0.6850733513	_
02	0	0.6850733573	0.6503949801	0.0346783772
03	0	0.6503949801	0.643556552	6.8384281 XID3
.04	0	0.643556552	0.6421098576	1.446694413×10

 $A = 0.643556552 \approx 0.64356$ (Ans)

	bisec	hon:-	x = 2e	-X		16
0	_	(x) = 2e-x	0 = 2e	-x -		26424 17 135758823
n	a	Ь	С	% rel	f(0) = 2 ative opprox error.	
01	0	1	0.5	= [Cn+1 - Cn 1 Cn+1	
07	0	0.7130613199	0.3565306597		Y	
03	O	0.3865306597	0.1782653299	entered states on oral was an entered		
04	0	0.1782653299	0.08913266495			
05	0	0.08913266495	0.04456633248			
04	0	1	0.5			
02	0.5	1	0.75	(0.3333	
03	0.75	1	0.875	(0.0625	
04	0.15	0.815	0.8125	Ó	.07692307692	
05	0.8125	0.875	0.84375	٥.	03703703704	
06	0.84375	0.875	0.859375	0.	018181818181	
07	0.84375	0.859375	0.85(5625	9	174311927 x10-3 -	9 0.91743%
regula	r talsi:-		C 6	oisect	ion x & 0.85156	;
01	0	1	$c = a - \frac{f(a)(b)}{f(b)} - 0.8832981542$	f(a)		
02	0	0.8832981542	0.859045637		0.02823192998	(2.82319%)
03	. 0	0.8590456379	0.853958866	2	5.0867717 x103	(0.50867717%)
.04	0.85395886	62 0.8590456379	0.852603498		-regular falsi	
			,		x ≈ 0.853	16

15

Q4. N(t) = t3-7t2+14t+10

f(0) = -6f(1) = 2

		6 = t3-7t2+14++1	$0 = 7 + 3 - 7t^2 + 14$	t-6=0
W	a	ь	$c = a - \frac{f(a)(b-a)}{f(b)-f(a)}$	abs error
01	0	1	0.15	
02	0	0.75	0.644295302	0.105704698
03	O	0.644295302	0.605751653	0.038543649
04	0	0.605751653	0.5924946631	0.0132569899
05	0	0.5924946631	0.5880284877	4.4661754×10 ³
06	0	0.5880284877	0.5865344541	1.4940336×103
07	0	0.5865344541	0.5860358506	6.913095998x154

 $\chi = 0.5865358566 \approx 0.58653$ (Ans)

$$g(x) \rightarrow n^{4} - 10 = n$$

$$g(n) = n$$

$$x^{4}$$
 z $n+10$
 n z $n+10$

n.	Xi	g(xi)	abs error.
01	4	1.93433642	2.06566358
02	1.93433642	1.858658358	0.075678062
03	1.858658358	1.855704793	2.953565 × 10 ⁻³
٥٩	1.855704793	1.855589234	1.15559 × 10-4
05	1.855589234	1.855584713	4.5212271 ×10-6

$$\chi = 1.855589234 \approx 1.85558$$
 (Ans)

0

$$0 = \cos t - 3t + 1$$

2				
8 (x°) (
0,666				
0.5952957536	0.0713709124			
0.6093275634	0.0140318098			
0.6066776832	2.6498802 × 10-3			
0.607182246	5.045627971 × 10-4			
0.6070863205	9.592553545 x10-5			
	0.5952957536 0.6093275634 0.6066776832 0.607182246			

t=6

$$f(t) = 15e^{-1.5t} + 20e^{-0.075t} - 15$$

$$f(t) = 15e^{-1.5t} + 20e^{-1.5t}$$

 $f(t) = -112.5e^{-1.5t} - 1.5e^{-0.075t}$

$$\chi_{i+1} = \chi_i - \frac{f(\chi_i)}{f'(\chi_i)}$$

$$75e^{-1.5t} + 20e^{-0.075t} - 15$$

-112.5 $e^{-1.5t} - 1.5 e^{-0.075t}$

ν τ	abs error
6	
3.693371482	2.306628518
3.981896208	0.288524726
4.001563209	0.019667001
4.001634067	0.0000708

$$x = 4.001634067$$
 (AHS)

$$M_{L} = \frac{\chi_{0} f(\chi_{1}) - \chi_{1} f(\chi_{0})}{f(\chi_{1}) - f(\chi_{0})}$$

Q8. V(t) = t cos(t) + sin(t)

	c	1. 7 1 1	(b) (a-b) { ti	$f(t_{i-1}) - f(t_i)$
i	t8-1 a	ti b	ti+1	c= b-f(b)(b-a)
1	2	3 .	2.02649946	f(b)-+(c)
	3	2.02649946	2.028594818	
	2.02649946	2.028594818	2.022757961 7	
	2.028594818	2.022757961	2.028757838	
			. 6	XVOY = 11.82 × 10

Qq.
$$f(x) = x^{\gamma_2} + x^{-\gamma_2} - 3$$

			_
		$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$	
		(b) (a-b)	
	$\lambda iH = \chi i$	+ (xi) +(a) - f(b)	
		t((x!)	
`(λì		
01	2.		
02	6.9705627		
03	6.85377713		
04	6.85 4101964		
05	6.854101966		
0.5	1 0.00 (10)	W = 6.85410	
		L Company	1

	S = a + kf + sint + t - 3.5.	
	sint + t = 1.5	
	$t = 1.5 - sint$ $t' = -\omega st$	
	$ t_{i+1} = 1.5 - \sin t_i $	
1	t;	-
01	2	
02	0.5907025772	
७३	0.943051-3178	
04	0.6906436818	
05	0.8629665127	
٥٥	0.74022(3105	
67	0.8255457208	
08	0.7650820245	
09	0.8074038327	
(0	0.7775053178	
1/	0.7984962707 0.014803	
12	0.783692378 0.0148062707	
13	0.79410041947 7 73 X10-3 -> 0.0073	
14	0.7867666464 (Stop).	
15	0.7919262176 $X = 0.786767$	+

$$P = c(h - P_0)^2 + ln(h) - 2$$
.

1.5. $c = 1$

$$P=2$$

$$2 = (h-1.5)^{L} + ln(h) -2.$$

$$4 = (h - 1.5)^2 + \ln(h)$$

$$h = (h - 1.6)^2 - 4$$
.

$$\frac{1}{h} = 2h - 3$$

$$f(x) \rightarrow h^2 + \ln(h) - 4$$

				1	1 111			-	
#1	wi	,	(n-0			atom come production of the state of	alinativa y residual attent		-
•	1.5					χ.	=	1.5	

- 1.866691334
- 2 1.841228281
- 3 1.841097062
- 4 1.841097058
- 5 1.841097088