

HW1 - Logic.

~2022-03-10. 3pm

i) $p \vee (q \wedge r)$ is equivalent to $(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$

<u>p</u>	<u>q</u>	<u>r</u>	<u>$q \wedge r$</u>	<u>$p \vee (q \wedge r)$</u>	<u>$p \vee q$</u>	<u>$p \vee r$</u>	<u>$(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$</u>
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	T	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	F	F	T	F	F
F	F	T	F	F	F	T	F
F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

ii) $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$ is equivalent to $(p \rightarrow r)$

<u>p</u>	<u>q</u>	<u>r</u>	<u>$p \rightarrow q$</u>	<u>$q \rightarrow r$</u>	<u>$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r)$</u>	<u>$p \rightarrow r$</u>
T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	F	F	F
T	F	T	F	T	F	T
T	F	F	F	T	F	F
F	T	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	T	F	F	F
F	F	T	T	T	T	T
F	F	F	T	T	T	T

$$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$$

$$\neg((\neg p \vee q) \wedge (\neg q \vee r)) \vee (\neg p \vee r)$$

$$= \neg(\neg p \vee q) \vee \neg(\neg q \vee r) \vee \neg p \vee r$$

$$= (p \wedge (\neg q)) \vee (q \wedge \neg r) \vee \neg p \vee r$$

$$= ((p \vee \neg p) \wedge (\neg q \vee (\neg p))) \vee ((q \vee r) \wedge (\neg r \vee r))$$

$$= (\neg q \vee (\neg p)) \vee (q \vee r) = (\neg q \vee q) \vee (\neg p \vee r)$$

$$= T \vee (\neg p) \vee r = T$$

iii) Replace "exclusive OR" operator using the 3 connectives.
 $(\wedge \vee \neg)$

$$\begin{aligned} p \oplus q &= (\text{not}(p) \text{ and } q) \text{ or } (p \text{ and } \text{not}(q)) \\ &= (\neg p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge \neg q) \end{aligned}$$

iv) Loves(p₁, p₂) \vee Loves(p₂, p₁) : False
 $(\text{add } p_1 \rightarrow p_2 \text{ or } p_2 \rightarrow p_1)$

v) Loves(p₁, p₁) \rightarrow Loves(p₅, p₅) : True

vi) Loves(p₁, p₂) \rightarrow Loves(p₄, p₃) : True

F T
vii) Loves(p₁, p₃) \rightarrow Loves(p₃, p₆) : False (add p₃ \rightarrow p₆)

T F

viii) Loves(p₁, p₄) \rightarrow Loves(p₄, p₅) : True

F F

ix) Loves(p₁, p₄) \leftrightarrow Loves(p₂, p₃) : True

F F

x) Loves(p₁, p₃) \leftrightarrow Loves(p₅, p₅) : True

T T

xii) $\forall x. \exists y. \text{Loves}(x, y)$: False (add P₆ \rightarrow any P, P₂ \rightarrow any P)
: 모든 x에 대해 Loves(x, y)를 만족하는 y가 존재하지 않음.

xiii) $\forall x. \exists y. (x \neq y \wedge \text{Loves}(x, y))$: False
: 모든 x에 대해 Loves(y, x)를 만족하는 y가 존재하지 않음.

xiv) $\forall x. \exists y. (x \neq y \wedge \text{Loves}(y, x))$: False
: 모든 x에 대해 Loves(x, y)를 만족하는 y가 존재하지 않음.

xv) $\exists x. \forall y. \text{Loves}(x, y)$: False (add P₃ \rightarrow P₃, P₃ \rightarrow P₄, P₃ \rightarrow P₅, P₃ \rightarrow P₆)

: 어떤 x에 대해서 모든 y가 Loves(x, y)를 만족하는 x가 존재하지 않음.

xvi) $\exists x, \forall y. (x \neq y \rightarrow \text{Loves}(x, y))$: False (add $P_3 \rightarrow P_4, P_3 \rightarrow P_5, P_3 \rightarrow P_6$)

[2]

i) $\perp = \neg T$

ii) $p \rightarrow q = \neg p \vee q$

iii) $p \leftrightarrow q = (p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p) = (\neg p \vee q) \wedge (\neg q \vee p)$

iv) $p \vee q = \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q)$

v) $T = \perp \rightarrow \perp$

vi) $\neg p = p \rightarrow \perp$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} p & \neg p & p \rightarrow \perp \\ \hline T & F & T \\ F & T & F \end{array}$$

* vii) $p \wedge q = \neg(\neg p \vee \neg q) = \neg(p \rightarrow \neg q) = (p \rightarrow \neg q) \rightarrow \perp$

$$= (p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow \perp)) \rightarrow \perp$$

<u>$p \wedge q$</u>	<u>$\neg p$</u>	<u>$\neg q$</u>	<u>$\neg p \vee \neg q$</u>	<u>$p \rightarrow (\neg q)$</u>	<u>$(p \rightarrow (\neg q)) \rightarrow \perp$</u>
T	F	T	F	F	T
F	T	F	T	T	F
F	F	T	F	T	F
F	F	F	T	T	F

[3] negation of the original statement

i) $\neg \forall p. (\text{Person}(p) \rightarrow \exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, c) \wedge \forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow \neg \text{Loves}(c, r))))$

$$\rightarrow \exists p. \neg (\rightarrow)$$

$$= \exists p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \neg \exists c. (\quad))$$

$$= \exists p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \forall c. (\neg \text{Cat}(c) \vee \neg \text{Loves}(p, c) \vee \neg \forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow \neg \text{Loves}(c, r))))$$

$$= \exists p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \forall c. (\neg \text{Cat}(c) \vee \neg \text{Loves}(p, c) \vee \exists r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Loves}(c, r))))$$

ii) $(\forall x. (\text{Person}(x) \leftrightarrow \exists r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Loves}(x, r))))$

$\rightarrow (\forall r. \forall c. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Cat}(c) \rightarrow \text{Loves}(r, c)))$

$\rightarrow \forall x. (\text{Person}(x) \leftrightarrow \exists r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Loves}(x, r)))$

$\wedge \exists r. \exists c. \neg (\underline{(\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Cat}(c)) \rightarrow \text{Loves}(r, c)}})$

$\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Cat}(c) \wedge \neg \text{Loves}(r, c)$

iii) $\forall c. (\text{Cat}(c) \rightarrow \exists r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \forall x. (\text{Loves}(c, x) \leftrightarrow r = x)))$

$\rightarrow \exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \forall r. \neg (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \forall x. (\quad)))$

$= \exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \forall r. (\neg \text{Robot}(r) \vee \exists x. (\text{Loves}(c, x) \leftrightarrow r \neq x)))$

4] Use the predicates Person, Robot, Cat and Loves

i) robots do not love

$\forall r. (r \text{ is a robot} \rightarrow \text{robot doesn't love everything})$

$= \forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow \neg (\text{robot loves at least one person/cat}))$

$= \forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow \neg \left(\exists p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \text{Loves}(r, p)) \right.)$
 $\left. \vee \exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(r, c)) \right)$

$\Rightarrow \forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow (\forall p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \neg \text{Loves}(r, p)) \wedge \forall c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \neg \text{Loves}(r, c))))$

ii) each robots loves every cat, but no cat loves any person.

all robots loves all cat

and all cat not love all person

$\forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \rightarrow (\forall c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(r, c)))$

$\wedge \forall c. (\text{Cat}(c) \rightarrow (\forall p. (\text{Person}(p) \wedge \neg \text{Loves}(c, p))))$

iii) each cat only loves itself. $=$ all cats love itself.

$\forall c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(c, c))$

iv) if you pick a person, you'll find that they love a cat if and only if
they also love a robot.

= all person love cat \leftrightarrow love robot

$$\forall p. (\text{Person}(p) \rightarrow (\exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, c)) \leftrightarrow \exists r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, r)))$$

v) each person loves exactly two cats and nothing else. (can be different cat)

$$\forall p. (\text{Person}(p) \rightarrow \exists c_1 \exists c_2. (\text{Cat}(c_1) \wedge \text{Cat}(c_2) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, c_1) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, c_2) \wedge (c_1 \neq c_2)) \\ \wedge (\forall x. \text{Cat}(x) \wedge \text{Loves}(p, x) \rightarrow (c_1 = x \vee c_2 = x)) \\ \wedge (\forall r. (\text{Robot}(r) \wedge \neg \text{Loves}(p, r)))$$

vi) no two robots love exactly the same set of cats

$$\neg \left(\exists r_1 \exists r_2. (\text{Robot}(r_1) \wedge \text{Robot}(r_2) \wedge (r_1 \neq r_2)) \right. \\ \left. \rightarrow \exists c. (\text{Cat}(c) \wedge \text{Loves}(r_1, c) \wedge \text{Loves}(r_2, c)) \right)$$

