

CS-663 Assignment 3 Q2

Soham Naha (193079003)
Akshay Bajpai (193079002)
Mohit Agarwala (19307R004)

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2 (45 points) Image Segmentation using Mean Shift.

Input images:

- `2/data/baboonColor.png`
- `2/data/bird.jpg`
- `2/data/flower.jpg`

Take each image, smooth it using Gaussian convolution with a standard deviation of 1 pixel-width unit, and sub-sample the smoothed image by a factor of 2 in each spatial dimension to produce a smaller image. Use these smaller-sized images for the following experiment. If these images still lead to a computational cost that is beyond your computer's capabilities to allow for a sufficiently comprehensive experimentation, then you may resize further.

- (24 points) Write a function `myMeanShiftSegmentation.m` to implement the algorithm for mean-shift image segmentation using both color (RGB) and spatial-coordinate (XY) features. Tune parameters suitably to get a segmented image with at least 5 segments and no more than 50 segments. To improve code efficiency, you may use Matlab functions like `knnsearch()`, `bsxfun()`, etc. For these images, about 20–40 iterations should be sufficient for reaching close to convergence, but feel free to tune this stopping criterion as suitable. You may select a random subset of nearest neighbors, in feature space, for the mean-shift updates to reduce running time. Each iteration can run in about 10-40 seconds on a typical personal computer.
- (12 points) For each input image, display the (i) original image along with (ii) the segmented image that shows color-coded pixels (and, thus, segments) using the color component of the converged feature vectors.
- (9 points) For each input image, report the following parameter values:
 - i Gaussian kernel bandwidth for the color feature
 - ii Gaussian kernel bandwidth for the spatial feature
 - iii number of iterations.

`myMeanShiftSegmentation.py`

```
1  import cv2
2  import numpy as np
3  import sys,os
4  from tqdm import tqdm
5  from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
6
7  def plot_and_save(output_image,input_image,filename):
8      name = filename.rstrip("\n").split("/")[-1].split(".")[0]
9      fig,axes = plt.subplots(1,2, constrained_layout=True)
10     axes[0].imshow(input_image)
11     axes[0].axis("on")
12     axes[0].set_title("Original Image")
13     im = axes[1].imshow(output_image)
14     axes[1].axis("on")
15     axes[1].set_title("MeanShift Image")
16     cbar = fig.colorbar(im,ax=axes.ravel().tolist(),shrink=0.45)
```

```

17     plt.savefig("../images/"+name+"MeanShiftcombined_.png",bbox_inches="tight",pad=-1)
18
19
20     plt.imsave("../images/" + name+"MeanShift.png",output_image)
21
22 def im2double(im):
23     """Normalize the image using min-max Scaling
24     :param im : the input image
25     :return out : the normalized images
26     """
27     im1 = im[:, :, 0]
28     im2 = im[:, :, 1]
29     im3 = im[:, :, 2]
30     out1 = (im1.astype(np.float64) - np.min(im1.ravel())) / (np.max(im1.ravel()) - np.min(im1.ravel()))
31     out2 = (im2.astype(np.float64) - np.min(im2.ravel())) / (np.max(im2.ravel()) - np.min(im2.ravel()))
32     out3 = (im3.astype(np.float64) - np.min(im3.ravel())) / (np.max(im3.ravel()) - np.min(im3.ravel()))
33     out = cv2.merge((out1,out2,out3))
34     return out
35
36 def meanShift(filename,intensity_sigma=0.1,spatial_sigma=11.0,num_iter=30):
37     print("Running Mean-Shift for file: ",filename)
38     img = cv2.imread(filename)
39     img = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
40
41     r,c,d = img.shape
42     img = im2double(img)
43     gaussian_blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(img, (5,5), 1.0)
44
45     row,col = 128,128
46     newimg = cv2.resize(img,(row,col))
47
48
49     result1 = np.zeros((row,col))
50     result2 = np.zeros((row,col))
51     result3 = np.zeros((row,col))
52
53     #intensity Gaussian standard deviation
54     h=intensity_sigma
55
56     #spatial Gaussian parameters
57     sigma = spatial_sigma
58     window_size = 7
59     padded = np.concatenate((np.concatenate((np.zeros((row>window_size,3)), newimg),axis=1),
60                             np.zeros((row>window_size,3))),axis=1)
61     padded = np.concatenate((np.concatenate((np.zeros((window_size,col+2*(window_size),3)),padded),axis=0),
62                             np.zeros((window_size, col+2*(window_size),3))),axis=0)
63     #padded = np.zeros((row+2*window_size,col+2*window_size))
64     r,c,d = padded.shape
65     #r,c = padded.shape
66     print(padded.shape)
67
68     #isotropic
69     #Spatial
70     spatial = np.zeros((2*window_size+1,2*window_size+1))
71     for is1 in range(2*window_size+1):
72         for is2 in range(2*window_size+1):
73             spatial[is1][is2] = (((is1-window_size)**2+(is2-window_size)**2)**0.5
74     spatial = np.exp(-(spatial/sigma)**2)
75
76
77     for idx1 in tqdm(range(window_size,r>window_size)):
78         for idx2 in range(window_size,c>window_size):
79             window = padded[idx1>window_size:idx1+window_size+1, idx2>window_size:idx2+window_size+1]
80             #print(newimg[idx1][idx2])
81             (x1,x2,x3) = newimg[idx1>window_size][idx2>window_size]

```

```

82     N1 = 0.0 #numerator
83     D1 = 1.0 #denominator
84     N2 = 0.0 #numerator
85     D2 = 1.0 #denominator
86     N3 = 0.0 #numerator
87     D3 = 1.0 #denominator
88
89
90     for itern in range(num_iter): # number of iterations
91         for idx3 in range(2*window_size+1):
92             for idx4 in range(2*window_size+1):
93                 (x_i1,x_i2,x_i3) = window[idx3][idx4]
94                 diff1 = abs(x1-x_i1)
95                 diff2 = abs(x2-x_i2)
96                 diff3 = abs(x3-x_i3)
97
98                 d1 = np.exp(-(diff1/h)**2)*spatial[idx3][idx4]
99                 n1 = x_i1*d1
100                N1 += n1
101                D1 += d1
102
103                d2 = np.exp(-(diff2/h)**2)*spatial[idx3][idx4]
104                n2 = x_i2*d2
105                N2 += n2
106                D2 += d2
107
108                d3 = np.exp(-(diff3/h)**2)*spatial[idx3][idx4]
109                n3 = x_i3*d3
110                N3 += n3
111                D3 += d3
112
113                x1 = float(N1)/D1 # in each iteration, x changes
114                x2 = float(N2)/D2 # in each iteration, x changes
115                x3 = float(N3)/D3 # in each iteration, x changes
116
117                result1[idx1-window_size][idx2-window_size] = x1
118                result2[idx1-window_size][idx2-window_size] = x2
119                result3[idx1-window_size][idx2-window_size] = x3
120
121            result = cv2.merge((result1,result2,result3))
122            #print(result)
123            plot_and_save(result,newimg,filename)
124
125 if __name__=="__main__":
126     filename = sys.argv[1]
127     meanShift(filename)

```

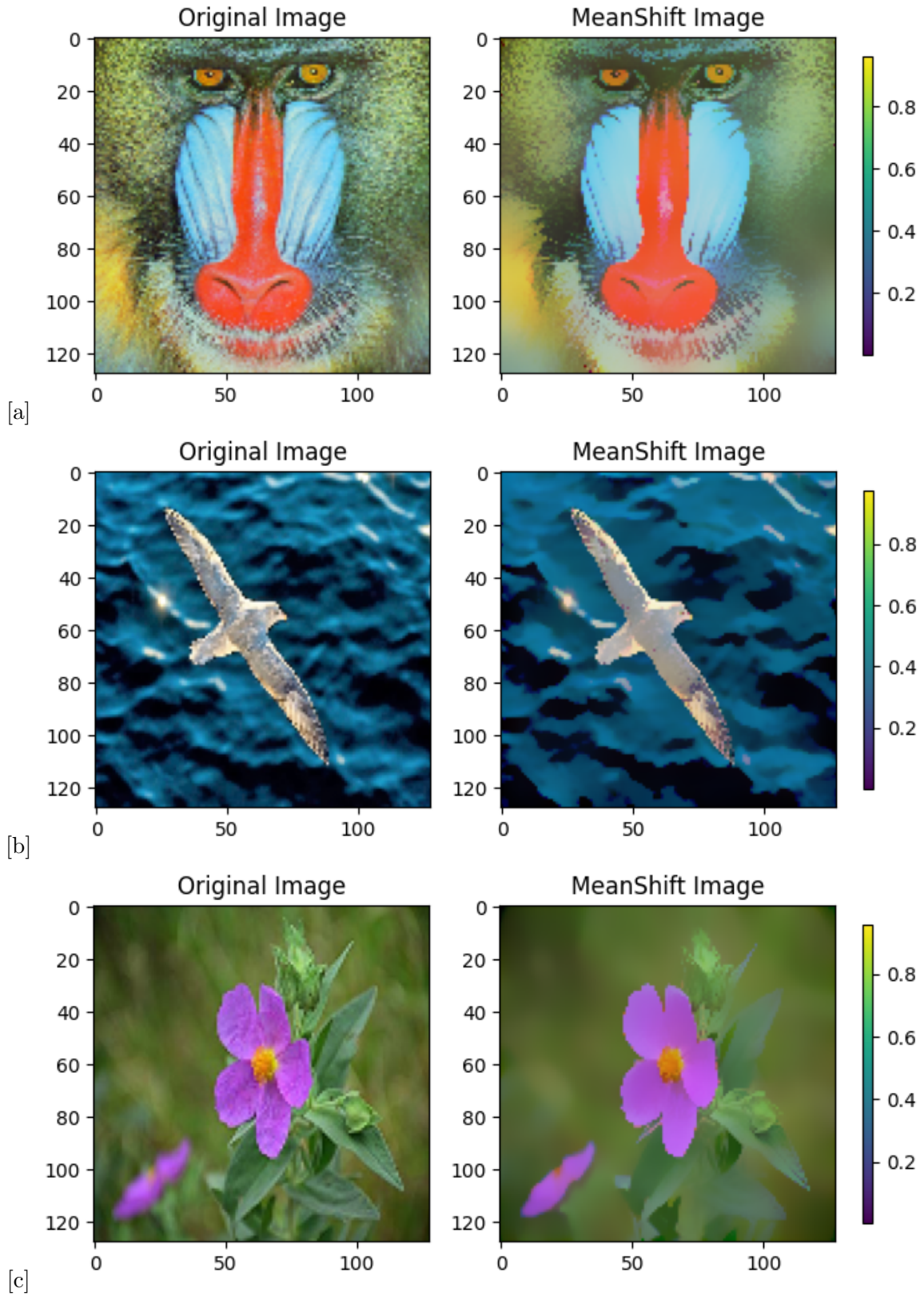


Figure 1: (a) Mean-Shift Image for 2/data/baboonColor.png (b)Mean-Shift Image for 2/data/bird.jpg (c)Mean-Shift Image for 2/data/flower.jpg

Parameters Used :

[**Note : For all the images, we resized them to 128x128 RGB images for computational conveniences.**]

For all the images, we chose a common parameter of 0.1 as the standard deviation for the intensity gaussian kernel, i.e. in case of the weighted sum.

For all the images we used the standard deviation of the spatial kernel to be 11.0.

Other parameters are :

- 2/data/baboonColor.png :: num_iterations : 30
- 2/data/bird.jpg :: num_iterations : 40
- 2/data/flower.jpg :: num_iterations : 40

myMainScript.py

```
1 from myMeanShiftSegmentation import meanShift
2
3 filenames = ["baboonColor.png", "bird.jpg", "flower.jpg"]
4 foldername = "../data/"
5 iterations = [30,40,40]
6
7 for i in range(len(filenames)):
8     meanShift(foldername+filenames[i],intensity_sigma=0.1,num_iter=iterations[i])
```