

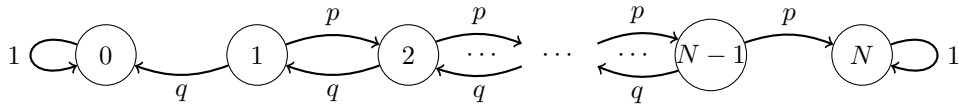
# MTL106

## Probability and Stochastic Processes

### Assignment 2 Ruin to Returns

Deadline : 31st October 2024

Consider a gambler betting on the outcome of a sequence of independent biased coin tosses. If the coin comes up heads with probability  $p$ , she adds one dollar to her purse; if the coin lands tails up with probability  $q = 1 - p$ , she loses one dollar. If she ever reaches a fortune of  $N$  dollars, she will stop playing. If her purse is ever empty, then she must stop betting.



- Let  $\tau$  denote the time at which the gambler is either ruined (wealth is 0) or wins the game (wealth is  $N$ ).

- What is the probability that the gambler wins the game given that she starts with an initial wealth of  $k$  dollars? [0.5 pt]
- If we let  $N \rightarrow \infty$  and let the player gamble forever unless she is ruined, what is the probability that she amasses an infinite amount of wealth? [0.5 pt]
- What is the expected value of the number of rounds the gambler plays until she is ruined or wins the game when she starts from an initial wealth of  $k$  dollars? ( $0 \leq k \leq N$ ) [1 pt]

- The gambler is tired of placing \$1 bets and decides to play aggressively. If she currently has a wealth of  $k < N/2$ , she bets the entire amount, and either gets ruined with probability  $q$  or doubles her wealth with probability  $p$ . If she has  $k \geq N/2$ , she only bets the difference  $N - k$ . She will win the game with wealth  $N$  with probability  $p$ , or she will lose her bet of  $N - k$  with probability  $q$  and continues betting.

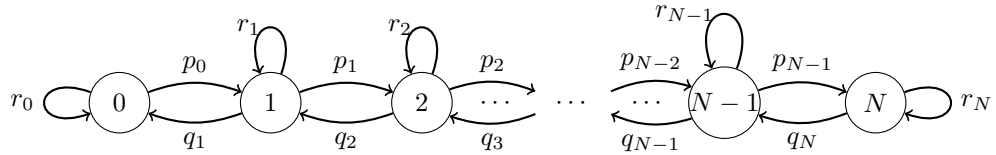
- What is the probability of the gambler winning the betting game when she starts with an initial wealth of  $k$ ? ( $0 \leq k \leq N$ ) [1 pt]
- What is the expected duration of the above game? (The game ends when the gambler is ruined or wins the game) [1 pt]

*Note : For the above 2 problems, you may assume that the ratio of the initial wealth to the maximum wealth  $k/N$  has a finite binary decimal expansion. i.e.,  $k/N = \sum (1/2)^{n_k}$  where the finite increasing sequence  $\{n_k\}$  represents the positions of the 1s in the binary representation of  $k/N$*

3. The gambler is having a streak of bad luck. She starts with an initial fortune of  $k$  and wins or loses each bet with probability  $p$  and  $q$ , respectively. But her curse is that if she ever has a wealth of  $m$ , she is not able to attain a wealth higher than  $m + W$ . That is, after attaining a wealth of  $m$ , if she manages to amass her wealth to  $m + W$ , she will always lose in the next round. Noticing this, she decides to count her losses and stop playing when her wealth reaches  $t$ . How many rounds is she expected to gamble for? ( $0 < t < k < N - W$ ) [2 pts]

*Note : In this part, it can be shown that the answer can be expressed as an irreducible fraction  $\frac{a}{b}$ , where  $p$  and  $q$  are integers and  $b \not\equiv 0 \pmod{M}$ . Output the integer equal to  $a \cdot b^{-1} \pmod{M}$ . In other words, output such an integer  $x$  that  $0 \leq x < M$  and  $x \cdot b \equiv a \pmod{M}$ . Let  $M = 10^9 + 7$ .*

4. Consider the variations in the price of a particular stock. This can be modeled as a markov chain with a finite state space  $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, N\}$ . At the end of each time step, the price of the stock can increase or decrease by at most 1.



The transition probabilities can be specified by  $\{(p_k, r_k, q_k)\}_{k=0}^N$ , where  $p_k + r_k + q_k = 1$  for each  $k$  and

- $p_k$  is the probability of moving from  $k$  to  $k + 1$  when  $0 \leq k < n$ ,
- $q_k$  is the probability of moving from  $k$  to  $k - 1$  when  $0 < k \leq n$ ,
- $r_k$  is the probability of remaining at  $k$  when  $0 \leq k \leq n$ ,
- $q_0 = p_n = 0$ .

- (a) What is the stationary distribution  $\pi$  across the prices of the stock? What is the expected price of the stock in the steady state? [1 pt]
- (b) What is the expected amount of time it takes for the price of the stock to reach  $b$  given that it's initial price is  $a$ ? ( $0 \leq a \leq b \leq N$ ) [1 pt]

## Remarks

- Clearly show all your calculations wherever necessary and comment your code for readability.
- Any instance of copying from each other/the internet will be penalized heavily. All code will be checked for plagiarism.
- All your code should run within 10 seconds to pass all the testcases.

## Submission Format

Complete the implementation of the functions given in the starter code. Do not modify any of the arguments. Submit a pdf file outlining your solution to all of the questions. Do NOT forget to map your solutions to the respective question. For the coding part, submit your code in a .zip file named `EntryNumber_mt1106_a2` containing all the files.