

Assignment A3

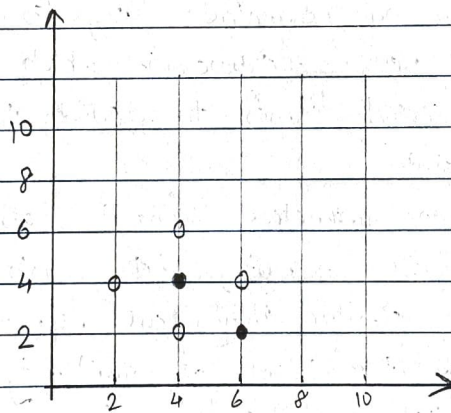
Execution Date: 17/03/2021

Submission Date: 21/05/2021

Title: KNN Classifier

Problem Statement:

In the following diagram let \bullet circles indicate positive example and \circ circles indicate negative examples. We want to use k-nn algorithm for classifying the points. If $k=3$ find the class of point $(6,6)$. Extend the same example for distance weighted knn and locally weighted knn. averaging



Objectives:

- to implement KNN algorithm
- to assign unseen data to appropriate classes.

Outcomes:

Student will implement KNN algorithm and classify unseen data.

Software Requirements:

- Jupyter notebooks
- Python 3.8.5
- 64 bit operating system

Hardware Requirements:

- Computer with 64 bit processor

Theory:

KNN

- KNN is a non parametric, lazy learning algorithm. Its purpose is to use a database in which the data points are separated into several classes to predict the classification of a new sample point.

- KNN is non-parametric means it doesn't make any assumptions on the underlying data distribution.

- KNN assumes similar things are near to each other.

- It captures the idea of similarity by e.g. calculating the distance between points on the graph. Euclidean distance is the popular choice.

Weighted KNN

- Weighted KNN is a modified version of KNN.

- In weighted KNN, the nearest k points are given a weight using a function called as the kernel function.

- The intuition behind weighted KNN is to give more weight to the points which are nearby and less weight to the points which are further away.

Algorithm:

- 1) Load the data
- 2) Initialize the value of K .
- 3) Iterate over all the training points
 - 3.1) Calculate the distance between each datapoint and test data.
 - 3.2) Sort the calculated distance in ascending order.
 - 3.3) Get top K rows from sorted array.
- 4) Get the most frequent class from these K rows.
- 5) Return the predicted class.

For weighted KNN at step 4 if all K classes are different then the class point with highest weight i.e. nearest point which is nearest is selected as the predicted class.

Test Cases:

Description	Expected O/p	Actual O/p
Predict class of data given test data	Prints class negative	Successful.

try algorithm with

Conclusion:

Conclusion:

Studied KNN classification algorithm and implemented it successfully.