1. Calculate the expectation for the uniform distribution on [a, b].

## Solution

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \int_a^b \frac{x}{b-a} dx = \frac{1}{b-a} \left\lceil \frac{x^2}{2} \right\rceil, from, a->b \Rightarrow \frac{b+a}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(b+a)$$

2. Calculate the distribution function for the exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ 

## Solution

$$\Rightarrow {
m From} \ f'(x) = -e^{-\Lambda x} \ , {
m diff} \ {
m wrt} \ {
m x} \ {
m we have}, {
m f}({
m x}) = -\Lambda(-e^{-\Lambda x})$$

 $\Rightarrow$  Therefore,  $f(x) = \Lambda e^{-\Lambda x}$ , which is the probability distribution function for exponential distribution