

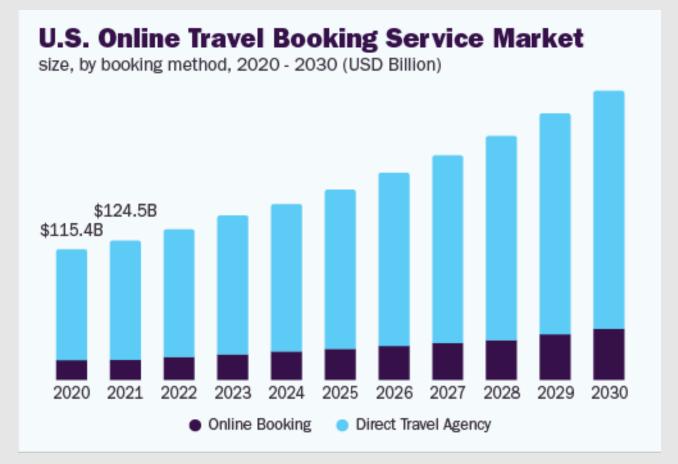
HUSKY RESORT

Relational Database for Hotel Room Reservations

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Travel Booking Services

- The online travel bookings segment is growing at 10.7% CAGR – outpacing growth of the travel agencies segment.
- In 2023, **82%** of customers surveyed said they preferred booking their trips online.
- Websites like Booking.com charge hotels 15-30% in commissions for every reservation made on their platform.
- As a result, hotels like Husky Resort are facing reduced profit margins as customers increasingly use booking sites to book their hotel rooms.









PROJECT

OBJECTIVE

Business Problem:

How can Husky Resort reduce its reliance on third party booking sites, and retain a bigger share of its profits?

Strategy:



Implement a **room reservation system**that Husky Resort can use on their website



Offer **promotional discounts** exclusively on bookings made through the website



Enhance user engagement through guest reviews and ratings

REQUIREMENTS

Guest Information Tracking

- Store relevant contact information about guests,
 allowing multiple values for phone numbers.
- Allow guests to make reservations and leave reviews about their stay.

Room Booking System

- Ensure no rooms get double booked for overlapping dates
- Each reservation should specify the guest, the room booked, payment details and promotional discounts if applicable.

REQUIREMENTS

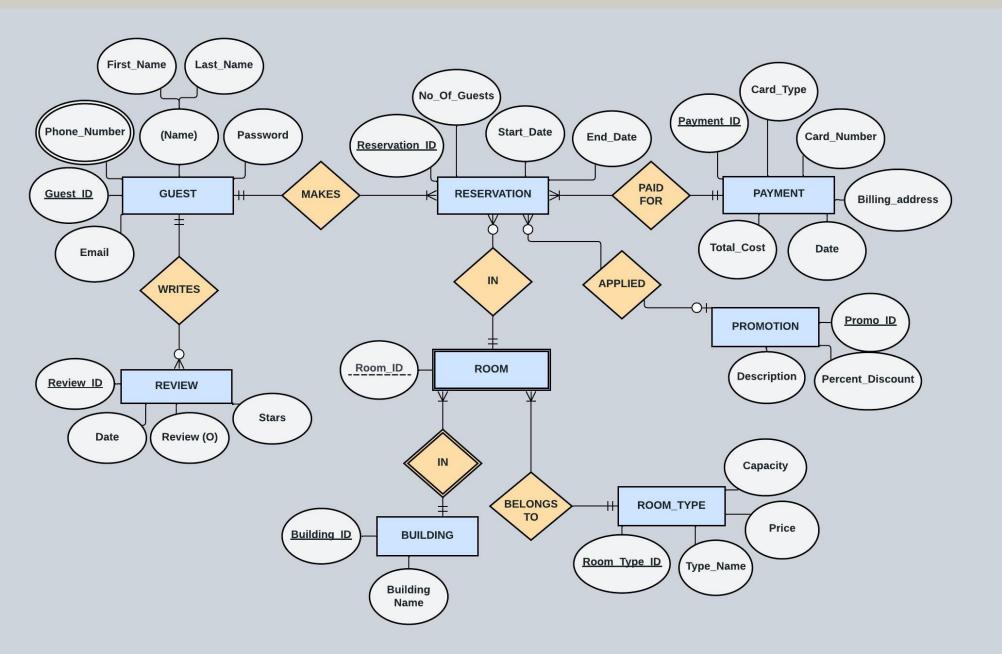
Hotel Accommodation Management

- Categorize hotel rooms into different room types and price tiers
- Uniquely identify hotel rooms through combination of building and room number

Payment Processing

- Store payment records including card details, billing address, total price
- Associate every payment with one or more reservations

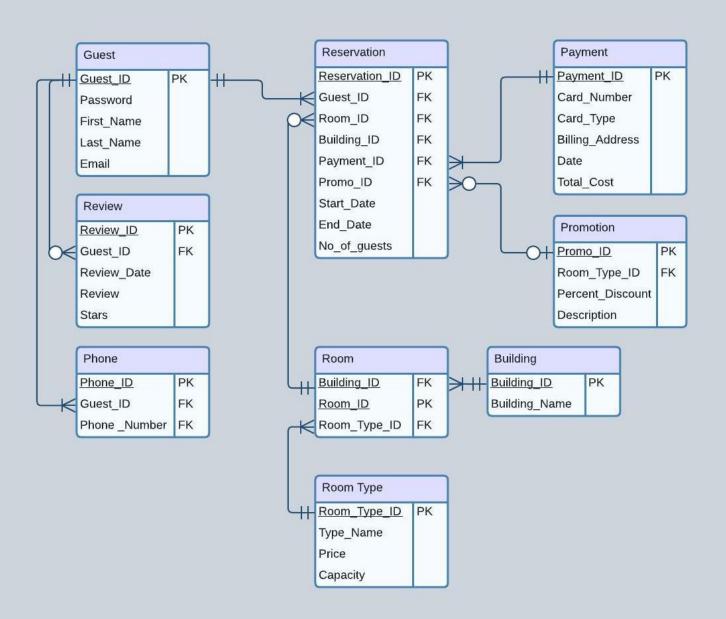
DATABASE ERD



- Phone_Number is a multi-valued attribute to account for international travelers
- Name is a composite attribute made up of First_Name and Last_Name
- In entity Review, while Stars are mandatory a written Reviewis an optional attribute.
- Room is a weak entity and Room_ID cannot uniquely identify instances of the entity by itself.

DATABASE SCHEMA

- Phone numbers stored in new table 'Phone' to handle multiple values for one Guest_ID
- 'Room' table given composite key with combination of Building_ID and Room_ID
- Is in 3NF form since no multivalued columns, partial keys or transitive dependencies in schema



Database Creation

Constraints Used:

- Primary Key Constraint
- Foreign Key Constraint
- Not Null Constraint
- Check Constraint

```
CREATE TABLE `Room` (
     `Room_ID` INT NOT NULL,
     `Building_ID` VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
     `Room_Type_ID` INT NOT NULL,
     PRIMARY KEY (`Room_ID`, `Building_ID`),
     FOREIGN KEY (`Building_ID`) REFERENCES `Building`(`Building_ID`),
     FOREIGN KEY (`Room_Type_ID`) REFERENCES `RoomType`(`Room_Type_ID`)
) ENGINE=InnoDB;
```

Database Creation

Trigger Used:

'CheckDateOverlap' trigger created to avoid double booking rooms, by ensuring there is no overlap in reservation dates for the same room.

```
DELIMITER |
  CREATE TRIGGER CheckDateOverlap
  BEFORE INSERT ON Reservation
  FOR EACH ROW

→ BEGIN

      DECLARE conflict_count INT DEFAULT 0;
      SELECT COUNT(*)
      INTO conflict_count
      FROM Reservation
      WHERE NEW.Room_ID = Room_ID
        AND NEW.Building_ID = Building_ID
        AND (
          (NEW.Start_Date < End_Date AND NEW.End_Date > Start_Date) OR
          (NEW.End_Date > Start_Date AND NEW.Start_Date < End_Date)
        );
      IF conflict_count > 0 THEN
          SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000'
          SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Error: New reservation dates overlap with an existing reservation.';
      END IF;
  END
  DELIMITER;
```

Business Question #1

How many guests have stayed in rooms of each room type in 2023?

Query

```
SELECT rt.Type_Name, SUM(r.No_of_guests) AS Guests_Served
FROM RoomType rt
JOIN Room rm
ON rt.Room_Type_ID = rm.Room_Type_ID
JOIN Reservation r
ON rm.Building_ID = r.Building_ID
AND rm.Room_ID = r.Room_ID
WHERE YEAR(r.Start_Date) = 2023
GROUP BY rt.Room_Type_ID
ORDER BY Guests_Served DESC;
```

Output

Type_Name	Guests_Served
Deluxe Room	14
Standard Room	9
Penthouse Suite	9
Executive Suite	6
Family Suite	6

Business Question #2

What were the reviews and ratings left by guests staying in building 'A'?

Query

```
SELECT g.Guest_ID, re.Review, re.Stars
FROM Building b
JOIN Reservation r
ON b.Building_ID = r.Building_ID
JOIN Guest g
ON r.Guest_ID = g.Guest_ID
JOIN Review re
ON g.Guest_ID = re.Guest_ID
WHERE b.Building_ID = 'A'
ORDER BY re.Stars DESC;
```

Output

101	Fantastic stay! The room was clean and well-furnished.	5
103	Had a great time. The staff were very friendly and helpful.	5
102	Comfortable, but the room service was a bit slow.	4
104	Overall good, but the Wi-Fi connection was poor.	3

Business Question #3

How many reservations were associated with each promotional offer?

Query

Output

Promo_ID	Description	No_Of_Bookings
SR320	10% off on Standard Rooms for stays of 3 days or more	4
DR515	15% discount for Deluxe Rooms on bookings of at least 5 days	2
ES220	20% off on Executive Suite bookings for a minimum of 2 days	1

Conclusion

The reservations database can:

- Allow Husky Resort to build a functional online reservation system
- Effectively store reservation, promotions and review data
- Serve as the back-end for the Resort's updated website
- Be easily queried to answer highly specific business questions
- Ensure no rooms get booked for overlapping dates

THANK YOU!

ANY QUESTIONS?