

Visionary Course - Energy Al Week 12

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Week 12a – Inference for road following on Jetson Nano

JetRacer: Let's start autonomous driving!

Today we will test the pretrained model on the road with 2D-lined track.



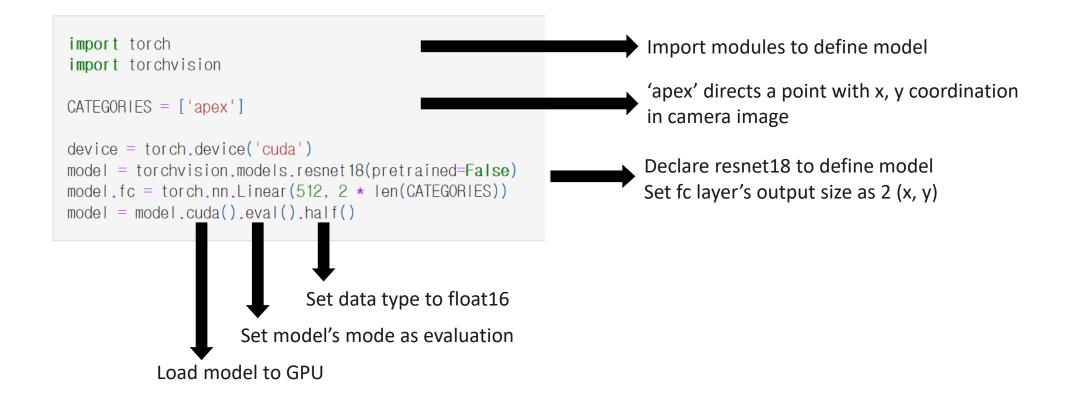
Workspace:

"localhost:8888/lab/tree/jetracer/notebooks/road_following.ipynb"

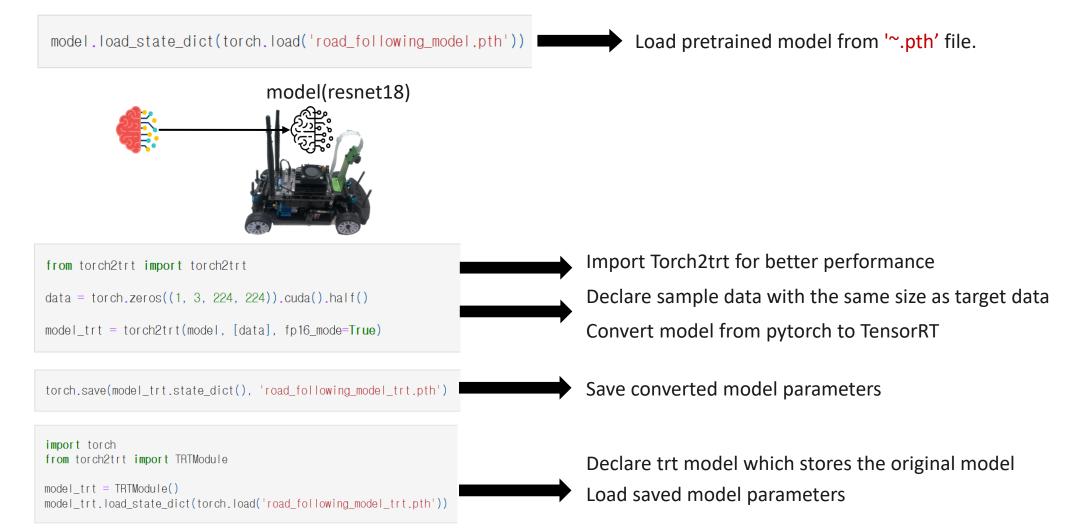
Overview of road_following.ipynb

First, create the model. This must match the model used in the interactive training notebook. import torch import torchvision **Define model** CATEGORIES = ['apex'] device = torch.device('cuda') model = torchvision.models.resnet18(pretrained=False) model.fc = torch.nn.Linear(512, 2 * len(CATEGORIES)) model = model.cuda().eval().half() Configure racecar & camera model.load_state_dict(torch.load('road_following_model.pth')) Convert and optimize the model using torch2trt for faster inference with TensorRT. Please see the torch2trt readme for more details This optimization process can take a couple minutes to complete. Create the racecar class from torch2trt import torch2trt data = torch.zeros((1, 3, 224, 224)).cuda().half() from jetracer.nvidia_racecar import NvidiaRacecar model_trt = torch2trt(model, [data], fp16_mode=True) car = NvidiaRacecar() Save the optimized model using the cell below Create the camera class. torch.save(model_trt.state_dict(), 'road_following_model_trt.pth') from jetcam.csi_camera import CSICamera camera = CSICamera(width=224, height=224, capture_fps=65) Load the optimized model by executing the cell below Finally, execute the cell below to make the racecar move forward, steering the racecar based on the x value of the apex. import torch from torch2trt import TRTModule Here are some tips, model_trt = TRTModule() . If the car wobbles left and right, lower the steering gain model_trt.load_state_dict(torch.load('road_following_model_trt.pth')) . If the car misses turns, raise the steering gain . If the car tends right, make the steering bias more negative (in small increments like -0.05) **Iterative inference** • If the car tends left, make the steering bias more postive (in small increments +0.05 from utils import preprocess **Load pretrained** import numpy as np STEERING_GAIN = 0.75 model STEERING_BIAS = 0.00 car.throttle = 0.15 while True: image = camera.read() image = preprocess(image).half() output = model_trt(image).detach().cpu().numpy().flatten() x = float(output[0])car.steering = x * STEERING_GAIN * STEERING_BIAS

1. Define model



2. Load pretrained model



3. Configure race car and camera

from jetracer.nvidia_racecar import NvidiaRacecar
car = NvidiaRacecar()
Create race car class

from jetcam.csi_camera import CSICamera

camera = CSICamera(width=224, height=224, capture_fps=65)

Create camera class

4. Iterative inference

```
from utils import preprocess
import numpy as np
STEERING\_GAIN = 0.75
                                                                       Set fixed multiplier and adder for steering
STEERING_BIAS = 0.00
                                                                       Set throttle to fixed value
car.throttle = 0.15
while True:
                                                                       Read real-time image from camera
   image = camera.read()
   image = preprocess(image).half()
   output = model_trt(image).detach().cpu().numpy().flatten()
                                                                       Feed image values and get the output from the model
   x = float(output[0])
   car.steering = x * STEERING_GAIN + STEERING_BIAS
                                                                       From output, car inferences steering value
```

```
import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import cv2
    import PIL.Image
     import numpy as np
     mean = torch.Tensor([0.485, 0.456, 0.406]).cuda()
    std = torch.Tensor([0.229, 0.224, 0.225]).cuda()
10
    def preprocess(image):
11
12
         device = torch.device('cuda')
         image = PIL.Image.fromarray(image)
13
14
         image = transforms.functional.to_tensor(image).to(device)
15
         image.sub_(mean[:, None, None]).div_(std[:, None, None])
         return image[None, ...]
16
```

Return normalized image values

Experiments:

1. Upload pretrained model.

- Q.1.1. Download trained model "road following model gwsur.pth" from LMS.
- Q.1.2. Visit to localhost:8888/lab/tree/jetracer/notebooks/road following.ipynb
- Q.1.3. Upload the model pth file and write the models name on code model.load_state_dict(torch.load('road_following_model_gwsur.pth'))

2. Observe and execute the model.

- Q.2.1. Unfold the track in suitable place. And put the car on the track.
- Q.2.2. Run codes along with the cell.
- Q.2.3 (optional). Reference and use "teleoperation.ipynb" code to prevent missing car.
- Q.2.4. Observe the car's trace. Are the steering and throttle are suitable?
- Q.2.5. Control the value of throttle (slower or faster).

Experiments:

- 3. Make variable environments and execute the model.
 - Q.3.1. Place the car in opposite direction of Q2 and execute model. Is the model following the road similar?
 - Q.3.2. Place a small obstacle on the road. How's the car doing?