Study of investigational fianlimab with cemiplimab and chemotherapy in patients with advanced non-small cell lung cancer



Primary Objective: evaluate the efficacy of fianlimab with cemiplimab and chemotherapy in patients with previously untreated, unresectable, advanced NSCLC regardless of PD-L1 expression



PATIENTS WITH ADVANCED NSCLC (N≈950)

INTERVENTION

Phase 2

Phase 3

Arm A

Q3W

High-dose fianlimab (IV) + cemiplimab (IV) + chemotherapy (IV)

Low-dose fianlimab (IV) + cemiplimab (IV)

+ chemotherapy (IV) Q3W

Arm C

Cemiplimab (IV) + placebo (IV)

+ chemotherapy (IV) Q3W

Arm A or B dose

Fianlimab (IV) + cemiplimab (IV)

+ chemotherapy (IV) Q3W

Arm C

Cemiplimab (IV) + placebo (IV) + chemotherapy (IV)

Q3W

Primary Endpoints

Phase 2: Objective response rate^{a,b}

Phase 3: Overall survival

Secondary Endpoints

Phase 2: Overall survival Safety and tolerability Overall response rate^c Disease control rateb,c

Time to tumor response^{b,c} Duration of responseb,c Progression-free survival^{b,c} **Immunogenicity**

Phase 2 and 3: Pharmakokinetics Phase 2 and 3: Quality of Life

FIND OUT MORE

Scan here to find out more about this study at https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05800015

This information is intended for investigators interested in open clinical trials.

The use of fianlimab + cemiplimab described herein is investigational and has not been evaluated by any regulatory authority. Please see full prescribing information in your country for cemiplimab.

^aAssessed using Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors (RECIST). ^bBased on on Blinded Independent Central Review (BICR). Based on investigator assessment.

IV, intravenous; N, number of patients; ; NSCLC, non small-cell lung cancer; Q3W, administered every three weeks; R, randomized.



FIANLIMAB

An Investigational LAG-3 Monoclonal Antibody¹

Designed to bind to LAG-3 on T cells to block the LAG-3 inhibitory signal²



CEMIPLIMAB

An Investigational, Fully Human PD-1 Monoclonal Antibody

Designed to block cancer cells from using the PD-1 pathway to suppress T-cell activation³

SELECTED INCLUSION CRITERIA^a



Stage IIIB or IIIC NSCLC patients who are not candidates for surgical resection or chemoradiation or patients with metastatic disease with no prior systemic treatment



A valid result of PD-L1, regardless of expression level using an assay performed by a local laboratory (with confirmation by a central laboratory) or a central laboratory



Radiographically measurable lesion by CT or MRI per RECIST v1.1



ECPG PS 0 or 1



Adequate organ and bone marrow function



For more information, visit www.clinicaltrials.gov or please call [+353 (0)61 533 400 or 844 REGN-MID]. NCT05800015 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT05800015

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SELECTED EXCLUSION CRITERIA®



Active or untreated brain metastases, or spinal cord compression^b



Tumors expressing EGFR mutations, ALK rearrangement, or ROS1 fusions



Ongoing or recent evidence (within 2 years) of an autoimmune disease that required systemic treatment with immunosuppressive agents



Treatment with prior systemic therapies



Encephalitis, meningitis, or uncontrolled seizures in the year prior to enrollment.



History of interstitial lung disease



Known primary immunodeficiencies either cellular or combined T- and B-cell immunodeficiencies

*Inclusion/exclusion criteria include a summary of selected criteria. Please review the complete study design on clinicaltrials.gov for complete details. *Patients are eligible if central nervous system (CNS) metastases are adequately treated and patients have neurologically returned to baseline (except for residual signs or symptoms related to the CNS treatment) for at least 2 weeks prior to enrollment. *Patients who have received prior systemic therapies are excluded with the exception of the following:

- Adjuvant or neoadjuvant platinum-based doublet chemotherapy (after surgery and/or radiation therapy) if recurrent or metastatic disease develops more than 6 months after completing therapy as long as toxicities have resolved to CTCAE grade <1 or baseline with the exception of alopecia and peripheral neuropathy.
- Anti-PD-(L)1 with or without LAG-3 as an adjuvant or neoadjuvant therapy as long as the last dose is >12 months prior to enrollment.
- Prior exposure to other immunomodulatory or vaccine therapies as an adjuvant or neoadjuvant therapy such as anti-CTLA-4 antibodies as long as the last dose is >6 months prior to enrollment.

 Note: Immune-mediated AEs must be resolved to CTCAE grade ≤1 or baseline by the time of enrollment. Endocrine immune-mediated AEs controlled with hormonal or other non-immunosuppressive therapies without resolution prior to enrollment are allowed.

AE, adverse event; ALK, anaplastic lymphoma kinase; CT, computerized tomography; CTCAE, Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; EGFR, epidermal growth factor receptor; LAG-3, lymphocyte activation gene-3; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; NSCLC, non-small cell lung cancer; PD-1/PD-L1, programmed cell death protein/ligand 1; RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; ROS1, ROS proto-oncogene 1.

Current per clinicaltrials.gov as of December 20, 2023.

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