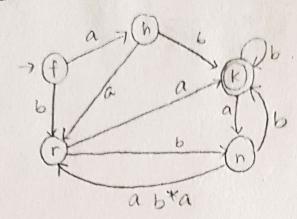
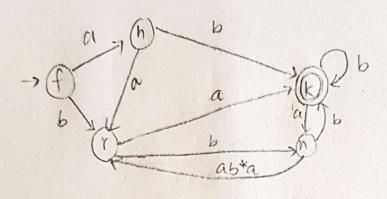
011 ab\*a ab\*a (b+ab\*a)(a+bb\*a)\*(bb\*a) abta + (b+abta) (a+bbta)\* (bbtatx)

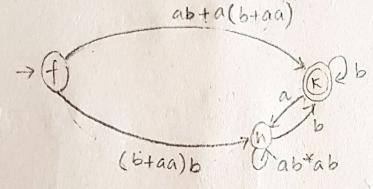
R.E =  $ab^*a + (b + ab^*a)(a + bb^*a)^*(bb^*a + x)$ 

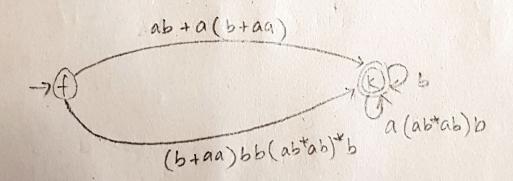
QIII a a R.E = a(aa)\*+(b+a(aa)\*(ab+a))(b+ab+aa(aa)\*(ab+b) a ab+b+aa(aa)\*(ab+b) 6+a(aa)\*(ab+b) a (aa)\* (1) [b+a(aa)\*(ab+a)][b+ab+aa(aa)\*(ab+b)]\*
a(aa)\*











-> (b+a(b+aa) + (b+aa) bb (abtab) \*b b+a(ab\*ab) b

R.E = (ab+a(b+aa)+(b+aa) bb(ab\*ab)\*b)(b+a(ab\*ab)b)\*

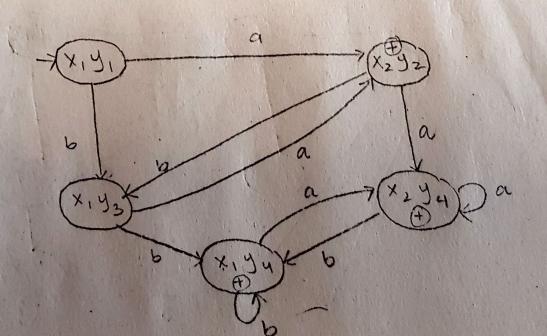
1	1	1	
1		1	1
450ma	10-		

	a 1	b.
×1	X 2.	XT
X 2	X2	X1

1	a	ь
X141	X3-732-	X1 43
X2 Y2	X2-44	X143.
X, 43	×2 42	XIYY
×2-94	X2 94	×1 74
XIYY	NE X	XI Si

## FA2

1	a	6
71	72	43
42	1 94	1 93
43	1 42	1 94
94	1 44	1 44



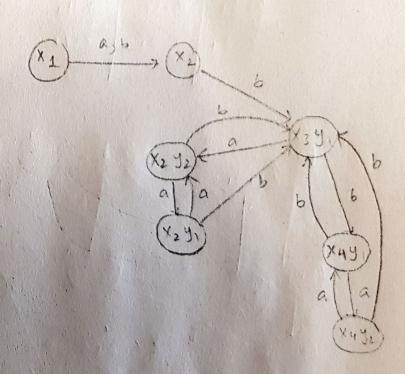
1		1
	1	1
1	100	1

FA1			
	a	6	
×ı	X <sub>1</sub>	1/2.	
X2_	X	X3	
×3	X <sub>2</sub>	Xq	
×4	×ų	×3	

******	La	1 . 6
×1	Xz	X2
X2	X <sub>2</sub>	X3 41
X341	X2 42	X4 Y1
X242	X2 Y1	X3 Y1
X4Y1	X4.72	X3 Y1
X2 Y1	X2 Y2	X3 Y1
X4 Y2	X4 Y1	X241

	FA2	
	0.	Ь
9,	42	9,
42	4,	ly,

M1. M2. X3 -> Y1



(d) The paper "probabistic kleene theorem" provides a new approach to probabilistic reasoning & regular expression. Links the probabilistic automata & classical kleenes theorem

They prove that probability of a string matching R.E can be computed as sum of probabilities of all path that leads to that string in the corresponding probabilistic automata.

This paper provides algorithm for computing the probability of an R.E., learning & discussing potential applications in NLP & bio informatics.

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The paper "kicene theorem for timed automata" discusses theory of R.G. in real time languages. Main design: signal semantics, integer bounded interval, separating clock 4 using renaming. The author used standard kicene theorem to add resulting states after reducing to one-clock automata.

: ¢	(2:):						
		<u>a'  </u>	.p	· 'c	7		8: 9:10:11
	1	3. I	[4] I	; 5 I	<u> </u>		
	2.	[5] II	5 I	5.1		. (11)	5 6 7
	3.	.6 II	: : <del>1</del> . #	1 1 1			
	:4:	[子] 耳	: :干中	5 耳		. (11)	1
	5	II II	8. I	2 I	?· · ·		
	. 6 <u>.</u>	9 I	. 10 I	3 I			
	:7:	10 I	· III	YI			
	:8:	II. II.	: 5 Ji	于山			
٠	·9:	10 I		十二	4 6 9		
	10	[9] I	: 子. 끠	1. 并中			
	[11]		: :4: 11	一十二			
(i)	,a,b,					70	
•		: 17.			/./	/	
•		· ·   ·   G		· /a,	6/		

6,6