IT 214 DBMS

Lab 9

Prepared by: Group S6_T9

ID	Name
201901076	Utsav Ladani
201901090	Pandar Mayur
201901131	Bhavya Solanki
201901304	Dev Joshi

Dhirubhai Ambani Institute of Information and Communication Technology

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Show Details of Users (user name, email ID, phone number).

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "User_Name", "Email_ID", "Mobile_Number" FROM "User";
```

Snapshot :

	201901131_db/postgre	s@PostgreSQL 13 ✓	
Query	y Editor Query History	1	
	SET SEARCH_PATH T SELECT "User_Name	O "T9_OMMS"; ","Email_ID","Mobile_Nur	umber" FROM "User"
Data	Output Explain Me	essages Notifications	
4		Email ID	Mobile Number
		Email_ID character varying (100)	Mobile_Number_character (10)
193	Luca		
193 194	Luca	character varying (100)	character (10)
		character varying (100) Imeaton5c@cmu.edu	character (10)
194	Thaine	character varying (100) Imeaton5c@cmu.edu tking5d@wikia.com	character (10) 1028460102 4203363386
194 195	Thaine Gustaf	character varying (100) Imeaton5c@cmu.edu tking5d@wikia.com gmarlowe5e@furl.net	character (10) 1028460102 4203363386 2606675022
194 195 196	Thaine Gustaf Hulda	character varying (100) Imeaton5c@cmu.edu tking5d@wikia.com gmarlowe5e@furl.net hdanilovich5f@webnode.com	character (10) 1028460102 4203363386 2606675022 7442878729
194 195 196 197	Thaine Gustaf Hulda Ambrosi	character varying (100) Imeaton5c@cmu.edu tking5d@wikia.com gmarlowe5e@furl.net hdanilovich5f@webnode.com atower5g@a8.net	character (10) 1028460102 4203363386 2606675022 7442878729 4987060286

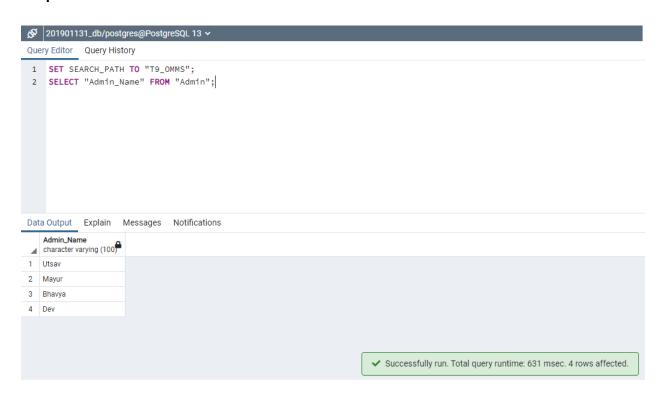
Result Contains : 200 Tuples.

Show Names of the All Admins.

SQL Query :

SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Admin_Name" FROM "Admin";

Snapshot:



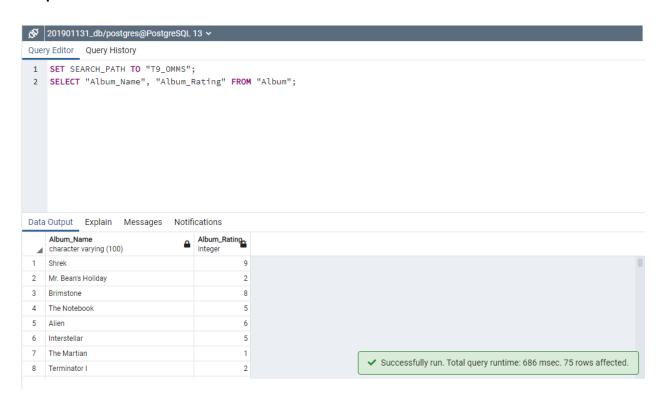
Result Contains: 4 Tuples.

Show Rating of the Albums with Album Name.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Album_Name", "Album_Rating" FROM "Album";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 75 Tuples.

4)

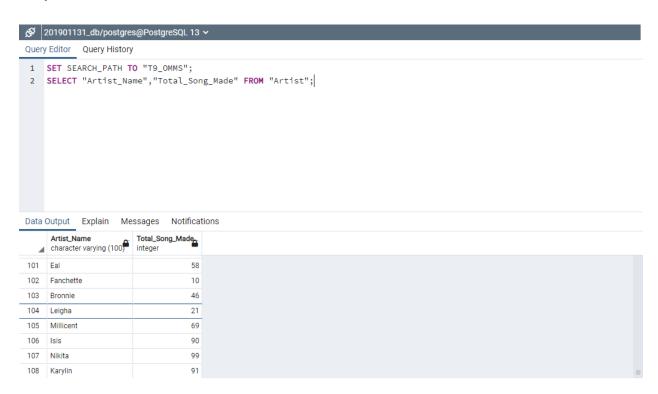
Plain English Query:

Show Count of How many songs an Artist has made along with Artist Name.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Artist_Name","Total_Song_Made" FROM "Artist";
```

Snapshot:



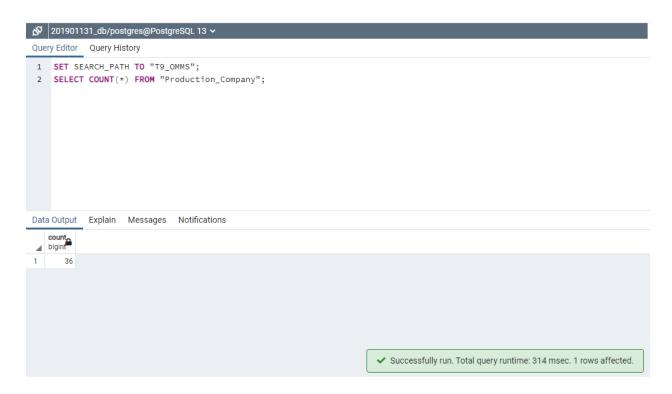
Result Contains: 108 Tuples.

Count Total Number Of Production Companies.

SQL Query :

SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM "Production_Company";

Snapshot:



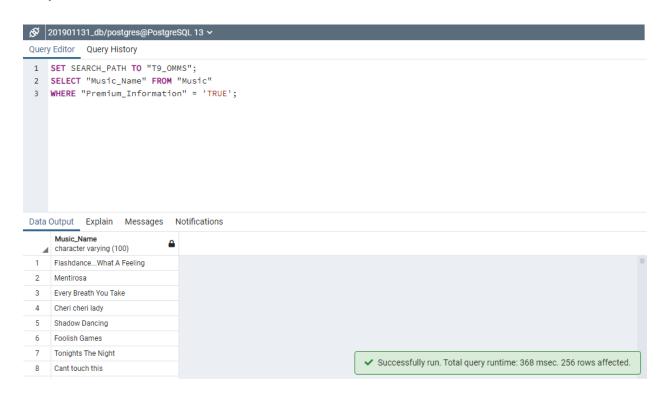
Result Contains : Count = 36 (1 Tuple).

List Name of All Premium Songs

SQL Query :

SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Music_Name" FROM "Music"
WHERE "Premium_Information" = 'TRUE';

Snapshot :



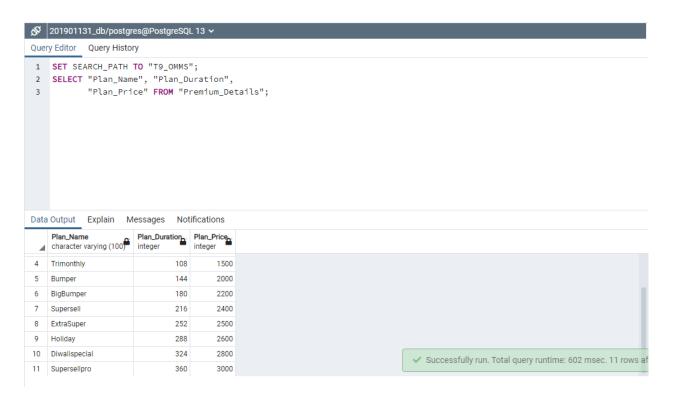
Result Contains: 256 Tuples.

Show Details of all the Plans.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Plan_Name", "Plan_Duration",
    "Plan_Price" FROM "Premium_Details";
```

Snapshot :



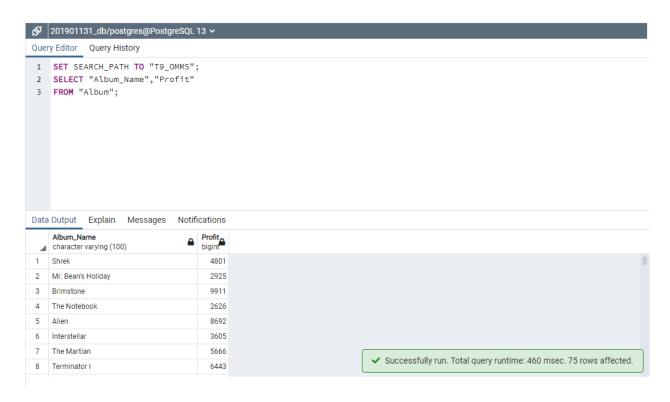
Result Contains: 11 Tuples.

Show Money made by each Album.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Album_Name","Profit"
FROM "Album";
```

Snapshot :



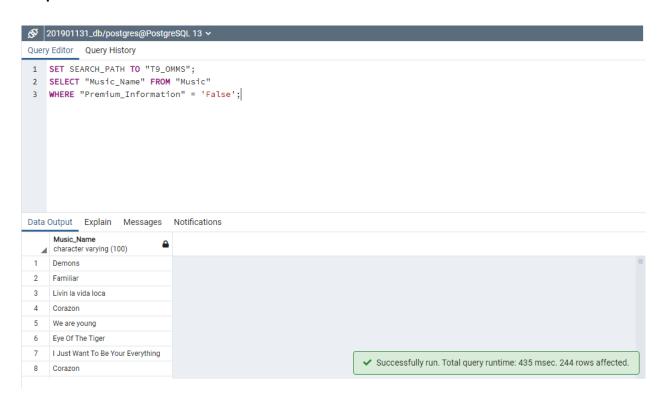
Result Contains: 75 Tuples.

List all song names that non-premium users can listen.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Music_Name" FROM "Music"
WHERE "Premium_Information" = 'False';
```

Snapshot :



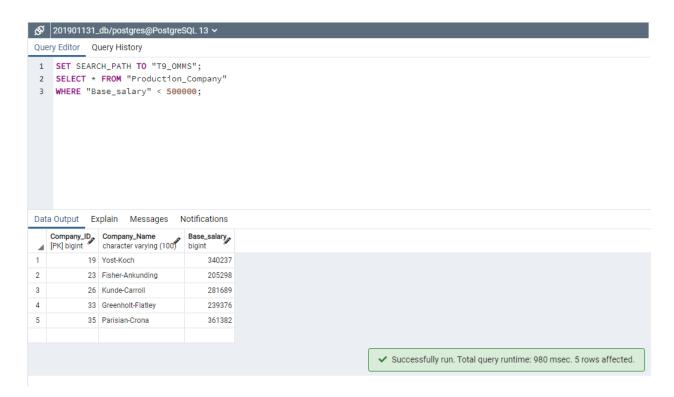
Result Contains: 244 Tuples.

List all the Company names which give the base salary less than 500000.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "Production_Company"
WHERE "Base_salary" < 500000;
```

Snapshot:



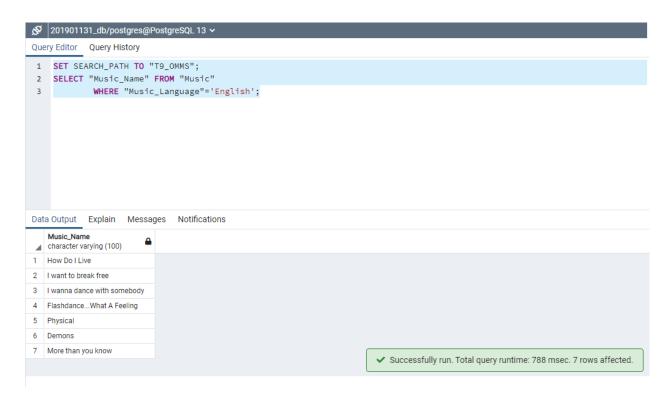
Result Contains: 5 Tuples.

List all the Music names with English language.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Music_Name" FROM "Music"
WHERE "Music_Language"='English';
```

Snapshot :



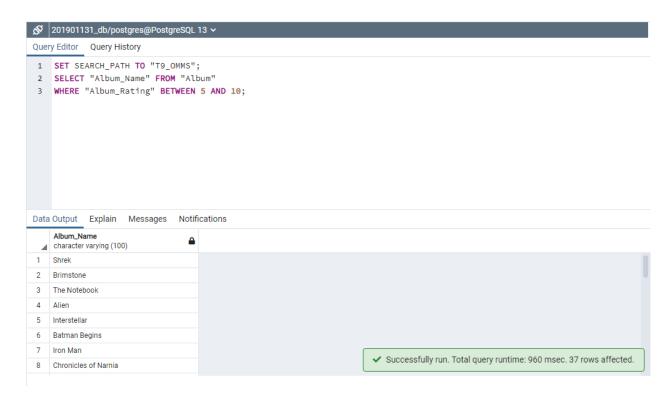
Result Contains: 7 Tuples.

List all the album names which rating between 6 to 10.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Album_Name" FROM "Album"
WHERE "Album_Rating" BETWEEN 5 AND 10;
```

Snapshot :



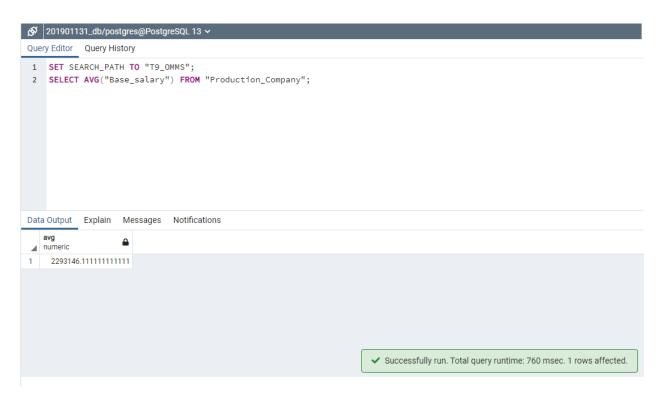
Result Contains: 37 Tuples.

Find the average base salary of all the companies.

SQL Query :

SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT AVG("Base_salary") FROM "Production_Company";

Snapshot :



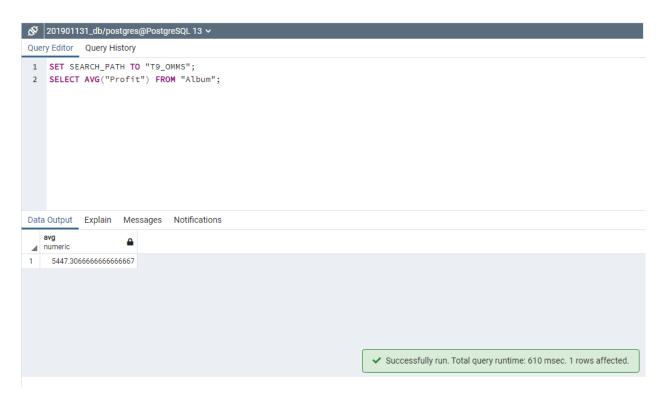
Result Contains : 1 Tuple.

Find out the average profit of albums.

SQL Query :

SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS"; SELECT AVG("Profit") FROM "Album";

Snapshot :



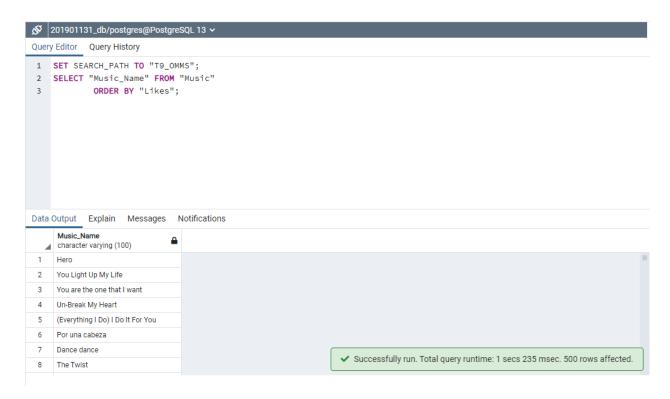
Result Contains : 1 Tuple.

List the music names in ascending order of likes.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Music_Name" FROM "Music"
ORDER BY "Likes";
```

Snapshot :



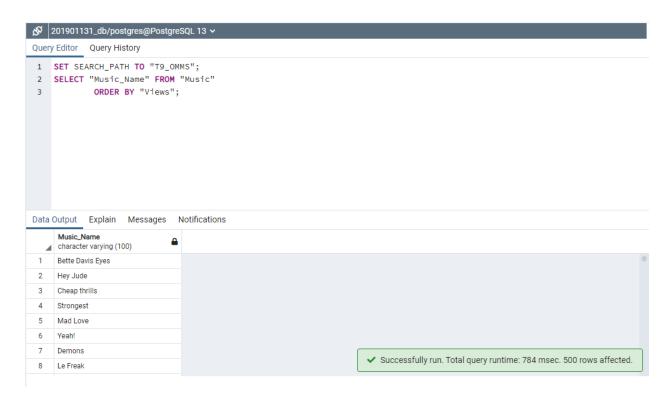
Result Contains: 500 Tuples.

List the music names in ascending order of views.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Music_Name" FROM "Music"
ORDER BY "Views";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 500 Tuples.

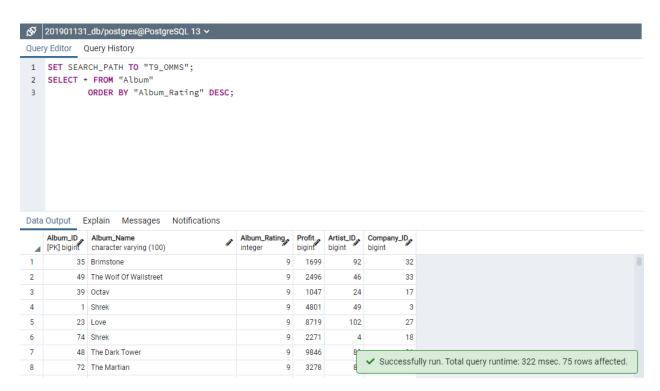
List the albums in descending order of rating.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "Album"

ORDER BY "Album_Rating" DESC;
```

Snapshot:



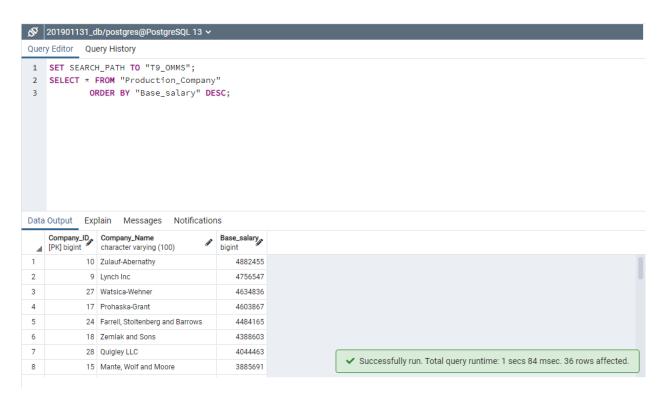
Result Contains: **7**5 Tuples.

List the company in descending order of base salary.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "Production_Company"
ORDER BY "Base_salary" DESC;
```

Snapshot:



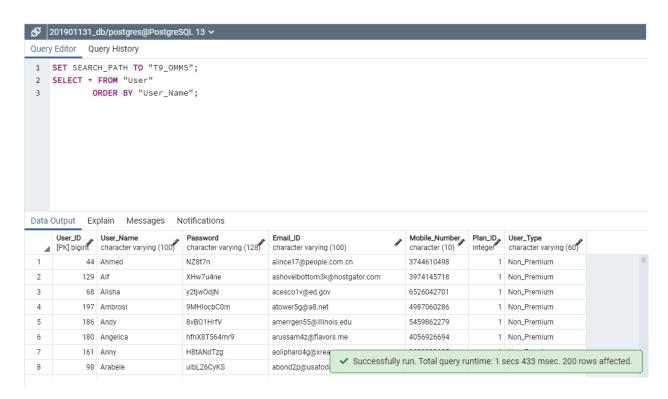
Result Contains: 36 Tuples.

List the User in alphabetical order.

SQL Query

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "User"
ORDER BY "User_Name";
```

Snapshot :



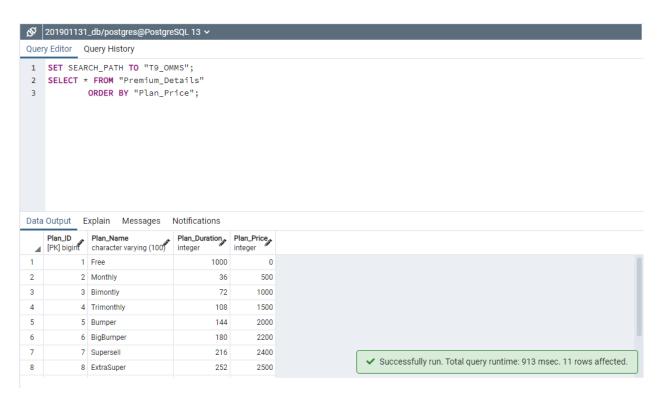
Result Contains: 200 Tuples.

List the Plan in ascending order of plan price.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "Premium_Details"
ORDER BY "Plan_Price";
```

Snapshot:



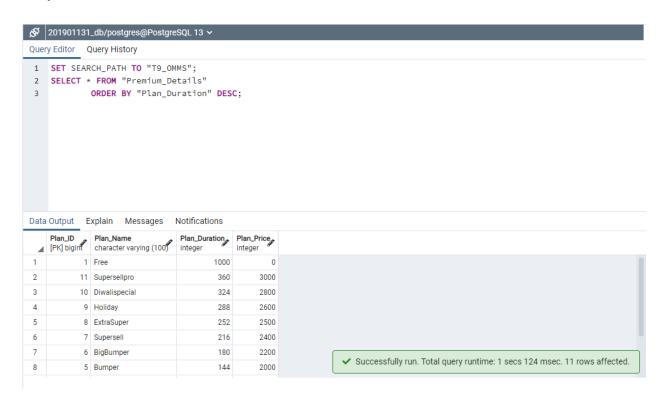
Result Contains: 11 Tuples.

List the Plan in descending order of plan duration.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT * FROM "Premium_Details"
ORDER BY "Plan_Duration" DESC
```

Snapshot:



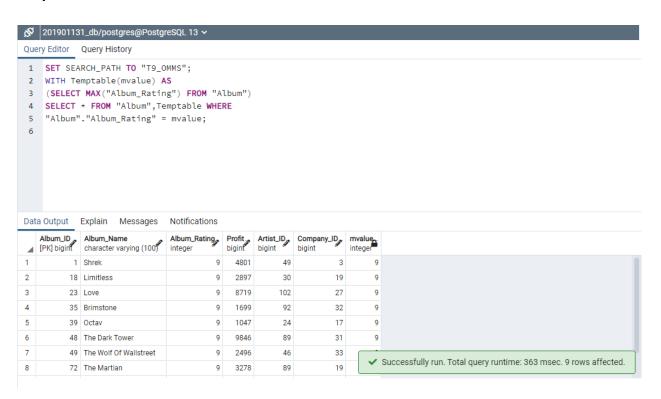
Result Contains: 11 Tuples.

List the albums which have maximum rating.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH Temptable(mvalue) AS
(SELECT MAX("Album_Rating") FROM "Album")
SELECT * FROM "Album", Temptable WHERE
"Album"."Album_Rating" = mvalue;
```

Snapshot :



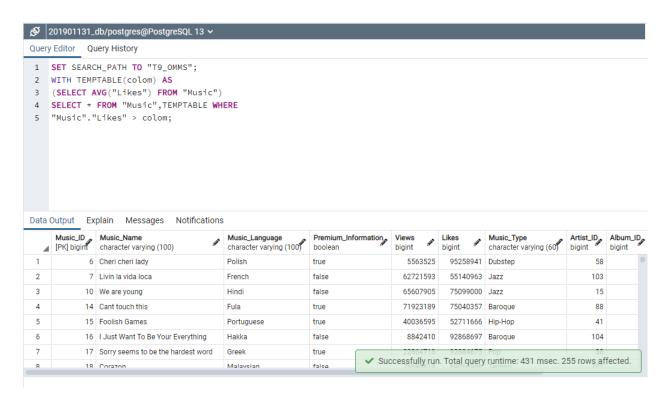
Result Contains: 9 Tuples.

List songs which have more likes than average likes.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Likes") FROM "Music")
SELECT * FROM "Music", TEMPTABLE WHERE
"Music"."Likes" > colom;
```

Snapshot :



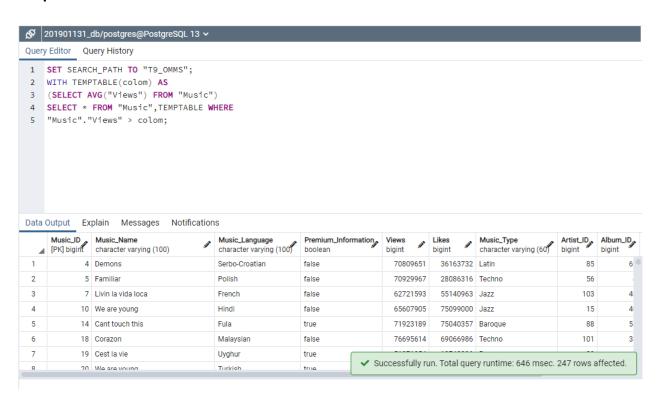
Result Contains: 255 Tuples.

List songs which have more views than average views.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Views") FROM "Music")
SELECT * FROM "Music", TEMPTABLE WHERE
"Music"."Views" > colom;
```

Snapshot :



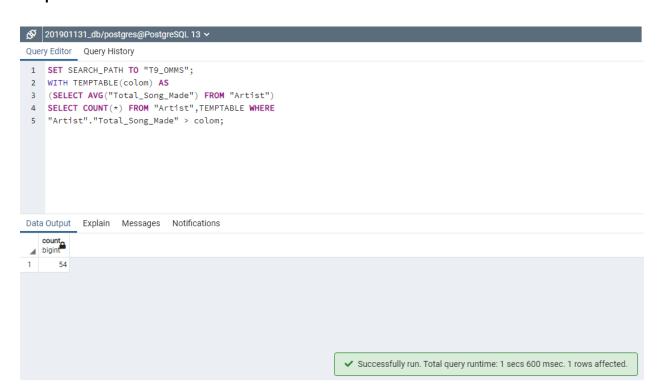
Result Contains: 247 Tuples.

List the number of artists which maded the songs greater than average songs.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Total_Song_Made") FROM "Artist")
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM "Artist",TEMPTABLE WHERE
"Artist"."Total_Song_Made" > colom;
```

Snapshot :



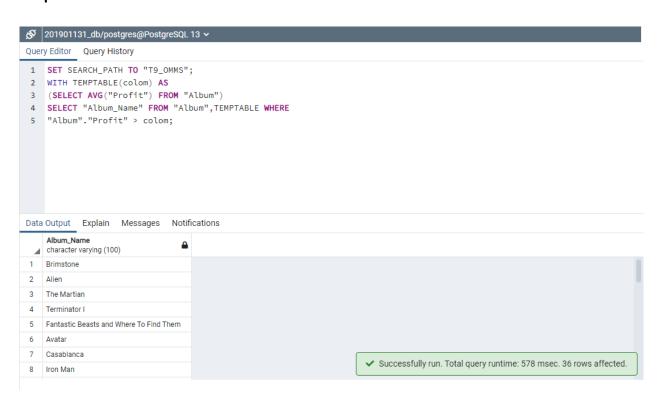
Result Contains : 1 Tuple.

List the name of albums which have profit greater than average profit.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Profit") FROM "Album")
SELECT "Album_Name" FROM "Album",TEMPTABLE WHERE
"Album"."Profit" > colom;
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 36 Tuples.

List the Companies which have a base salary greater than average base salary.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Base_salary") FROM "Production_Company")
SELECT "Company_Name" FROM "Production_Company",TEMPTABLE WHERE
"Production_Company"."Base_salary" > colom;
```

Snapshot :

30	S 00000000 # 1/2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -						
ΩV	⊗ 201901131_db/postgres@PostgreSQL13 ∨						
Que	Query Editor Query History						
1	SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";						
2	WITH TEMPTABLE(colom) AS						
3	(SELECT AVG("Base_salary") FROM "Production_Company")						
4	SELECT "Company_Name" FROM "Production_Company", TEMPTABLE WHERE						
5	"Production_Company"."Base_salary" > colom;						
Doto	Date Catanta Familia Managara Matifestiana						
Date	Data Output Explain Messages Notifications						
4	Company_Name character varying (100)						
1	Lynch Inc						
2	Zulauf-Abernathy						
3	Heidenreich-Murphy						
4	Rippin-Shields						
5	Hammes and Sons						
6	Conroy, Kilback and Kreiger						
7	Mante, Wolf and Moore						
8	Prohaska-Grant	✓ Successfully run. Total query runtime: 1 secs 184 msec. 17 rows affected.					

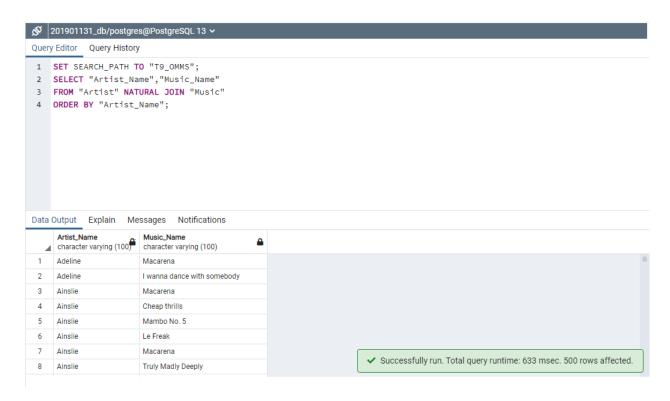
Result Contains: 17 Tuples.

List the Artist name along with the song name he has made and order them by Artist name.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Artist_Name","Music_Name"
FROM "Artist" NATURAL JOIN "Music"
ORDER BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 500 Tuples.

List the company name along with number of employees.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

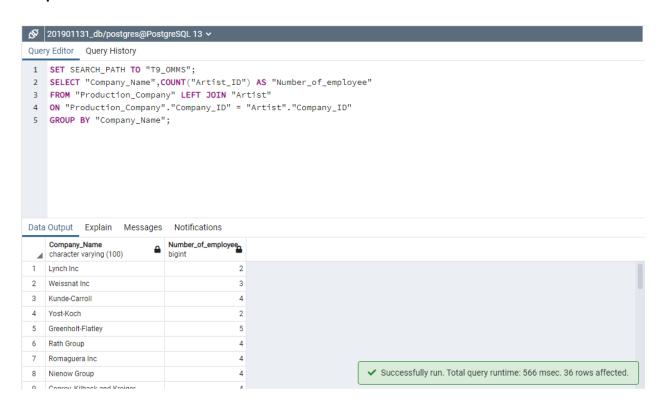
SELECT "Company_Name",COUNT("Artist_ID") AS "Number_of_employee"

FROM "Production_Company" LEFT JOIN "Artist"

ON "Production_Company"."Company_ID" = "Artist"."Company_ID"

GROUP BY "Company_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 36 Tuples.

List the company name along with the number of albums.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

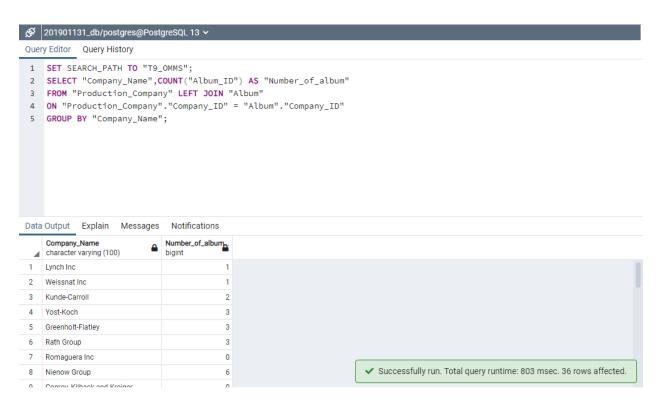
SELECT "Company_Name",COUNT("Album_ID") AS "Number_of_album"

FROM "Production_Company" LEFT JOIN "Album"

ON "Production_Company"."Company_ID" = "Album"."Company_ID"

GROUP BY "Company_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 36 Tuples.

List artist along with number of albums.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

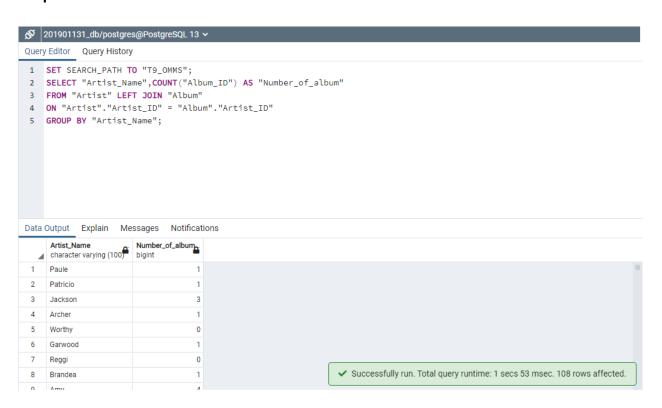
SELECT "Artist_Name",COUNT("Album_ID") AS "Number_of_album"

FROM "Artist" LEFT JOIN "Album"

ON "Artist"."Artist_ID" = "Album"."Artist_ID"

GROUP BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



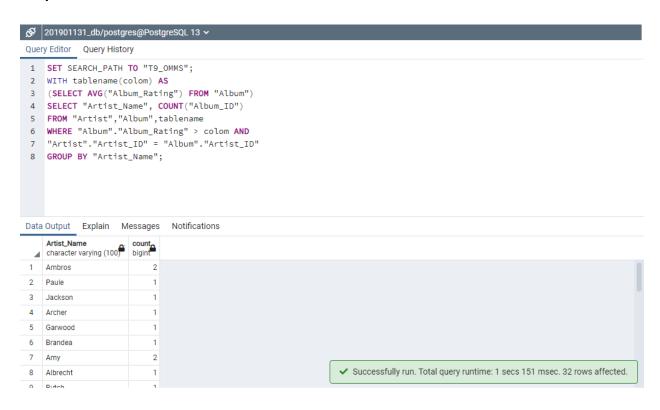
Result Contains: 108 Tuples.

List artist along with number of albums which have ratings greater than average rating.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH tablename(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Album_Rating") FROM "Album")
SELECT "Artist_Name", COUNT("Album_ID")
FROM "Artist","Album",tablename
WHERE "Album"."Album_Rating" > colom AND
"Artist"."Artist_ID" = "Album"."Artist_ID"
GROUP BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



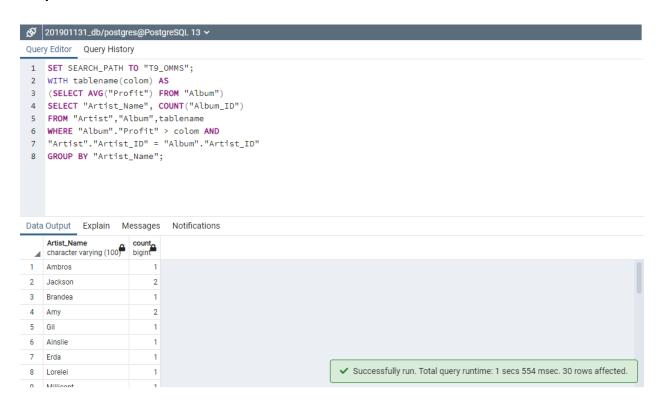
Result Contains: 32 Tuples.

List artist along with number of profit which have profit greater than average profit.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
WITH tablename(colom) AS
(SELECT AVG("Profit") FROM "Album")
SELECT "Artist_Name", COUNT("Album_ID")
FROM "Artist","Album",tablename
WHERE "Album"."Profit" > colom AND
"Artist"."Artist_ID" = "Album"."Artist_ID"
GROUP BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 30 Tuples.

List artist along with number of music made in each language.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

SELECT "Artist_Name","Music_Language",

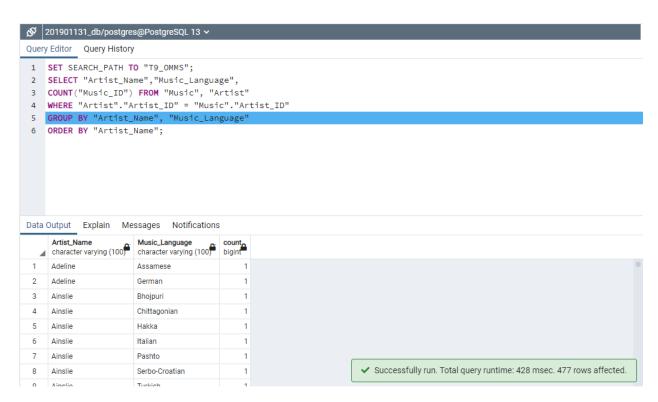
COUNT("Music_ID") FROM "Music", "Artist"

WHERE "Artist"."Artist_ID" = "Music"."Artist_ID"

GROUP BY "Artist_Name", "Music_Language"

ORDER BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



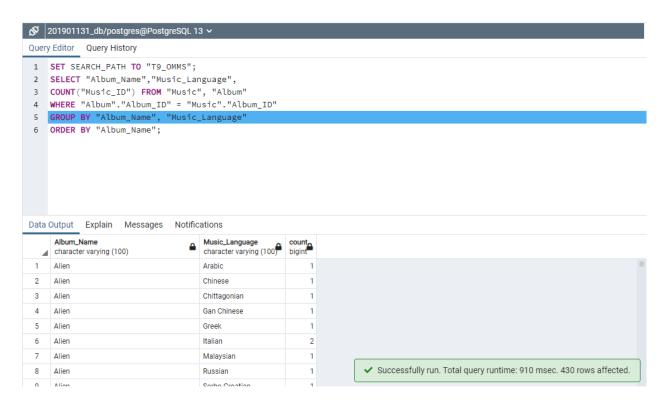
Result Contains: 477 Tuples.

List album along with number of music in each language.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
SELECT "Album_Name","Music_Language",
COUNT("Music_ID") FROM "Music", "Album"
WHERE "Album"."Album_ID" = "Music"."Album_ID"
GROUP BY "Album_Name", "Music_Language"
ORDER BY "Album_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 430 Tuples.

List albums along with a number of music types(pop, rope, HIp-Hop, etc).

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

SELECT "Album_Name","Music_Type",

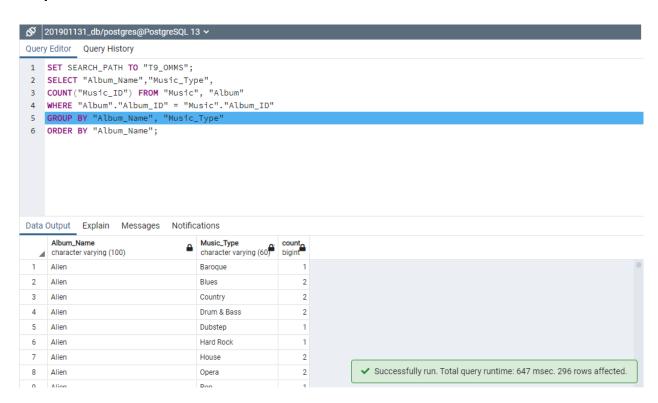
COUNT("Music_ID") FROM "Music", "Album"

WHERE "Album"."Album_ID" = "Music"."Album_ID"

GROUP BY "Album_Name", "Music_Type"

ORDER BY "Album_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 296 Tuples.

List company name along with number of produced songs.

SQL Query :

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

SELECT "Company_Name", COUNT("Music_ID")

FROM "Production_Company", "Album", "Music"

WHERE

"Production_Company"."Company_ID" =

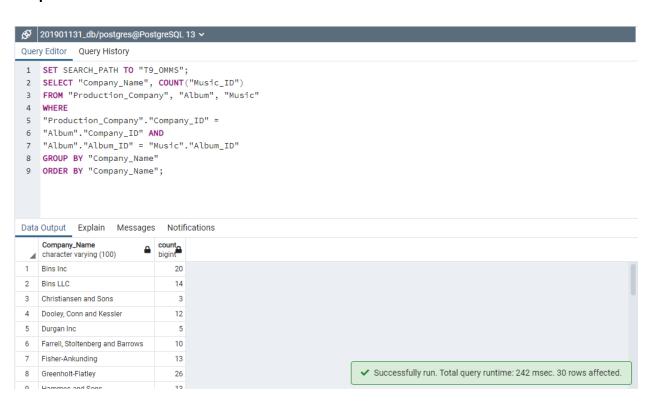
"Album"."Company_ID" AND

"Album"."Album_ID" = "Music"."Album_ID"

GROUP BY "Company_Name"

ORDER BY "Company_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 30 Tuples.

List artist along with a number of music types(pop, rope, HIp-Hop, etc).

SQL Query

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";

SELECT "Artist_Name","Music_Type",

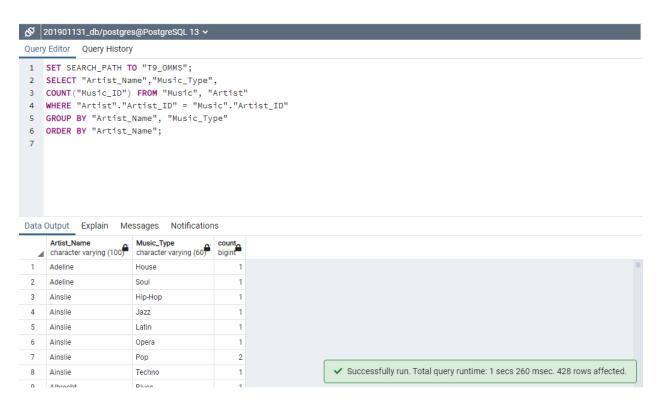
COUNT("Music_ID") FROM "Music", "Artist"

WHERE "Artist"."Artist_ID" = "Music"."Artist_ID"

GROUP BY "Artist_Name", "Music_Type"

ORDER BY "Artist_Name";
```

Snapshot :



Result Contains: 428 Tuples.

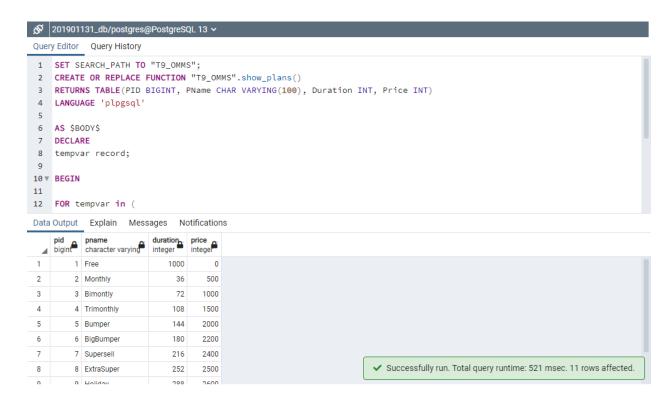
Show plan details using a function.

SELECT * FROM show_plans();

```
SQL Query
```

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION "T9_OMMS".show_plans()
RETURNS TABLE(PID BIGINT, PName CHAR VARYING(100), Duration INT, Price INT)
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql'
AS $BODY$
DECLARE
tempvar record;
BEGIN
FOR tempvar in (
      SELECT "Plan_ID", "Plan_Name", "Plan_Duration", "Plan_Price" FROM
"T9_OMMS"."Premium_Details"
LOOP
PID := tempvar."Plan_ID";
PName := tempvar."Plan_Name";
Duration := tempvar."Plan_Duration";
Price := tempvar."Plan_Price";
Return next;
end loop;
END;
$BODY$;
```

Snapshot



Result Contains : 11 Tuples

41)

Plain English Query:

Create Trigger function to do transaction.

SQL Query :

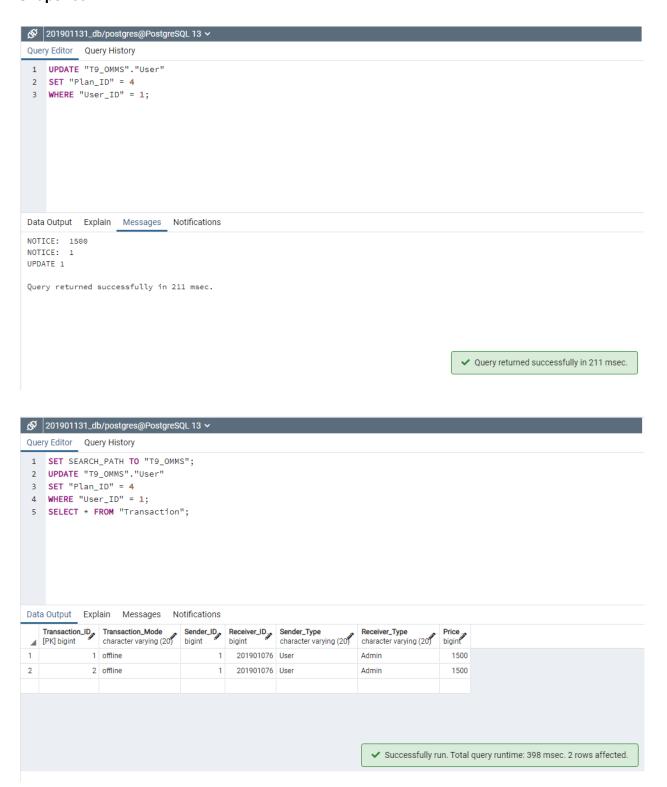
```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION buy_plan()
RETURNS TRIGGER
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql'
AS $BODY$
DECLARE
price integer;
number_of_transaction integer;
```

BEGIN

```
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
```

```
SELECT "Plan Price" INTO price
FROM "Premium_Details"
WHERE "Plan ID" = NEW."Plan ID";
RAISE NOTICE '%', price;
SELECT COUNT("Transaction ID") INTO
number of transaction FROM "Transaction";
RAISE NOTICE '%', number_of_transaction;
INSERT INTO "Transaction"(
"Transaction_ID", "Transaction_Mode",
"Sender_ID", "Receiver_ID",
"Sender_Type", "Receiver_Type", "Price")
VALUES (number_of_transaction+1,'offline', NEW."User_ID", 201901076, 'User', 'Admin', price);
RETURN NULL;
END;
$BODY$;
CREATE TRIGGER "Buy_Plan" AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE
ON "T9_OMMS"."User" FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE FUNCTION "T9_OMMS".buy_plan();
Check on update
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
UPDATE "T9_OMMS"."User"
SET "Plan_ID" = 4
WHERE "User ID" = 1;
SELECT * FROM "Transaction";
```

Snapshot



Create trigger function to update User Type.

```
SQL Query
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION set user type()
RETURNS TRIGGER
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql'
AS $BODY$
BEGIN
IF (NEW."Plan_ID" > 1) THEN
      NEW "User_Type" = 'Premium';
ELSE
      NEW."User_Type" = 'Free';
END IF;
RETURN NEW;
END;
$BODY$;
CREATE TRIGGER "Set User Type"
BEFORE UPDATE ON "T9_OMMS"."User"
FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE FUNCTION "T9_OMMS".set_user_type();
Check on Update
SET SEARCH_PATH TO "T9_OMMS";
UPDATE "T9 OMMS". "User"
SET "User_Type" = 'Premium'
WHERE "User_ID" = 1;
```

Snapshot

