

Institute of Technology of Cambodia

Department of Electrical and Energy Engineering



Course Title:

Analog Electronics

npn BJT as cabinet Drawer Electric Door Lock

Group 4:

1.SOK SEANGHAI	Calculator
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2. SOK SOPHORS Calculator

3. SOK THYRITH Edit Slides

4. SOK VATHANAK

Build Circuit

5. SOM CHANTOLA Leader

6. SOM SOMBATHROTANAK Researcher

Components



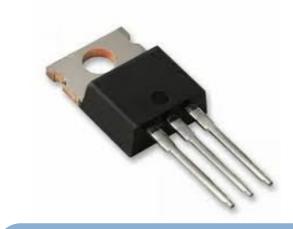
Power Suppy



jumper wires



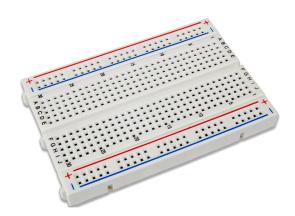
Door lock



Transistor



Arduino



breadboard

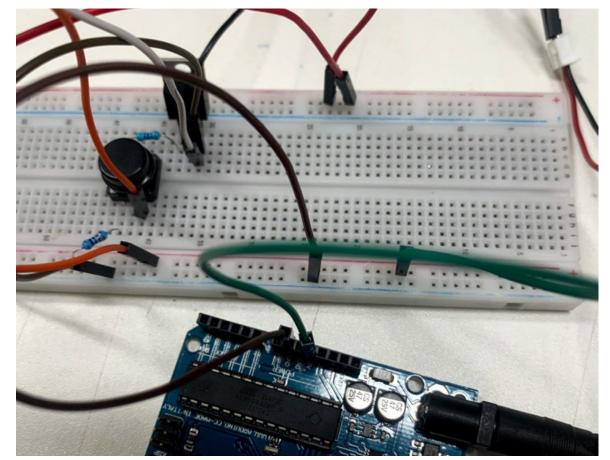


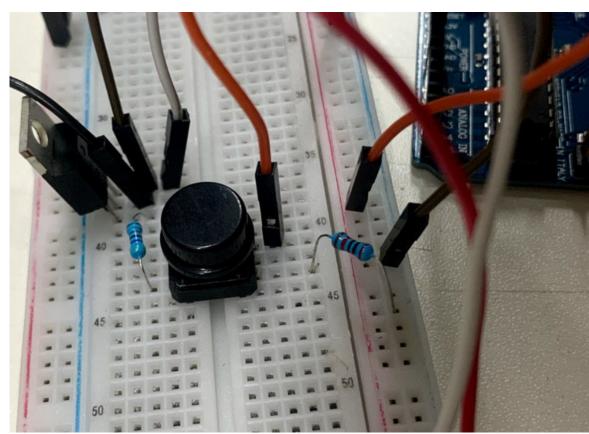
resistor



push button

The process





1. Connect the lock to the positive terminal of the power supply and the other to the collector of the transistor(1RF630N).



2. Connect the emitter of the transistor to the ground of the power supply and Arduino. Then Connect a $4.7k\Omega$ resistor from the base of the transistor to the terminal of button.

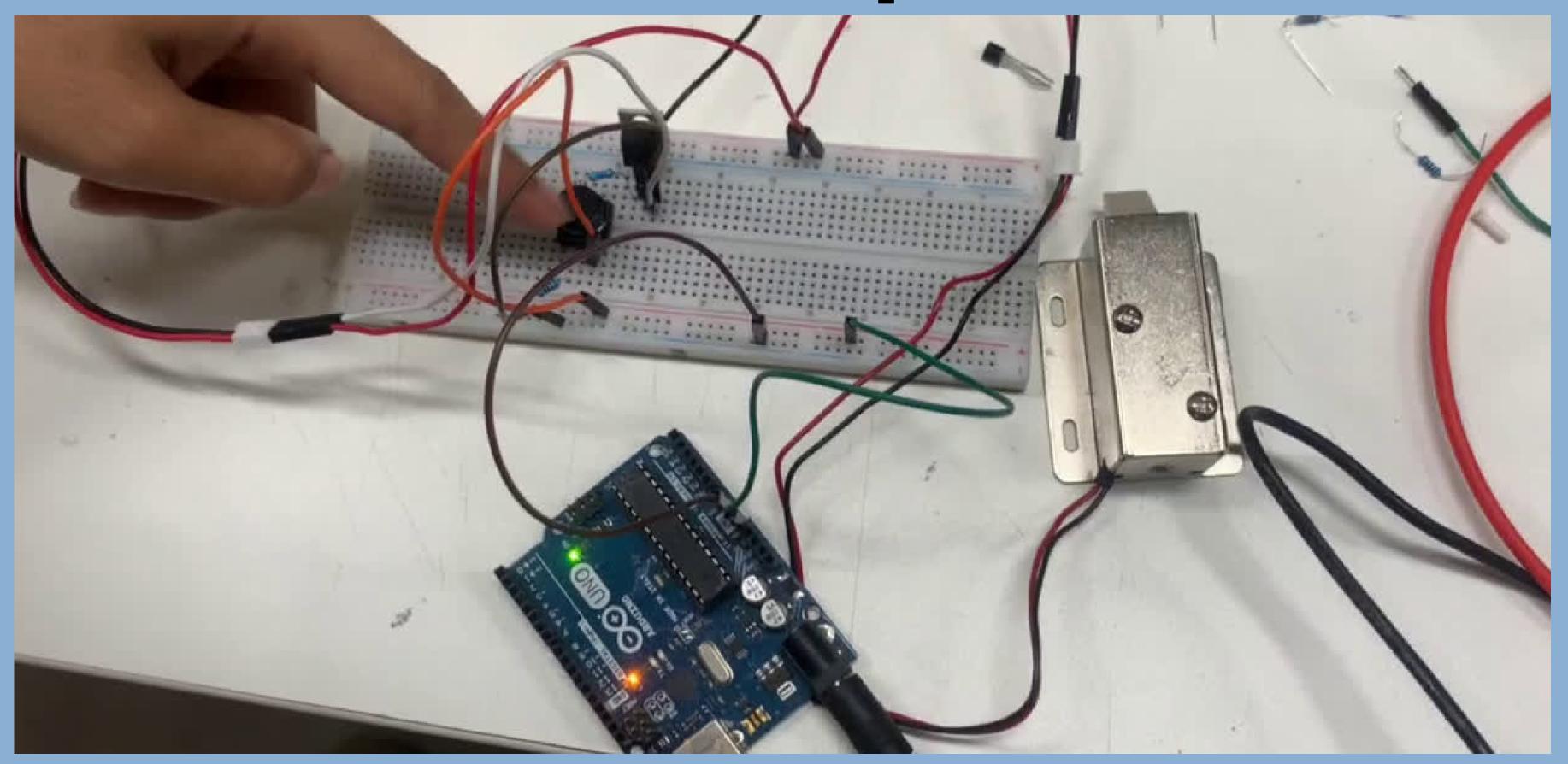


3. Connect the other terminal of the push button switch to the ground of the terminal 5V of Arduino. Connect a $20k\Omega$ resistor from button to ground of Arduino.



3. Finally we supply 12V that connected terminal of lock and collector and 5v from Arduino to button on breadboard. All of connect using jumper wires.

Result of process



Calculation

Assume transistor is biased in Forward-active mode: on circuit we assume RB=4.7kohm , V(BE)on=0.7v, β = 150 and we have VB=5v, VC=12V

By KVL, Then base current is:

$$IB=(VB-V(BE)on)/RB=0.91mA$$

So, the collector current is:

$$IC=\beta IB=136.5mA$$

The emitter current is:

$$IE=(1+\beta)IB=137.41$$

