



SMART CONTRACT SECURITY AUDIT

Base Reward Token

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was posted at Soken Github



April, 2022

Website: soken.io

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Disclaimer

This is a comprehensive report based on our automated and manual examination of cybersecurity vulnerabilities and framework flaws. We took into consideration smart contract based algorithms, as well. Reading the full analysis report is essential to build your understanding of project's security level. It is crucial to take note, though we have done our best to perform this analysis and report, that you should not rely on the our research and cannot claim what it states or how we created it. Before making any judgments, you have to conduct your own independent research. We will discuss this in more depth in the following disclaimer - please read it fully.

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Security analysis is based only on the smart contracts. No applications or operations were reviewed for security. No product code has been reviewed.

Procedure

Our analysis contains following steps:

1. Project Analysis;

2. Manual analysis of smart contracts:

- Deploying smart contracts on any of the network(Ropsten/Rinkeby) using Remix IDE
- Hashes of all transaction will be recorded
- Behaviour of functions and gas consumption is noted, as well.

3. Unit Testing:

- Smart contract functions will be unit tested on multiple parameters and under multiple conditions to ensure that all paths of functions are functioning as intended.
- In this phase intended behaviour of smart contract is verified.
- In this phase, we would also ensure that smart contract functions are not consuming unnecessary gas.
- Gas limits of functions will be verified in this stage.

4. Automated Testing:

- Mythril
- Oyente
- Manticore
- Solgraph

Terminology

We categorize the finding into 4 categories based on their vulnerability:

- Low-severity issue — less important, must be analyzed
- Medium-severity issue — important, needs to be analyzed and fixed
- High-severity issue — important, might cause vulnerabilities, must be analyzed and fixed
- Critical-severity issue — serious bug causes, must be analyzed and fixed.

Limitations

The security audit of Smart Contract cannot cover all vulnerabilities. Even if no vulnerabilities are detected in the audit, there is no guarantee that future smart contracts are safe. Smart contracts are in most cases safeguarded against specific sorts of attacks. In order to find as many flaws as possible, we carried out a comprehensive smart contract audit. Audit is a document that is not legally binding and guarantees nothing.

Token Contract Details for 08.04.2022

Contract Name: **BRW**

Deployed address: **0x82FabF676c7876694EDB013226f2a341dECa52Fd**

Total Supply: **12,000,000**

Token Tracker: **BRW**

Decimals: **8**

Token holders: **1**

Transactions count: **1**

Top 100 holders dominance: **100.00%**

Audit Details



Project Name: **Base Reward Token**

Language: **Solidity**

Compiler Version: **v0.8.13**

Blockchain: **BSC**

KYC Passed

CEO and CFO of Base Reward have passed KYC verification on behalf of Soken team. All personal data received from audited company will remain private until any fraudulent activity will happen.

Social Profiles

Project Website: <https://basereward.online/>

Project Dashboard: <https://app.cuex.capital/>

Project Twitter: <https://twitter.com/baserewardtoken>

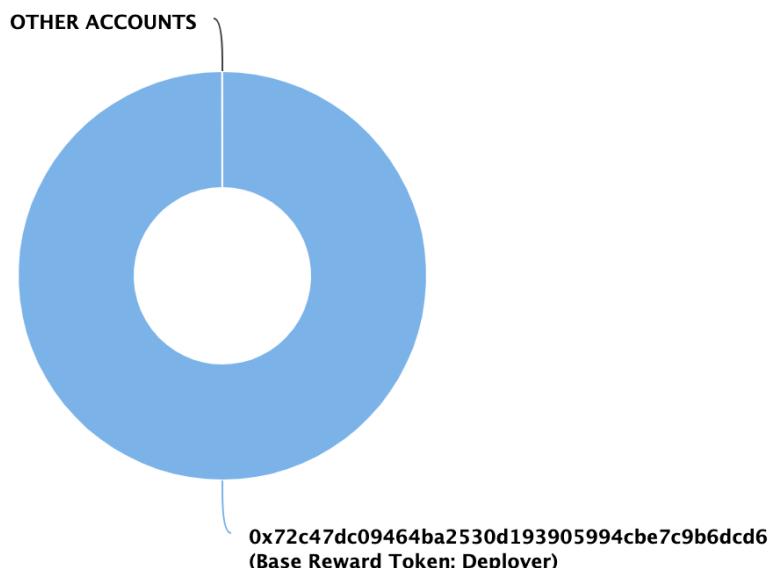
Project Telegram: <https://telegram.me/BASEREWARDOFFICIAL>

Project Facebook: <https://www.facebook.com/basereward/>

Project Linkedin: <https://www.linkedin.com/company/base-reward-token/>

Project YouTube: <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCwGhxoP3URH---QSnfF7XoQ>

BRW Token Distribution



BRW Top Holders

Rank	Address	Quantity (Token)	Percentage
1	Base Reward Token: Deployer	12,000,000	100.0000%

Project Website Overview

The screenshot shows the homepage of basereward.online. The header features a logo with a red and blue circular arrow, navigation links for 'Products', 'Company', 'Learn', and 'Socials', and download links for 'Android' and 'iOS'. The main section is titled 'BASE REWARD' with the subtitle 'Defining customer loyalty with blockchain'. It describes the project as an effective and scalable web 3.0 ecosystem for playing, trading, and earning rewards using the Base Reward Token. Below this is a large graphic of a smartphone displaying a 3D interface with people, charts, and coins, surrounded by icons for a whitepaper, stake token, buy now, and video presentation. The footer includes language selection for English and Greek.

✓ JavaScript errors hasn't been found.
✓ Malware pop-up windows hasn't been detected.
✓ No issues with loading elements, code, or stylesheets.

Project Website SSL Certification

The screenshot displays an SSL certificate from [sslshopper.com](https://www.sslshopper.com/certificate-transparency.html?domain=basereward.online). The certificate is issued by R3 and is valid until May 30, 2022. It includes a yellow seal of approval and two navigation links: 'Trust' and 'Details'.

basereward.online
Issued by: R3
Expires: Monday, May 30, 2022 at 8:01:13 PM Eastern Daylight Time
✓ This certificate is valid

> Trust
> Details

Project Website Performance Audit



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The [performance score is calculated](#) directly from these metrics. [See calculator.](#)

▲ 0–49 ■ 50–89 ● 90–100



METRICS

■ First Contentful Paint

0.9 s

▲ Speed Index

2.6 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

■ Time to Interactive

3.9 s

● Total Blocking Time

20 ms

● Cumulative Layout Shift

[Expand view](#)

Project Website Optimization for Mobile



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The [performance score is calculated](#) directly from these metrics. [See calculator.](#)

▲ 0–49 ■ 50–89 ● 90–100



METRICS

▲ First Contentful Paint

4.8 s

▲ Speed Index

9.7 s

▲ Largest Contentful Paint

▲ Time to Interactive

18.0 s

■ Total Blocking Time

570 ms

● Cumulative Layout Shift

[Expand view](#)

Contract Function Details

+ Contract Source Code

- [Ext] totalSupply
- [Ext] balanceOf
- [Ext] transfer
- [Ext] allowance
- [Ext] approve
- [Ext] transferFrom
- [Int] add
- [Int] sub
- [Int] sub
- [Int] mul
- [Int] div
- [Int] div
- [Int] _msgSender
- [Pub] owner
- [Pub] renounceOwnership
- [Pub] transferOwnership
- [Pub] name
- [Pub] symbol
- [Pub] decimals
- [Int] isContract
- [Int] safeTransfer
- [Int] safeTransferFrom
- [Int] safeApprove
- [Prv] callOptionalReturn
- [Ext] feeTo
- [Ext] feeToSetter
- [Ext] getPair
- [Ext] allPairs
- [Ext] allPairsLength
- [Ext] createPair
- [Ext] setFeeTo
- [Ext] setFeeToSetter
- [Ext] name
- [Ext] symbol
- [Ext] decimals
- [Ext] totalSupply
- [Ext] balanceOf
- [Ext] allowance
- [Ext] approve
- [Ext] transfer
- [Ext] transferFrom
- [Ext] DOMAIN_SEPARATOR

- [Ext] PERMIT_TYPEHASH
- [Ext] nonces
- [Ext] permit
- [Ext] MINIMUM_LIQUIDITY
- [Ext] factory
- [Ext] token0
- [Ext] token1
- [Ext] getReserves
- [Ext] price0CumulativeLast
- [Ext] price1CumulativeLast
- [Ext] kLast
- [Ext] mint
- [Ext] burn
- [Ext] swap
- [Ext] skim
- [Ext] sync
- [Ext] initialize
- [Ext] factory
- [Ext] WETH
- [Ext] addLiquidity
- [Ext] addLiquidityETH
- [Ext] removeLiquidity
- [Ext] removeLiquidityETH
- [Ext] removeLiquidityWithPermit
- [Ext] removeLiquidityETHWithPermit
- [Ext] swapExactTokensForTokens
- [Ext] swapTokensForExactTokens
- [Ext] swapExactETHForTokens
- [Ext] swapTokensForExactETH
- [Ext] swapExactTokensForETH
- [Ext] swapETHForExactTokens
- [Ext] quote
- [Ext] getAmountOut
- [Ext] getAmountIn
- [Ext] getAmountsOut
- [Ext] getAmountsIn
- [Ext] removeLiquidityETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens
- [Ext] removeLiquidityETHWithPermitSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens
- [Ext] swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens
- [Ext] swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens
- [Ext] swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens
- [Pub] totalSupply
- [Pub] balanceOf
- [Pub] transfer
- [Pub] allowance

- [Pub] approve
- [Pub] transferFrom
- [Pub] increaseAllowance
- [Pub] decreaseAllowance
- [Ext] setLiquidityFeePercent
- [Pub] setSwapAndLiquifyEnabled
- [Pub] excludeFromFee
- [Pub] includeInFee
- [Pub] excludeFromBotList
- [Pub] includeInBotList
- [Ext] isBot
- [Ext] changeNumTokensSellToAddToLiquidity
- [Int] _transfer
- [Prv] swapAndLiquify
- [Prv] swapTokensForEth
- [Prv] addLiquidity
- [Int] _approve
- [Ext] withdrawStuckBNB
- [Ext] removeStuckToken

Vulnerabilities checking

Issue Description	Checking Status
Compiler Errors	Completed
Delays in Data Delivery	Completed
Re-entrancy	Completed
Transaction-Ordering Dependence	Completed
Timestamp Dependence	Completed
Shadowing State Variables	Completed
DoS with Failed Call	Completed
DoS with Block Gas Limit	Completed
Outdated Complier Version	Completed
Assert Violation	Completed
Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Completed
Integer Overflow and Underflow	Completed
Function Default Visibility	Completed
Malicious Event Log	Completed
Math Accuracy	Completed
Design Logic	Completed
Fallback Function Security	Completed
Cross-function Race Conditions	Completed
Safe Zeppelin Module	Completed

Security Issues

1) Owner Privileges

The contract contains ownership functionality and ownership is not renounced which allows the creator or current owner to modify contract behaviour (for example, disable selling or mint new tokens).

2) Volatile Code:

The return values of functions

[swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens](#) and

[addLiquidityETH](#) are not properly handled.

Recommendation:

We recommend using variables to receive the return value of the functions mentioned above and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic.

3) Unprotected Ether Withdrawal: L940 - 947;

```
940      function recover(address tokenAddress, uint256 tokenAmount) public onlyOwner {
941          if (tokenAddress == address(0)) {
942              (bool success, ) = payable(owner()).call{value: tokenAmount}('');
943              require(success, 'unable to send value');
944          } else {
945              IBEP20(tokenAddress).transfer(owner(), tokenAmount);
946          }
947      }
```

Ether and tokens are the basis of smart contracts on which the contract runs and executes transactions. Therefore, it is absolutely necessary to

have input and access control validations on the functions executing funds withdrawal within the contract. The following unprotected public and external functions were found which were accepting addresses controlled by external users.

Recommendation:

It is recommended to go through the functions and make sure that the ether withdrawal implements an access control, input validation, and/or that the funds of the user is depreciated after they withdraws the amount.

4) Third-Party Dependency:

The contract BaseReward.sol is serving as the underlying entity to interact with third parties antisnipe and liquidityRestrictor protocols. The scope of the audit treats 3rd party entities as black boxes and assumes their functional correctness. However, in the real world, 3rd parties can be compromised and this may lead to lost or stolen assets. Moreover, the addresses of these third parties can be updated through functions setAntisnipeAddress() and setLiquidityRestrictionAddress().

```
770      function setAntisnipeAddress(address addr) external onlyOwner {
771          antisnipe = IAntisnipe(addr);
772          emit AntisnipeAddressChanged(addr);
773      }
774
775      function setLiquidityRestrictionAddress(address addr) external onlyOwner {
776          liquidityRestrictor = ILiquidityRestrictor(addr);
777          emit LiquidityRestrictionAddressChanged(addr);
778      }
779
```

Recommendation:

We understand that the business logic of BaseReward.sol requires interaction with antisnipe and liquidityRestrictor. We encourage the team to constantly monitor the statuses of 3rd parties to mitigate the side effects when unexpected activities are observed

Conclusion

Low-severity issues exist within smart contracts. Smart contracts are free from any critical or high-severity issues.

NOTE: Please check the disclaimer above and note, that audit makes no statements or warranties on business model, investment attractiveness or code sustainability.

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