

Assignment B2 Execution Pade: 08/03/2021 Submission Date: 19/05/2021 litle: S-AES algorithm

Problem Studement:

10 implement a simplified - advanced encyption standard algorithm.

Objective: Understand basic concepts of S-AES algorithm

Leorn general structure of S-AFS

Outrone: On completing this assignment student will be able to implement The S-AES algorithm

Soltware Requirements: - Jupyter Nollbook - Rymon 3.8.5

- 64 bit operating system Mordware Regulaments:

- Computer with 64 bit processor

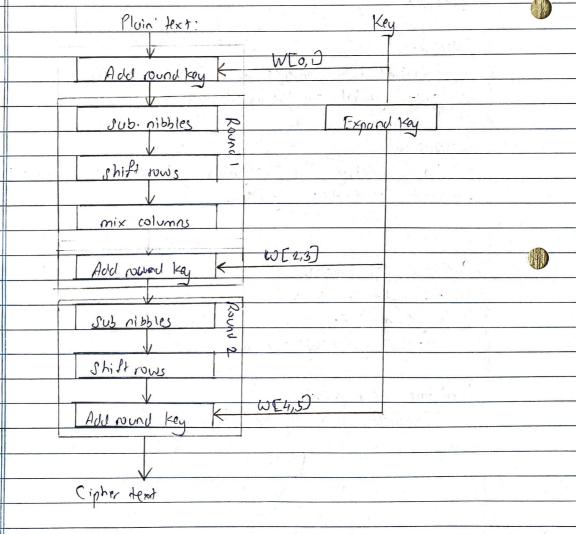


S-AFS is to AFS us S-DES is to DES. In Buch, The structure of S-AFS is exactly some as AFS

The difference between S-AFS and AFS is in Key size

(16 bit), block size (16 bit) and number of rounds (2).

Overview:





Add round lay: Substitule Nibbles:

Instead of dividing the block into a four by four omy of bytes S-AES divides 12 Into a two by two army of orbbies, which are four bits long. They are substituted by looking up o hised tuble (5-bx) girn in design).

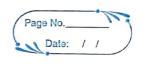
Shift rows:

The first now is not shifted but the second now is

So,0	Son		50,0	Son	
810	Sin		S11	Sico	1
,		The state of the state of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.75	-

Mix column:
After shifting rows pach column is multiplied with the

Here I corresponds to polynomial I and 4 wiresponds to polynomial



All round Key:

The last stage of pach round of encyption is to add

round lay.

Before the first round, the first two words (Wo, W1) of the

expanded key are added. In the first wand, we added.

lest (wes:

			<del></del>
	Pescription	Expected OIP	Actual 01P
1)	IIP = AB	Cipho efect of	Successful
	Key = 010010101010101	.16 6735	
			*
2)	Decaypt given 16 bit	AB (initial given	Successful
	Decoypt given 16 bit	input)	
	J		

(onclusion:



Therefore, successfully completed implementation and undershood S-AFS algorithm.