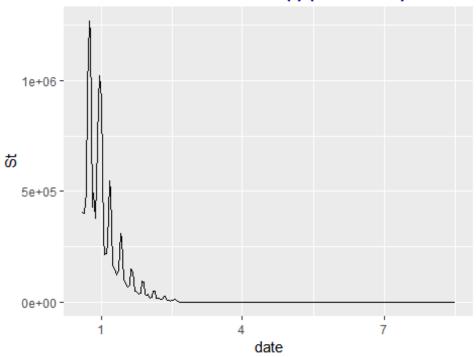
## **Demand Forecasting**

## **IMSOHYUN**

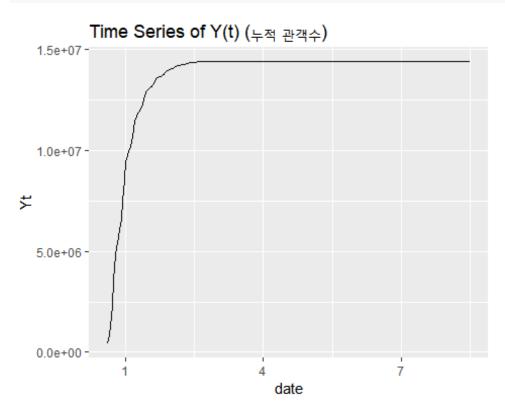
2018 년 9 월 11 일

```
data
library(dplyr) ; library(ggplot2)
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
# 신과 함께 - 죄와 벌
data1 = read.csv("AlongWithTheGods.csv", stringsAsFactors = F)
data1$date=as.Date(data1$date)
data1 = data1[-c(1:6),]
### Time Series plot
ggplot(data1,aes(date,St))+geom_line()+ggtitle("Time Series of S(t) (일별 관객수)")+
theme(plot.title = element_text(color="darkblue", size=14, face="bold",hjust=0.5))
```

Time Series of S(t) (일별 관객수)



ggplot(data1,aes(date,Yt))+geom\_line()+ggtitle("Time Series of Y(t) (누적 관객수)")



## function

```
### Functions
ols bass = function(data,n){
 ols = lm(St~Yt_1+I(Yt_1^2),data=data[1:n,])
 a = ols$coef[1]; b = ols$coef[2]; c = ols$coef[3]
 m = (-sqrt(b^2-4*a*c)-b)/(2*c); q=-m*c; p=q-b
 total = data$Yt[length(data$Yt)]
  se = 100*(m-total)/total
 return(c(m,se))
}
ols logis = function(data,n){
 ols = lm(St\sim-1+Yt_1+I(Yt_1^2), data=data[1:n,])
 a = ols$coef[1]; b = ols$coef[2]
 q = a; m = -q/b
 total = data$Yt[length(data$Yt)]
 se = 100*(m-total)/total
 return(c(m,se))
ols gum = function(data,n){
 ols = lm(St\sim-1+Yt_1+I(Yt_1*log(Yt_1)), data=data[1:n,])
  a = ols coef[1]; b = ols coef[2]
 q = -b; m = exp(-a/b)
 total = data$Yt[length(data$Yt)]
 se = 100*(m-total)/total
 return(c(m,se))
}
ols exp = function(data,n){
 ols = lm(St~Yt_1,data=data[1:n,])
 a = ols$coef[1] ; b = ols$coef[2]
 p = -b; m = a/p
 total = data$Yt[length(data$Yt)]
 se = 100*(m-total)/total
 return(c(m,se))
```

## **Find A Best Model**

```
}
for (i in 2:length(table1$St)){
 table1\$Yt[1] = table1\$St[1]
 table1$Yt[i] = table1$St[i]+table1$Yt[i-1]
 table1$Yt 1[1] = NA
 table1$Yt 1[i] = table1$Yt[i-1]
 table1$t = seq(1,length(table1$St))
data.frame(n = c(7,14,28),
          Bass = c(ols_bass(table1,7)[2],ols_bass(table1,14)[2],ols_bass(table1,28)
[2]),
           Logistic = c(ols_logis(table1,7)[2],ols_logis(table1,14)[2],ols_logis(tabl
e1,28)[2]),
          Gumbel = c(ols_gum(table1,7)[2],ols_gum(table1,14)[2],ols_gum(table1,28)
[2]),
           Exponential = c(ols_exp(table1,7)[2],ols_exp(table1,14)[2],ols_exp(table1,
28)[2]))
##
      n
              Bass Logistic
                               Gumbel Exponential
## 1 7
              NaN -69.17581 -56.82009 -129.44485
## 2 14 -35.894488 -47.34650 -39.69862
                                        772.41995
## 3 28 -8.562222 -17.44321 -12.75310
                                         45.26231
Q-Q plot
total1=table1$Yt[length(table1$Yt)]
bass = function(data,n){
 ols = lm(St~Yt_1+I(Yt_1^2),data=data[1:n,])
 a = ols$coef[1]; b = ols$coef[2]; c = ols$coef[3]
 m = 11211221; q=-m*c; p=q-b
 return(c(p,q))
}
p1=bass(table1,155)[1]; q1=bass(table1,155)[2]; k1=p1+q1; c1=q1/p1
qqtable1 = table1 %>% select(t,Yt) %>% filter(t<=94) %>%
  mutate(Ur=Yt/(total1+1),quan=(1/k1)*log((1+c1*Ur)/(1-Ur)))
ggplot(qqtable1,aes(quan,t))+geom_point()+geom_smooth(method="lm")+
 ggtitle("신과함께 : Bass Q-Q plot")
```

<sub>신과함께</sub> : Bass Q-Q plot

