Sentiment Analysis using LSTM model

Introduction (Method)

To conduct sentiment analysis using an LSTM model, the Amazon review dataset from Kaggle (available from Kaggle) was used. The dataset has already been adapted into ratings (0: negative, 1: positive). After importing training, validation, and test data, new training datasets of sizes 10%, 25%, and 50% were created to evaluate the impact of data volume. These new training datasets, along with a full training dataset, were applied to the LSTM model.!

Additionally, encoders with 100-word, 250-word, and 500-word vocabularies were created to investigate whether the number of stored frequent words impacts LSTM models.

Firstly, the impact of dataset size on performance was investigated. LSTM models were trained using 10%, 25%, and 50% of the training data. For each model, the following training hyperparameters were used:

- Use 4 LSTM modules
- Use a 100-word encoder
- Train for 15 epochs

Secondly, the effect of the number of LSTM modules on model performance was examined. Models with 8 LSTM units and 12 LSTM units were created and trained. For each model, the following training parameters were utilised:

- Create and use a 250-word encoder
- Use 25% of the training data
- Train for 15 epochs

Thirdly, the investigation focused on how the size of the encoder's vocabulary impacts model performance. Models using encoders with 250-word and 500-word vocabularies were created. For each model, the following training parameters were used:

- Utilise a model with 4 LSTM modules
- Use 25% of the training data
- Train for 15 epochs Finally, the best model was considered based on experiments regarding dataset size, the number of LSTM modules, and the size of the encoder's vocabulary. Hyperparameters were set based on previous experiments.

Importing the required libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
import json

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Embedding, LSTM
%matplotlib inline
```

Creating some constants

Loading the data: see note about dataset sizes above

```
In [4]: train_filename = '/datasets/amazon-reviews/train.csv'
        val_filename = '/datasets/amazon-reviews/validation.csv'
        test_filename = '/datasets/amazon-reviews/test.csv'
In [5]: train_data = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(train_filename, batch_
        train_data = train_data.map(lambda d: (d['Review'], d['Rating']))
In [6]: # take 10% of the training data
        train_data10 = train_data.shard(10, 0)
        train_data10 = train_data10.cache()
        train_data10 = train_data10.shuffle(50000)
        train_data10 = train_data10.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
In [7]: # take 25% of the training data
        train_data25 = train_data.shard(4, 0)
        train_data25 = train_data25.cache()
        train_data25 = train_data25.shuffle(50000)
        train_data25 = train_data25.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
In [8]: # take 50% of the training data
        train_data50 = train_data.shard(2, 0)
```

```
train_data50 = train_data50.cache()
    train_data50 = train_data50.shuffle(50000)
    train_data50 = train_data50.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)

In [9]: # use all the training data
    train_data = train_data.cache()
    train_data = train_data.shuffle(50000)
    train_data = train_data.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)

In [10]: validation_data = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(val_filename, bat validation_data = validation_data.map(lambda d: (d['Review'], d['Rating'] validation_data = validation_data.cache()
    validation_data = validation_data.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)

In [11]: test_data = tf.data.experimental.make_csv_dataset(test_filename, batch_si test_data = test_data.map(lambda d: (d['Review'], d['Rating']))
    test_data = test_data.cache()
    test_data = test_data.cache()
    test_data = test_data.prefetch(buffer_size=tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
```

Creating encoders

The following code creates and saves text encoders for different vocabulary sizes. Running this code will take some time, but this saves the files for use later.

After your first run of this notebook, comment out the cells that adapt and save the encoders.

```
!mkdir encoder100
!mkdir encoder250
!mkdir encoder500

mkdir: cannot create directory 'encoder100': File exists
mkdir: cannot create directory 'encoder250': File exists
mkdir: cannot create directory 'encoder500': File exists
```

Create, adapt, and save an encoder

You will only need to do this once. You may like to comment out the code in these cells after the first run.

```
In [13]: encoder = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=100)
    encoder.adapt(train_data.map(lambda text, _label: text))
    encoder.save_assets('encoder100')

In [14]: encoder = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=250)
    encoder.adapt(train_data.map(lambda text, _label: text))
    encoder.save_assets('encoder250')

In [15]: encoder = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=500)
    encoder.adapt(train_data.map(lambda text, _label: text))
    encoder.save_assets('encoder500')
```

Create an encoder and load its assets from file

```
In [16]: encoder100 = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=100)
    encoder100.load_assets('encoder100')

In [17]: encoder250 = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=250)
    encoder250.load_assets('encoder250')

In [18]: encoder500 = tf.keras.layers.TextVectorization(max_tokens=500)
    encoder500.load_assets('encoder500')
```

Trial before LSTM model analysis

The following is an example LSTM model, using a vocabulary size of 100 words, 4 LSTM units, trained over 5 epochs with 10% of the training dataset.

The model and training records are saved as example_model

```
In [30]: # Build a model
         example_model = Sequential([
             encoder,
             Embedding(input dim=len(encoder.get vocabulary()), output dim=EMBEDDI
             LSTM(4),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
In [31]: # Compile the model
         example_model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                       optimizer='adam',
                       metrics='accuracy')
         example_history = example_model.fit(
             train_data10,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=5,
             verbose=1)
         example model.save('example review.keras')
         with open('example_review_history.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(example_history.history, f)
```

Plot the training history

```
In [33]:
    acc = example_history['accuracy']
    val_acc = example_history['val_accuracy']
    loss = example_history['loss']
    val_loss = example_history['val_loss']

    epochs = range(len(acc))

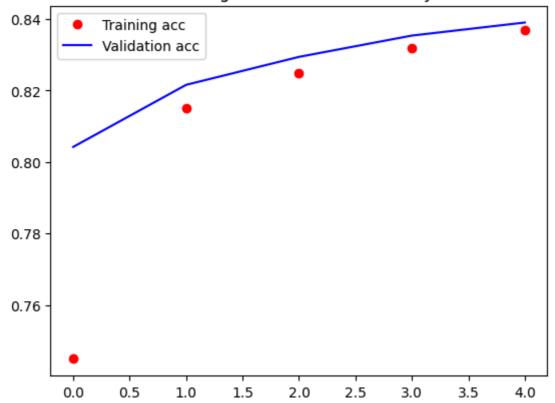
    plt.plot(epochs, acc, 'ro', label='Training acc')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_acc, 'b', label='Validation acc')
    plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
    plt.legend()

    plt.figure()

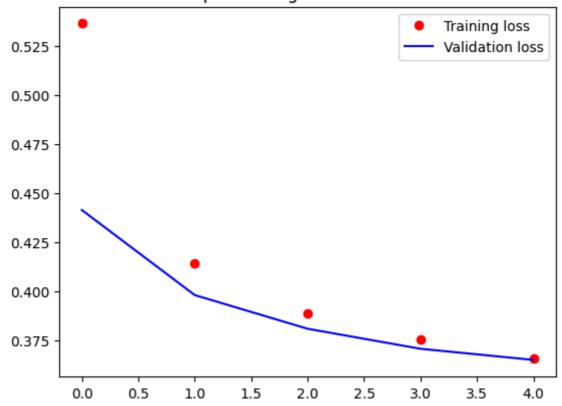
    plt.plot(epochs, loss, 'ro', label='Training loss')
    plt.plot(epochs, val_loss, 'b', label='Validation loss')
    plt.title('Example training and validation loss')
    plt.legend()

plt.show()
```

Training and validation accuracy



Example training and validation loss



Evaluate the model

Investigating the size of the dataset

The first investigation is how the number of LSTM modules impacts the performance of the model.

For your models you should:

- use 4 LSTM modules
- use a 100-word encoder
- train for 15 epochs

Training 10% of the dataset

```
In [35]: # put your code here
         # Build the model
         model_10 = Sequential([
             encoder100,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder100.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             LSTM(4),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
In [36]: # Compile the model
         model_10.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                       optimizer='adam',
                       metrics=fresh_metrics())
In [37]: # Train the model
         history_10 = model_10.fit(
             train_data10,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
```

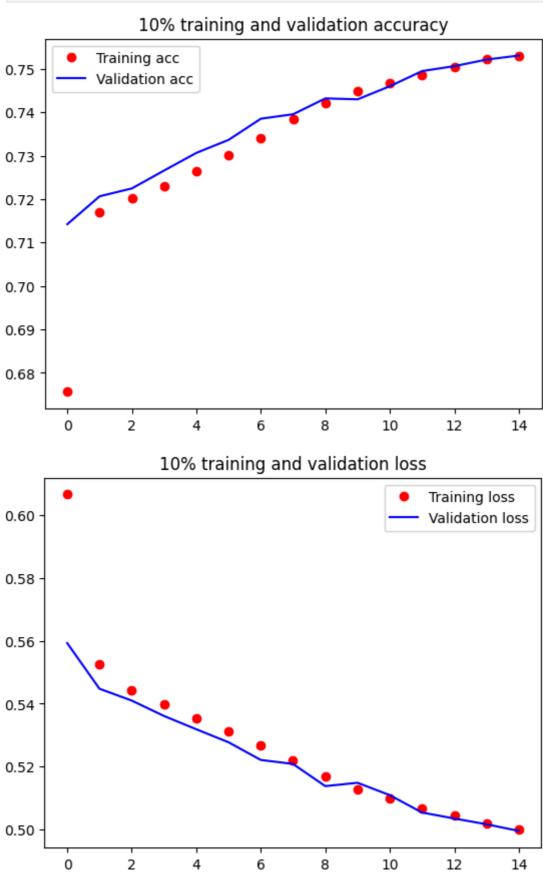
```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 114260.0000 - fp: 51616.0000 - tn: 129262.0000 - fn: 65310.0000 - accu
racy: 0.6756 - precision: 0.6888 - recall: 0.6363 - val_loss: 0.5593 - val
_tp: 28031.0000 - val_fp: 10960.0000 - val_tn: 29108.0000 - val_fn: 11901.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7142 - val_precision: 0.7189 - val_recall: 0.7020
Epoch 2/15
tp: 126805.0000 - fp: 49248.0000 - tn: 131630.0000 - fn: 52765.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7170 - precision: 0.7203 - recall: 0.7062 - val_loss: 0.5448 - val
_tp: 28826.0000 - val_fp: 11241.0000 - val_tn: 28827.0000 - val_fn: 11106.
0000 - val accuracy: 0.7207 - val precision: 0.7194 - val recall: 0.7219
Epoch 3/15
tp: 125441.0000 - fp: 46733.0000 - tn: 134145.0000 - fn: 54129.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7202 - precision: 0.7286 - recall: 0.6986 - val_loss: 0.5410 - val
_tp: 29407.0000 - val_fp: 11677.0000 - val_tn: 28391.0000 - val_fn: 10525.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7225 - val_precision: 0.7158 - val_recall: 0.7364
Epoch 4/15
tp: 125481.0000 - fp: 45735.0000 - tn: 135143.0000 - fn: 54089.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7231 - precision: 0.7329 - recall: 0.6988 - val_loss: 0.5361 - val
_tp: 28290.0000 - val_fp: 10230.0000 - val_tn: 29838.0000 - val_fn: 11642.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7266 - val_precision: 0.7344 - val_recall: 0.7085
Epoch 5/15
tp: 126161.0000 - fp: 45156.0000 - tn: 135722.0000 - fn: 53409.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7265 - precision: 0.7364 - recall: 0.7026 - val_loss: 0.5319 - val
_tp: 28343.0000 - val_fp: 9958.0000 - val_tn: 30110.0000 - val_fn: 11589.0
000 - val accuracy: 0.7307 - val precision: 0.7400 - val recall: 0.7098
Epoch 6/15
tp: 127697.0000 - fp: 45415.0000 - tn: 135463.0000 - fn: 51873.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7301 - precision: 0.7377 - recall: 0.7111 - val_loss: 0.5278 - val
_tp: 29029.0000 - val_fp: 10404.0000 - val_tn: 29664.0000 - val_fn: 10903.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7337 - val_precision: 0.7362 - val_recall: 0.7270
Epoch 7/15
352/352 [============ ] - 12s 34ms/step - loss: 0.5268 -
tp: 128979.0000 - fp: 45239.0000 - tn: 135639.0000 - fn: 50591.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7341 - precision: 0.7403 - recall: 0.7183 - val_loss: 0.5221 - val
_tp: 28751.0000 - val_fp: 9736.0000 - val_tn: 30332.0000 - val_fn: 11181.0
000 - val_accuracy: 0.7385 - val_precision: 0.7470 - val_recall: 0.7200
Epoch 8/15
tp: 130360.0000 - fp: 45080.0000 - tn: 135798.0000 - fn: 49210.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7384 - precision: 0.7430 - recall: 0.7260 - val_loss: 0.5209 - val
_tp: 27080.0000 - val_fp: 7983.0000 - val_tn: 32085.0000 - val_fn: 12852.0
000 - val_accuracy: 0.7396 - val_precision: 0.7723 - val_recall: 0.6782
Epoch 9/15
tp: 131127.0000 - fp: 44497.0000 - tn: 136381.0000 - fn: 48443.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7422 - precision: 0.7466 - recall: 0.7302 - val_loss: 0.5138 - val
_tp: 29323.0000 - val_fp: 9934.0000 - val_tn: 30134.0000 - val_fn: 10609.0
000 - val_accuracy: 0.7432 - val_precision: 0.7469 - val_recall: 0.7343
Epoch 10/15
tp: 131543.0000 - fp: 43951.0000 - tn: 136927.0000 - fn: 48027.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7448 - precision: 0.7496 - recall: 0.7325 - val_loss: 0.5149 - val
_tp: 26866.0000 - val_fp: 7494.0000 - val_tn: 32574.0000 - val_fn: 13066.0
```

000 - val_accuracy: 0.7430 - val_precision: 0.7819 - val_recall: 0.6728

```
tp: 131870.0000 - fp: 43550.0000 - tn: 137328.0000 - fn: 47700.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.7468 - precision: 0.7517 - recall: 0.7344 - val_loss: 0.5109 - val
       _tp: 27512.0000 - val_fp: 7898.0000 - val_tn: 32170.0000 - val_fn: 12420.0
       000 - val accuracy: 0.7460 - val precision: 0.7770 - val recall: 0.6890
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 132382.0000 - fp: 43466.0000 - tn: 137412.0000 - fn: 47188.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.7485 - precision: 0.7528 - recall: 0.7372 - val_loss: 0.5054 - val
       _tp: 29787.0000 - val_fp: 9894.0000 - val_tn: 30174.0000 - val_fn: 10145.0
       000 - val accuracy: 0.7495 - val precision: 0.7507 - val recall: 0.7459
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 132757.0000 - fp: 43146.0000 - tn: 137732.0000 - fn: 46813.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.7504 - precision: 0.7547 - recall: 0.7393 - val_loss: 0.5035 - val
       _tp: 30405.0000 - val_fp: 10421.0000 - val_tn: 29647.0000 - val_fn: 9527.0
       000 - val_accuracy: 0.7506 - val_precision: 0.7447 - val_recall: 0.7614
       Epoch 14/15
       352/352 [======
                       tp: 133118.0000 - fp: 42826.0000 - tn: 138052.0000 - fn: 46452.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.7523 - precision: 0.7566 - recall: 0.7413 - val_loss: 0.5017 - val
       _tp: 30392.0000 - val_fp: 10287.0000 - val_tn: 29781.0000 - val_fn: 9540.0
      000 - val_accuracy: 0.7522 - val_precision: 0.7471 - val_recall: 0.7611
      Epoch 15/15
      tp: 133266.0000 - fp: 42767.0000 - tn: 138111.0000 - fn: 46304.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.7529 - precision: 0.7571 - recall: 0.7421 - val_loss: 0.4996 - val
       _tp: 30268.0000 - val_fp: 10089.0000 - val_tn: 29979.0000 - val_fn: 9664.0
       000 - val accuracy: 0.7531 - val precision: 0.7500 - val recall: 0.7580
In [38]: # Save the model and training history
        model_10.save('model_10.keras')
        with open('history_10.json', 'w') as f:
           json.dump(history_10.history, f)
In [34]: # Reload
        model_10 = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_10.keras')
        with open('history_10.json') as f:
           history_10 = json.load(f)
In [35]: # Create the plot
        acc_10 = history_10['accuracy']
        val_acc_10 = history_10['val_accuracy']
        loss_10 = history_10['loss']
        val_loss_10 = history_10['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_10))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_10, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_10, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('10% training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_10, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_10, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('10% training and validation loss')
```

Epoch 11/15





Comment:

Regarding accuracy, validation started around 0.71, and both training and validation followed a similar trend, gradually increasing, forming a straight line, and reaching 0.75. Concerning loss, validation started around 0.56. Subsequently, both training and validation displayed a similar trend, gradually decreasing, forming a straight line, and reaching around 0.50.

Training 25% of the dataset

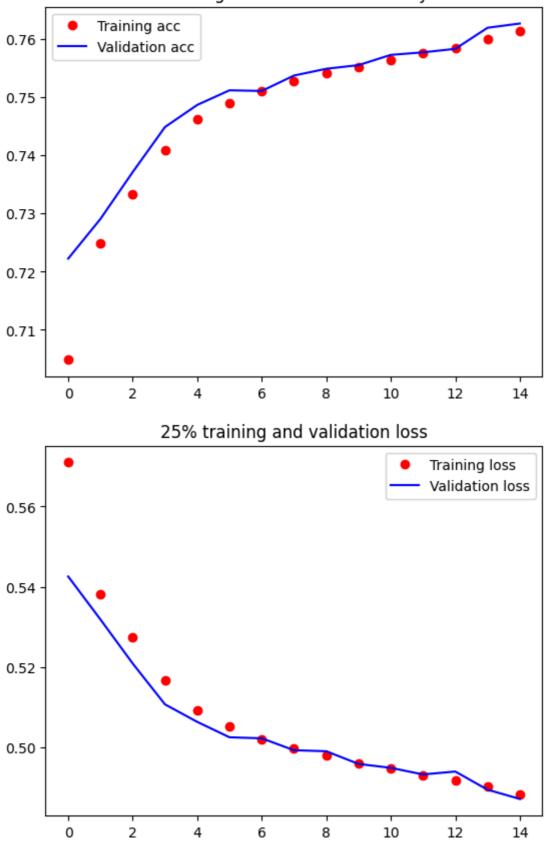
```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 306801.0000 - fp: 122000.0000 - tn: 327624.0000 - fn: 143671.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7048 - precision: 0.7155 - recall: 0.6811 - val_loss: 0.5426 - v
al_tp: 28306.0000 - val_fp: 10594.0000 - val_tn: 29474.0000 - val_fn: 1162
6.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7222 - val_precision: 0.7277 - val_recall: 0.7089
Epoch 2/15
tp: 316767.0000 - fp: 113890.0000 - tn: 335734.0000 - fn: 133705.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7249 - precision: 0.7355 - recall: 0.7032 - val_loss: 0.5319 - v
al_tp: 27591.0000 - val_fp: 9333.0000 - val_tn: 30735.0000 - val_fn: 1234
1.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7291 - val precision: 0.7472 - val recall: 0.6909
Epoch 3/15
tp: 318300.0000 - fp: 107938.0000 - tn: 341686.0000 - fn: 132172.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7332 - precision: 0.7468 - recall: 0.7066 - val_loss: 0.5210 - v
al_tp: 29276.0000 - val_fp: 10374.0000 - val_tn: 29694.0000 - val_fn: 1065
6.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7371 - val_precision: 0.7384 - val_recall: 0.7331
Epoch 4/15
tp: 322800.0000 - fp: 105577.0000 - tn: 344047.0000 - fn: 127672.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7409 - precision: 0.7535 - recall: 0.7166 - val_loss: 0.5108 - v
al_tp: 28795.0000 - val_fp: 9274.0000 - val_tn: 30794.0000 - val_fn: 1113
7.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7449 - val_precision: 0.7564 - val_recall: 0.7211
Epoch 5/15
tp: 326586.0000 - fp: 104549.0000 - tn: 345075.0000 - fn: 123886.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7462 - precision: 0.7575 - recall: 0.7250 - val_loss: 0.5064 - v
al_tp: 28588.0000 - val_fp: 8763.0000 - val_tn: 31305.0000 - val_fn: 1134
4.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7487 - val precision: 0.7654 - val recall: 0.7159
Epoch 6/15
tp: 328694.0000 - fp: 104113.0000 - tn: 345511.0000 - fn: 121778.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7490 - precision: 0.7594 - recall: 0.7297 - val_loss: 0.5026 - v
al_tp: 29194.0000 - val_fp: 9168.0000 - val_tn: 30900.0000 - val_fn: 1073
8.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7512 - val_precision: 0.7610 - val_recall: 0.7311
Epoch 7/15
tp: 330108.0000 - fp: 103689.0000 - tn: 345935.0000 - fn: 120364.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7511 - precision: 0.7610 - recall: 0.7328 - val_loss: 0.5023 - v
al_tp: 29561.0000 - val_fp: 9544.0000 - val_tn: 30524.0000 - val_fn: 1037
1.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7511 - val_precision: 0.7559 - val_recall: 0.7403
tp: 331433.0000 - fp: 103439.0000 - tn: 346185.0000 - fn: 119039.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7528 - precision: 0.7621 - recall: 0.7357 - val_loss: 0.4994 - v
al_tp: 28271.0000 - val_fp: 8042.0000 - val_tn: 32026.0000 - val_fn: 1166
1.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7537 - val_precision: 0.7785 - val_recall: 0.7080
Epoch 9/15
tp: 332234.0000 - fp: 103015.0000 - tn: 346609.0000 - fn: 118238.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7542 - precision: 0.7633 - recall: 0.7375 - val_loss: 0.4991 - v
al_tp: 31079.0000 - val_fp: 10757.0000 - val_tn: 29311.0000 - val_fn: 885
3.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7549 - val_precision: 0.7429 - val_recall: 0.7783
Epoch 10/15
tp: 333209.0000 - fp: 103042.0000 - tn: 346582.0000 - fn: 117263.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7552 - precision: 0.7638 - recall: 0.7397 - val_loss: 0.4960 - v
al_tp: 28894.0000 - val_fp: 8522.0000 - val_tn: 31546.0000 - val_fn: 1103
```

8.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7555 - val_precision: 0.7722 - val_recall: 0.7236

```
tp: 334048.0000 - fp: 102858.0000 - tn: 346766.0000 - fn: 116424.0000 - ac
       curacy: 0.7564 - precision: 0.7646 - recall: 0.7416 - val_loss: 0.4950 - v
       al_tp: 30380.0000 - val_fp: 9867.0000 - val_tn: 30201.0000 - val_fn: 9552.
       0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7573 - val_precision: 0.7548 - val_recall: 0.7608
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 334928.0000 - fp: 102590.0000 - tn: 347034.0000 - fn: 115544.0000 - ac
       curacy: 0.7577 - precision: 0.7655 - recall: 0.7435 - val_loss: 0.4933 - v
       al_tp: 28813.0000 - val_fp: 8265.0000 - val_tn: 31803.0000 - val_fn: 1111
       9.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7577 - val precision: 0.7771 - val recall: 0.7216
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 335708.0000 - fp: 102630.0000 - tn: 346994.0000 - fn: 114764.0000 - ac
       curacy: 0.7585 - precision: 0.7659 - recall: 0.7452 - val_loss: 0.4941 - v
       al_tp: 28048.0000 - val_fp: 7452.0000 - val_tn: 32616.0000 - val_fn: 1188
       4.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7583 - val_precision: 0.7901 - val_recall: 0.7024
       Epoch 14/15
       879/879 [===========] - 28s 32ms/step - loss: 0.4903 -
       tp: 336466.0000 - fp: 102056.0000 - tn: 347568.0000 - fn: 114006.0000 - ac
       curacy: 0.7600 - precision: 0.7673 - recall: 0.7469 - val_loss: 0.4896 - v
       al_tp: 30270.0000 - val_fp: 9384.0000 - val_tn: 30684.0000 - val_fn: 9662.
       0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7619 - val_precision: 0.7634 - val_recall: 0.7580
       Epoch 15/15
       879/879 [============ ] - 28s 32ms/step - loss: 0.4885 -
       tp: 337457.0000 - fp: 101720.0000 - tn: 347904.0000 - fn: 113015.0000 - ac
       curacy: 0.7614 - precision: 0.7684 - recall: 0.7491 - val_loss: 0.4873 - v
       al_tp: 29601.0000 - val_fp: 8657.0000 - val_tn: 31411.0000 - val_fn: 1033
       1.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7627 - val precision: 0.7737 - val recall: 0.7413
In [47]: # Reload
        model_25 = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_25.keras')
        with open('history_25.json') as f:
            history_25 = json.load(f)
In [49]: # Create the plot
        acc_25 = history_25['accuracy']
        val_acc_25 = history_25['val_accuracy']
        loss_25 = history_25['loss']
        val_loss_25 = history_25['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_25))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_25, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_25, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_25, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_25, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('25% training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

Epoch 11/15

Training and validation accuracy



Comment:

When it comes to accuracy, validation started around 0.72 with both training and validation showing parallel trends. Although there was a slight gap between training and validation up to 5 epochs, both increased, forming a curvy line, and reaching 0.76.

Regarding loss, validation started around 0.54. Subsequently, both training and validation displayed a similar trend. Like accuracy, there was a slight gap between training and validation up to 5 epochs; however, both decreased, forming a curvy line, and reaching below 0.50.

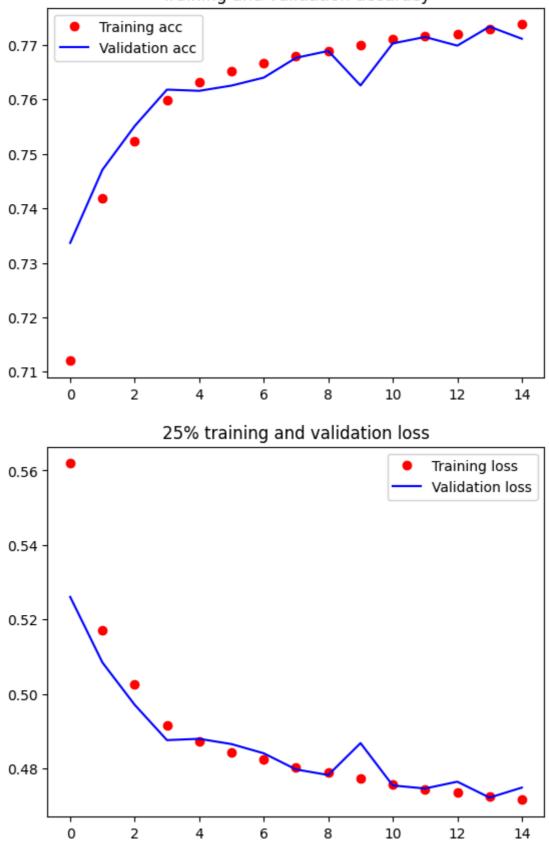
Training 50% of the dataset

```
In [51]: # put your code here
         # Build the model
         model 50 = Sequential([
             encoder100,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder100.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             LSTM(4),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_50.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                       optimizer='adam',
                       metrics=fresh_metrics())
         # Train the model
         history_50 = model_50.fit(
             train_data50,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
         # Save the model and training history
         model_50.save('model_50.keras')
         with open('history_50.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history_50.history, f)
```

```
Epoch 1/15
- tp: 606876.0000 - fp: 225038.0000 - tn: 674839.0000 - fn: 293439.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7120 - precision: 0.7295 - recall: 0.6741 - val_loss: 0.5261 -
val_tp: 29425.0000 - val_fp: 10800.0000 - val_tn: 29268.0000 - val_fn: 105
07.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7337 - val precision: 0.7315 - val recall: 0.736
- tp: 651715.0000 - fp: 216142.0000 - tn: 683735.0000 - fn: 248600.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7418 - precision: 0.7509 - recall: 0.7239 - val_loss: 0.5085 -
val tp: 29296.0000 - val fp: 9596.0000 - val tn: 30472.0000 - val fn: 1063
6.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7471 - val_precision: 0.7533 - val_recall: 0.7336
Epoch 3/15
- tp: 664128.0000 - fp: 209807.0000 - tn: 690070.0000 - fn: 236187.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7523 - precision: 0.7599 - recall: 0.7377 - val_loss: 0.4971 -
val_tp: 30875.0000 - val_fp: 10533.0000 - val_tn: 29535.0000 - val_fn: 905
7.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7551 - val precision: 0.7456 - val recall: 0.7732
Epoch 4/15
- tp: 671300.0000 - fp: 203246.0000 - tn: 696631.0000 - fn: 229015.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7599 - precision: 0.7676 - recall: 0.7456 - val_loss: 0.4876 -
val tp: 30275.0000 - val fp: 9398.0000 - val tn: 30670.0000 - val fn: 965
7.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7618 - val_precision: 0.7631 - val_recall: 0.7582
Epoch 5/15
- tp: 675615.0000 - fp: 201762.0000 - tn: 698115.0000 - fn: 224700.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7631 - precision: 0.7700 - recall: 0.7504 - val_loss: 0.4880 -
val tp: 31799.0000 - val fp: 10940.0000 - val tn: 29128.0000 - val fn: 813
3.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7616 - val_precision: 0.7440 - val_recall: 0.7963
Epoch 6/15
- tp: 678854.0000 - fp: 201089.0000 - tn: 698788.0000 - fn: 221461.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7653 - precision: 0.7715 - recall: 0.7540 - val_loss: 0.4866 -
val_tp: 28178.0000 - val_fp: 7242.0000 - val_tn: 32826.0000 - val_fn: 1175
4.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7625 - val_precision: 0.7955 - val_recall: 0.7056
Epoch 7/15
- tp: 680841.0000 - fp: 200450.0000 - tn: 699427.0000 - fn: 219474.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7667 - precision: 0.7725 - recall: 0.7562 - val_loss: 0.4841 -
val_tp: 31819.0000 - val_fp: 10766.0000 - val_tn: 29302.0000 - val_fn: 811
3.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7640 - val_precision: 0.7472 - val_recall: 0.7968
Epoch 8/15
- tp: 682564.0000 - fp: 199908.0000 - tn: 699969.0000 - fn: 217751.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7680 - precision: 0.7735 - recall: 0.7581 - val_loss: 0.4798 -
val_tp: 29622.0000 - val_fp: 8278.0000 - val_tn: 31790.0000 - val_fn: 1031
0.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7677 - val_precision: 0.7816 - val_recall: 0.7418
Epoch 9/15
- tp: 683999.0000 - fp: 199659.0000 - tn: 700218.0000 - fn: 216316.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7689 - precision: 0.7741 - recall: 0.7597 - val_loss: 0.4783 -
val_tp: 31130.0000 - val_fp: 9685.0000 - val_tn: 30383.0000 - val_fn: 880
2.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7689 - val_precision: 0.7627 - val_recall: 0.7796
Epoch 10/15
- tp: 685097.0000 - fp: 198855.0000 - tn: 701022.0000 - fn: 215218.0000 -
accuracy: 0.7700 - precision: 0.7750 - recall: 0.7610 - val_loss: 0.4868 -
val_tp: 33079.0000 - val_fp: 12141.0000 - val_tn: 27927.0000 - val_fn: 685
```

```
3.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7626 - val precision: 0.7315 - val recall: 0.8284
      Epoch 11/15
       - tp: 687043.0000 - fp: 198911.0000 - tn: 700966.0000 - fn: 213272.0000 -
      accuracy: 0.7710 - precision: 0.7755 - recall: 0.7631 - val_loss: 0.4755 -
      val tp: 31054.0000 - val fp: 9498.0000 - val tn: 30570.0000 - val fn: 887
      8.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7703 - val_precision: 0.7658 - val_recall: 0.7777
       Epoch 12/15
       - tp: 687572.0000 - fp: 198271.0000 - tn: 701606.0000 - fn: 212743.0000 -
      accuracy: 0.7717 - precision: 0.7762 - recall: 0.7637 - val_loss: 0.4747 -
       val tp: 31417.0000 - val fp: 9767.0000 - val tn: 30301.0000 - val fn: 851
       5.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7715 - val_precision: 0.7628 - val_recall: 0.7868
       Epoch 13/15
      - tp: 687734.0000 - fp: 197737.0000 - tn: 702140.0000 - fn: 212581.0000 -
      accuracy: 0.7721 - precision: 0.7767 - recall: 0.7639 - val_loss: 0.4765 -
       val_tp: 28705.0000 - val_fp: 7182.0000 - val_tn: 32886.0000 - val_fn: 1122
       7.0000 - val accuracy: 0.7699 - val precision: 0.7999 - val recall: 0.7188
       Epoch 14/15
       - tp: 688971.0000 - fp: 197348.0000 - tn: 702529.0000 - fn: 211344.0000 -
      accuracy: 0.7730 - precision: 0.7773 - recall: 0.7653 - val_loss: 0.4722 -
      val tp: 31434.0000 - val fp: 9632.0000 - val tn: 30436.0000 - val fn: 849
      8.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7734 - val_precision: 0.7655 - val_recall: 0.7872
      Epoch 15/15
      - tp: 689875.0000 - fp: 196830.0000 - tn: 703047.0000 - fn: 210440.0000 -
      accuracy: 0.7738 - precision: 0.7780 - recall: 0.7663 - val_loss: 0.4749 -
       val tp: 32297.0000 - val fp: 10673.0000 - val tn: 29395.0000 - val fn: 763
       5.0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7711 - val_precision: 0.7516 - val_recall: 0.8088
In [52]: # Reload
        model_50 = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_50.keras')
        with open('history_50.json') as f:
           history_50 = json.load(f)
In [53]: # create the plot
        acc_50 = history_50['accuracy']
        val_acc_50 = history_50['val_accuracy']
        loss_50 = history_50['loss']
        val_loss_50 = history_50['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_50))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_50, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_50, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_50, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_50, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('25% training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

Training and validation accuracy



Comment:

When it comes to accuracy, validation started around 0.73. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, with a notable dip observed at the 9th epoch in the validation set. Despite this, both training and validation accuracies increased

steadily, forming a curvy line with slight fluctuations and eventually reaching around 0.77.

Regarding loss, validation started around 0.52. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, with a significant protrusion seen at the 9th epoch in the validation set. However, both training and validation losses decreased steadily, forming a curvy line with slight fluctuations, and eventually reached below 0.48.

Compare and comment on the results

Analysing the classification metrics, as the percentage of the training dataset usage increased, the accuracy also increased. Specifically, the models trained with 10%, 25%, and 50% of the training dataset achieved accuracy percentages of 0.7533, 0.7621, and 0.7705, respectively.

However, when considering precision, the model trained with 25% of the training dataset showed the highest percentage at 0.7738. On the other hand, the recall metric reached its highest value of 0.8101 for the model trained with 50% of the training dataset. Consequently, the model trained with 50% of the dataset yielded the best performance overall.

Adjusting the number of LSTM modules

The second part your investigation is how the number of LSTM modules impacts the performance of the model.

For your models you should:

- create and use a 250-word encoder
- use 25% of the training data
- train for 15 epochs

Create two models, one with 8 LSTM units and the other with 12 LSTM units.

Training with 8 LSTM modules

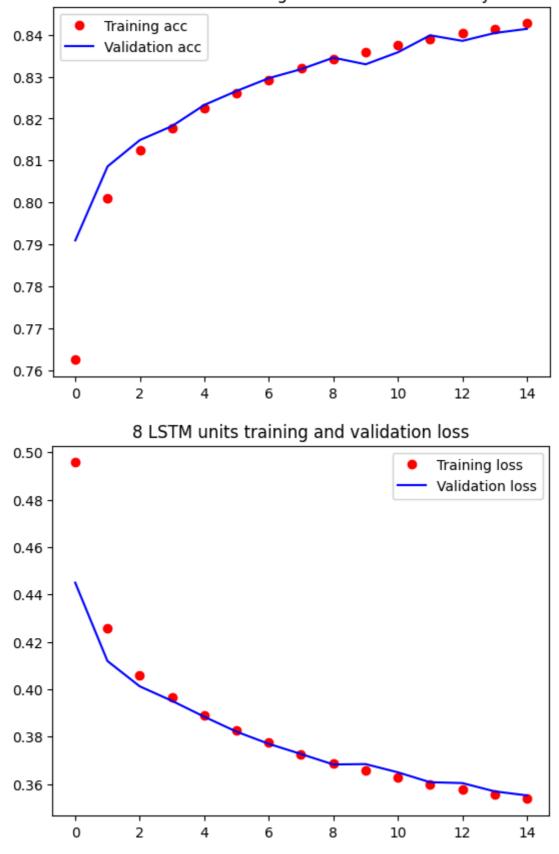
```
In [19]: # put your code here
         # Build the model with 8 LSTM units
         model_8_units = Sequential([
             encoder250,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder250.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             LSTM(8),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_8_units.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                                optimizer='adam',
                                metrics=fresh metrics())
         # Train the model
         history_8_units = model_8_units.fit(
             train_data25,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
         # Save the model and training history
         model_8_units.save('model_8_units.keras')
         with open('history_8_units.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history_8_units.history, f)
```

```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 331814.0000 - fp: 95200.0000 - tn: 354438.0000 - fn: 118644.0000 - acc
uracy: 0.7624 - precision: 0.7771 - recall: 0.7366 - val_loss: 0.4450 - va
l_tp: 31514.0000 - val_fp: 8307.0000 - val_tn: 31761.0000 - val_fn: 8418.0
000 - val accuracy: 0.7909 - val precision: 0.7914 - val recall: 0.7892
Epoch 2/15
tp: 358161.0000 - fp: 86726.0000 - tn: 362912.0000 - fn: 92297.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8011 - precision: 0.8051 - recall: 0.7951 - val_loss: 0.4119 - val
_tp: 31832.0000 - val_fp: 7213.0000 - val_tn: 32855.0000 - val_fn: 8100.00
00 - val accuracy: 0.8086 - val precision: 0.8153 - val recall: 0.7972
Epoch 3/15
tp: 364097.0000 - fp: 82531.0000 - tn: 367107.0000 - fn: 86361.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8124 - precision: 0.8152 - recall: 0.8083 - val_loss: 0.4012 - val
_tp: 32706.0000 - val_fp: 7585.0000 - val_tn: 32483.0000 - val_fn: 7226.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8149 - val_precision: 0.8117 - val_recall: 0.8190
Epoch 4/15
tp: 367151.0000 - fp: 80773.0000 - tn: 368865.0000 - fn: 83307.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8177 - precision: 0.8197 - recall: 0.8151 - val_loss: 0.3951 - val
_tp: 33887.0000 - val_fp: 8498.0000 - val_tn: 31570.0000 - val_fn: 6045.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8182 - val_precision: 0.7995 - val_recall: 0.8486
Epoch 5/15
tp: 369687.0000 - fp: 79023.0000 - tn: 370615.0000 - fn: 80771.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8225 - precision: 0.8239 - recall: 0.8207 - val_loss: 0.3884 - val
_tp: 31784.0000 - val_fp: 5992.0000 - val_tn: 34076.0000 - val_fn: 8148.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8232 - val_precision: 0.8414 - val_recall: 0.7960
Epoch 6/15
tp: 370896.0000 - fp: 76928.0000 - tn: 372710.0000 - fn: 79562.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8261 - precision: 0.8282 - recall: 0.8234 - val_loss: 0.3821 - val
_tp: 33297.0000 - val_fp: 7238.0000 - val_tn: 32830.0000 - val_fn: 6635.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8266 - val_precision: 0.8214 - val_recall: 0.8338
Epoch 7/15
879/879 [============] - 26s 30ms/step - loss: 0.3776 -
tp: 372271.0000 - fp: 75650.0000 - tn: 373988.0000 - fn: 78187.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8291 - precision: 0.8311 - recall: 0.8264 - val_loss: 0.3770 - val
_tp: 33061.0000 - val_fp: 6758.0000 - val_tn: 33310.0000 - val_fn: 6871.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8296 - val_precision: 0.8303 - val_recall: 0.8279
tp: 373200.0000 - fp: 73866.0000 - tn: 375772.0000 - fn: 77258.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8321 - precision: 0.8348 - recall: 0.8285 - val_loss: 0.3727 - val
_tp: 33741.0000 - val_fp: 7266.0000 - val_tn: 32802.0000 - val_fn: 6191.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8318 - val_precision: 0.8228 - val_recall: 0.8450
Epoch 9/15
tp: 374241.0000 - fp: 73024.0000 - tn: 376614.0000 - fn: 76217.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8342 - precision: 0.8367 - recall: 0.8308 - val_loss: 0.3682 - val
_tp: 33503.0000 - val_fp: 6809.0000 - val_tn: 33259.0000 - val_fn: 6429.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8345 - val_precision: 0.8311 - val_recall: 0.8390
Epoch 10/15
tp: 374818.0000 - fp: 72071.0000 - tn: 377567.0000 - fn: 75640.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8359 - precision: 0.8387 - recall: 0.8321 - val_loss: 0.3684 - val
_tp: 34421.0000 - val_fp: 7853.0000 - val_tn: 32215.0000 - val_fn: 5511.00
```

00 - val_accuracy: 0.8329 - val_precision: 0.8142 - val_recall: 0.8620

```
Epoch 11/15
       tp: 375532.0000 - fp: 71304.0000 - tn: 378334.0000 - fn: 74926.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8375 - precision: 0.8404 - recall: 0.8337 - val_loss: 0.3649 - val
       _tp: 34251.0000 - val_fp: 7454.0000 - val_tn: 32614.0000 - val_fn: 5681.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8358 - val precision: 0.8213 - val recall: 0.8577
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 376367.0000 - fp: 70795.0000 - tn: 378843.0000 - fn: 74091.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8390 - precision: 0.8417 - recall: 0.8355 - val_loss: 0.3608 - val
       _tp: 33070.0000 - val_fp: 5949.0000 - val_tn: 34119.0000 - val_fn: 6862.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8399 - val precision: 0.8475 - val recall: 0.8282
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 377007.0000 - fp: 70128.0000 - tn: 379510.0000 - fn: 73451.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8405 - precision: 0.8432 - recall: 0.8369 - val_loss: 0.3604 - val
       _tp: 34238.0000 - val_fp: 7223.0000 - val_tn: 32845.0000 - val_fn: 5694.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8385 - val_precision: 0.8258 - val_recall: 0.8574
       Epoch 14/15
       tp: 377291.0000 - fp: 69599.0000 - tn: 380039.0000 - fn: 73167.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8414 - precision: 0.8443 - recall: 0.8376 - val_loss: 0.3569 - val
       _tp: 34003.0000 - val_fp: 6838.0000 - val_tn: 33230.0000 - val_fn: 5929.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8404 - val_precision: 0.8326 - val_recall: 0.8515
       Epoch 15/15
       879/879 [============ ] - 26s 30ms/step - loss: 0.3537 -
       tp: 378012.0000 - fp: 69163.0000 - tn: 380475.0000 - fn: 72446.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8427 - precision: 0.8453 - recall: 0.8392 - val_loss: 0.3552 - val
       _tp: 34022.0000 - val_fp: 6778.0000 - val_tn: 33290.0000 - val_fn: 5910.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8414 - val precision: 0.8339 - val recall: 0.8520
In [20]: # Reload
        model_8_units = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_8_units.keras')
        with open('history_8_units.json') as f:
           history_8_units = json.load(f)
In [22]: #create the plot
        acc_8 = history_8_units['accuracy']
        val_acc_8 = history_8_units['val_accuracy']
        loss_8 = history_8_units['loss']
        val_loss_8 = history_8_units['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_8))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_8, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_8, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('8 LSTM units Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_8, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_8, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('8 LSTM units training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

8 LSTM units Training and validation accuracy



Comment:

When considering accuracy, validation began at approximately 0.79. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, increasing gradually and forming a slightly curved line. It is observed that there were slight fluctuations in validation after the 8th epochs, with both training and validation eventually reaching around 0.84.

Regarding loss, validation commenced at around 0.44. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, gradually decreasing with a slight curvature, and eventually reaching below 0.36.

Training with 12 LSTM modules

```
In [24]: # put your code here
         # Build the model with 12 LSTM units
         model 12 units = Sequential([
             encoder250,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder250.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             LSTM(12),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_12_units.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                                 optimizer='adam',
                                 metrics=fresh_metrics())
         # Train the model
         history_12_units = model_12_units.fit(
             train_data25,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
         # Save the model and training history
         model_12_units.save('model_12_units.keras')
         with open('history_12_units.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history_12_units.history, f)
```

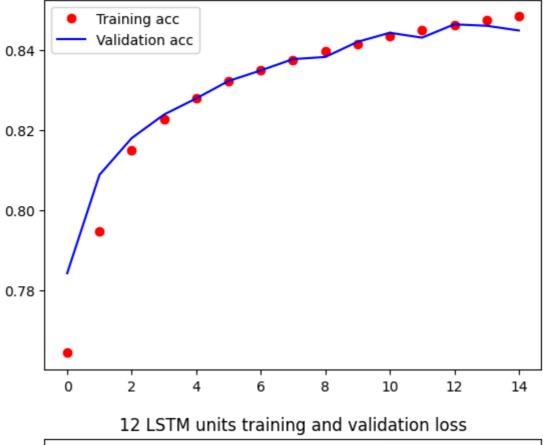
```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 340193.0000 - fp: 101789.0000 - tn: 347849.0000 - fn: 110265.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7644 - precision: 0.7697 - recall: 0.7552 - val_loss: 0.4525 - v
al_tp: 30929.0000 - val_fp: 8253.0000 - val_tn: 31815.0000 - val_fn: 9003.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7843 - val_precision: 0.7894 - val_recall: 0.7745
Epoch 2/15
tp: 352716.0000 - fp: 86921.0000 - tn: 362717.0000 - fn: 97742.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7948 - precision: 0.8023 - recall: 0.7830 - val_loss: 0.4092 - val
_tp: 31788.0000 - val_fp: 7150.0000 - val_tn: 32918.0000 - val_fn: 8144.00
00 - val accuracy: 0.8088 - val precision: 0.8164 - val recall: 0.7961
Epoch 3/15
tp: 362541.0000 - fp: 78659.0000 - tn: 370979.0000 - fn: 87917.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8149 - precision: 0.8217 - recall: 0.8048 - val_loss: 0.3956 - val
_tp: 32998.0000 - val_fp: 7626.0000 - val_tn: 32442.0000 - val_fn: 6934.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8180 - val_precision: 0.8123 - val_recall: 0.8264
Epoch 4/15
tp: 367096.0000 - fp: 76257.0000 - tn: 373381.0000 - fn: 83362.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8227 - precision: 0.8280 - recall: 0.8149 - val_loss: 0.3819 - val
_tp: 31991.0000 - val_fp: 6150.0000 - val_tn: 33918.0000 - val_fn: 7941.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8239 - val_precision: 0.8388 - val_recall: 0.8011
Epoch 5/15
tp: 369954.0000 - fp: 74317.0000 - tn: 375321.0000 - fn: 80504.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8280 - precision: 0.8327 - recall: 0.8213 - val_loss: 0.3772 - val
_tp: 31740.0000 - val_fp: 5576.0000 - val_tn: 34492.0000 - val_fn: 8192.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8279 - val_precision: 0.8506 - val_recall: 0.7949
Epoch 6/15
tp: 372535.0000 - fp: 73012.0000 - tn: 376626.0000 - fn: 77923.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8323 - precision: 0.8361 - recall: 0.8270 - val_loss: 0.3691 - val
_tp: 32390.0000 - val_fp: 5878.0000 - val_tn: 34190.0000 - val_fn: 7542.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8322 - val_precision: 0.8464 - val_recall: 0.8111
Epoch 7/15
879/879 [============] - 26s 30ms/step - loss: 0.3647 -
tp: 373717.0000 - fp: 71845.0000 - tn: 377793.0000 - fn: 76741.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8349 - precision: 0.8388 - recall: 0.8296 - val_loss: 0.3649 - val
_tp: 32729.0000 - val_fp: 6007.0000 - val_tn: 34061.0000 - val_fn: 7203.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8349 - val_precision: 0.8449 - val_recall: 0.8196
Epoch 8/15
tp: 374704.0000 - fp: 70651.0000 - tn: 378987.0000 - fn: 75754.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8373 - precision: 0.8414 - recall: 0.8318 - val_loss: 0.3599 - val
_tp: 32941.0000 - val_fp: 5993.0000 - val_tn: 34075.0000 - val_fn: 6991.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8377 - val_precision: 0.8461 - val_recall: 0.8249
Epoch 9/15
tp: 375926.0000 - fp: 69691.0000 - tn: 379947.0000 - fn: 74532.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8398 - precision: 0.8436 - recall: 0.8345 - val_loss: 0.3578 - val
_tp: 32730.0000 - val_fp: 5739.0000 - val_tn: 34329.0000 - val_fn: 7202.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8382 - val_precision: 0.8508 - val_recall: 0.8196
Epoch 10/15
tp: 376923.0000 - fp: 69100.0000 - tn: 380538.0000 - fn: 73535.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8415 - precision: 0.8451 - recall: 0.8368 - val_loss: 0.3529 - val
_tp: 33018.0000 - val_fp: 5725.0000 - val_tn: 34343.0000 - val_fn: 6914.00
```

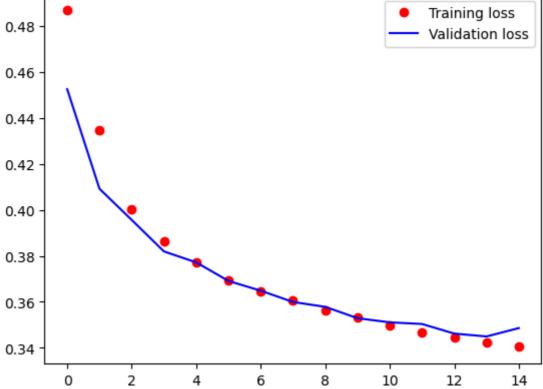
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8420 - val_precision: 0.8522 - val_recall: 0.8269

```
tp: 377972.0000 - fp: 68420.0000 - tn: 381218.0000 - fn: 72486.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8435 - precision: 0.8467 - recall: 0.8391 - val_loss: 0.3511 - val
       _tp: 33160.0000 - val_fp: 5686.0000 - val_tn: 34382.0000 - val_fn: 6772.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8443 - val precision: 0.8536 - val recall: 0.8304
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 378505.0000 - fp: 67670.0000 - tn: 381968.0000 - fn: 71953.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8449 - precision: 0.8483 - recall: 0.8403 - val_loss: 0.3504 - val
       _tp: 32381.0000 - val_fp: 5004.0000 - val_tn: 35064.0000 - val_fn: 7551.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8431 - val precision: 0.8661 - val recall: 0.8109
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 379350.0000 - fp: 67276.0000 - tn: 382362.0000 - fn: 71108.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8463 - precision: 0.8494 - recall: 0.8421 - val_loss: 0.3462 - val
       _tp: 33803.0000 - val_fp: 6161.0000 - val_tn: 33907.0000 - val_fn: 6129.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8464 - val_precision: 0.8458 - val_recall: 0.8465
       Epoch 14/15
       tp: 379836.0000 - fp: 66788.0000 - tn: 382850.0000 - fn: 70622.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8473 - precision: 0.8505 - recall: 0.8432 - val_loss: 0.3449 - val
       _tp: 33060.0000 - val_fp: 5446.0000 - val_tn: 34622.0000 - val_fn: 6872.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8460 - val_precision: 0.8586 - val_recall: 0.8279
       Epoch 15/15
       879/879 [============ ] - 26s 30ms/step - loss: 0.3404 -
       tp: 380336.0000 - fp: 66398.0000 - tn: 383240.0000 - fn: 70122.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8483 - precision: 0.8514 - recall: 0.8443 - val_loss: 0.3486 - val
       _tp: 32226.0000 - val_fp: 4706.0000 - val_tn: 35362.0000 - val_fn: 7706.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8449 - val precision: 0.8726 - val recall: 0.8070
In [19]: # Reload
        model_12_units = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_12_units.keras')
        with open('history_12_units.json') as f:
           history_12_units = json.load(f)
In [20]: #creat the plot
        acc_12 = history_12_units['accuracy']
        val_acc_12 = history_12_units['val_accuracy']
        loss_12 = history_12_units['loss']
        val_loss_12 = history_12_units['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_12))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_12, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_12, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('12 LSTM units Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_12, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_12, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('12 LSTM units training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

Epoch 11/15

12 LSTM units Training and validation accuracy





Comment:

When considering accuracy, validation began at above 0.78. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, increasing gradually and forming a slightly curved line. It was observed that there were slight fluctuations in validation after the 8th epoch, with both training and validation eventually reaching around 0.84. However,

while the training accuracy kept increasing, the validation loss saw a slight decrease after the 12th epoch.

Regarding loss, validation commenced at around 0.45. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, gradually decreasing with a slight curvature, and eventually reaching below 0.36. However, while the training loss kept decreasing, the validation loss saw a slight increase in the end.

Compare and comment on the results

Regarding accuracy and precision, training with 12 LSTM modules showed slightly better results compared to training with 8 LSTM modules. The accuracy and precision values were 0.8454 and 0.8721, respectively, with 12 LSTM, while they were 0.8423 and 0.8342 with 8 LSTM modules.

However, in terms of recall, 8 LSTM modules achieved a better score than 12 LSTM modules (8 LSTM: 0.8546, 12 LSTM: 0.8096). In conclusion, from the perspective of accuracy, increasing the number of LSTM modules tends to improve performance.

Adjusting the size of the vocabulary

The third investigation is how size of the encoder's vocabulary impacts the performance of the model.

For your models you should:

- use a model with 4 LSTM modules
- use 25% of the training data
- train for 15 epochs

Create two models, one using an encoder with a 250-word vocabulary and the other with a 500-word vocabulary.

Q1(c)i Training with 250 vocab length

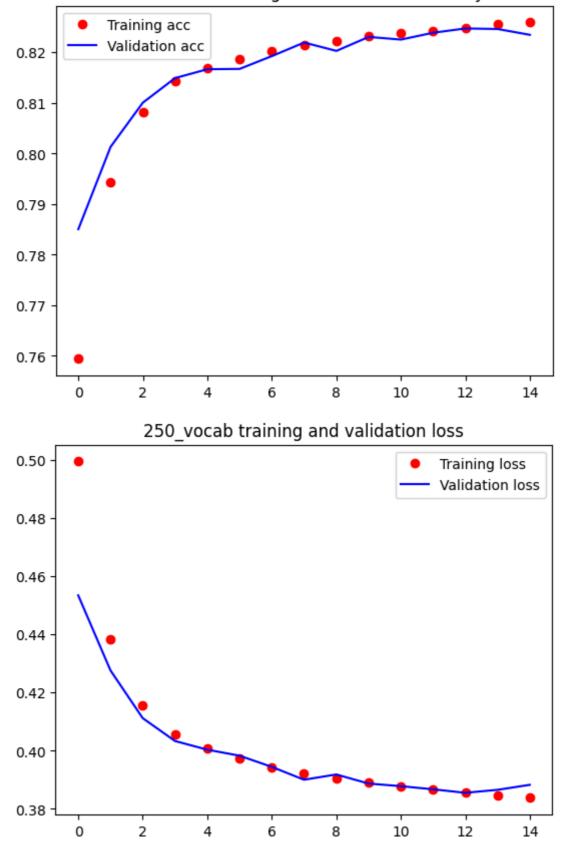
```
In [22]: # put your code here
         # Build the model with a 250-word vocabulary encoder
         model_250_vocab = Sequential([
             encoder250,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder250.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_250_vocab.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                                 optimizer='adam',
                                 metrics=fresh_metrics())
         # Train the model
         history_250_vocab = model_250_vocab.fit(
             train_data25,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
         # Save the model and training history
         model_250_vocab.save('model_250_vocab.keras')
         with open('history_250_vocab.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history_250_vocab.history, f)
```

```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 333922.0000 - fp: 100491.0000 - tn: 349607.0000 - fn: 116076.0000 - ac
curacy: 0.7594 - precision: 0.7687 - recall: 0.7421 - val_loss: 0.4534 - v
al_tp: 30074.0000 - val_fp: 7338.0000 - val_tn: 32730.0000 - val_fn: 9858.
0000 - val_accuracy: 0.7850 - val_precision: 0.8039 - val_recall: 0.7531
Epoch 2/15
tp: 351091.0000 - fp: 86219.0000 - tn: 363879.0000 - fn: 98907.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7943 - precision: 0.8028 - recall: 0.7802 - val_loss: 0.4276 - val
_tp: 29584.0000 - val_fp: 5546.0000 - val_tn: 34522.0000 - val_fn: 10348.0
000 - val accuracy: 0.8013 - val precision: 0.8421 - val recall: 0.7409
Epoch 3/15
tp: 359478.0000 - fp: 82201.0000 - tn: 367897.0000 - fn: 90520.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8081 - precision: 0.8139 - recall: 0.7988 - val_loss: 0.4112 - val
_tp: 33311.0000 - val_fp: 8574.0000 - val_tn: 31494.0000 - val_fn: 6621.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8101 - val_precision: 0.7953 - val_recall: 0.8342
Epoch 4/15
tp: 363539.0000 - fp: 80618.0000 - tn: 369480.0000 - fn: 86459.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8144 - precision: 0.8185 - recall: 0.8079 - val_loss: 0.4034 - val
_tp: 33398.0000 - val_fp: 8272.0000 - val_tn: 31796.0000 - val_fn: 6534.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8149 - val_precision: 0.8015 - val_recall: 0.8364
Epoch 5/15
tp: 365033.0000 - fp: 79892.0000 - tn: 370206.0000 - fn: 84965.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8168 - precision: 0.8204 - recall: 0.8112 - val_loss: 0.4004 - val
_tp: 31183.0000 - val_fp: 5917.0000 - val_tn: 34151.0000 - val_fn: 8749.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8167 - val_precision: 0.8405 - val_recall: 0.7809
Epoch 6/15
tp: 366074.0000 - fp: 79245.0000 - tn: 370853.0000 - fn: 83924.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8187 - precision: 0.8220 - recall: 0.8135 - val_loss: 0.3983 - val
_tp: 30941.0000 - val_fp: 5670.0000 - val_tn: 34398.0000 - val_fn: 8991.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8167 - val_precision: 0.8451 - val_recall: 0.7748
Epoch 7/15
879/879 [============ ] - 27s 31ms/step - loss: 0.3944 -
tp: 366563.0000 - fp: 78266.0000 - tn: 371832.0000 - fn: 83435.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8204 - precision: 0.8241 - recall: 0.8146 - val_loss: 0.3945 - val
_tp: 31430.0000 - val_fp: 5956.0000 - val_tn: 34112.0000 - val_fn: 8502.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8193 - val_precision: 0.8407 - val_recall: 0.7871
Epoch 8/15
tp: 366942.0000 - fp: 77701.0000 - tn: 372397.0000 - fn: 83056.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8214 - precision: 0.8253 - recall: 0.8154 - val_loss: 0.3900 - val
_tp: 32422.0000 - val_fp: 6734.0000 - val_tn: 33334.0000 - val_fn: 7510.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8220 - val_precision: 0.8280 - val_recall: 0.8119
Epoch 9/15
tp: 367517.0000 - fp: 77448.0000 - tn: 372650.0000 - fn: 82481.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8223 - precision: 0.8259 - recall: 0.8167 - val_loss: 0.3918 - val
_tp: 33661.0000 - val_fp: 8105.0000 - val_tn: 31963.0000 - val_fn: 6271.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8203 - val_precision: 0.8059 - val_recall: 0.8430
Epoch 10/15
tp: 368003.0000 - fp: 77195.0000 - tn: 372903.0000 - fn: 81995.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8231 - precision: 0.8266 - recall: 0.8178 - val_loss: 0.3887 - val
_tp: 33106.0000 - val_fp: 7329.0000 - val_tn: 32739.0000 - val_fn: 6826.00
```

00 - val_accuracy: 0.8231 - val_precision: 0.8187 - val_recall: 0.8291

```
Epoch 11/15
       tp: 368425.0000 - fp: 76914.0000 - tn: 373184.0000 - fn: 81573.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8239 - precision: 0.8273 - recall: 0.8187 - val_loss: 0.3878 - val
       _tp: 31814.0000 - val_fp: 6079.0000 - val_tn: 33989.0000 - val_fn: 8118.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8225 - val precision: 0.8396 - val recall: 0.7967
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 368540.0000 - fp: 76784.0000 - tn: 373314.0000 - fn: 81458.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8242 - precision: 0.8276 - recall: 0.8190 - val_loss: 0.3867 - val
       _tp: 32266.0000 - val_fp: 6423.0000 - val_tn: 33645.0000 - val_fn: 7666.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8239 - val precision: 0.8340 - val recall: 0.8080
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 369089.0000 - fp: 76754.0000 - tn: 373344.0000 - fn: 80909.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8248 - precision: 0.8278 - recall: 0.8202 - val_loss: 0.3855 - val
       _tp: 33232.0000 - val_fp: 7321.0000 - val_tn: 32747.0000 - val_fn: 6700.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8247 - val_precision: 0.8195 - val_recall: 0.8322
       Epoch 14/15
       tp: 369454.0000 - fp: 76452.0000 - tn: 373646.0000 - fn: 80544.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8256 - precision: 0.8285 - recall: 0.8210 - val_loss: 0.3866 - val
       _tp: 33693.0000 - val_fp: 7791.0000 - val_tn: 32277.0000 - val_fn: 6239.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8246 - val_precision: 0.8122 - val_recall: 0.8438
       Epoch 15/15
       879/879 [============ ] - 27s 31ms/step - loss: 0.3838 -
       tp: 369563.0000 - fp: 76265.0000 - tn: 373833.0000 - fn: 80435.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8259 - precision: 0.8289 - recall: 0.8213 - val_loss: 0.3883 - val
       _tp: 34048.0000 - val_fp: 8238.0000 - val_tn: 31830.0000 - val_fn: 5884.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8235 - val precision: 0.8052 - val recall: 0.8526
In [23]: # Reload
        model_250_vocab = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_250_vocab.keras')
        with open('history_250_vocab.json') as f:
           history_250_vocab = json.load(f)
In [24]: # Create plots
        acc_250_vocab = history_250_vocab['accuracy']
        val_acc_250_vocab = history_250_vocab['val_accuracy']
        loss_250_vocab = history_250_vocab['loss']
        val_loss_250_vocab = history_250_vocab['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_250_vocab))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_250_vocab, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_250_vocab, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('250 vocab Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_250_vocab, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_250_vocab, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('250_vocab training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

250 vocab Training and validation accuracy



Comment:

When considering accuracy, validation began above 0.78. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, increasing dramatically up to the 4th epoch before gradually increasing towards the end. Both training and validation eventually reached around

0.82. However, while the training accuracy kept increasing, the validation loss saw a slight decrease after the 13th epoch.

Regarding loss, validation commenced below 0.46. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, dramatically decreasing up to the 3rd epoch before gradually decreasing towards the end. Eventually, they reached around 0.38. However, while the training loss kept decreasing, the validation loss saw a slight increase in the end.

Training with 500 vocab length

```
In [26]:
        # put your code here
         # Build the model with a 500-word vocabulary encoder
         model_500_vocab = Sequential([
             encoder500,
             Embedding(input_dim=len(encoder500.get_vocabulary()), output_dim=EMBE
             LSTM(4),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_500_vocab.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                                 optimizer='adam',
                                 metrics=fresh_metrics())
         # Train the model
         history_500_vocab = model_500_vocab.fit(
             train_data25,
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=1)
         # Save the model and training history
         model_500_vocab.save('model_500_vocab.keras')
         with open('history_500_vocab.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history_500_vocab.history, f)
```

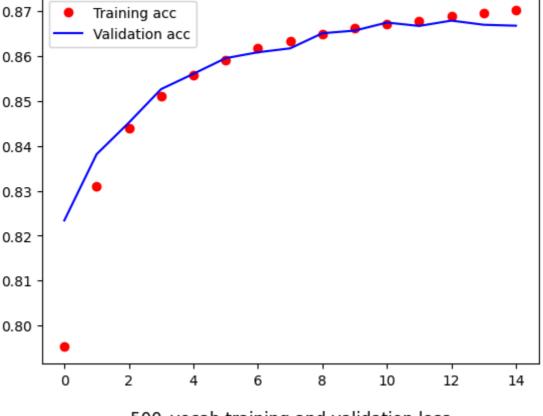
```
Epoch 1/15
tp: 359352.0000 - fp: 93640.0000 - tn: 356458.0000 - fn: 90646.0000 - accu
racy: 0.7953 - precision: 0.7933 - recall: 0.7986 - val_loss: 0.3968 - val
_tp: 32725.0000 - val_fp: 6920.0000 - val_tn: 33148.0000 - val_fn: 7207.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8234 - val_precision: 0.8255 - val_recall: 0.8195
Epoch 2/15
tp: 375580.0000 - fp: 77698.0000 - tn: 372400.0000 - fn: 74418.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8310 - precision: 0.8286 - recall: 0.8346 - val_loss: 0.3668 - val
_tp: 34502.0000 - val_fp: 7519.0000 - val_tn: 32549.0000 - val_fn: 5430.00
00 - val accuracy: 0.8381 - val precision: 0.8211 - val recall: 0.8640
Epoch 3/15
tp: 380542.0000 - fp: 70966.0000 - tn: 379132.0000 - fn: 69456.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8440 - precision: 0.8428 - recall: 0.8457 - val_loss: 0.3512 - val
_tp: 35389.0000 - val_fp: 7844.0000 - val_tn: 32224.0000 - val_fn: 4543.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8452 - val_precision: 0.8186 - val_recall: 0.8862
Epoch 4/15
tp: 383811.0000 - fp: 67792.0000 - tn: 382306.0000 - fn: 66187.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8512 - precision: 0.8499 - recall: 0.8529 - val_loss: 0.3384 - val
_tp: 33043.0000 - val_fp: 4901.0000 - val_tn: 35167.0000 - val_fn: 6889.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8526 - val_precision: 0.8708 - val_recall: 0.8275
Epoch 5/15
tp: 385405.0000 - fp: 65320.0000 - tn: 384778.0000 - fn: 64593.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8557 - precision: 0.8551 - recall: 0.8565 - val_loss: 0.3318 - val
_tp: 33138.0000 - val_fp: 4724.0000 - val_tn: 35344.0000 - val_fn: 6794.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8560 - val_precision: 0.8752 - val_recall: 0.8299
Epoch 6/15
tp: 386714.0000 - fp: 63484.0000 - tn: 386614.0000 - fn: 63284.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8592 - precision: 0.8590 - recall: 0.8594 - val_loss: 0.3270 - val
_tp: 33323.0000 - val_fp: 4630.0000 - val_tn: 35438.0000 - val_fn: 6609.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8595 - val_precision: 0.8780 - val_recall: 0.8345
Epoch 7/15
tp: 387637.0000 - fp: 62151.0000 - tn: 387947.0000 - fn: 62361.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8617 - precision: 0.8618 - recall: 0.8614 - val_loss: 0.3236 - val
_tp: 35197.0000 - val_fp: 6399.0000 - val_tn: 33669.0000 - val_fn: 4735.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8608 - val_precision: 0.8462 - val_recall: 0.8814
tp: 388319.0000 - fp: 61364.0000 - tn: 388734.0000 - fn: 61679.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8633 - precision: 0.8635 - recall: 0.8629 - val_loss: 0.3208 - val
_tp: 33275.0000 - val_fp: 4407.0000 - val_tn: 35661.0000 - val_fn: 6657.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8617 - val_precision: 0.8830 - val_recall: 0.8333
Epoch 9/15
tp: 388765.0000 - fp: 60342.0000 - tn: 389756.0000 - fn: 61233.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8649 - precision: 0.8656 - recall: 0.8639 - val_loss: 0.3153 - val
_tp: 34488.0000 - val_fp: 5351.0000 - val_tn: 34717.0000 - val_fn: 5444.00
00 - val_accuracy: 0.8651 - val_precision: 0.8657 - val_recall: 0.8637
Epoch 10/15
tp: 389234.0000 - fp: 59752.0000 - tn: 390346.0000 - fn: 60764.0000 - accu
racy: 0.8661 - precision: 0.8669 - recall: 0.8650 - val_loss: 0.3135 - val
_tp: 34394.0000 - val_fp: 5210.0000 - val_tn: 34858.0000 - val_fn: 5538.00
```

00 - val_accuracy: 0.8656 - val_precision: 0.8684 - val_recall: 0.8613

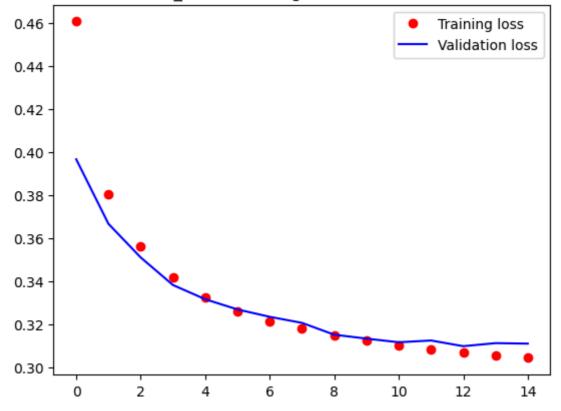
```
tp: 389578.0000 - fp: 59122.0000 - tn: 390976.0000 - fn: 60420.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8672 - precision: 0.8682 - recall: 0.8657 - val_loss: 0.3118 - val
       _tp: 34757.0000 - val_fp: 5430.0000 - val_tn: 34638.0000 - val_fn: 5175.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8674 - val precision: 0.8649 - val recall: 0.8704
       Epoch 12/15
       tp: 389707.0000 - fp: 58724.0000 - tn: 391374.0000 - fn: 60291.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8678 - precision: 0.8690 - recall: 0.8660 - val_loss: 0.3126 - val
       _tp: 33646.0000 - val_fp: 4379.0000 - val_tn: 35689.0000 - val_fn: 6286.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8667 - val precision: 0.8848 - val recall: 0.8426
       Epoch 13/15
       tp: 390405.0000 - fp: 58342.0000 - tn: 391756.0000 - fn: 59593.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8690 - precision: 0.8700 - recall: 0.8676 - val_loss: 0.3100 - val
       _tp: 34027.0000 - val_fp: 4665.0000 - val_tn: 35403.0000 - val_fn: 5905.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8679 - val_precision: 0.8794 - val_recall: 0.8521
       Epoch 14/15
       879/879 [======
                        tp: 390751.0000 - fp: 58099.0000 - tn: 391999.0000 - fn: 59247.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8696 - precision: 0.8706 - recall: 0.8683 - val_loss: 0.3114 - val
       _tp: 35604.0000 - val_fp: 6316.0000 - val_tn: 33752.0000 - val_fn: 4328.00
       00 - val_accuracy: 0.8669 - val_precision: 0.8493 - val_recall: 0.8916
       Epoch 15/15
       879/879 [============ ] - 28s 31ms/step - loss: 0.3045 -
       tp: 390867.0000 - fp: 57778.0000 - tn: 392320.0000 - fn: 59131.0000 - accu
       racy: 0.8701 - precision: 0.8712 - recall: 0.8686 - val_loss: 0.3112 - val
       _tp: 35825.0000 - val_fp: 6554.0000 - val_tn: 33514.0000 - val_fn: 4107.00
       00 - val accuracy: 0.8667 - val precision: 0.8453 - val recall: 0.8972
In [27]: # Reload
        model_500_vocab = tf.keras.models.load_model('model_500_vocab.keras')
        with open('history_500_vocab.json') as f:
            history_500_vocab = json.load(f)
In [28]: # Create the plot
        acc_500_vocab = history_500_vocab['accuracy']
        val_acc_500_vocab = history_500_vocab['val_accuracy']
        loss_500_vocab = history_500_vocab['loss']
        val_loss_500_vocab = history_500_vocab['val_loss']
        epochs = range(len(acc_500_vocab))
        plt.plot(epochs, acc_500_vocab, 'ro', label='Training acc')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_500_vocab, 'b', label='Validation acc')
        plt.title('500 vocab Training and validation accuracy')
        plt.legend()
        plt.figure()
        plt.plot(epochs, loss_500_vocab, 'ro', label='Training loss')
        plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_500_vocab, 'b', label='Validation loss')
        plt.title('500_vocab training and validation loss')
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
```

Epoch 11/15

500 vocab Training and validation accuracy



500_vocab training and validation loss



Comment:

When considering accuracy, validation began above 0.82. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, increasing gradually and drawing a curve line. Both training and validation eventually reached around 0.87. However, while the training accuracy kept increasing, the validation loss saw a slight decrease after the 12th epoch.

Regarding loss, validation commenced below 0.40. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, gradually decreasing and drawing a curve. Eventually, they reached around 0.31. However, while the training loss kept decreasing, the validation loss saw a slight stayble trend in the end.

Compare and comment on the results

Comparing accuracy, precision, and recall, training with a vocabulary length of 500 performed better than training with a vocabulary length of 250. While the accuracy, precision, and recall with a vocabulary length of 250 were 0.8237, 0.8047, and 0.8550, respectively, those with a vocabulary length of 500 were 0.8237, 0.8047, and 0.8550, respectively. Therefore, increasing the vocabulary length resulted in better performance.

The best model consideration

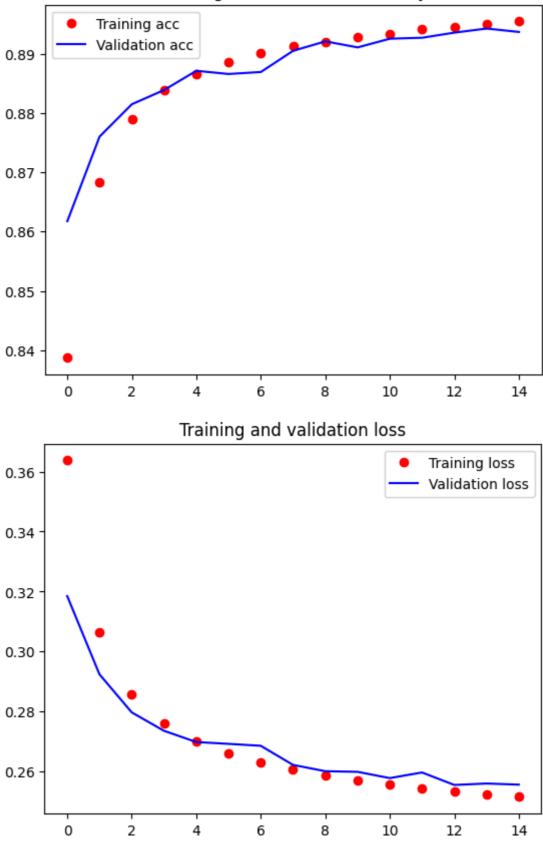
What would make the best model?

The experiments so far suggest that increasing the volume of the dataset, the number of LSTM modules, and the length of the vocabulary for an encoder lead to better performance. Therefore, it is expected that the best model is the one using 12 LSTM modules and an encoder with a 500-word vocabulary trained on the full dataset.

Create and train the model

```
Embedding(input dim=len(encoder500.get vocabulary()), output dim=EMBE
             LSTM(12),
             Dense(1, activation='sigmoid')
         ])
         # Compile the model
         model_500_vocab_12_lstm.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',
                                         optimizer='adam',
                                         metrics=fresh_metrics())
         # Train the model
         history 500 vocab 12 lstm = model 500 vocab 12 lstm.fit(
             train_data, # Using all training data
             validation_data=validation_data,
             epochs=15,
             verbose=0)
         # Save the model and training history
         model 500 vocab 12 lstm.save('model 500 vocab 12 lstm.keras')
         with open('history_500_vocab_12_lstm.json', 'w') as f:
             json.dump(history 500 vocab 12 lstm.history, f)
In [31]: # Reload
         model 500 vocab 12 lstm = tf.keras.models.load model('model 500 vocab 12
         with open('history_500_vocab_12_lstm.json') as f:
             history_500_vocab_12_lstm = json.load(f)
In [32]: # crete plots
         acc q1d = history 500 vocab 12 lstm['accuracy']
         val_acc_q1d = history_500_vocab_12_lstm['val_accuracy']
         loss_q1d = history_500_vocab_12_lstm['loss']
         val_loss_q1d = history_500_vocab_12_lstm['val_loss']
         epochs = range(len(acc_q1d))
         plt.plot(epochs, acc_q1d, 'ro', label='Training acc')
         plt.plot(epochs, val_acc_q1d, 'b', label='Validation acc')
         plt.title('Training and validation accuracy')
         plt.legend()
         plt.figure()
         plt.plot(epochs, loss_q1d, 'ro', label='Training loss')
         plt.plot(epochs, val_loss_q1d, 'b', label='Validation loss')
         plt.title('Training and validation loss')
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
```





Comment:

When it comes to accuracy, validation started around 0.86. Both training and validation followed a similar trend, with a slight dip observed at the 6th epoch in the validation set. Despite this, both training and validation accuracies increased steadily, forming a curvy line and eventually reaching around 0.89.

Regarding loss, validation started around 0.32. Both training and validation exhibited a similar trend, with a slight protrusion seen at the 6th epoch and 11th epoch in the validation set. However, both training and validation losses decreased steadily, forming a curvy line with slight fluctuations, and eventually reached below 0.26.

Comparison

As anticipated, the model exhibited the best performance in terms of accuracy and precision, achieving scores of 0.8935 and 0.9057, respectively. However, the recall of 0.8785 from part (d) is lower than that of the model using an encoder with a 500-word vocabulary, 4 LSTM modules, and 25% of the training dataset, which achieved a recall of 0.8977.

Despite the slightly lower recall, as the last model attained the highest accuracy score, it is concluded that this is the best-performing model.

```
In []:
```