EXERCICE 1

WHAT YOUR PROGRAM SHALL DO

A 2D array contains numbers, including the number 7 present only once.

We must return the row and the column (in the form of a list) of this number 7.

Example:

5 3 8 4 3 8 7 1 1 4 6 3

The result is:

[1, 2]

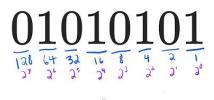
Why? Because the number 7 is at row 1 and column 2!

EXERCICE 2

WHAT YOUR PROGRAM SHALL DO

Do you know what is a binary number?

Binary system



In decimal number (base 10), we use 10 digits: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 In binary numbers, (base 2), possible digits are only 1 or 0!

Counting is binary is like counting in decimal, expect that we reach the max (here 1) sooner than in decimal (10..)

So
- 0 is 0 (0*1)
- 1 is 1 (1*1)
- 2 is 10 (1*2+0*1)
- 3 is 11 (1*2+1*1)
etc.

Other other words, for binary number with **n digits**:

d_{n-1} ... d₃ d₂ d₁ d₀

The decimal number is equal to the sum of binary digits (d_n) times their power of 2 (2^n) :

decimal = $d_0 \times 2^0 + d_1 \times 2^1 + d_2 \times 2^2 + ...$

INPUTS:

1 binary number 110

OUTPUT:

1 decimal number

For this exercise, you need to implement the following function:

	binaryToDecimal		
Function name			
Parameters	binaryNumber (a number)		
Return value	The number converted into decimal (a number)		

Examples

binaryToDecimal (11) \rightarrow 3

Reason: $1 * 2^1 + 1 * 2^0 = 2 + 1 = 3$

binaryToDecimal (110) \rightarrow 3

Reason: $1 * 2^2 + 1 * 2^1 + 0 * 2^0 = 4 + 2 + 0 = 6$

DO YOU NEED SOME HELP?

- You can use the operation ** in python: for instance: $2^{**}4 = 2^4 = 16$

- What you can do:

1. You convert the number into a string

- 2. Then you can go character by character, starting from the end
- 3. For each character, you convert it into number ("0" -> 0 or "1" -> 1) and you it to compute the decimal number

EXERCICE 3

WHAT YOUR PROGRAM SHALL DO

We want to sort an array of integer from the minimum to the maximum:

Your program must follow the 5 steps bellow:

- 1. Read the list of number in the console : initialList= eval(input())
- 2. Create an empty array called: orderedList
- 3. Find the minimum number in the initialList
- 4. Add this minimum at the end of the orderedList and remove it from the initialList
- 5. Do again, as long as the initialList is not empty

INPUTS:

1 array:

[4, 2, 3, 5]

OUTPUT:

Print a sorted array:

[2, 3, 4, 5]

Notes:

It's a good idea to create a function that returns the index of the minimum of a list passed as a parameter.

It's forbidden to use the function sort.

To perform this exercise you need to code this function and call it:

Function name	getMinimumIndex			
Parameters	list (an array)			
Return value	The index of the minimum value			
Examples	getMinimumIndex ([10, 4, 8]) \rightarrow 1 Reason: 4 is the minimum and is at index 1 getMinimumIndex ([8, 7, 3, 9]) \rightarrow 2 Reason: 3 is the minimum and is at index 2			

WHAT YOUR PROGRAM SHALL DO

Let's play Tic Tac Toe!!



https://playtictactoe.org/

The Tic Tac Toe game is between 2 players: player A and player B Game is performed on a grid of 3 columns and 3 rows

The first player with a complete row or column or diagonal win the game

Example 1:

AAA

ВВА

BBB

Here A wins because the first row is full of A

Example 2:

A A B

ABA

B B B

Here B wins because one diagonal row is full of B

INPUTS:

The array 2D with players result as input:

AAB

ABA

 $\mathbf{B} \mathsf{B} \mathsf{B}$

OUTPUT:

If A win, print: "A WON"If B win, print: "B WON"

If no winner , print "NO WINNER"

B WON

HOW TO DO IT?

To perform this exercise you **need first to code 4 functions!!!!!**

Function	signOnRow			
Parameters	grid (an array 2D)rowlndex (integer)sign (string)			
Return value	This function will return True if the ROW at the given rowIndex is composed ONLY of the given sign			
Examples	For instance if the grid is: A A A B B A B B B signOnRow (grid, 0, "A") will return True because the first row contains ONLY "A" signOnRow (grid, 1, "A") will return False because the second row does NOT contains ONLY "A"			

Function	signOnColumn		
Parameters	 grid (an array 2D) columnIndex (integer) sign (string) 		
Return value	This function will return True if the COLUMN at the given columnIndex is composed ONLY of the given sign		

Examples	For instance if the grid is : B A A B B A B B B
	signOnColumn (grid, 0, "B") will return True because the first column contains ONLY "B"
	signOnColumn (grid, 1, "B") will return True because the second column does NOT contain ONLY "B"

Function	signOnDiagonal				
Parameters	- grid (an array 2D)				
	- sign (string)				
Return value	This function will return True if a DIAGONAL is composed ON				
	of the given sign				
	Warning: there are 2 diagonals (ascending / descending)				
Examples	For instance if the grid is :				
	BAA				
	A B A				
	A B B				
	sizeOppiegovel (grid "D") will return True because the				
	signOnDiagonal (grid, "B") will return True because the				
	descending diagonal is composed only of B				

Function	signWon
Parameters	grid (an array 2D)sign (string)
Return value	This function will return True if the given sign has WON It true if: one of the 2 diagonal is composed of this sign or if 1 of the 3 rows is composed of this sign or if 1 of the 3 columns is composed of this
Examples	For instance if the grid is: B A A A B A A B B signWon (grid, "B") will return True because we found a diagonal of B