Formula for D interms of W, L, R_W

$$=>R^2=L^2+(W+x)^2$$

$$=> We \ find \ the \ expression \ for \ x$$

$$=> (W+x)^2 = R^2 - L^2$$

$$=>W+x=(R^2-L^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$=>x=(R^2-L^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}-W$$

 $=>Next\ we\ obtain\ the\ D\ expression$:

$$=> (L+D)^2 + x^2 = R^2$$

$$=>(L+D)^2+[(R^2-L^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}-W]^2=R^2$$

$$egin{aligned} => &((L+D)^2)^{rac{1}{2}} = (R^2 - [(R^2 - L^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - W]^2)^{rac{1}{2}} \ => &L + D = (R^2 - [(R^2 - L^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - W]^2)^{rac{1}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$=>D=(R^2-[(R^2-L^2)^{rac{1}{2}}-W]^2)^{rac{1}{2}}-L$$

$$=>D=\sqrt{R^2-[(R^2-L^2)^{rac{1}{2}}-W]^2}-L$$

Values for W,L,R and L_r

W=1799mm

=>1m=1000mm

=>1799mm=?

W=1.799m

R—Given turning circle diameter as 10.9m

To get wall-to wall turning radius as 10.9m/2=5.45m

R=5.45m

To get L and Lr we need to make some assumptions and simplifications about the car:

We have the wheelbase length =2620mm, and total length from the rear corner to front corner =4258mm

(i) We assume that the distance from rear corner to rear wheels is equal to the distance from front corner to the front wheels for simplifications

Therefore:

- ⇒ x+x+2620mm=4258mm
- ⇒ 2x=4258mm-2620mm=1638mm
- ⇒ x=1638mm/2=819mm
- ⇒ x=0.819m

Lr =0.819m

L =>2620mm+819mm=3439mm

L=3.439m

Total gap length , $D + L + L_r$

Since we have L and Lr, we need to find D using the Formula for D

$$egin{aligned} => D &= (R^2 - [(R^2 - L^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - W]^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - L \ &=> D = \sqrt{R^2 - [(R^2 - L^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - W]^2} - L \ &=> D = (5.45^2 - [(5.45^2 - 3.439^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - 1.799]^2)^{rac{1}{2}} - 3.439 \ &=> D = 1.439788mm pprox 1.44m \ &=> Total\ qap\ length = 1.44m + 3.439m + 0.819m = 5.698m \end{aligned}$$

THE END!!!

THANK YOU!!!