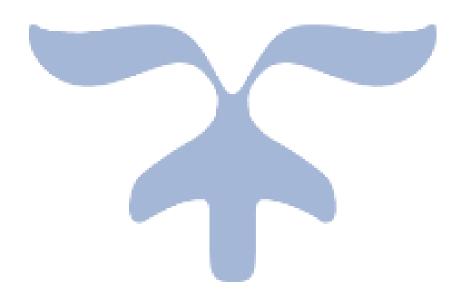


## **ASSIGNMENT 7**

## **Network Security**

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1) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem imageinfo, Provide a screenshot for the output of the above command.

2) volatility – f stuxnet.vmem – -profile = WinXPSP2x86 pstree, List all the existing process IDs (PIDs) and parent process IDs (PPID) for running lsass.exe process. Do you think having lower PID and process's data and time can be helpful to distinguish safe from unsafe processes?

Volatility Foundation Volatili	ty Framework 2.6	ent menter,	d pages that o	200		
Name		Pid	PPid	Thds	Hnds	Time
0x823c8830:System		4	0	59	403	1970-01
01 00:00:00 UTC+0000						
. 0x820df020:smss.exe		376	4		19	2010-10-
29 17:08:53 UTC+0000						
0x821a2da0:csrss.exe		600	376	11	395	2010-10-
29 17:08:54 UTC+0000						
0x81da5650:winlogon.exe		624	376	19	570	2010-10-
29 17:08:54 UTC+0000						
0x82073020:services.exe		668	624	21	431	2010-10-
29 17:08:54 UTC+0000						
0x81fe52d0:vmtoolsd.exe		1664	668		284	2010-10-
29 17:09:05 UTC+0000						
0x81c0cda0:cmd.exe		968	<b>1664</b>	Θ		2011-06-
03 04:31:35 UTC+0000						
0x81f14938:ipconfig.exe		304	968	0		2011-06-
03 04:31:35 UTC+0000						
0x822843e8:svchost.exe		1032	668	61	1169	2010-10-
29 17:08:55 UTC+0000						
0x822b9a10:wuauclt.exe		976	1032		133	2010-10-
29 17:12:03 UTC+0000						
0x820ecc10:wscntfy.exe		2040	1032		28	2010-10-
29 17:11:49 UTC+0000						
0x81e61da0:svchost.exe		940	668	13	312	2010-10-
29 17:08:55 UTC+0000						

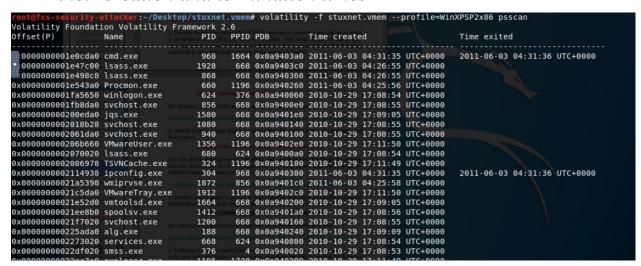
Isass.exe process:

Offset(P)	Name	PID	PPid
0x000000001e47c00	Isass.exe	1928	668
0x000000001e498c8	Isass.exe	868	668
0x000000002070020	Isass.exe	680	624

There are 3 Isass.exe in the process list but there should be one Isass instance in the process list. For the first two rows the creation time is the same and for the

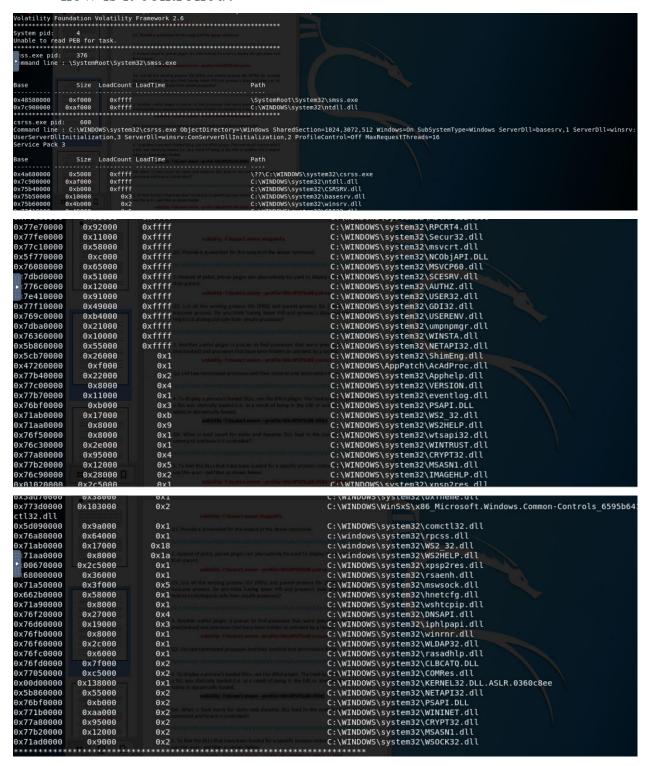
last one is around one year earlier which is suspicious. Also, the PID for all these three processes are different which shows this file is a malicious file.

3) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem --profile = WinXPSP2x86 psscan, List two terminated processes and their creation and termination times

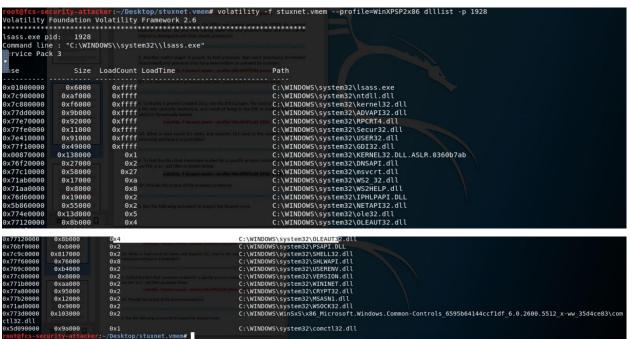


Offset(P)	Name	PID	PPID	PBD	Time\C	Time\E
0x000000001e0cda0	cmd.exe	968	1664	0x0a9403a0	2011-06-03	2011-06-03
					04:31:35	04:31:36
					UTC+0000	UTC+0000
0x000000002114938	ipconfig.exe	304	968	0x0a940380	2011-06-03	2011-06-03
					04:31:35	04:31:36
					UTC+0000	UTC+0000

4) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem --profile = WinXPSP2x86 dlllist, What is load count for static and dynamic DLL load in the output of the above command and how is it controlled?



5) volatility -f stuxnet.vmem -profile = WinXPSP2x86 dlllist -p 1928, Provide the output of the previous command.



6) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem - profile = WinXPSP2x86 pstree | egrep

'(services.exe|lsass.exe|winlogon.exe)' | tee pstree.txt , Provide the output of the previous command

```
        root@fcs-security-attacker:~/Desktop/stuxnet.vmem# volatility -f stuxnet.vmem --profile=WinXPSP2x86 pstree | egrep '(services.exe|sass.exe|winlogon.exe)' | tee pstree.txt

        Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6

        ... 0x81da5659:winlogon.exe
        624
        376
        19
        570
        2010-10-29
        17:08:54
        UTC+0000

        ... 0x82073020:services.exe
        668
        624
        21
        431
        2010-10-29
        17:08:54
        UTC+0000

        ... 0x81c47c00:lsass.exe
        1928
        668
        4
        65
        2011-06-03
        04:26:55
        UTC+0000

        ... 0x81c498c8:lsass.exe
        868
        668
        2
        23
        2011-06-03
        04:26:55
        UTC+0000

        ... 0x81c49020:lsass.exe
        680
        624
        19
        342
        2010-10-29
        17:08:54
        UTC+0000
```

**Network Security** 

7) volatility -f stuxnet.vmem --profile = WinXPSP2x86 sockets |egrep'(Off| - - - |680|1928|868)'| tee sockets.txt, Provide the output of the previous command.

```
        root@fcs-security-attacker:-/Desktop/stuxnet.vmem# volatility -f stuxnet.vmem --profile=WinXPSP2x86 sockets | egrep '(Off|---|680|1928|868)' | tee sockets.txt

        Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6
        Offset(V)
        PID Port Proto Protocol
        Address
        Create Time

        0x81dc2008
        680
        500
        17 UDP
        0.0.0.0
        2010-10-29 17:09:05 UTC+0000

        0x81ds4d18
        680
        0
        255 Reserved
        0.0.0.0
        2010-10-29 17:09:05 UTC+0000

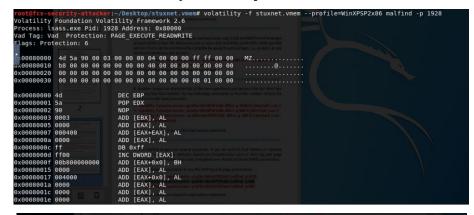
        0x82060008
        680
        4500
        17 UDP
        0.0.0.0
        2010-10-29 17:09:05 UTC+0000
```

8) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem - -profile = WinXPSP2x86 dlllist - p 1928 2 <math>> /dev/null | wc - l

volatility — f stuxnet. vmem — profile = WinXPSP2x86 dlllist — p 680 2 >/dev/null | wc — l

```
root@fcs-security-attacker:~/Desktop/stuxnet.vmem# volatility -f stuxnet.vmem --profile=WinXPSP2x86 dlllist -p 680 2>/dev/null | wc -l
```

9) volatility - f stuxnet.vmem - -profile = WinXPSP2x86 malfind - p 1928



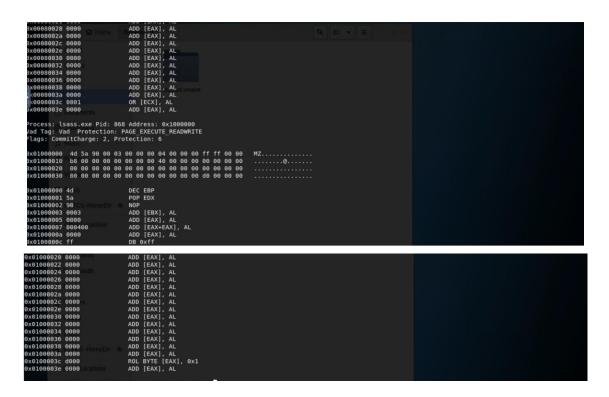
```
0x01000000
          4d 5a 90 00 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 ff ff 00 00
0x01000010 b8 00 00 00 00 00 00 40 00 00 00 00 00 00
0x01000020
          01000000 4d
                         DEC EBP
01000001 5a
                         POP EDX
01000002 90
                         NOP
0x01000003 0003
                         ADD [EBX], AL
                         ADD [EAX], AL
ADD [EAX+EAX], AL
0x01000005 0000
0x01000007 000400
0x0100000a 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
0x0100000c ff
                         DB 0xff
0x0100000d ff00
                         INC DWORD [EAX]
0x0100000f 00b800000000
                         ADD [EAX+0x0], BH
0x01000015 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
0x01000017 004000
                         ADD [EAX+0x0], AL
0x0100001a 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
                         ADD [EAX], AL
ADD [EAX], AL
ADD [EAX], AL
0x0100001c 0000
0x0100001e 0000
0x01000020 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
0x01000022 0000
0x01000024 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
0x01000026 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
                         ADD [EAX], AL
0x01000028 0000
0x0100002a 0000
                         ADD [EAX], AL
```

```
Process: lsass.exe Pid: 1928 Address: 0x6f0000
Vad Tag: Vad Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
Flags: Protection: 6
..D.L.L...A.S.L.
 006f0030 52 00 2e 00 30 00 33 00 36 00 30 00 62 00 37 00 R...0.3.6.0.b.7.
                          SUB [EDI+0xae7f], EAX ADD [EAX], AL
0x006f0000 29877fae0000
0x006f0006 0000
0x006f0008 ff
                           DB 0xff
0x006f0009 ff
                           DB 0xff
0x006f000a ff
                           DB 0xff
0x006f000b ff7735
                           PUSH DWORD [EDI+0x35]
0x006f000e 0001
                           ADD [ECX], AL
0x006f0010 4b
                           DEC EBX
0x006f0011 004500
                           ADD [EBP+0x0], AL
                           PUSH EDX
ADD [ESI+0x0], CL
0x006f0014 52
0x006f0015 004e00
0x006f0018 45
                           INC EBP
                           ADD [EAX+EAX+0x33], CL
0x006f0019 004c0033
0x006f001d 0032
                           ADD [EDX], DH
                           ADD [ESI], CH
ADD [EAX+EAX+0x4c], AL
0x006f001f 002e
0x006f0021 0044004c
0x006f0025 004c002e
                           ADD [EAX+EAX+0x2e], CL
AYAA6 FAA29 AA41AA
                               [FCX+AVA] AL
```

```
Process: lsass.exe Pid: 1928 Address: 0x680000
Vad Tag: Vad Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
 lags: Protection: 6
0x00680000 90 06 68 00 c6 07 68 00 24 00 68 00 a5 04 00 00 ..h..h.$.h....
0x00680010 f2 04 68 00 48 06 00 00 c9 04 68 00 29 00 00 00 ..h.H....h.)...
0x00680020 00 00 6f 00 e8 13 00 00 00 5a 77 4d 61 70 56 69 ......ZwMapVi
0x00680000 90
0x00680001 06
                                             PUSH ES
0x00680002 6800c60768 PUSH DWORD 0x6807c600
0x00680007 002400 ADD [EAX+EAX], AH
0x00680000 6800050400 PUSH DWORD 0x4a500
0x0068000f 00f2
0x00680011 0468
                                             ADD DL, DH
                                            ADD AL, 0x68
ADD [EAX+0x6], CL
0x00680013 004806
0x00680016 0000
                                            ADD [EAX], AL
                                           ADD [EAVE, ADD AL, 0x68
ADD [ECX], CH
ADD [EAX], AL
ADD [EAX], AL
0x00680018 c9
0x00680019 0468
0x0068001b 0029
0x0068001d 0000
0x0068001f 0000
                                             ADD [EDI+0x0], CH
0x00680021 006f00
0x00680024 e813000000
                                            CALL 0x68003c
0x00680029 5a
                                          POP EDX
JA 0x680079
0x0068002a 774d
```

```
Process: lsass.exe Pid: 868 Address: 0x1000000
Vad Tag: Vad Protection: PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE
Flags: CommitCharge: 2, Protection: 6
DEC EBP
0x01000000 4d
0x01000001 5a
                                       POP EDX
0x01000003 0003
0x01000005 0000
                                      ADD [EBX], AL
ADD [EAX], AL
ADD [EAX+EAX], AL
ADD [EAX+EAX], AL
0x01000005 0000
0x01000007 000400
0x01000007 000400
0x010000000 ff
                                     ADD [EAX], AL
DB 0xff
INC DWORD [EAX]
ADD [EAX+0x0], BH
ADD [EAX], AL
0x0100000d ff00
0x0100000f 00b800000000
0x01000015 0000
0x01000017 004000
0x0100001a 0000
0x0100001c 0000
0x0100001e 0000
0x01000020 0000
```

volatility - f stuxnet.vmem - -profile = WinXPSP2x86 malfind - p 868



 $volatility - f stuxnet. vmem --profile = \\ WinXPSP2x86 \ malfind - p \ 680$ 

root@fcs-security-attacker:~/Desktop/stuxnet.vmem# volatility -f stuxnet.vmem --profile=WinXPSP2x86 malfind -p 680
Volatility Foundation Volatility Framework 2.6

## 10) Explain the hook injection technique and briefly explain how volatility can be applied to detect malicious hooks.

Hook injection describes a way to load malware that takes advantage of Windows hooks, which are used to intercept messages destined for applications. Malware authors can use hook injection to accomplish two things: To be sure that malicious code will run whenever a particular message is intercepted, to be sure that a particular DLL will be loaded in a victim process's memory space. users generate events that are sent to the OS, which then sends messages created by those events to threads registered to receive them. The right side of the figure shows one way that an attacker can insert a malicious DLL to intercept messages.

The plugin dlllist in the Volatility Framework can also be used to list all DLLs for a given process in memory and find DLLs injected with the CreateRemoteThread and LoadLibrary technique. This technique does not hide the DLL and therefore will not be detected by the plugin malfind. The first command well use is the malfind command. This command is used to find injected code inside the processes memory. It does this by looking for sections of allocated memory (by looking at the VAD tree data structure) and checking if they have hints of executable code that are not mapped to any file on the disk