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Grado en Ingeniería Eléctrica

TRABAJO FIN DE GRADO

TÍTULO DEL TRABAJO

Francisco Delgado López

Tutor: Óscar Perpiñán Lamigueiro

Departamento: Departamento de Ingeniería Eléctrica, Electrónica, Automática y

Física Aplicada

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TÌtulo: título del trabajo **Autor:** Francisco Delgado López **Tutor:** Óscar Perpiñán Lamigueiro

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Agradecimientos

Agradezco a . . .

Resumen

Este proyecto	se	resume	en														
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Palabras clave: geometría solar, radiación solar, energía solar, fotovoltaica, métodos de visualización, series temporales, datos espacio-temporales, S4

Abstract

т	.1 .	. ,				
In	this	project.				

 $\textbf{Keywords:} \quad \text{solar geometry, solar radiation, solar energy, photovoltaic, visualitation methods, temporal series, space-time data, S4$

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CAPÍTULO 1

Introducción

1.1. Objetivos

El objetivo principal de este proyecto es el desarrollo de un paquete en R[R C23] con el cual poder realizar estimaciones y representaciones gráficas de la posible generación de una instalación fotovoltaica.

Durante el resto del documento, si fuera necesario, se hará referencia al paquete desarrollado en este proyecto con el nombre solaR2 [CITAR SOLAR2].

El usuario podrá colocar los datos que considere convenientes (desde una base de datos oficial, una base de datos propia... etc.) en cada una de las funciones que ofrece el paquete pudiendo así obtener resultados de la geometría solar, de la radiación horizontal, de la eficaz y hasta de la producción de diferentes tipos de sistemas fotovoltaicos.

El paquete también incluye una serie de funciones que permiten hacer representaciones gráficas de estas producciones con el fin de poder apreciar con más detalle las diferencias entre sistemas y contemplar cual es la mejor opción para el emplazamiento elegido.

Este proyecto toma su origen en el paquete ya existente solaR[Per12] el cual desarrolló el tutor de este proyecto en 2012. Por la antigüedad del código se propuso la idea de renovarlo teniendo en cuenta el paquete en el que basa su funcionamiento. El paquete solaR basó su funcionamiento en el paquete zoo[ZG05] el cual proporciona una sólida base para trabajar con series temporales. Sin embargo, como base de solaR2 se optó por el paquete data.table[Bar+24]. Este paquete ofrece una extensión de los clásicos data.frame de R en los data.table, los cuales pueden trabajar rápidamente con enormes cantidades de datos (por ejemplo, 100 GB de RAM).

La clave de ambos proyectos es que al estar alojados en R, cualquier usuario puede acceder a ellos de forma gratuita, tan solo necesitas tener instalado R en tu dispositivo.

Para alojar este proyecto se toman dos vías:

- Github Wan+23: Donde se aloja la versión de desarrollo del paquete.
- CRAN: Acrónimo de Comprehensive R Archive Network, es el repositorio donde se alojan las versiones definitivas de los paquetes y desde el cual se descargan a la sesión de R.

El paquete solaR2 permite realizar las siguientes operaciones:

 Cálculo de toda la geometría que caracteriza a la radiación procedente del Sol [CITAR CÓDIGO]

- Tratamiento de datos meteorológicos (en especial de radiación), procedentes de datos ofrecidos del usuario y de la red de estaciones SIAR [Min23] [CITAR CÓDIGO]
- Una vez calculado lo anterior, se pueden hacer estimaciones de:
 - Los componentes de radiación horizontal [CITAR CALCG0].
 - Los componentes de radiación eficaz en el plano inclinado [CITAR CALCGEF].
 - La producción de sistemas fotovoltaicos conectados a red [CITAR PRODGCPV] y sistemas fotovoltaivos de bombeo [CITAR PRODPVPS].

Este proyecto ha tenido a su vez una serie de objetivos secundarios:

- Uso y manejo de GNU Emacs [Sta85] en el que se realizaron todos los archivos que componen este documento (utilizando el modo Org [Dom+03]) y el paquete descrito (empleando ESS [Pro24])
- Dominio de diferentes paquetes de R:
 - zoo[ZG05]: Paquete que proporciona un conjunto de clases y métodos en S3 para trabajar con series temporales regulares e irregulares. Usado en el paquete solaR como pilar central.
 - data.table[Bar+24]: Otorga una extensión a los datos de tipo data.frame que permite una alta eficiencia especialmente con conjuntos de datos muy grandes. Se ha utilizado en el paquete solaR2 en sustitución del paquete zoo como tipo de dato principal en el cual se construyen las clases y métodos de este paquete.
 - microbenchmark[Mer+23]: Proporciona infraestructura para medir y comparar con precisión el tiempo de ejecución de expresiones en R. Usado para comparar los tiempos de ejecución de ambos paquetes.
 - profvis[Wic+24]: Crea una interfaz gráfica donde explorar los datos de rendimiento de una expresión dada. Aplicada junto con microbenchmark para detectar y corregir cuellos de botella en el paquete solaR2
 - lattice[Sar08]: Proporciona diversas funciones con las que representar datos. El paquete solaR2 utiliza este paquete para representar de forma visual los datos obtenidos en las estimaciones.
- Junto con el modo Org, se ha utilizado el prepador de textos LATEX (partiendo de un archivo .org, se puede exportar a un archivo .tex para posteriormente exportar un pdf).
- Obtener conocimientos teóricos acerca de la radiación solar y de la producción de energía solar mediante sistemas fotovoltaicos y sus diversos tipos. Para ello se ha usado en mayor medida el libro "Energía Solar Fotovoltaica" [Per23].

1.2. Análisis previo de soluciones

Este proyecto, como ya se ha comentado, es el heredero del paquete solaR desarrollado por Oscar Perpiñán. La filosofía de ambos paquetes es la misma y los resultados que dan son muy similares. Sin embargo, lo que les diferencia es el paquete sobre el que construyen sus datos. Mientras que solaR basa sus clases y métodos en el paquete zoo, solaR2 en el paquete data.table. Los dos paquetes pueden trabajar con series temporales, pero, mientras que zoo es más eficaz trabajando con series temporales, data.table es más

eficiente a la hora de trabajar con una cantidad grande de datos, lo cual a la hora de realizar estimaciones muy precisas es beneficioso. Por otro lado, existen otras soluciones fuera de R:

1. PVsyst - Photovoltaic Software

Este software es probablemente el más conocido dentro del ámbito del estudio y la estimación de instalaciones fotovoltaicas. Permite una gran personalización de todos los componentes de la instalación.

2. SISIFO

Herramienta web diseanda por el Grupo de Sistemas Fotovoltaicos del Instituto de Energía Solar de la Universidad Politécnica de Madrid.

3. PVGIS

Aplicación web desarrolada por el European Commission Joint Research Center desde 2001.

4. System Advisor Model

Desarrollado por el Laboratorio Nacional de Energías Renovables, perteneciente al Departamento de energía del gobierno de EE.UU.

En el apartado [ref:sec:ejemplos] se realizará un ejemplo práctico que compare los resultados entre **PVsyst**, solaR y solaR2

1.3. Aspectos técnicos

Para elaborar un paquete en R se deben aportar una serie de ficheros:

- R: Fichero que contiene todos los archivos .R que se van a ejecutar en la instalación del paquete. Esto incluye funciones, clases y métodos.
- data: Aquí se incluyen los datos externos que el paquete necesita para funcionar.
- DESCRIPTION: Contiene metadatos sobre el paquete, como el nombre, la versión, el autor, etc.
- NAMESPACE: Especifica qué funciones y datos se exportan y se importan.
- inst: Se usa para almacenar archivos importantes pero que no se almacenan en el resto de ficheros.
- tests: Se utiliza para almacenar scripts de pruebas que aseguran que el código del paquete funcione correctamente.
- man: Donde se alojan los ficheros .Rd relacionados con el manual de uso del paquete.
 En estos se almacenan la información de funciones, métodos, clases y datos.

Una vez se tienen todos estos ficheros, el paquete se construye y se prueba.

Estado del arte

2.1. Situación actual de la generación fotovoltaica

Según el informe anual de 2023 de la UNEF¹[UNE23] en 2022 la fotovoltaica se posicionó como la tecnología con más crecimiento a nivel internacional, tanto entre las renovables como entre las no renovables. Se instalaron 240 GWp de nueva capacidad fotovoltaica a nivel mundial, suponiendo esto un incremento del 137% con respecto a 2021.

A pesar de las diversas crisis internacionales, la energía solar fotovoltaica alcanzó a superar los 1185 GWp instalados. Como otros años, las cifras indican que China continuó siendo el primer actor mundial, superando los 106 GWp de potencia instalada en el año. La Unión Europea se situó en el segundo puesto, duplicando la potencia instalada en 2021, y alcanzando un nuevo record con 41 GWp instalados en 2022.

La producción energía fotovoltaica a nivel mundial representó el 31% de la capacidad de generación renovable, convirtiendose así en la segunda fuente de generación, solo por detrás de la energía hidráulica. En 2022 se añadió 3 veces más de energía solar que de energía eólica en todo el mundo.

Por otro lado, la Unión Europea superó a EE.UU. como el segundo mayor actor mundial en desarrollo fotovoltaico, instalando un $47\,\%$ más que en 2021 y alcanzando una potencia acumulada de más de 208 GWp. España lideró el mercado europeo con 8,6 GWp instalados en 2022, superando a Alemania.

El año 2022 fue significativo en términos legislativos con el lanzamiento del Plan RE-PowerEU²[Eur22]. Dentro de este plan, se lanzó la Estrategía de Energía Solar con el objetivo de alcanzar 400 GWp (320 GW) para 2030, incluyendo medidas para desarrollar tejados solares, impulsar la industria fotovoltaica y apoyar la formación de profesionales en el sector.

En 2022, España vivió un auge en el desarrollo fotovoltaico, instalando $5.641~\mathrm{MWp}$ en plantas en suelo, un $30\,\%$ más que en 2021, y aumentando el autoconsumo en un $108\,\%$, alcanzando $3.008~\mathrm{MWp}$. El sector industrial de autoconsumo creció notablemente, representando el $47\,\%$ del autoconsumo total.

España implementó varias iniciativas legislativas para enfrentar la volatilidad de precios de la energía y la dependencia del gas, destacando el RD-ley 6/2022[BOE22b] y el RD 10/2022[BOE22a], que han modificado mecanismos de precios y estableciendo límites al precio del gas.

¹UNEF: Unión Española Fotovoltaica.

²Plan REPowerEÚ: Proyecto por el cual la Unión Europea quiere poner fin a su dependencia de los combustibles fósiles rusos ahorrando energía, diversificando los suministros y acelerando la transción hacia una energía limpia.

El Plan SE+³[dem22] incluye medidas fiscales y administrativas para apoyar las renovables y el autoconsumo. En 2022, se realizaron subastas de energía renovable, asignando 140 MW a solar fotovoltaica en la tercera subasta y 1.800MW en la cuarta, aunque esta última quedó desierta por precios de reserva bajos.

Se adjudicaron 1.200 MW del nudo de transición justa de Andorra a Enel Green Power España, con planes para instalar plantas de hidrógeno verde y agrovoltaica. la actividad en hidrógeno verde y almacenamiento también creció, con fondos adicionales y exenciones de cargos.

El autoconsumo, apoyado por diversas regulaciones y altos precios de la electricidad, registró un crecimiento significativo, alcanzado 2.504 MW de nueva potencia en 2022. Las comunidades energéticas también avanzaron gracias a ayudas específicas, a pesar de la falta de un marco regulatorio definido.

2022 estuvo marcado por los programas financiados por la Unión Europea, especialmente el Mecanismo de Recuperación y Resiliencia[Hac22] que canaliza los fondos Next-GenerationEU[Uni20]. El PERTE⁴, aprobado en diciembre de 2021, espera crear más de 280.000 empleos, con ayudas que se ejecutarán hasta 2026. En 2023 se solicitó a Bruselas una adenda para segunda fase del PERTE, obteniendo 2.700 millones de euros adicionales.

La contribución del sector fotovoltaico a la economía española en 2022 fue significativa, aportando 7.014 millones de euros al PIB 5 , un $51\,\%$ más que el año anterior, y generando una huella econóimca total de 15.656 millones de euros. En términos de empleo, el sector involucró a 197.383 trabajadores, de los cuales 40.683 fueros directos, 97.600 indirectos y 59.100 inducidos.

El sector industrial fotovoltaico nacional tiene una fuerte presencia en España, con hasta un 65 % de los componentes manufacturados localmente. Empresas españolas se encuentran entre los principales fabricantes mundiales de inversores y seguidores solares. Además, España es un importante exportador de estructuras fotovoltaicas y cuenta con iniciativas prometedoras para la fabricación de módulos solares.

UNEF promueve la transformación industrial para que España se convierta en un hub industrial fotovoltaico. Se destaca la necesidad de proteger la industria existente, garantizar un crecimiento constante de la capacidad y ofrecer condiciones de financiamiento favorables. Además se propone implementar una Estrategia Industrial Fotovoltaica para contribuir significativamente a la reindustralización de la economía, aprovechando las medidas del REPower Plan, la Estrategia Solar y la Alianza de al Industria Solar Fotovoltaica.

En definitiva, la fotovoltaica es una tecnología en auge y con perspectivas para ser el pilar de la transición ecológica. Por ello, surge la necesidad de encontrar herramientas que permitan estimar el desempeño que estos sistemas pueden tener a la hora de realizar estudios de viabilidad económica.

2.2. Soluciones existentes y sus carencias

³Plan + Seguridad Energética: Se trata de un plan con medidas de rápido impacto dirigidas al invierno 2022/2023, junto con medidas que contribuyen a un refuerzo estructural de esa seguridad energética.

⁴PERTE: Proyecto Estratégico para la Recuperación y Transformación Económica.

⁵PIB: Producto Interior Bruto.

CAPÍTULO 3

Parte teórica y desarrollo del código

. . .

Ejemplo práctico de aplicación

Como demostración se va a realizar un caso práctico...

4.1. solaR2

. . .

4.2. solaR

. . .

4.3. PVsyst

. . .

4.4. Comparación entre los tres

CAPÍTULO 5

Detalles de la programación

. . .

Código completo

Todo el código que se muestra a continuación está disponible...

A.1. Constructores

calcSol

```
calcSol <- function(lat, BTd,</pre>
                          sample = 'hour', BTi,
2
                          EoT = TRUE,
3
                          keep.night = TRUE,
4
                          method = 'michalsky')
   {
6
        if(missing(BTd)) BTd <- truncDay(BTi)</pre>
7
        solD <- fSolD(lat, BTd, method = method) #daily values</pre>
8
        solI <- fSolI(solD = solD, sample = sample, #intradaily values</pre>
9
                        BTi = BTi, keep.night = keep.night,
10
                        EoT = EoT, method = method)
11
12
        if(!missing(BTi)){
13
            sample <- solI$Dates[2]-solI$Dates[1]</pre>
14
             sample <- format(sample)</pre>
15
        }
16
17
        solD[, lat := NULL]
18
        solI[, lat := NULL]
19
        result <- new('Sol',</pre>
                        lat = lat,
21
                        solD = solD,
22
                        solI = solI,
23
                        sample = sample,
24
                        method = method)
25
        return(result)
26
   }
```

calcG0

```
calcGO <- function(lat,
```

```
modeRad='prom',
3
                        dataRad,
                        sample='hour',
4
                        keep.night=TRUE,
5
                        sunGeometry='michalsky',
6
                        corr, f, ...)
7
   {
8
        if (missing(lat)) stop('lat missing. You must provide a latitude value.')
10
11
        stopifnot(modeRad %in% c('prom', 'aguiar','bd', 'bdI'))
12
13
14
   ###Datos de Radiacion
15
        if (missing(corr)){
16
            corr = switch(modeRad,
17
                           bd = 'CPR', #Correlation between Fd and Kt for daily values
18
                           aguiar = 'CPR', #Correlation between Fd and Kt for daily
19
       values
                           prom = 'Page', #Correlation between Fd and Kt for monthly
       averages
                           bdI = 'BRL'
                                             #Correlation between fd and kt for intraday
21
        values
                           )
22
23
24
        if(is(dataRad, 'Meteo')){BD <- dataRad}</pre>
25
26
        BD <- switch(modeRad,
27
                      bd = {
28
                               if (!is.list(dataRad)) dataRad <- list(file=dataRad)</pre>
29
                               switch(class(dataRad$file)[1],
30
                                      character={
31
                                           bd.default=list(file='', lat=lat)
32
                                           bd=modifyList(bd.default, dataRad)
33
                                           res <- do.call('readBDd', bd)</pre>
34
                                           res
35
                                      },
36
37
                                      data.table= ,
                                      data.frame={
38
                                           bd.default=list(file='', lat=lat)
39
                                           bd=modifyList(bd.default, dataRad)
40
                                           res <- do.call('dt2Meteo', bd)
41
                                           res
42
                                      },
43
                                      zoo={
44
                                           bd.default=list(file='', lat=lat, source='')
45
                                           bd=modifyList(bd.default, dataRad)
46
                                           res <- do.call('zoo2Meteo', bd)</pre>
47
                                           res
48
                                      })
49
                          }, #End of bd
50
                      prom = {
51
                          if (!is.list(dataRad)) dataRad <- list(GOdm=dataRad)</pre>
52
53
                          prom.default <- list(GOdm=numeric(), lat=lat)</pre>
                          prom = modifyList(prom.default, dataRad)
54
```

```
res <- do.call('readGOdm', prom)</pre>
55
                        }, #End of prom
56
                        aguiar = {
57
                             if (is.list(dataRad)) dataRad <- dataRad$GOdm</pre>
                             BTd <- fBTd(mode='serie')
59
                             solD <- fSolD(lat, BTd)</pre>
60
                             GOd <- markovGO(dataRad, solD)</pre>
61
                             res <- dt2Meteo(GOd, lat=lat, source='aguiar')</pre>
62
                        }, #End of aguiar
63
                        bdI = {
64
                             if (!is.list(dataRad)) dataRad <- list(file=dataRad)</pre>
65
                             switch(class(dataRad$file)[1],
66
                                     character = {
67
                                         bdI.default <- list(file='', lat=lat)</pre>
68
                                         bdI <- modifyList(bdI.default, dataRad)</pre>
69
                                         res <- do.call('readBDi', bdI)</pre>
71
                                         res
                                     },
72
                                     data.table = ,
73
                                     data.frame = {
                                         bdI.default <- list(file='', lat=lat)</pre>
75
                                         bdI <- modifyList(bdI.default, dataRad)</pre>
76
                                         res <- do.call('dt2Meteo', bdI)</pre>
77
                                         res
78
                                     },
79
                                     zoo = {
80
                                         bdI.default <- list(file='', lat=lat, source='')</pre>
81
                                         bdI <- modifyList(bdI.default, dataRad)</pre>
82
                                         res <- do.call('zoo2Meteo', bdI)
83
84
                                     },
85
                                     stop('dataRad$file should be a character, a data.
86
         table, a data.frame or a zoo.')
                                     )} #End of btI
87
                        )
                                        #End of general switch
88
         }
89
90
91
    ### Angulos solares y componentes de irradiancia
92
         if (modeRad=='bdI') {
93
              sol <- calcSol(lat, sample = sample,</pre>
94
                               BTi = indexD(BD), keep.night=keep.night, method=
95
         sunGeometry)
              compI <- fCompI(sol=sol, GOI=BD, corr=corr, f=f, ...)</pre>
96
              compD <- compI[, lapply(.SD, P2E, sol@sample),</pre>
97
                               .SDcols = c('GO', 'DO', 'BO'),
98
                               by = truncDay(Dates)]
99
              names(compD)[1] <- 'Dates'</pre>
100
              names(compD)[-1] <- paste(names(compD)[-1], 'd', sep = '')</pre>
101
102
              compD$Fd <- compD$D0d/compD$G0d</pre>
              compD$Kt <- compD$GOd/sol@solD$BoOd</pre>
103
         } else { ##modeRad!='bdI'
104
              sol <- calcSol(lat, indexD(BD), sample = sample,</pre>
105
                               keep.night = keep.night, method = sunGeometry)
106
              compD<-fCompD(sol=sol, GOd=BD, corr=corr, f, ...)</pre>
107
              compI<-fCompI(sol=sol, compD=compD, ...)</pre>
108
```

```
109
110
    ###Temperature
111
112
        Ta=switch(modeRad,
113
                    bd={}
114
                        if (all(c("TempMax","TempMin") %in% names(BD@data))) {
115
                            fTemp(sol, BD)
116
                        } else {
117
                            if ("Ta" %in% names(BD@data)) {
118
                                 data.table(Dates = indexD(sol),
119
                                             Ta =BD@data$Ta)
120
                            } else {
121
                                 warning('No temperature information available!')
122
                            }
123
                        }
124
                    },
125
                    bdI={
126
                        if ("Ta" %in% names(BD@data)) {
127
                            data.table(Dates = indexI(sol),
                                         Ta = BD@data$Ta)
129
                        } else {
130
                            warning('No temperature information available!')
131
                        }
132
                   },
133
                   prom={
134
                        if ("Ta" %in% names(BD@data)) {
135
                            data.table(Dates = indexD(sol),
136
                                         Ta = BD@data$Ta)
137
                        } else {
138
                            warning('No temperature information available!')
139
                        }
140
                    },
141
                    aguiar={
142
                        data.table(Dates = indexI(sol),
143
                                    Ta = BD@data$Ta)
144
                    }
145
                    )
146
147
    ###Medias mensuales y anuales
148
        nms <- c('GOd', 'DOd', 'BOd')</pre>
149
        GOdm <- compD[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
150
                        .SDcols = nms,
151
                        by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
152
153
        if(modeRad == 'prom'){
154
             GOdm[, DayOfMonth := DOM(GOdm)]
155
             GOy <- GOdm[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),
156
                          .SDcols = nms,
157
                          by = .(Dates = year)]
             GOdm[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
        } else{
160
             GOy <- compD[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),
161
                            .SDcols = nms,
162
163
                           by = .(Dates = year(Dates))]
164
```

```
GOdm[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
165
        GOdm[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
166
        setcolorder(GOdm, 'Dates')
167
168
    ###Result
169
        result <- new(Class='GO',
170
                                    #GO contains "Meteo"
                        BD,
171
                        sol,
                                   #GO contains 'Sol'
172
                        GOD=compD, #results of fCompD
173
                        GOdm=GOdm, #monthly means
174
                                   #yearly values
                        GOy=GOy,
175
                        GOI=compI, #results of fCompD
                        Ta=Ta
                                   #ambient temperature
177
178
        return(result)
179
    }
```

calcGef

```
calcGef<-function(lat,</pre>
2
                       modeTrk='fixed',
                                              #c('two','horiz','fixed')
                       modeRad='prom',
3
                       dataRad,
4
                       sample='hour',
5
                       keep.night=TRUE,
6
7
                       sunGeometry='michalsky',
                       corr, f,
8
                       betaLim=90, beta=abs(lat)-10, alfa=0,
9
                       iS=2, alb=0.2, horizBright=TRUE, HCPV=FALSE,
10
                                       #modeShd=c('area','bt','prom')
                       modeShd='',
11
                       struct=list(), #list(W=23.11, L=9.8, Nrow=2, Ncol=8),
12
                       distances=data.frame(), #data.table(Lew=40, Lns=30, H=0)){
13
                       ...){
14
15
       stopifnot(is.list(struct), is.data.frame(distances))
16
17
       if (('bt' %in% modeShd) & (modeTrk!='horiz')) {
18
            modeShd[which(modeShd=='bt')]='area'
19
            warning('backtracking is only implemented for modeTrk=horiz')}
20
21
       if (modeRad!='prev'){ #not use a prev calculation
22
            radHoriz <- calcGO(lat=lat, modeRad=modeRad,</pre>
23
                                dataRad=dataRad,
24
                                 sample=sample, keep.night=keep.night,
25
                                 sunGeometry=sunGeometry,
26
                                 corr=corr, f=f, ...)
27
       } else {
28
                                            #use a prev calculation
29
            radHoriz <- as(dataRad, 'GO')</pre>
30
31
   ### Inclined and effective radiation
32
       BT=("bt" %in% modeShd)
33
       angGen <- fTheta(radHoriz, beta, alfa, modeTrk, betaLim, BT, struct,</pre>
34
       distances)
       inclin <- fInclin(radHoriz, angGen, iS, alb, horizBright, HCPV)</pre>
```

```
36
    ### Daily, monthly and yearly values
37
        by <- radHoriz@sample</pre>
38
        nms <- c('Bo', 'Bn', 'G', 'D', 'B', 'Gef', 'Def', 'Bef')
39
        nmsd <- paste(nms, 'd', sep = '')</pre>
40
41
42
        if(radHoriz@type == 'prom'){
43
            Gefdm <- inclin[, lapply(.SD/1000, P2E, by),</pre>
44
                               .SDcols = nms,
45
                              by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
46
            names(Gefdm)[-c(1,2)] \leftarrow nmsd
47
            GefD <- Gefdm[, .SD*1000,</pre>
48
                             .SDcols = nmsd,
49
                            by = .(Dates = indexD(radHoriz))]
50
51
            Gefdm[, DayOfMonth := DOM(Gefdm)]
52
            Gefy <- Gefdm[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
53
                            .SDcols = nmsd,
54
                            by = .(Dates = year)]
55
            Gefdm[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
56
        } else{
57
58
            GefD <- inclin[, lapply(.SD, P2E, by),</pre>
                              .SDcols = nms,
59
                             by = .(Dates = truncDay(Dates))]
60
            names(GefD)[-1] <- nmsd</pre>
61
62
            Gefdm <- GefD[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
63
                             .SDcols = nmsd,
64
                            by = .(month(indexD(radHoriz)), year(indexD(radHoriz)))]
65
            Gefy <- GefD[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
66
67
                           .SDcols = nmsd,
                           by = .(Dates = year(indexD(radHoriz)))]
68
        }
69
70
        Gefdm[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
71
        Gefdm[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
72
        setcolorder(Gefdm, 'Dates')
73
74
    ###Resultado antes de sombras
75
        result0=new('Gef',
76
                                                              #Gef contains 'GO'
77
                     radHoriz,
                     Theta=angGen,
78
                     GefD=GefD,
79
                     Gefdm=Gefdm,
80
                     Gefy=Gefy,
81
                     GefI=inclin,
82
                     iS=iS,
83
                     alb=alb.
84
                     modeTrk=modeTrk,
85
                     modeShd=modeShd,
86
                     angGen=list(alfa=alfa, beta=beta, betaLim=betaLim),
87
                     struct=struct,
88
                     distances=distances
89
                     )
90
   ###Shadows
```

```
if (isTRUE(modeShd == "") || #If modeShd=='' there is no shadow
92
           ('bt' %in% modeShd)) {
                                                #nor if there is backtracking
93
           return(result0)
94
       } else {
95
           result <- calcShd(result0, modeTrk, modeShd, struct, distances)</pre>
96
           return(result)
97
       }
   }
99
```

prodGCPV

```
prodGCPV<-function(lat,</pre>
1
                        modeTrk='fixed',
2
                        modeRad='prom',
3
4
                        dataRad,
                        sample='hour',
5
                        keep.night=TRUE,
6
                        sunGeometry='michalsky',
7
                        corr, f,
8
                        betaLim=90, beta=abs(lat)-10, alfa=0,
9
                        iS=2, alb=0.2, horizBright=TRUE, HCPV=FALSE,
10
                        module=list(),
11
                        generator=list(),
12
                        inverter=list(),
13
                        effSys=list(),
14
                        modeShd='',
15
                        struct=list(),
16
                        distances=data.table(),
17
                        ...){
18
19
       stopifnot(is.list(module),
20
                  is.list(generator),
21
                  is.list(inverter),
22
                  is.list(effSys),
23
24
                  is.list(struct),
                  is.data.table(distances))
25
26
     if (('bt' %in% modeShd) & (modeTrk!='horiz')) {
27
         modeShd[which(modeShd=='bt')]='area'
28
          warning('backtracking is only implemented for modeTrk=horiz')}
29
30
       if (modeRad!='prev'){ #We do not use a previous calculation
31
32
       radEf <-calcGef(lat=lat, modeTrk=modeTrk, modeRad=modeRad,
33
                        dataRad=dataRad,
34
35
                        sample=sample, keep.night=keep.night,
36
                        sunGeometry=sunGeometry,
                        corr=corr, f=f,
37
                        betaLim=betaLim, beta=beta, alfa=alfa,
38
                        iS=iS, alb=alb, horizBright=horizBright, HCPV=HCPV,
39
                        modeShd=modeShd, struct=struct, distances=distances, ...)
40
41
     } else { #We use a previous calcGO, calcGef or prodGCPV calculation.
42
```

```
stopifnot(class(dataRad) %in% c('GO', 'Gef', 'ProdGCPV'))
44
          radEf <- switch(class(dataRad),</pre>
45
                            GO=calcGef(lat=lat,
46
                                         modeTrk=modeTrk, modeRad='prev',
47
                                         dataRad=dataRad,
48
                                         betaLim=betaLim, beta=beta, alfa=alfa,
49
                                         iS=iS, alb=alb, horizBright=horizBright, HCPV=
50
       HCPV,
                                         modeShd=modeShd, struct=struct, distances=
51
        distances, ...),
                            Gef=dataRad,
52
                            ProdGCPV=as(dataRad, 'Gef')
54
      }
55
56
57
        ##Production
58
        prodI<-fProd(radEf,module,generator,inverter,effSys)</pre>
59
        module=attr(prodI, 'module')
60
        generator=attr(prodI, 'generator')
61
        inverter=attr(prodI, 'inverter')
62
        effSys=attr(prodI, 'effSys')
63
64
        ##Calculation of daily, monthly and annual values
65
        Pg=generator$Pg #Wp
66
67
        by <- radEf@sample</pre>
        nms1 <- c('Pac', 'Pdc')</pre>
69
        nms2 <- c('Eac', 'Edc', 'Yf')</pre>
70
71
72
73
        if(radEf@type == 'prom'){
            prodDm <- prodI[, lapply(.SD/1000, P2E, by),</pre>
74
                               .SDcols = nms1,
75
                              by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
76
            names(prodDm)[-c(1,2)] \leftarrow nms2[-3]
77
            prodDm[, Yf := Eac/(Pg/1000)]
78
            prodD <- prodDm[, .SD*1000,</pre>
79
                               .SDcols = nms2,
80
                              by = .(Dates = indexD(radEf))]
81
            prodD[, Yf := Yf/1000]
82
83
            prodDm[, DayOfMonth := DOM(prodDm)]
84
            prody <- prodDm[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
85
                              .SDcols = nms2,
86
                              by = .(Dates = year)]
87
            prodDm[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
88
        } else {
89
            prodD <- prodI[, lapply(.SD, P2E, by),</pre>
90
                             .SDcols = nms1,
91
                             by = .(Dates = truncDay(Dates))]
92
            names(prodD)[-1] <- nms2[-3]</pre>
93
            prodD[, Yf := Eac/Pg]
94
95
            prodDm <- prodD[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
96
                              .SDcols = nms2,
97
```

```
by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
98
             prodDm[, Yf := Yf * 1000]
99
             prody <- prodD[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
100
                              .SDcols = nms2,
101
                              by = .(Dates = year(Dates))]
102
             prody[, Yf := Yf * 1000]
103
        }
104
105
        prodDm[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
106
        prodDm[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
107
        setcolorder(prodDm, 'Dates')
108
        result <- new('ProdGCPV',</pre>
110
                        radEf,
                                                   #contains 'Gef'
111
                        prodD=prodD,
112
                        prodDm=prodDm,
113
                        prody=prody,
114
                        prodI=prodI,
115
                        module=module,
116
                        generator=generator,
117
                        inverter=inverter,
118
                        effSys=effSys
119
120
                        )
    }
121
```

prodPVPS

```
prodPVPS<-function(lat,</pre>
                        modeTrk='fixed',
2
                        modeRad='prom',
3
                        dataRad,
4
                        sample='hour',
5
                        keep.night=TRUE,
6
                        sunGeometry='michalsky',
7
                        corr, f,
8
                        betaLim=90, beta=abs(lat)-10, alfa=0,
9
                        iS=2, alb=0.2, horizBright=TRUE, HCPV=FALSE,
10
                        pump, H,
11
                        Pg, converter= list(), #Pnom=Pg, Ki=c(0.01,0.025,0.05)),
12
                        effSys=list(),
13
                        ...){
14
15
       stopifnot(is.list(converter),
16
                   is.list(effSys))
17
18
       if (modeRad!='prev'){ #We do not use a previous calculation
19
20
21
            radEf<-calcGef(lat=lat, modeTrk=modeTrk, modeRad=modeRad,</pre>
                            dataRad=dataRad,
22
                            sample=sample, keep.night=keep.night,
23
24
                            sunGeometry=sunGeometry,
                            corr=corr, f=f,
25
                            betaLim=betaLim, beta=beta, alfa=alfa,
26
                            iS=iS, alb=alb, horizBright=horizBright, HCPV=HCPV,
27
                        modeShd='', ...)
```

```
} else { #We use a previous calculation of calcGO, calcGef or prodPVPS
30
            stopifnot(class(dataRad) %in% c('GO', 'Gef', 'ProdPVPS'))
31
            radEf <- switch(class(dataRad),</pre>
32
                              G0=calcGef(lat=lat,
33
                                         modeTrk=modeTrk, modeRad='prev',
34
                           dataRad=dataRad,
35
                           betaLim=betaLim, beta=beta, alfa=alfa,
36
                           iS=iS, alb=alb, horizBright=horizBright, HCPV=HCPV,
37
                           modeShd='', ...),
38
                           Gef=dataRad,
39
                           ProdPVPS=as(dataRad, 'Gef')
40
41
        }
42
43
   ###Electric production
        converter.default=list(Ki = c(0.01,0.025,0.05), Pnom=Pg)
45
        converter=modifyList(converter.default, converter)
46
47
        effSys.default=list(ModQual=3,ModDisp=2,OhmDC=1.5,OhmAC=1.5,MPP=1,TrafoMT=1,
48
        effSys=modifyList(effSys.default, effSys)
49
50
        TONC=47
51
        Ct = (TONC - 20) / 800
52
        lambda=0.0045
53
        Gef=radEf@GefI$Gef
        night=radEf@solI$night
55
        Ta=radEf@Ta$Ta
56
57
        Tc=Ta+Ct*Gef
58
59
        Pdc=Pg*Gef/1000*(1-lambda*(Tc-25))
        Pdc[is.na(Pdc)]=0 #Necessary for the functions provided by fPump
60
        PdcN=with(effSys,
61
                   Pdc/converter$Pnom*(1-ModQual/100)*(1-ModDisp/100)*(1-OhmDC/100)
62
63
        PacN=with(converter,{
64
            A=Ki[3]
65
            B=Ki[2]+1
66
            C=Ki[1]-(PdcN)
67
            ##AC power normalized to the inverter
68
            result=(-B+sqrt(B^2-4*A*C))/(2*A)
69
        })
70
        PacN[PacN<0]<-0
71
72
        Pac=with(converter,
73
                 PacN*Pnom*(1-effSys$0hmAC/100))
74
        Pdc=PdcN*converter$Pnom*(Pac>0)
75
76
77
   ###Pump
78
        fun<-fPump(pump=pump, H=H)</pre>
79
        ##I limit power to the pump operating range.
80
        rango=with(fun,Pac>=lim[1] & Pac<=lim[2])</pre>
81
        Pac[!rango] <- 0
82
        Pdc[!rango] <- 0
83
```

```
prodI=data.table(Pac=Pac,Pdc=Pdc,Q=0,Pb=0,Ph=0,f=0)
84
         prodI=within(prodI,{
85
             Q[rango] <- fun $fQ(Pac[rango])
86
             Pb[rango] <- fun$fPb(Pac[rango])
             Ph[rango] <- fun fPh(Pac[rango])
88
             f[rango] <-fun$fFreq(Pac[rango])
89
             etam=Pb/Pac
90
             etab=Ph/Pb
91
         })
92
93
         prodI[night,] <-NA</pre>
94
         prodI[, Dates := indexI(radEf)]
95
         setcolorder(prodI, c('Dates', names(prodI)[-length(prodI)]))
96
97
    ###daily, monthly and yearly values
98
99
         by <- radEf@sample</pre>
100
101
         if(radEf@type == 'prom'){
102
             prodDm <- prodI[, .(Eac = P2E(Pac, by)/1000,</pre>
                                    Qd = P2E(Q, by)),
104
                               by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
105
106
             prodDm[, Yf := Eac/(Pg/1000)]
107
             prodD <- prodDm[, .(Eac = Eac*1000,</pre>
108
                                    Qd,
109
                                    Yf),
110
                               by = .(Dates = indexD(radEf))]
111
112
             prodDm[, DayOfMonth := DOM(prodDm)]
113
114
115
             prody <- prodDm[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
                               .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Qd', 'Yf'),
116
                               by = .(Dates = year)]
117
             prodDm[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
         } else {
119
             prodD <- prodI[, .(Eac = P2E(Pac, by)/1000,</pre>
120
                                  Qd = P2E(Q, by)),
121
                              by = .(Dates = truncDay(Dates))]
122
             prodD[, Yf := Eac/Pg*1000]
123
124
             prodDm <- prodD[, lapply(.SD, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
125
                                .SDcols = c('Eac','Qd', 'Yf'),
                               by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
127
             prody <- prodD[, lapply(.SD, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
128
                              .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Qd', 'Yf'),
129
                              by = .(Dates = year(Dates))]
130
131
         }
132
133
         prodDm[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
134
         prodDm[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
135
         setcolorder(prodDm, 'Dates')
136
137
138
         result <- new('ProdPVPS',</pre>
                       radEf,
                                                   #contains 'Gef'
139
```

```
prodD=prodD,
140
                          prodDm=prodDm,
141
                          prody=prody,
142
                          prodI=prodI,
143
                          pump=pump,
144
                          H=H,
145
                          Pg=Pg,
146
                          converter=converter,
147
                          effSys=effSys
148
149
    }
150
```

calcShd

```
calcShd<-function(radEf,##class='Gef'</pre>
1
2
                       modeTrk='fixed',
                                              #c('two','horiz','fixed')
                       modeShd='prom',
                                              #modeShd=c('area','bt','prom')
3
                       struct=list(), #list(W=23.11, L=9.8, Nrow=2, Ncol=8),
4
                       distances=data.frame() #data.table(Lew=40, Lns=30, H=0)){
5
6
   {
7
        stopifnot(is.list(struct), is.data.frame(distances))
8
a
        ##For now I only use modeShd = 'area'
10
        ##With different modeShd (to be defined) I will be able to calculate Gef in a
11
        different way
        ##See macagnan thesis
12
        prom=("prom" %in% modeShd)
13
        prev <- as.data.tableI(radEf, complete=TRUE)</pre>
14
        ## shadow calculations
15
        sol <- data.table(AzS = prev$AzS,</pre>
16
                            AlS = prev$AlS)
17
        theta <- radEf@Theta
18
        AngGen <- data.table(theta, sol)</pre>
19
        FS <- fSombra(AngGen, distances, struct, modeTrk, prom)
20
21
        ## irradiance calculation
        gef0 <- radEf@GefI</pre>
22
        Bef0 <- gef0$Bef
23
        Dcef0 <- gef0$Dcef</pre>
24
        Gef0 <- gef0$Gef
25
        DiefO <- gefO$Dief
26
        Ref0 <- gef0$Ref
27
        ## calculation
28
        Bef <- Bef0*(1-FS)
29
        Dcef <- Dcef0*(1-FS)</pre>
30
        Def <- DiefO+Dcef
31
32
        Gef <- Dief0+Ref0+Bef+Dcef #Including shadows</pre>
33
        ##Change names
        nms <- c('Gef', 'Def', 'Dcef', 'Bef')</pre>
34
        nmsIndex <- which(names(gef0) %in% nms)</pre>
35
        names(gef0)[nmsIndex] <- paste(names(gef0)[nmsIndex], '0', sep='')</pre>
        GefShd <- gef0
37
        GefShd[, c(nms, 'FS') := .(Gef, Def, Dcef, Bef, FS)]
38
39
        ## daily, monthly and yearly values
```

```
by <- radEf@sample</pre>
41
        nms <- c('Gef0', 'Def0', 'Bef0', 'G', 'D', 'B', 'Gef', 'Def', 'Bef')
42
        nmsd <- paste(nms, 'd', sep = '')</pre>
43
44
        Gefdm <- GefShd[, lapply(.SD/1000, P2E, by),</pre>
45
                         by = .(month(truncDay(Dates)), year(truncDay(Dates))),
46
                          .SDcols = nms]
47
        names(Gefdm)[-c(1, 2)] \leftarrow nmsd
48
49
        if(radEf@type == 'prom'){
50
            GefD <- Gefdm[, .SD[, -c(1, 2)] * 1000,
51
                            .SDcols = nmsd,
52
                            by = .(Dates = indexD(radEf))]
53
54
            Gefdm[, DayOfMonth := DOM(Gefdm)]
55
56
            Gefy <- Gefdm[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
57
                            .SDcols = nmsd,
58
                            by = .(Dates = year)]
59
            Gefdm[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
60
        } else{
61
            GefD <- GefShd[, lapply(.SD/1000, P2E, by),</pre>
62
63
                             .SDcols = nms,
                             by = .(Dates = truncDay(Dates))]
64
            names(GefD)[-1] <- nmsd</pre>
65
66
            Gefy <- GefD[, lapply(.SD[, -1], sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
67
                           .SDcols = nmsd,
68
                           by = .(Dates = year(Dates))]
69
        }
70
71
72
        Gefdm[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
        Gefdm[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
73
        setcolorder(Gefdm, c('Dates', names(Gefdm)[-length(Gefdm)]))
74
        ## Object of class Gef
76
        ## modifying the 'modeShd', 'GefI', 'GefD', 'Gefdm', and 'Gefy' slots
77
        ## from the original radEf object
78
        radEf@modeShd=modeShd
79
        radEf@GefI=GefShd
80
        radEf@GefD=GefD
81
        radEf@Gefdm=Gefdm
82
        radEf@Gefy=Gefy
83
        return(radEf)
84
   }
85
```

optimShd

```
betaLim=90, beta=abs(lat)-10, alfa=0,
8
                        iS=2, alb=0.2, HCPV=FALSE,
9
                        module=list(),
10
                        generator=list(),
11
                        inverter=list(),
12
                        effSys=list(),
13
                        modeShd='',
14
                        struct=list(),
15
                        distances=data.table(),
16
                        res=2,
                                     #resolution, distance spacing
17
                        prog=TRUE){ #Drawing progress bar
18
19
        if (('bt' %in% modeShd) & (modeTrk!='horiz')) {
20
            modeShd[which(modeShd=='bt')]='area'
21
            warning('backtracking is only implemented for modeTrk=horiz')}
22
23
        ##I save function arguments for later use
24
25
        listArgs<-list(lat=lat, modeTrk=modeTrk, modeRad=modeRad,</pre>
26
                        dataRad=dataRad,
27
                        sample=sample, keep.night=keep.night,
28
                        sunGeometry=sunGeometry,
29
                        betaLim=betaLim, beta=beta, alfa=alfa,
30
                        iS=iS, alb=alb, HCPV=HCPV,
31
                        module=module, generator=generator,
32
                        inverter=inverter, effSys=effSys,
33
                        modeShd=modeShd, struct=struct,
34
                        distances=data.table(Lew=NA, Lns=NA, D=NA))
35
36
37
        ##I think network on which I will do the calculations
38
39
        Red=switch(modeTrk,
                   horiz=with(distances,
40
                                data.table(Lew=seq(Lew[1],Lew[2],by=res),
41
                                            H=0)),
42
                    two=with(distances,
43
                             data.table(
44
                             expand.grid(Lew=seq(Lew[1],Lew[2],by=res),
45
                                          Lns=seq(Lns[1],Lns[2],by=res),
46
                                          H=0))),
47
                    fixed=with(distances,
48
                                data.table(D=seq(D[1],D[2],by=res),
49
                                            H=0))
50
        )
51
52
        casos < -dim(Red)[1] #Number of possibilities to study
53
54
        ##I prepare the progress bar
55
        if (prog) {pb <- txtProgressBar(min = 0, max = casos+1, style = 3)</pre>
56
            setTxtProgressBar(pb, 0)}
57
58
   ###Calculations
59
        ##Reference: No shadows
60
        listArgs0 <- modifyList(listArgs,</pre>
61
                                  list(modeShd='', struct=NULL, distances=NULL) )
62
        Prod0<-do.call(prodGCPV, listArgs0)</pre>
63
```

```
YfAnualO=mean(ProdO@prody$Yf) #I use mean in case there are several years
64
        if (prog) {setTxtProgressBar(pb, 1)}
65
66
        ##The loop begins
67
68
        ##I create an empty vector of the same length as the cases to be studied
69
        YfAnual <- numeric (casos)
70
71
        BT=('bt' %in% modeShd)
72
        if (BT) { ##There is backtracking, then I must start from horizontal
73
        radiation.
            RadBT <- as(Prod0, 'G0')</pre>
             for (i in seq_len(casos)){
75
                 listArgsBT <- modifyList(listArgs,</pre>
76
                                            list(modeRad='prev', dataRad=RadBT,
77
                                                  distances=Red[i,]))
78
                 prod.i <- do.call(prodGCPV, listArgsBT)</pre>
79
                 YfAnual[i]=mean(prod.i@prody$Yf)
80
                 if (prog) {setTxtProgressBar(pb, i+1)}
             }
82
        } else {
83
             prom=('prom' %in% modeShd)
84
             for (i in seq_len(casos)){
85
                 Gef0=as(Prod0, 'Gef')
86
                 GefShd=calcShd(Gef0, modeTrk=modeTrk, modeShd=modeShd,
87
                                 struct=struct, distances=Red[i,])
88
                 listArgsShd <- modifyList(listArgs,</pre>
                                              list(modeRad='prev', dataRad=GefShd)
90
91
                 prod.i <- do.call(prodGCPV, listArgsShd)</pre>
92
                 YfAnual[i]=mean(prod.i@prody$Yf)
93
                 if (prog) {setTxtProgressBar(pb, i+1)}
94
             }
95
        }
96
        if (prog) {close(pb)}
97
98
99
    ###Results
100
        FS=1-YfAnual/YfAnual0
101
        GRR=switch (modeTrk,
102
                    two=with(Red,Lew*Lns)/with(struct,L*W),
103
                    fixed=Red$D/struct$L,
104
                    horiz=Red$Lew/struct$L)
        SombraDF=data.table(Red,GRR,FS,Yf=YfAnual)
106
        FS.loess=switch(modeTrk,
107
                          two=loess(FS~Lew*Lns,data=SombraDF),
108
                          horiz=loess(FS~Lew,data=SombraDF),
109
                          fixed=loess(FS~D,data=SombraDF))
110
        Yf.loess=switch(modeTrk.
111
                          two=loess(Yf~Lew*Lns,data=SombraDF),
112
                          horiz=loess(Yf~Lew,data=SombraDF),
113
                          fixed=loess(Yf~D,data=SombraDF))
114
        result <- new('Shade',
115
                       Prod0, ##contains ProdGCPV
116
117
                       FS=FS,
                        GRR=GRR,
118
```

```
Yf=YfAnual,
119
                          FS.loess=FS.loess,
120
                          Yf.loess=Yf.loess,
121
                          modeShd=modeShd,
122
                          struct=struct,
123
                          distances=Red,
124
                          res=res
125
                          )
126
         result
127
    }
128
```

meteoReaders

```
#### monthly means of irradiation ####
1
   readG0dm <- function(G0dm, Ta = 25, lat = 0,</pre>
2
3
                          year = as.POSIXlt(Sys.Date())$year + 1900,
                          promDays = c(17, 14, 15, 15, 15, 10, 18, 18, 18, 19, 18, 13)
4
                          source = '')
5
6
7
        if(missing(lat)){lat <- 0}</pre>
       Dates <- as.IDate(paste(year, 1:12, promDays, sep = '-'), tz = 'UTC')
8
       GOdm.dt <- data.table(Dates = Dates,</pre>
9
                               GOd = GOdm,
10
                               Ta = Ta
11
       setkey(GOdm.dt, 'Dates')
12
       results <- new(Class = 'Meteo',
13
                        latm = lat,
14
                        data = GOdm.dt,
15
                        type = 'prom',
16
                        source = source)
17
   }
18
19
   #### file to Meteo (daily) ####
20
   readBDd <- function(file, lat,</pre>
^{21}
                        format = "%d/%m/%Y",header = TRUE,
22
                       fill = TRUE, dec = '.', sep = ';',
23
                       dates.col = 'Dates', ta.col = 'Ta',
24
                        g0.col = 'G0', keep.cols = FALSE)
25
   {
26
        #stops if the arguments are not characters or numerics
27
        stopifnot(is.character(dates.col) || is.numeric(dates.col))
28
       stopifnot(is.character(ta.col) || is.numeric(ta.col))
29
       stopifnot(is.character(g0.col) || is.numeric(g0.col))
30
31
       #read from file and set it in a data.table
32
33
       bd <- fread(file, header = header, fill = fill, dec = dec, sep = sep)
34
       #check the columns
35
       if(!(dates.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', dates.col, 'is not
36
       in the file'))
        if(!(g0.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', g0.col, 'is not in the
37
        file'))
       if(!(ta.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', ta.col, 'is not in the
38
        file'))
```

```
39
        #name the dates column by Dates
40
        Dates <- bd[[dates.col]]</pre>
41
        bd[,(dates.col) := NULL]
42
        bd[, Dates := as.IDate(Dates, format = format)]
43
44
        #name the gO column by GO
45
        GO <- bd[[g0.col]]
46
        bd[, (g0.col) := NULL]
47
        bd[, G0 := as.numeric(G0)]
48
49
        #name the ta column by Ta
        Ta <- bd[[ta.col]]</pre>
51
        bd[, (ta.col) := NULL]
52
        bd[, Ta := as.numeric(Ta)]
53
        names0 <- NULL
55
        if(all(c('D0', 'B0') %in% names(bd))){
56
            names0 <- c(names0, 'D0', 'B0')</pre>
57
58
59
        names0 <- c(names0, 'Ta')</pre>
60
61
        if(all(c('TempMin', 'TempMax') %in% names(bd))){
62
            names0 <- c(names0, 'TempMin', 'TempMax')</pre>
63
        }
64
        if(keep.cols)
66
            #keep the rest of the columns but reorder the columns
67
            setcolorder(bd, c('Dates', 'GO', names0))
68
        }
69
70
        else
        {
71
            #erase the rest of the columns
72
            cols <- c('Dates', 'GO', names0)</pre>
73
            bd <- bd[, ..cols]</pre>
74
        }
75
76
77
        setkey(bd, 'Dates')
        result <- new(Class = 'Meteo',
78
                       latm = lat,
79
80
                       data = bd,
                       type = 'bd',
81
                       source = file)
82
   }
83
84
   #### file to Meteo (intradaily) ####
85
   readBDi <- function(file, lat,</pre>
86
                         format = "%d/%m/%Y %H:%M:%S",
87
                         header = TRUE, fill = TRUE, dec = '.',
88
                         sep = ';', dates.col = 'dates', times.col,
89
                         ta.col = 'Ta', g0.col = 'G0', keep.cols = FALSE)
90
   {
91
        #stops if the arguments are not characters or numerics
92
93
        stopifnot(is.character(dates.col) || is.numeric(dates.col))
        stopifnot(is.character(ta.col) || is.numeric(ta.col))
94
```

```
stopifnot(is.character(g0.col) || is.numeric(g0.col))
95
96
        #read from file and set it in a data.table
97
        bd <- fread(file, header = header, fill = fill, dec = dec, sep = sep)
99
        #check the columns
100
        if(!(dates.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', dates.col, 'is not
101
        in the file'))
        if(!(g0.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', g0.col, 'is not in the
102
        if(!(ta.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', ta.col, 'is not in the
103
         file'))
104
        if(!missing(times.col)){
105
             stopifnot(is.character(times.col) || is.numeric(times.col))
106
             if(!(times.col %in% names(bd))) stop(paste('The column', times.col, 'is
107
        not in the file'))
108
             #name the dates column by Dates
109
             format <- strsplit(format, ' ')</pre>
110
             dd <- as.IDate(bd[[dates.col]], format = format[[1]][1])</pre>
111
             tt <- as.ITime(bd[[times.col]], format = format[[1]][2])</pre>
112
             bd[,(dates.col) := NULL]
113
             bd[,(times.col) := NULL]
114
             bd[, Dates := as.POSIXct(dd, tt, tz = 'UTC')]
115
        }
116
117
        else
118
119
             dd <- as.POSIXct(bd[[dates.col]], format = format, tz = 'UTC')</pre>
120
             bd[, (dates.col) := NULL]
121
122
             bd[, Dates := dd]
123
124
        #name the gO column by GO
125
        GO <- bd[[gO.col]]
126
        bd[, (g0.col) := NULL]
127
        bd[, G0 := as.numeric(G0)]
128
129
        #name the ta column by Ta
130
        Ta <- bd[[ta.col]]</pre>
131
        bd[, (ta.col) := NULL]
132
        bd[, Ta := as.numeric(Ta)]
133
134
        namesO <- NULL
135
        if(all(c('D0', 'B0') %in% names(bd))){
136
             names0 <- c(names0, 'D0', 'B0')</pre>
137
        }
138
139
        names0 <- c(names0, 'Ta')</pre>
140
141
        if(keep.cols)
142
143
             #keep the rest of the columns but reorder the columns
144
             setcolorder(bd, c('Dates', 'GO', names0))
145
146
```

```
else
147
         {
148
             #erase the rest of the columns
149
             cols <- c('Dates', 'GO', names0)</pre>
150
             bd <- bd[, ..cols]</pre>
151
152
153
         setkey(bd, 'Dates')
154
         result <- new(Class = 'Meteo',
155
                         latm = lat,
156
                         data = bd,
157
                         type = 'bdI',
                         source = file)
159
    }
160
161
162
    dt2Meteo <- function(file, lat, source = '', type){</pre>
163
         ## Make sure its a data.table
164
        bd <- data.table(file)</pre>
165
166
         ## Dates is an as.POSIX element
167
         bd[, Dates := as.POSIXct(Dates, tz = 'UTC')]
168
169
         ## type
170
         if(missing(type)){
171
             sample <- median(diff(file$Dates))</pre>
172
             IsDaily <- as.numeric(sample, units = 'days')</pre>
173
             if(is.na(IsDaily)) IsDaily <- ifelse('GOd' %in% names(bd),</pre>
174
                                                        1, 0)
175
             if(IsDaily >= 30) type <- 'prom'</pre>
176
             else{
177
                  type <- ifelse(IsDaily >= 1, 'bd', 'bdI')
178
179
180
         if(!('Ta' %in% names(bd))){
182
             if(all(c('Tempmin', 'TempMax') %in% names(bd)))
183
                  bd[, Ta := mean(c(Tempmin, TempMax))]
184
             else bd[, Ta := 25]
185
                  }
186
187
         ## Columns of the data.table
188
         nms0 <- switch(type,
189
                          bd = ,
190
                          prom = {
191
                              nms0 <- 'GOd'
192
                               if(all(c('DOd', 'BOd') %in% names(bd))){
193
                                   nms0 <- c(nms0, 'D0d', 'B0d')</pre>
194
195
                              nms0 <- c(nms0, 'Ta')</pre>
196
                               if(all(c('TempMin', 'TempMax') %in% names(bd))){
197
                                   nms0 <- c(nms0, 'TempMin', 'TempMax')
198
                              }
199
200
                              nms0
201
                          },
                          bdI = {
202
```

```
nms0 <- 'GO'
203
                               if(all(c('D0', 'B0') %in% names(bd))){
204
                                    nms0 <- c(nms0, 'D0', 'B0')
205
                               }
206
                               if('Ta' %in% names(bd)){
207
                                    nms0 <- c(nms0, 'Ta')
208
                               }
209
                               nms0
210
                          })
211
         ## Columns order and set key
212
         setcolorder(bd, c('Dates', nms0))
213
         setkey(bd, 'Dates')
214
215
         ## Result
         result <- new(Class = 'Meteo',
216
                         latm = lat,
217
                         data = bd,
                         type = type,
219
                         source = source)
220
    }
^{221}
     #### Liu and Jordan, Collares-Pereira and Rabl proposals ####
223
    collper <- function(sol, compD)</pre>
224
225
    {
         ind.rep <- cumsum(c(1, as.Date(indexI(sol)) != 0))</pre>
226
         solI <- as.data.tableI(sol, complete = T)</pre>
227
         ws <- soll$ws
228
         w <- soll$w
230
         a < 0.409 - 0.5016 * sin(ws + pi/3)
231
         b \leftarrow 0.6609 + 0.4767 * sin(ws + pi/3)
232
233
234
         rd <- solI[, BoO/BoOd]
         rg \leftarrow rd * (a + b * cos(w))
235
236
         # Daily irradiation components
237
         GOd <- compD$GOd[ind.rep]</pre>
238
         BOd <- compD$BOd[ind.rep]
239
         D0d <- compD$D0d[ind.rep]</pre>
240
241
         # Daily profile
242
         GO <- GOd * rg
243
         DO <- DOd * rd
244
         # This method may produce diffuse irradiance higher than
246
         # global irradiance
247
         GO <- pmax(GO, DO, na.rm = TRUE)
248
         BO <- GO - DO
249
250
         # Negative values are set to NA
251
         neg \leftarrow (B0 < 0) \mid (D0 < 0) \mid (G0 < 0)
252
         is.na(GO) <- neg</pre>
253
         is.na(B0) <- neg</pre>
254
         is.na(D0) <- neg
255
256
257
         # Daily profiles are scaled to keep daily irradiation values
         day <- truncDay(indexI(sol))</pre>
258
```

```
sample <- sol@sample</pre>
259
260
         GOdCP <- ave(GO, day, FUN=function(x) P2E(x, sample))</pre>
261
         BOdCP <- ave(BO, day, FUN=function(x) P2E(x, sample))
262
         DOdCP <- ave(D0, day, FUN=function(x) P2E(x, sample))</pre>
263
264
         GO <- GO * GOd/GOdCP
265
         BO <- BO * BOd/BOdCP
266
         DO <- DO * DOd/DOdCP
267
268
         res <- data.table(GO, BO, DO)
269
         return(res)
270
271
    }
272
273
    #### intradaily Meteo to daily Meteo ####
    Meteoi2Meteod <- function(G0i)</pre>
275
    {
276
         lat <- GOi@latm
277
         source <- G0i@source</pre>
279
         dt0 <- getData(G0i)</pre>
280
         dt <- dt0[, lapply(.SD, sum),</pre>
281
                   .SDcols = names(dt0)[!names(dt0) %in% c('Dates', 'Ta')],
282
                   by = .(Dates = as.IDate(Dates))]
283
         if('Ta' %in% names(dt0)){
284
             Ta \leftarrow dt0[, (Ta = mean(Ta),
                             TempMin = min(Ta),
286
                             TempMax = max(Ta)),
287
                         by = .(Dates = as.IDate(Dates))]
288
             if(all(Ta$Ta == c(Ta$TempMin, Ta$TempMax))) Ta[, c('TempMin', 'TempMax')
289
         := NULL]
             dt <- merge(dt, Ta)
290
291
         if('G0' %in% names(dt)){
292
             names(dt)[names(dt) == 'GO'] <- 'GOd'</pre>
293
         }
294
         if('D0' %in% names(dt)){
295
             names(dt)[names(dt) == 'D0'] <- 'D0d'</pre>
297
         if('B0' %in% names(dt)){
298
             names(dt)[names(dt) == 'B0'] <- 'B0d'
299
300
         GOd <- dt2Meteo(dt, lat, source, type = 'bd')
301
         return(GOd)
302
    }
303
304
    #### daily Meteo to monthly Meteo ####
305
    Meteod2Meteom <- function(GOd)</pre>
306
    {
307
         lat <- GOd@latm</pre>
308
         source <- GOd@source</pre>
309
310
         dt <- getData(GOd)</pre>
311
312
         nms <- names(dt)[-1]
         dt <- dt[, lapply(.SD, mean),
313
```

```
.SDcols = nms,
314
                   by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
315
        dt[, Dates := fBTd()]
316
        dt <- dt[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]</pre>
317
318
        setcolorder(dt, 'Dates')
319
320
        GOm <- dt2Meteo(dt, lat, source, type = 'prom')</pre>
321
         return(GOm)
322
    }
323
324
    zoo2Meteo <- function(file, lat, source = '')</pre>
325
326
        sample <- median(diff(index(file)))</pre>
327
        IsDaily <- as.numeric(sample, units = 'days')>=1
328
        type <- ifelse(IsDaily, 'bd', 'bdI')</pre>
        result <- new(Class = 'Meteo',
330
                        latm = lat,
331
                        data = file,
332
                        type = type,
                        source = source)
334
    }
335
336
    siarGET <- function(id, inicio, final, tipo = 'Mensuales', ambito = 'Estacion'){</pre>
337
         if(!(tipo %in% c('Horarios', 'Diarios', 'Semanales', 'Mensuales'))){
338
             stop('argument \'tipo\' must be: Horarios, Diarios, Semanales or
339
        Mensuales')
340
        if(!(ambito %in% c('CCAA', 'Provincia', 'Estacion'))){
341
             stop('argument \'ambito\' must be: CCAA, Provincia or Estacion')
342
        }
343
344
        mainURL <- "https://servicio.mapama.gob.es"</pre>
345
346
        path <- paste('/apisiar/API/v1/Datos', tipo, ambito, sep = '/')</pre>
347
348
        ## prepare the APIsiar
349
        req <- request(mainURL) |>
350
             req_url_path(path) |>
351
             req_url_query(Id = id,
352
                             FechaInicial = inicio,
353
                             FechaFinal = final,
354
                             ClaveAPI = '_Q8L_niYFBBmBs-
355
        vB3UomUqdUYy98FTRX1aYbrZ8n2FXuHYGTV')
         ## execute it
356
        resp <- req_perform(req)</pre>
357
358
         ##JSON to R
359
        respJSON <- resp_body_json(resp, simplifyVector = TRUE)</pre>
360
361
        if(!is.null(respJSON$MensajeRespuesta)){
362
             stop(respJSON$MensajeRespuesta)
363
        }
364
365
366
        res0 <- data.table(respJSON$Datos)</pre>
367
```

```
res <- switch(tipo,
368
                        Horarios = {
369
                            res0[, HoraMin := as.ITime(sprintf('%04d', HoraMin),
370
                                                          format = '%H%M')]
371
                            res0[, Fecha := as.IDate(Fecha, format = '%Y-%m-%d')]
372
                            res0[, Fecha := as.IDate(ifelse(HoraMin == as.ITime(0),
373
                                                                Fecha+1, Fecha))]
374
                            res0[, Dates := as.POSIXct(HoraMin, Fecha,
375
                                                          tz = 'Europe/Madrid')]
376
                            res0 <- res0[, .(Dates,
377
                                               GO = Radiacion,
378
                                               Ta = TempMedia)]
379
                             return(res0)
380
                        },
381
                        Diarios = {
382
                            res0[, Dates := as.IDate(Fecha)]
383
                            res0 <- res0[, .(Dates,
384
                                               GOd = Radiacion * 277.78,
385
                                               Ta = TempMedia,
386
                                               TempMin,
                                               TempMax)]
388
                             return(res0)
389
                        },
390
                        Semanales = res0,
391
                        Mensuales = {
392
                             promDays<-c(17,14,15,15,15,10,18,18,18,19,18,13)
393
                             names(res0)[1] <- 'Year'</pre>
                            res0[, Dates := as.IDate(paste(Year, Mes,
395
                                                               promDays[Mes],
396
                                                               sep = '-'))]
397
                            res0 <- res0[, .(Dates,
398
399
                                               GOd = Radiacion * 277.78,
                                               Ta = TempMedia,
400
                                               TempMin,
401
                                               TempMax)]
402
                        })
403
404
        return(res)
405
    }
406
407
    haversine <- function(lat1, lon1, lat2, lon2) {</pre>
408
        R < -6371 # Radius of the Earth in kilometers
409
        dLat <- (lat2 - lat1) * pi / 180
410
        dLon <- (lon2 - lon1) * pi / 180
411
        a <- sin(dLat / 2) * sin(dLat / 2) + cos(lat1 * pi / 180) *
412
             cos(lat2 * pi / 180) * sin(dLon / 2) * sin(dLon / 2)
413
         c \leftarrow 2 * atan2(sqrt(a), sqrt(1 - a))
414
         d \leftarrow R * c
415
        return(d)
416
    }
417
    readSIAR <- function(Lon = 0, Lat = 0,
419
                           inicio = paste(year(Sys.Date())-1, '01-01', sep = '-'),
420
                           final = paste(year(Sys.Date())-1, '12-31', sep = '-'),
421
422
                           tipo = 'Mensuales', n_est = 3){
        inicio <- as.Date(inicio)</pre>
423
```

```
final <- as.Date(final)</pre>
424
425
         n_reg <- switch(tipo,</pre>
426
                           Horarios = {
427
                                tt <- difftime(final, inicio, units = 'days')
428
                               tt \leftarrow (as.numeric(tt)+1)*48
429
                               tt <- tt*n_est
430
                                tt
431
                           },
432
                           Diarios = {
433
                               tt <- difftime(final, inicio, units = 'days')</pre>
434
                               tt <- as.numeric(tt)+1</pre>
435
                                tt <- tt*n_est
436
437
                           },
438
                           Semanales = {
                               tt <- difftime(final, inicio, units = 'weeks')</pre>
440
                               tt <- as.numeric(tt)</pre>
441
                               tt <- tt*n_est
442
                                tt
443
                           },
444
                           Mensuales = {
445
                               tt <- difftime(final, inicio, units = 'weeks')</pre>
446
                               tt \leftarrow as.numeric(tt)/4.34524
447
                               tt <- ceiling(tt)
448
                               tt <- tt*n_est
449
450
                                tt
                           })
451
         if(n_reg > 100) stop(paste('Number of requested records (', n_reg,
452
                                         ') exceeds the maximum allowed (100)', sep = ''))
453
         ## Obtain the nearest stations
454
         siar <- est_SIAR[</pre>
455
             Fecha_Instalacion <= final & (is.na(Fecha_Baja) | Fecha_Baja >= inicio)
456
457
         ## Weigths for the interpolation
459
         siar[, dist := haversine(Latitud, Longitud, Lat, Lon)]
460
         siar <- siar[order(dist)][1:n_est]</pre>
461
         siar[, peso := 1/dist]
462
         siar[, peso := peso/sum(peso)]
463
         ## Is the given location within the polygon formed by the stations?
464
         siar <- siar[, .(Estacion, Codigo, dist, peso)]</pre>
465
466
         ## List for the data.tables of siarGET
467
         siar_list <- list()</pre>
468
         for(codigo in siar$Codigo){
469
             siar_list[[codigo]] <- siarGET(id = codigo,</pre>
470
                                                 inicio = as.character(inicio),
471
                                                 final = as.character(final),
472
                                                 tipo = tipo)
473
             siar_list[[codigo]]$peso <- siar[Codigo == codigo, peso]</pre>
475
476
         ## Bind the data.tables
477
         s_comb <- rbindlist(siar_list, use.names = TRUE, fill = TRUE)</pre>
478
479
```

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```
nms <- names(s_comb)</pre>
480
        nms <- nms[-c(1, length(nms))]</pre>
481
482
        ## Interpole
        res <- s_comb[, lapply(.SD * peso, sum, na.rm = TRUE),
484
                        .SDcols = nms,
485
                        by = Dates]
486
487
        ## Source
488
        mainURL <- "https://servicio.mapama.gob.es"</pre>
489
        Estaciones <- siar[, paste(Estacion, '(', Codigo, ')', sep = '')]</pre>
490
        Estaciones <- paste(Estaciones, collapse = ', ')</pre>
        source <- paste(mainURL, '\n -Estaciones:', Estaciones, sep = ' ')</pre>
492
493
        res <- switch(tipo,
494
                        Horarios = {dt2Meteo(res, lat = Lat, source = mainURL, type = '
495
        bdI')},
                        Diarios = {dt2Meteo(res, lat = Lat, source = mainURL, type = '
496
        bd')},
                        Semanales = {res},
                        Mensuales = {dt2Meteo(res, lat = Lat, source = source, type = '
498
        prom')})
        return(res)
499
    }
500
```

A.2. Clases

Sol

```
setClass(
            Class='Sol', ##Solar angles
2
            slots = c(
3
                 lat='numeric',#latitud in degrees, >0 if North
4
                 solD='data.table',#daily angles
                 solI='data.table', #intradaily angles
6
                 sample='character',#sample of time
7
                 method='character'#method used for geometry calculations
8
            ),
9
10
       validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
11
```

Meteo

```
1
       Class = 'Meteo', ##radiation and temperature data
2
       slots = c(
3
           latm='numeric',#latitud in degrees, >0 if North
           data='data.table', #data, incluying G (Wh/m2) and Ta (OC)
5
           type='character', #choose between 'prom', 'bd' and 'bdI'
6
           source='character'#origin of the data
7
8
       validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
9
   )
10
```

G0

```
setClass(
       Class = 'GO',
2
       slots = c(
3
           GOD = 'data.table', #result of fCompD
4
           GOdm = 'data.table', #monthly means
           GOy = 'data.table', #yearly values
6
           GOI = 'data.table', #result of fCompI
7
           Ta = 'data.table'
                                 #Ambient temperature
8
9
       ),
       contains = c('Sol', 'Meteo'),
10
       validity = function(object) {return(TRUE)}
11
   )
12
```

Gef

```
setClass(
             Class='Gef',
2
             slots = c(
3
               GefD='data.table', #daily values
4
               Gefdm='data.table', #monthly means
5
               Gefy='data.table', #yearly values
GefI='data.table', #result of fInclin
6
7
               Theta='data.table', #result of fTheta
8
               iS='numeric',
                                   #dirt index
9
               alb='numeric',
                                   #albedo
10
               modeTrk='character', #tracking mode
11
               modeShd='character',
                                       #shadow mode
12
                                        #includes alpha, beta and betaLim
               angGen='list',
13
               struct='list',
                                        #structure dimensions
14
               distances='data.frame' #distances between structures
15
               ),
16
             contains='GO',
17
             validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
18
19
```

ProdGCPV

```
setClass(
1
            Class='ProdGCPV',
2
            slots = c(
3
              prodD='data.table', #daily values
4
              prodDm='data.table', #monthly means
5
              prody='data.table', #yearly values
6
7
              prodI='data.table', #results of fProd
              module='list',
                                    #module characteristics
8
              generator='list',
                                    #generator characteristics
9
              inverter='list',
                                    #inverter characteristics
10
              effSys='list'
                                    #efficiency values of the system
11
12
            contains='Gef',
13
            validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
```

```
15 )
```

ProdPVPS

```
setClass(
1
            Class='ProdPVPS',
2
            slots = c(
3
              prodD='data.table', #daily values
              prodDm='data.table', #monthly means
5
              prody='data.table', #yearly values
6
              prodI='data.table',
                                    #results of fPump
7
              Pg='numeric',
                                    #generator power
8
              H='numeric',
                                    #manometric head
9
              pump='list',
                                    #parameters of the pump
10
               converter='list',
11
                                    #inverter characteristics
               effSys='list'
                                    #efficiency values of the system
12
              ),
13
            contains='Gef',
14
            validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
15
```

Shade

```
setClass(
            Class='Shade',
2
            slots = c(
3
              FS='numeric', #shadows factor values
4
              GRR='numeric', #Ground Requirement Ratio
5
              Yf='numeric', #final productivity
6
              FS.loess='loess', #local fitting of FS with loess
7
              Yf.loess='loess', #local fitting of Yf with loess
              modeShd='character', #mode of shadow
9
                                   #dimensions of the structures
              struct='list',
10
              distances='data.frame', #distances between structures
11
                                       #difference between the different steps of the
              res='numeric'
        calculations
              ),
13
            contains='ProdGCPV',##Resultado de prodGCPV sin sombras (Prod0)
14
            validity=function(object) {return(TRUE)}
15
16
```

A.3. Funciones

corrFdKt

```
#### monthly Kt ####

Ktm <- function(sol, GOdm){

solf <- sol@solD[, .(Dates, BoOd)]

solf[, c('month', 'year') := .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]

solf[,BoOm := mean(BoOd), by = .(month, year)]

GOdf <- GOdm@data[, .(Dates, GOd)]

GOdf[, c('month', 'year') := .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]</pre>
```

```
GOdf[, GOd := mean(GOd), by = .(month, year)]
8
        Ktm <- GOdf$GOd/solf$BoOm</pre>
9
        return(Ktm)
10
   }
11
12
   #### daily Kt ####
13
   Ktd <- function(sol, GOd){</pre>
14
        BoOd <- sol@solD$BoOd
15
        GOd <- getGO(GOd)</pre>
16
        Ktd <- GOd/BoOd
17
        return(Ktd)
18
   }
19
20
   ### intradaily
21
   Kti <- function(sol, G0i){</pre>
22
        BoO <- sol@solI$BoO
23
        GOi <- getGO(GOi)
24
        Kti <- GOi/BoO
25
        return(Kti)
26
   }
27
28
29
   #### monthly correlations ####
30
31
   ### Page ###
32
   FdKtPage <- function(sol, GOdm){</pre>
33
        Kt <- Ktm(sol, GOdm)</pre>
34
        Fd=1-1.13*Kt
35
        return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
36
   }
37
38
39
   ### Liu and Jordan ###
   FdKtLJ <- function(sol, GOdm){</pre>
40
        Kt <- Ktm(sol, GOdm)</pre>
41
        Fd=(Kt<0.3)*0.595774 +
42
             (Kt \ge 0.3 \& Kt \le 0.7) * (1.39-4.027*Kt + 5.531*Kt^2 - 3.108*Kt^3) +
43
             (Kt>0.7)*0.215246
44
        return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
45
   }
46
47
48
   #### daily correlations ####
49
50
   ### Collares-Pereira and Rabl
51
   FdKtCPR <- function(sol, GOd){</pre>
52
        Kt <- Ktd(sol, GOd)</pre>
53
        Fd=(0.99*(Kt<=0.17))+(Kt>0.17 & Kt<0.8)*
54
             (1.188-2.272*Kt+9.473*Kt^2-21.856*Kt^3+14.648*Kt^4)+
55
             (Kt>=0.8)*0.2426688
56
        return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
57
   }
58
59
   ### Erbs, Klein and Duffie ###
60
   FdKtEKDd <- function(sol, GOd){</pre>
61
62
        ws <- sol@solD$ws
        Kt <- Ktd(sol, GOd)</pre>
63
```

```
64
         WS1=(abs(ws)<1.4208)
65
         Fd=WS1*((Kt<0.715)*(1-0.2727*Kt+2.4495*Kt^2-11.9514*Kt^3+9.3879*Kt^4)+
66
                  (Kt \ge 0.715) * (0.143)) +
67
              !WS1*((Kt<0.722)*(1+0.2832*Kt-2.5557*Kt^2+0.8448*Kt^3)+
68
                     (Kt \ge 0.722) * (0.175)
69
      return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
70
    }
71
72
    ### CLIMED1 ###
73
    FdKtCLIMEDd <- function(sol, GOd){</pre>
74
         Kt <- Ktd(sol, GOd)</pre>
         Fd=(Kt <= 0.13)*(0.952)+
76
         (Kt>0.13 \& Kt<=0.8)*(0.868+1.335*Kt-5.782*Kt^2+3.721*Kt^3)+
77
           (Kt>0.8)*0.141
78
      return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
    }
80
81
    #### intradaily correlations ####
82
83
    ### intradaily EKD ###
84
    FdKtEKDh <- function(sol, G0i){</pre>
85
86
        Kt <- Kti(sol, G0i)</pre>
        Fd=(Kt \le 0.22)*(1-0.09*Kt)+
87
         (Kt>0.22 & Kt<=0.8)*(0.9511-0.1604*Kt+4.388*Kt^2-16.638*Kt^3+12.336*Kt^4)+
88
           (Kt>0.8)*0.165
89
      return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
    }
91
92
    ### intradaily CLIMED
93
    FdKtCLIMEDh <- function(sol, G0i){</pre>
94
95
        Kt <- Kti(sol, G0i)</pre>
         Fd=(Kt <= 0.21)*(0.995-0.081*Kt)+
96
             (Kt>0.21 & Kt<=0.76)*(0.724+2.738*Kt-8.32*Kt^2+4.967*Kt^3)+
97
             (Kt>0.76)*0.180
         return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
99
    }
100
101
    ### intradaily Boland, Ridley and Lauret ###
102
    FdKtBRL <- function(sol, G0i){</pre>
103
         Kt <- Kti(sol, G0i)</pre>
104
         sample <- sol@sample</pre>
105
106
         solI <- as.data.tableI(sol, complete = TRUE)</pre>
107
         w <- solI$w
108
         night <- solI$night</pre>
109
         AlS <- soll$AlS
110
111
         GOd <- Meteoi2Meteod(GOi)</pre>
112
        ktd <- Ktd(sol, GOd)
113
114
         ##persistence
115
         pers <- persistence(sol, ktd)</pre>
116
117
118
         ##indexRep for ktd and pers
         ind.rep <- cumsum(c(1, as.Date(indexI(sol)) != 0))</pre>
119
```

```
ktd <- ktd[ind.rep]</pre>
120
         pers <- pers[ind.rep]</pre>
121
122
         ##fd calculation
123
         Fd=(1+exp(-5.38+6.63*Kt+0.006*r2h(w)-0.007*r2d(AlS)+1.75*ktd+1.31*pers))^{(-1)}
124
125
         return(data.table(Fd, Kt))
126
    }
127
128
    persistence <- function(sol, Ktd){</pre>
129
         kt <- data.table(indexD(sol), Ktd)</pre>
130
         ktNA <- na.omit(kt)</pre>
131
         iDay <- truncDay(ktNA[[1]])</pre>
132
133
         x <- rle(as.numeric(iDay))$lengths
134
         xLast <- cumsum(x)</pre>
136
         lag1 <- shift(ktNA$Ktd, -1, fill = NA)</pre>
137
         for (i in xLast){
138
              if ((i-1) != 0){lag1[i] <- ktNA$Ktd[i-1]}</pre>
140
141
142
         lag2 <- shift(ktNA$Ktd, 1, fill = NA)</pre>
         for (i in xLast){
143
              if ((i+1) <= length(ktNA$Ktd)){lag2[i] <- ktNA$Ktd[i+1]}</pre>
144
         }
145
         pers <- data.table(lag1, lag2)</pre>
         pers[, mean := 1/2 * (lag1+lag2)]
147
         pers[, mean]
148
149
```

fBTd

```
fBTd<-function(mode='prom',
2
                   year= as.POSIXlt(Sys.Date())$year+1900,
                   start=paste('01-01-',year,sep=''),
3
                   end=paste('31-12-',year,sep=''),
4
                   format=' %d-%m-%Y'){
5
       promDays<-c(17,14,15,15,15,10,18,18,18,19,18,13)
6
       BTd=switch(mode,
7
                   serie={
8
                        start.<-as.POSIXct(start, format=format, tz='UTC')</pre>
                        end.<-as.POSIXct(end, format=format, tz='UTC')</pre>
10
                       res<-seq(start., end., by="1 day")
11
                   },
12
                   prom=as.POSIXct(paste(year, 1:12, promDays, sep='-'), tz='UTC')
13
14
       BTd
15
   }
16
```

fBTi

```
intervalo <- function(day, sample){
```

```
intervalo <- seq.POSIXt(from = as.POSIXct(paste(day, '00:00:00'), tz = 'UTC')</pre>
                           to = as.POSIXct(paste(day, '23:59:59'), tz = 'UTC'),
3
                           by = sample)
        return(intervalo)
5
   }
6
7
   fBTi <- function(d, sample = 'hour'){</pre>
8
       BTi <- lapply(d, intervalo, sample)
9
       BTi <- do.call(c, BTi)
10
       return(BTi)
11
   }
12
```

fCompD

```
fCompD <- function(sol, GOd, corr = 'CPR', f)</pre>
2
        if(!(corr %in% c('CPR', 'Page', 'LJ', 'EKDd', 'CLIMEDd', 'user', 'none'))){
3
            warning('Wrong descriptor of correlation Fd-Ktd. Set CPR.')
4
            corr <- 'CPR'
5
6
        if(class(sol)[1] != 'Sol'){
7
            sol <- sol[, calcSol(lat = unique(lat), BTi = Dates)]</pre>
8
        }
9
        if(class(GOd)[1] != 'Meteo'){
10
            dt <- copy(data.table(GOd))</pre>
11
            if(!('Dates' %in% names(dt))){
12
                 dt[, Dates := indexD(sol)]
13
                 setcolorder(dt, 'Dates')
14
                 setkey(dt, 'Dates')
15
            }
16
            if('lat' %in% names(dt)){
17
                 latg <- unique(dt$lat)</pre>
18
                 dt[, lat := NULL]
19
            }else{latg <- getLat(sol)}</pre>
20
            GOd <- dt2Meteo(dt, latg)</pre>
21
        }
22
23
        stopifnot(indexD(sol) == indexD(GOd))
24
        BoOd <- sol@solD$BoOd
25
        GO <- getData(GOd)$GO
26
27
        is.na(G0) <- (G0>Bo0d)
28
29
        ### the Direct and Difuse data is not given
30
        if(corr != 'none'){
31
            Fd <- switch(corr,
32
33
                           CPR = FdKtCPR(sol, GOd),
                           Page = FdKtPage(sol, GOd),
34
                           LJ = FdKtLJ(sol, GOd),
35
                           CLIMEDd = FdKtCLIMEDd(sol, GOd),
36
                           user = f(sol, GOd))
37
            Kt <- Fd$Kt
38
            Fd <- Fd$Fd
39
            DOd <- Fd * GO
```

```
BOd <- GO - DOd
41
42
        ### the Direct and Difuse data is given
43
        else {
44
            GO <- getData(GOd)$GO
45
            DOd <- getData(GOd)[['DO']]</pre>
46
            BOd <- getData(GOd)[['BO']]
47
            Fd <- DOd/GO
48
            Kt <- GO/BoOd
49
50
51
        result <- data.table(Dates = indexD(sol), Fd, Kt, GOd = GO, DOd, BOd)
52
        setkey(result, 'Dates')
53
        result
54
   }
55
```

fCompI

```
fCompI <- function(sol, compD, GOI,</pre>
1
                         corr = 'EKDh', f,
2
                        filterGO = TRUE){
3
        if(!(corr %in% c('EKDh', 'CLIMEDh', 'BRL', 'user', 'none'))){
4
            warning('Wrong descriptor of correlation Fd-Ktd. Set EKDh.')
5
            corr <- 'EKDh'
6
        }
7
8
        if(class(sol)[1] != 'Sol'){
9
            sol <- sol[, calcSol(lat = unique(lat), BTi = Dates)]</pre>
10
11
12
        lat <- sol@lat
13
        sample <- sol@sample</pre>
14
        night <- sol@solI$night</pre>
15
        BoO <- sol@solI$BoO
16
        Dates <- indexI(sol)</pre>
^{17}
18
        ## If instantaneous values are not provided, compD is used instead.
19
        if (missing(GOI)) {
20
21
            GOI <- collper(sol, compD)</pre>
22
            GO <- GOI$GO
23
            BO <- GOI$BO
24
            DO <- GOI$DO
25
26
            Fd <- D0/G0
27
            Kt <- G0/Bo0
28
29
30
        } else { ## Use instantaneous values if provided through GOI
31
            if(class(GOI)[1] != 'Meteo'){
32
                 dt <- copy(GOI)</pre>
33
                 if(!('Dates' %in% names(GOI))){
34
                     dt[, Dates := indexI(sol)]
35
                     setcolorder(dt, 'Dates')
36
                     setkey(dt, 'Dates')
```

```
38
                if('lat' %in% names(GOI)){latg <- unique(GOI$lat)}</pre>
39
                else{latg <- lat}</pre>
40
                GOI <- dt2Meteo(dt, latg)</pre>
41
            }
42
43
            if (corr!='none'){
44
                GO <- getGO(GOI)
45
                ## Filter values: surface irradiation must be lower than
46
                ## extraterrestial;
47
                if (filterG0) {is.na(G0) <- (G0 > Bo0)}
48
49
                ## Fd-Kt correlation
50
                Fd <- switch(corr,
51
                               EKDh = FdKtEKDh(sol, GOI),
52
                               CLIMEDh = FdKtCLIMEDh(sol, GOI),
53
                               BRL = FdKtBRL(sol, GOI),
54
                               user = f(sol, GOI))
55
56
                Kt <- Fd$Kt
57
                Fd <- Fd$Fd
58
                DO <- Fd * GO
59
                BO <- GO - DO
60
61
            } else {
62
                GO <- getGO(GOI)
63
                D0 <- getData(GOI)[['DO']]</pre>
                BO <- getData(GOI)[['BO']]
65
                ## Filter values: surface irradiation must be lower than
66
                ## extraterrestial;
67
                if (isTRUE(filterGO)) is.na(GO) <- is.na(DO) <- is.na(BO) <- (GO >
68
       BoO)
69
                Fd <- D0/G0
70
                Kt <- G0/Bo0
            }
72
        }
73
        ## Values outside sunrise-sunset are set to zero
74
        GO[night] <- DO[night] <- BO[night] <- Kt[night] <- Fd[night] <- O
75
76
        result <- data.table(Dates, Fd, Kt, GO, DO, BO)
77
        setkey(result, 'Dates')
78
        result
79
   }
80
```

fInclin

```
fInclin <- function(compI, angGen, iS = 2, alb = 0.2, horizBright = TRUE, HCPV =
    FALSE){
    ##compI es class='G0'

##Arguments
    stopifnot(iS %in% 1:4)
    Beta <- angGen$Beta
    Alfa <- angGen$Alfa</pre>
```

```
cosTheta <- angGen$cosTheta</pre>
8
9
        comp <- as.data.tableI(compI, complete=TRUE)</pre>
10
        night <- comp$night</pre>
11
        BO <- comp$BO
12
        BoO <- comp$BoO
13
        DO <- comp$DO
14
        GO \leftarrow comp GO
15
        cosThzS <- comp$cosThzS</pre>
16
        is.na(cosThzS) <- night</pre>
17
18
        ##N.Martin method for dirt and non-perpendicular incidence
        Suc \leftarrow rbind(c(1, 0.17, -0.069),
20
                       c(0.98, .2, -0.054),
21
                       c(0.97, 0.21, -0.049),
22
                       c(0.92,0.27,-0.023))
23
        FTb <- (\exp(-\cos T + a/Suc[is,2]) - \exp(-1/Suc[is,2]))/(1 - \exp(-1/Suc[is,2]))
24
        FTd \leftarrow \exp(-1/Suc[iS,2] * (4/(3*pi) * (sin(Beta) + (pi - Beta - sin(Beta))/(1))
25
         + cos(Beta))) +
                                       Suc[iS,3] * (sin(Beta) + (pi - Beta - sin(Beta))/
        (1 + \cos(\text{Beta}))^2)
        FTr \leftarrow \exp(-1/Suc[iS,2] * (4/(3*pi) * (sin(Beta) + (Beta - sin(Beta))/(1 - sin(Beta)))
27
        cos(Beta))) +
                                       Suc[iS,3] * (sin(Beta) + (Beta - sin(Beta))/(1 -
28
        cos(Beta)))^2))
29
        ##Hay and Davies method for diffuse treatment
        B <- B0 * cosTheta/cosThzS * (cosThzS>0.007) #The factor cosThzS>0.007 is
31
        needed to eliminate erroneous results near dawn
        k1 \leftarrow B0/(Bo0)
32
        Di \leftarrow D0 * (1-k1) * (1+cos(Beta))/2
33
        if (horizBright) Di <- Di * (1+sqrt(B0/G0) * sin(Beta/2)^3)</pre>
34
        Dc <- D0 * k1 * cosTheta/cosThzS * (cosThzS>0.007)
35
        R \leftarrow alb * GO * (1-cos(Beta))/2
36
        D <- (Di + Dc)
37
        ##Extraterrestrial irradiance on the inclined plane
38
        Bo <- BoO * cosTheta/cosThzS * (cosThzS>0.007)
39
        ##Normal direct irradiance (DNI)
40
        Bn <- B0/cosThzS
41
        ##Sum of components
42
        G \leftarrow B + D + R
43
        Ref <- R * Suc[iS,1] * (1-FTr) * (!HCPV)
44
        Ref[is.nan(FTr)] <- 0 #When cos(Beta)=1, FTr=NaN. Cancel Ref.
45
        Dief <- Di * Suc[iS,1] * (1 - FTd) * (!HCPV)</pre>
46
        Dcef <- Dc * Suc[iS,1] * (1 - FTb) * (!HCPV)</pre>
47
        Def <- Dief + Dcef
48
        Bef \leftarrow B * Suc[iS,1] * (1 - FTb)
49
        Gef <- Bef + Def + Ref
50
51
        result <- data.table(Bo, Bn,
52
                                G, D, Di, Dc, B, R,
53
                                FTb, FTd, FTr,
54
                                Dief, Dcef, Gef, Def, Bef, Ref)
55
56
        ## Use O instead of NA for irradiance values
57
        result[night] <- 0</pre>
```

```
result[, Dates := indexI(compI)]
result[, .SD, by = Dates]
setcolorder(result, c('Dates', names(result)[-length(result)]))
result
}
```

fProd

```
## voc, isc, vmpp, impp : *cell* values
   ## Voc, Isc, Vmpp, Impp: *module/generator* values
3
   ## Compute Current - Voltage characteristic of a solar *cell* with Gef
4
   ## and Ta
5
   iv <- function(vocn, iscn, vmn, imn,</pre>
6
                    TONC, CoefVT = 2.3e-3,
8
                    Ta, Gef,
                    vmin = NULL, vmax = NULL)
9
   {
10
        ##Cell Constants
11
        Gstc <- 1000
12
        Ct <- (TONC - 20) / 800
13
        Vtn <- 0.025 * (273 + 25) / 300
14
        m < -1.3
15
16
        ##Cell temperature
17
        Tc <- Ta + Ct * Gef
18
        Vt \leftarrow 0.025 * (Tc + 273)/300
19
20
        ## Series resistance
21
        Rs <- (vocn - vmn + m * Vtn * log(1 - imn/iscn)) / imn
22
23
        ## Voc and Isc at ambient conditions
24
        voc <- vocn - CoefVT * (Tc - 25)
25
        isc <- iscn * Gef/Gstc</pre>
26
27
        ## Ruiz method for computing voltage and current characteristic of a *cell*
28
        rs <- Rs * isc/voc
29
        koc <- voc/(m * Vt)
30
31
        ## Maximum Power Point
32
        Dm0 \leftarrow (koc - 1)/(koc - log(koc))
33
        Dm \leftarrow Dm0 + 2 * rs * Dm0^2
34
35
        impp \leftarrow isc * (1 - Dm/koc)
36
        vmpp \leftarrow voc * (1 - log(koc/Dm)/koc - rs * (1 - Dm/koc))
37
38
39
        vdc <- vmpp
40
        idc <- impp
41
        ## When the MPP is below/above the inverter voltage limits, it
42
        ## sets the voltage point at the corresponding limit.
43
44
45
        ## Auxiliary functions for computing the current at a defined
46
        ## voltage.
```

```
ilimit <- function(v, koc, rs)</pre>
48
49
              if (is.na(koc))
50
                  result <- NA
51
              else
52
              {
53
                  ## The IV characteristic is an implicit equation. The starting
54
                  ## point is the voltage of the cell (imposed by the inverter
55
                  ## limit).
56
57
                  izero <- function(i , v, koc, rs)</pre>
58
                       vp <- v + i * rs</pre>
60
                       Is <-1/(1 - \exp(-koc * (1 - rs)))
61
                       result <- i - (1 - Is * (exp(-koc * (1 - vp)) - exp(-koc * (1 - vp))))
62
        rs))))
63
64
                  result <- uniroot(f = izero,
65
                                        interval = c(0,1),
66
                                        v = v,
67
                                       koc = koc,
68
                                       rs = rs)$root
69
              }
70
             result
71
         }
72
         ## Inverter minimum voltage
73
         if (!is.null(vmin))
74
75
              if (any(vmpp < vmin, na.rm = TRUE))</pre>
76
77
              {
                  indMIN <- which(vmpp < vmin)</pre>
78
                  imin <- sapply(indMIN, function(i)</pre>
79
80
                       vocMIN <- voc[i]</pre>
81
                       kocMIN <- koc[i]</pre>
82
                       rsMIN <- rs[i]
83
                       vmin <- vmin/vocMIN</pre>
84
                       ##v debe estar entre 0 y 1
85
                       vmin[vmin < 0] <- 0</pre>
86
                       vmin[vmin > 1] <- 1</pre>
87
                       ilimit(vmin, kocMIN, rsMIN)
88
                  })
89
                  iscMIN <- isc[indMIN]</pre>
90
                  idc[indMIN] <- imin * iscMIN</pre>
91
                  vdc[indMIN] <- vmin</pre>
92
                  warning('Minimum MPP voltage of the inverter has been reached')}
93
         }
94
95
         if (!is.null(vmax))
96
97
              if (any(vmpp > vmax, na.rm = TRUE))
98
              {
99
                  indMAX <- which(vmpp > vmax)
100
101
                  imax <- sapply(indMAX, function(i)</pre>
102
```

```
vocMAX <- voc[i]</pre>
103
                       kocMAX <- koc[i]
104
                       rsMAX <- rs[i]
105
                       vmax <- vmax / vocMAX</pre>
106
                       ##v debe estar entre 0 y 1
107
                       vmax[vmax < 0] <- 0
108
                       vmax[vmax > 1] <- 1</pre>
109
                       ilimit(vmax, kocMAX, rsMAX)
110
                  })
111
                  iscMAX <- isc[indMAX]</pre>
112
                  idc[indMAX] <- imax * iscMAX</pre>
113
                  vdc[indMAX] <- vmax</pre>
114
                  warning('Maximum MPP voltage of the inverter has been reached')
115
              }
116
         }
117
         data.table(Ta, Tc, Gef, voc, isc, vmpp, impp, vdc, idc)
    }
119
120
    fProd <- function(inclin,</pre>
121
                         module=list(),
                         generator=list(),
123
                         inverter=list(),
124
                         effSys=list()
125
                         )
126
    {
127
128
         stopifnot(is.list(module),
129
                     is.list(generator),
130
                     is.list(inverter),
131
                     is.list(effSys)
132
133
                     )
134
         ## Extract data from objects
         if (class(inclin)[1]=='Gef') {
135
              indInclin <- indexI(inclin)</pre>
136
              gefI <- as.data.tableI(inclin, complete = TRUE)</pre>
137
             Gef <- gefI$Gef</pre>
138
             Ta <- gefI$Ta
139
         } else {
140
             Gef <- inclin$Gef</pre>
141
             Ta <- inclin$Ta
142
         }
143
144
         ## Module, generator, and inverter parameters
         module.default <- list(Vocn = 57.6,</pre>
146
                                    Iscn = 4.7,
147
                                    Vmn = 46.08,
148
                                    Imn = 4.35,
149
                                    Ncs = 96,
150
                                    Ncp = 1,
151
                                    CoefVT = 0.0023,
152
                                    TONC = 47
153
         module <- modifyList(module.default, module)</pre>
154
         ## Make these parameters visible because they will be used often.
155
         Ncs <- module$Ncs
156
         Ncp <- module$Ncp</pre>
157
158
```

```
generator.default <- list(Nms = 12,</pre>
159
160
                                       Nmp = 11
         generator <- modifyList(generator.default, generator)</pre>
161
         generator$Pg <- (module$Vmn * generator$Nms) *</pre>
162
              (module$Imn * generator$Nmp)
163
         Nms <- generator$Nms
164
         Nmp <- generator$Nmp</pre>
165
166
         inverter.default <- list(Ki = c(0.01, 0.025, 0.05),
167
                                      Pinv = 25000,
168
                                      Vmin = 420,
169
                                      Vmax = 750,
170
                                      Gumb = 20)
171
         inverter <- modifyList(inverter.default, inverter)</pre>
172
         Pinv <- inverter$Pinv</pre>
173
174
         effSys.default <- list(ModQual = 3,
175
                                    ModDisp = 2,
176
                                    OhmDC = 1.5,
177
                                    OhmAC = 1.5,
                                    MPP = 1,
179
                                    TrafoMT = 1,
180
                                    Disp = 0.5)
181
         effSys <- modifyList(effSys.default, effSys)</pre>
182
183
         ## Solar Cell i-v
184
         vocn <- with(module, Vocn / Ncs)</pre>
         iscn <- with(module, Iscn/ Ncp)</pre>
186
         vmn <- with(module, Vmn / Ncs)</pre>
187
         imn <- with(module, Imn / Ncp)</pre>
188
         vmin <- with(inverter, Vmin / (Ncs * Nms))</pre>
189
         vmax <- with(inverter, Vmax / (Ncs * Nms))</pre>
190
191
         cell <- iv(vocn, iscn,</pre>
192
                      vmn, imn,
193
                      module$TONC, module$CoefVT,
194
                      Ta, Gef,
195
                      vmin, vmax)
196
197
         ## Generator voltage and current
198
         Idc <- Nmp * Ncp * cell$idc</pre>
199
         Isc <- Nmp * Ncp * cell$isc</pre>
200
         Impp <- Nmp * Ncp * cell$impp</pre>
201
         Vdc <- Nms * Ncs * cell$vdc</pre>
202
         Voc <- Nms * Ncs * cell$voc</pre>
203
         Vmpp <- Nms * Ncs * cell$vmpp</pre>
204
205
         ##DC power (normalization with nominal power of inverter)
206
         ##including losses
207
         PdcN <- with(effSys, (Idc * Vdc) / Pinv *
208
                                  (1 - ModQual / 100) *
209
                                  (1 - ModDisp / 100) *
210
                                  (1 - MPP / 100) *
211
                                  (1 - OhmDC / 100)
212
213
                        )
214
```

```
##Normalized AC power to the inverter
215
         Ki <- inverter$Ki
216
         if (is.matrix(Ki)) { #Ki is a matrix of nine coefficients-->dependence with
217
         tension
             VP <- cbind(Vdc, PdcN)</pre>
218
             PacN <- apply(VP, 1, solvePac, Ki)
219
         } else { #Ki is a vector of three coefficients-->without dependence on
220
         voltage
             A <- Ki[3]
221
             B \leftarrow Ki[2] + 1
222
             C <- Ki[1] - (PdcN)</pre>
223
             PacN <- (-B + sqrt(B^2 - 4 * A * C))/(2 * A)
224
         }
         EffI <- PacN / PdcN</pre>
226
         pacNeg <- PacN <= 0
227
         PacN[pacNeg] <- PdcN[pacNeg] <- EffI[pacNeg] <- 0</pre>
228
229
230
         ##AC and DC power without normalization
231
         Pac <- with(effSys, PacN * Pinv *
                                (Gef > inverter$Gumb) *
233
                                (1 - OhmAC / 100) *
234
                                (1 - TrafoMT / 100) *
235
                                (1 - Disp / 100))
236
         Pdc <- PdcN * Pinv * (Pac > 0)
237
238
239
         ## Result
240
         resProd <- data.table(Tc = cell$Tc,
241
                                 Voc, Isc,
242
243
                                 Vmpp, Impp,
244
                                 Vdc, Idc,
                                 Pac, Pdc,
245
                                 EffI)
246
         if (class(inclin)[1] %in% 'Gef'){
247
             result <- resProd[, .SD,
248
                                  by=.(Dates = indInclin)]
249
             attr(result, 'generator') <- generator</pre>
250
             attr(result, 'module') <- module</pre>
251
             attr(result, 'inverter') <- inverter</pre>
252
             attr(result, 'effSys') <- effSys</pre>
253
             return(result)
254
         } else {
             result <- cbind(inclin, resProd)</pre>
256
             return(result)
257
         }
258
    }
259
```

fPump

```
fPump <- function(pump, H){

w1=3000 ##synchronous rpm frequency
wm=2870 ##rpm frequency with slip when applying voltage at 50 Hz
s=(w1-wm)/w1</pre>
```

```
fen=50 ##Nominal electrical frequency
6
       fmin=sqrt(H/pump$a)
7
       fmax=with(pump, (-b*Qmax+sqrt(b^2*Qmax^2-4*a*(c*Qmax^2-H)))/(2*a))
8
       ##fb is rotation frequency (Hz) of the pump,
9
       ##fe is the electrical frequency applied to the motor
10
       ##which makes it rotate at a frequency fb (and therefore also the pump).
11
       fb=seq(fmin,min(60,fmax),length=1000) #The maximum frequency is 60
12
       fe=fb/(1-s)
13
14
15
       Q=with(pump, (-b*fb-sqrt(b^2*fb^2-4*c*(a*fb^2-H)))/(2*c))
16
       Qmin=0.1*pump$Qn*fb/50
17
       Q=Q+(Qmin-Q)*(Q<Qmin)
18
19
   ###Hydraulic power
20
       Ph=2.725*Q*H
21
22
   ###Mechanical power
23
       Q50=50*Q/fb
24
       H50=H*(50/fb)^2
        etab=with(pump, j*Q50^2+k*Q50+1)
26
       Pb50=2.725*H50*Q50/etab
27
       Pb=Pb50*(fb/50)^3
28
   ###Electrical power
30
       Pbc=Pb*50/fe
31
       etam=with(pump, g*(Pbc/Pmn)^2+h*(Pbc/Pmn)+i)
32
       Pmc=Pbc/etam
33
       Pm=Pmc*fe/50
34
       Pac=Pm
35
       ##Pdc=Pm/(etac*(1-cab))
36
37
   ###I build functions for flow, frequency and powers
38
   ###to adjust the AC power.
39
       fQ<-splinefun(Pac,Q)
40
       fFreq<-splinefun(Pac,fe)</pre>
41
       fPb <-splinefun (Pac, Pb)
42
       fPh <-splinefun (Pac, Ph)
43
       lim=c(min(Pac),max(Pac))
44
       ##lim marks the operating range of the pump
45
       result<-list(lim = lim,</pre>
46
                      fQ = fQ,
47
                      fPb = fPb,
48
                      fPh = fPh,
49
                      fFreq = fFreq)
50
   }
51
```

fSolD

```
fSolD <- function(lat, BTd, method = 'michalsky'){
   if (abs(lat) > 90){
      lat <- sign(lat) * 90
      warning(paste('Latitude outside acceptable values. Set to', lat))
   }
   sun <- data.table(Dates = unique(as.IDate(BTd)),</pre>
```

```
lat = lat)
7
8
       #### solarAngles ####
9
10
       ##Declination
11
       sun[, decl := declination(Dates, method = method)]
12
       ##Eccentricity
13
       sun[, eo := eccentricity(Dates, method = method)]
14
        ##Equation of time
15
       sun[, EoT := eot(Dates)]
16
       ##Solar time
17
       sun[, ws := sunrise(Dates, lat, method = method,
                             decl = decl)]
19
       ##Extraterrestrial irradiance
20
       sun[, BoOd := boOd(Dates, lat, method = method,
21
22
                            decl = decl,
                            eo = eo,
23
                            ws = ws
24
                            )]
25
       setkey(sun, Dates)
26
       return(sun)
27
   }
28
```

fSolI

```
fSolI <- function(solD, sample = 'hour', BTi,
1
                       EoT = TRUE, keep.night = TRUE, method = 'michalsky')
2
   {
3
        #Solar constant
4
        Bo <- 1367
5
6
        if(missing(BTi)){
            d <- solD$Dates</pre>
8
            BTi <- fBTi(d, sample)
9
        }
10
        sun <- data.table(Dates = as.IDate(BTi),</pre>
11
                           Times = as.ITime(BTi))
12
        sun <- merge(solD, sun, by = 'Dates')</pre>
13
        sun[, eqtime := EoT]
14
        sun[, EoT := NULL]
15
16
        #sun hour angle
17
        sun[, w := sunHour(Dates, BTi, EoT = EoT, method = method, eqtime = eqtime)]
18
19
        #classify night elements
20
        sun[, night := abs(w) >= abs(ws)]
21
22
23
        #zenith angle
        sun[, cosThzS := zenith(Dates, lat, BTi,
24
                                  method = method,
25
                                  decl = decl,
26
                                  w = w
27
                                  )]
28
29
        #solar altitude angle
```

```
sun[, AlS := asin(cosThzS)]
31
32
        #azimuth
33
        sun[, AzS := azimuth(Dates, lat, BTi, sample,
34
                               method = method,
35
                               decl = decl,
36
                               w = w,
37
                               cosThzS = cosThzS)
38
39
        #Extraterrestrial irradiance
40
        sun[, Bo0 := Bo * eo * cosThzS]
41
42
        #When it is night there is no irradiance
43
        sun[night == TRUE, BoO := 0]
44
45
        #Erase columns that are in solD
46
        sun[, decl := NULL]
47
        sun[, eo := NULL]
48
        sun[, eqtime := NULL]
49
        sun[, ws := NULL]
        sun[, BoOd := NULL]
51
52
        #Column Dates with Times
53
        sun[, Dates := as.POSIXct(Dates, Times, tz = 'UTC')]
54
        sun[, Times := NULL]
55
56
        #keep night
57
        if(!keep.night){
58
            sun <- sun[night == FALSE]</pre>
59
60
61
62
        return(sun)
   }
63
```

fSombra

```
fSombra<-function(angGen, distances, struct, modeTrk='fixed',prom=TRUE){
2
       stopifnot(modeTrk %in% c('two', 'horiz', 'fixed'))
3
       res=switch(modeTrk,
4
                   two={fSombra6(angGen, distances, struct, prom)},
5
                  horiz={fSombraHoriz(angGen, distances, struct)},
6
                   fixed= {fSombraEst(angGen, distances, struct)}
7
       return(res)
9
   }
10
```

```
fSombra2X<-function(angGen,distances,struct)
{
    stopifnot(is.list(struct),is.data.frame(distances))
    ##I prepare starting data
    P=with(struct,distances/W)
    b=with(struct,L/W)
    AzS=angGen$AzS
    Beta=angGen$Beta</pre>
```

```
AlS=angGen$AlS
9
10
       d1=abs(P$Lew*cos(AzS)-P$Lns*sin(AzS))
11
       d2=abs(P$Lew*sin(AzS)+P$Lns*cos(AzS))
12
       FC=sin(AlS)/sin(Beta+AlS)
13
       s=b*cos(Beta)+(b*sin(Beta)+P$H)/tan(AlS)
14
       FS1=1-d1
15
       FS2=s-d2
16
       SombraCond=(FS1>0)*(FS2>0)*(P$Lew*AzS>=0)
17
       SombraCond[is.na(SombraCond)] <- FALSE #NAs are of no use to me in a logical
18
       vector. I replace them with FALSE
       ## Result
       FS=SombraCond*(FS1*FS2*FC)/b
20
       FS[FS>1]<-1
21
       return(FS)
22
   }
```

```
fSombra6<-function(angGen, distances, struct, prom=TRUE)
2
       stopifnot(is.list(struct),
3
                  is.data.frame(distances))
4
       ##distances only has three distances, so I generate a grid
5
       if (dim(distances)[1]==1){
6
           Red <- distances[, .(Lew = c(-Lew, 0, Lew, -Lew, Lew),</pre>
7
                                  Lns = c(Lns, Lns, Lns, 0, 0),
8
                                  H=H)
10
       } else { #distances is an array, so there is no need to generate the grid
           Red<-distances[1:5,]} #I only need the first 5 rows...necessary in case a</pre>
11
        wrong data.frame is delivered
12
       ## I calculate the shadow due to each of the 5 followers
13
       SombraGrupo<-matrix(ncol=5,nrow=dim(angGen)[1]) ###VECTORIZE
14
       for (i in 1:5) {SombraGrupo[,i]<-fSombra2X(angGen,Red[i,],struct)}</pre>
15
       ##To calculate the Average Shadow, I need the number of followers in each
16
       position (distrib)
       distrib=with(struct,c(1,Ncol-2,1,Nrow-1,(Ncol-2)*(Nrow-1),Nrow-1))
17
       vProm=c(sum(distrib[c(5,6)]),
18
                sum(distrib[c(4,5,6)]),
19
                sum(distrib[c(4,5)]),
20
                sum(distrib[c(2,3,5,6)]),
21
                sum(distrib[c(1,2,4,5)]))
22
       Nseg=sum(distrib) ##Total number of followers
23
       ##With the SWEEP function I multiply the Shadow Factor of each type (
24
       ShadowGroup columns) by the vProm result
       if (prom==TRUE){
26
           ## Average Shadow Factor in the group of SIX followers taking into
27
       account distribution
28
           FS=rowSums(sweep(SombraGrupo,2,vProm,'*'))/Nseg
           FS[FS>1]<-1
29
       } else {
30
           ## Shadow factor on follower #5 due to the other 5 followers
31
           FS=rowSums(SombraGrupo)
32
           FS[FS>1]<-1}
33
       return(FS)
34
  }
```

```
fSombraEst<-function(angGen, distances, struct)</pre>
1
2
        stopifnot(is.list(struct),is.data.frame(distances))
3
        ## I prepare starting data
4
        dist <- with(struct, distances/L)</pre>
5
       Alfa <- angGen$Alfa
6
       Beta <- angGen$Beta
       AlS <- angGen$AlS
8
       AzS <- angGen$AzS
9
        cosTheta <- angGen$cosTheta</pre>
10
        h <- dist$H #It must be previously normalized
11
        d <- dist$D</pre>
12
        ## Calculations
13
        s=cos(Beta)+cos(Alfa-AzS)*(sin(Beta)+h)/tan(AlS)
14
        FC=sin(AlS)/sin(Beta+AlS)
15
        SombraCond=(s-d>0)
16
        FS=(s-d)*SombraCond*FC*(cosTheta>0)
^{17}
        ## Result
18
        FS=FS*(FS>0)
19
        FS[FS>1]<-1
20
        return(FS)
21
   }
22
```

```
fSombraHoriz<-function(angGen, distances, struct)</pre>
1
2
       stopifnot(is.list(struct),is.data.frame(distances))
3
       ## I prepare starting data
4
       d <- with(struct, distances/L)</pre>
5
       AzS <- angGen$AzS
6
       AlS <- angGen$AlS
7
       Beta <- angGen$Beta
8
       lew <- d$Lew #It must be previously normalized</pre>
9
       ## Calculations
10
       Beta0=atan(abs(sin(AzS)/tan(AlS)))
11
       FS=1-lew*cos(Beta0)/cos(Beta-Beta0)
12
       SombraCond=(FS>0)
13
14
       ## Result
       FS=FS*SombraCond
15
       FS[FS>1]<-1
16
       return(FS)
17
   }
18
```

fTemp

```
fTemp<-function(sol, BD)
{
    ##sol is an object with class='Sol'
    ##BD is an object with class='Meteo', whose 'data' slot contains two columns
    called "TempMax" and "TempMin"

stopifnot(class(sol)=='Sol')
    stopifnot(class(BD)=='Meteo')</pre>
```

```
checkIndexD(indexD(sol), indexD(BD))
9
10
        Dates<-indexI(sol)</pre>
11
        x <- as.Date(Dates)</pre>
12
        ind.rep \leftarrow cumsum(c(1, diff(x) != 0))
13
14
        TempMax <- BD@data$TempMax[ind.rep]</pre>
15
        TempMin <- BD@data$TempMin[ind.rep]</pre>
16
        ws <- sol@solD$ws[ind.rep]
17
        w <- sol@solI$w
18
19
        ##Generate temperature sequence from database Maxima and Minima
20
21
        Tm=(TempMin+TempMax)/2
22
        Tr=(TempMax-TempMin)/2
23
24
        wp=pi/4
25
26
        a1=pi*12*(ws-w)/(21*pi+12*ws)
27
        a2=pi*(3*pi-12*w)/(3*pi-12*ws)
28
        a3=pi*(24*pi+12*(ws-w))/(21*pi+12*ws)
29
30
        T1=Tm-Tr*cos(a1)
31
        T2=Tm+Tr*cos(a2)
32
        T3=Tm-Tr*cos(a3)
33
34
        Ta=T1*(w<=ws)+T2*(w>ws&w<=wp)+T3*(w>wp)
35
36
37
        result <-data.table(Dates, Ta)
38
   }
39
```

fTheta

```
fTheta<-function(sol, beta, alfa=0, modeTrk='fixed', betaLim=90,
2
                     BT=FALSE, struct, dist)
3
   {
       stopifnot(modeTrk %in% c('two', 'horiz', 'fixed'))
4
        if (!missing(struct)) {stopifnot(is.list(struct))}
5
       if (!missing(dist)) {stopifnot(is.data.frame(dist))}
6
7
       betaLim=d2r(betaLim)
8
       lat=getLat(sol, 'rad')
9
       signLat=ifelse(sign(lat)==0, 1, sign(lat)) ##When lat=0, sign(lat)=0. I
10
       change it to sign(lat)=1
11
       solI<-as.data.tableI(sol, complete=TRUE, day = TRUE)</pre>
12
13
       AlS=solI$AlS
       AzS=solI$AzS
14
       decl=solI$decl
15
       w<-solI$w
16
17
       night <- solI $ night
18
19
       Beta <- switch (modeTrk,
```

```
two = \{Beta2x=pi/2-AlS\}
21
                          Beta=Beta2x+(betaLim-Beta2x)*(Beta2x>betaLim)},
22
                      fixed = rep(d2r(beta), length(w)),
23
                      horiz={BetaHoriz0=atan(abs(sin(AzS)/tan(AlS)))
24
                          if (BT){lew=dist$Lew/struct$L
25
                               Longitud=lew*cos(BetaHoriz0)
26
                               Cond=(Longitud>=1)
27
                               Longitud[Cond]=1
28
                               ## When Cond==TRUE Length=1
29
                               ## and therefore asin(Length)=pi/2,
30
                               ## so that BetaHoriz=BetaHoriz0
31
                               BetaHoriz=BetaHorizO+asin(Longitud)-pi/2
32
                          } else {
33
                               BetaHoriz=BetaHoriz0
34
                               rm(BetaHoriz0)}
35
                          Beta=ifelse(BetaHoriz>betaLim, betaLim, BetaHoriz)}
36
                      )
37
        is.na(Beta) <- night</pre>
38
39
        Alfa<-switch(modeTrk,
40
                      two = AzS,
41
                      fixed = rep(d2r(alfa), length(w)),
42
43
                      horiz=pi/2*sign(AzS))
        is.na(Alfa) <- night
44
45
        cosTheta<-switch(modeTrk,</pre>
46
                          two=cos(Beta-(pi/2-AlS)),
47
                          horiz={
48
                               t1=sin(decl)*sin(lat)*cos(Beta)
49
                               t2=\cos(\det)*\cos(w)*\cos(\det)*\cos(Beta)
50
                               t3=cos(decl)*abs(sin(w))*sin(Beta)
51
                               cosTheta=t1+t2+t3
52
                               rm(t1,t2,t3)
53
                               cosTheta
54
                          },
                          fixed={
56
                               t1=sin(decl)*sin(lat)*cos(Beta)
57
                               t2=-signLat*sin(decl)*cos(lat)*sin(Beta)*cos(Alfa)
58
                               t3=cos(decl)*cos(w)*cos(lat)*cos(Beta)
59
                               t4=signLat*cos(decl)*cos(w)*sin(lat)*sin(Beta)*cos(Alfa)
60
                               t5=cos(decl)*sin(w)*sin(Alfa)*sin(Beta)
61
                               cosTheta=t1+t2+t3+t4+t5
62
                               rm(t1,t2,t3,t4,t5)
63
                               cosTheta
64
                          }
65
66
        is.na(cosTheta) <- night</pre>
67
        cosTheta=cosTheta*(cosTheta>0) #when cosTheta<0, Theta is greater than 90°,
68
        and therefore the Sun is behind the panel.
69
        result <- data.table(Dates = indexI(sol),
70
                               Beta, Alfa, cosTheta)
71
        return(result)
72
   }
```

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HQCurve

```
## HQCurve: no visible binding for global variable 'fb'
  ## HQCurve: no visible binding for global variable 'Q'
  ## HQCurve: no visible binding for global variable 'x'
   ## HQCurve: no visible binding for global variable 'y'
   ## HQCurve: no visible binding for global variable 'group.value'
6
   if(getRversion() >= "2.15.1") globalVariables(c('fb', 'Q', 'x', 'y', 'group.value
7
       '))
8
   HQCurve<-function(pump){</pre>
9
     w1=3000 #synchronous rpm frequency
10
     wm=2870 #rpm frequency with slip when applying voltage at 50 Hz
11
12
     fen=50 #Nominal electrical frequency
13
14
     f = seq(35,50,by=5)
15
     Hn=with(pump,a*50^2+b*50*Qn+c*Qn^2) #height corresponding to flow rate and
16
       nominal frequency
17
     kiso=Hn/pump$Qn^2 #To paint the isoyield curve I take into account the laws of
18
       similarity
     Qiso=with(pump, seq(0.1*Qn,Qmax,l=10))
19
     Hiso=kiso*Qiso^2 #Isoperformance curve
20
21
     Curva <- expand.grid(fb=f,Q=Qiso)
22
23
     Curva<-within(Curva,{
24
       fe=fb/(1-s)
25
       H=with(pump,a*fb^2+b*fb*Q+c*Q^2)
26
27
       is.na(H) <- (H<0)
28
       Q50=50*Q/fb
29
       H50=H*(50/fb)^2
30
       etab=with(pump,j*Q50^2+k*Q50+1)
31
       Pb50=2.725*H50*Q50/etab
       Pb=Pb50*(fb/50)^3
33
34
       Pbc=Pb*50/fe
35
       etam=with(pump,g*(Pbc/Pmn)^2+h*(Pbc/Pmn)+i)
36
       Pmc=Pbc/etam
37
       Pm=Pmc*fe/50
38
39
       etac=0.95 #Variable frequency drive performance
40
       cab=0.05 #Cable losses
41
       Pdc=Pm/(etac*(1-cab))
42
       rm(etac,cab,Pmc,Pbc,Pb50,Q50,H50)
43
44
     })
45
   ###H-Q curve at different frequencies
46
     ##I check if I have the lattice package available, which should have been
47
       loaded in .First.lib
     lattice.disp<-("lattice" %in% .packages())</pre>
48
     latticeExtra.disp<-("latticeExtra" %in% .packages())</pre>
49
     if (lattice.disp && latticeExtra.disp) {
```

```
p<-xyplot(H~Q,groups=factor(fb),data=Curva, type='l',</pre>
51
                  par.settings=custom.theme.2(),
52
                  panel=function(x,y,groups,...){
53
                     panel.superpose(x,y,groups,...)
                    panel.xyplot(Qiso,Hiso,col='black',...)
55
                    panel.text(Qiso[1], Hiso[1], 'ISO', pos=3)}
56
57
       p=p+glayer(panel.text(x[1], y[1], group.value, pos=3))
58
       print(p)
59
       result<-list(result=Curva, plot=p)</pre>
60
     } else {
61
       warning('lattice and/or latticeExtra packages are not available. Thus, the
62
       plot could not be created')
       result<-Curva}
63
   }
64
```

local2Solar

```
local2Solar <- function(x, lon=NULL){</pre>
     tz=attr(x, 'tzone')
2
     if (tz=='' || is.null(tz)) {tz='UTC'}
3
     ##Daylight savings time
4
     A0=3600*dst(x)
5
6
     AOneg=(AO<0)
     if (any(AOneg)) {
7
       AO[AOneg] = 0
8
       warning('Some Daylight Savings Time unknown. Set to zero.')
9
10
     ##Difference between local longitude and time zone longitude LH
11
     LH=lonHH(tz)
12
     if (is.null(lon))
13
        {deltaL=0
14
      } else
15
     {deltaL=d2r(lon)-LH
16
17
     ##Local time corrected to UTC
18
     tt <- format(x, tz=tz)</pre>
19
     result <- as.POSIXct(tt, tz='UTC')-A0+r2sec(deltaL)</pre>
20
21
     result
22
```

markovG0

```
## Objects loaded at startup from data/MTM.RData
1
   if(getRversion() >= "2.15.1") globalVariables(c(
2
                       'MTM', ## Markov Transition Matrices
3
4
                       'Ktmtm', ## Kt limits to choose a matrix from MTM
                       'Ktlim' ## Daily kt range of each matrix.
5
                       ))
6
   markovG0 <- function(GOdm, solD){</pre>
8
       solD <- copy(solD)</pre>
9
       timeIndex <- solD$Dates</pre>
10
       BoOd <- solD$BoOd
```

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```
BoOdm <- solD[, mean(BoOd), by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))][[3]]
12
        ktm <- GOdm/BoOdm
13
14
        ##Calculates which matrix to work with for each month
15
        whichMatrix <- findInterval(ktm, Ktmtm, all.inside = TRUE)</pre>
16
17
        ktd <- state <- numeric(length(timeIndex))</pre>
18
        state[1] <- 1
19
        ktd[1] <- ktm[state[1]]</pre>
20
        for (i in 2:length(timeIndex)){
21
             iMonth <- month(timeIndex[i])</pre>
22
             colMonth <- whichMatrix[iMonth]</pre>
23
            rng <- Ktlim[, colMonth]</pre>
24
             classes <- seq(rng[1], rng[2], length=11)</pre>
25
            matMonth <- MTM[(10*colMonth-9):(10*colMonth),]</pre>
26
            ## http://www-rohan.sdsu.edu/~babailey/stat575/mcsim.r
27
             state[i] <- sample(1:10, size=1, prob=matMonth[state[i-1],])</pre>
28
            ktd[i] <- runif(1, min=classes[state[i]], max=classes[state[i]+1])</pre>
29
30
        GOdmMarkov <- data.table(ktd, BoOd)</pre>
31
        GOdmMarkov <- GOdmMarkov[, mean(ktd*BoOd), by = .(month(timeIndex), year(</pre>
32
        timeIndex))][[3]]
        fix <- GOdm/GOdmMarkov</pre>
33
        indRep <- month(timeIndex)</pre>
34
        fix <- fix[indRep]</pre>
35
        GOd <- data.table(Dates = timeIndex, GOd = ktd * BoOd * fix)</pre>
36
        GOd
37
38
```

NmgPVPS

```
## NmgPVPS: no visible binding for global variable 'Pnom'
   ## NmgPVPS: no visible binding for global variable 'group.value'
3
   if(getRversion() >= "2.15.1") globalVariables(c('Pnom', 'group.value'))
4
5
   NmgPVPS <- function(pump, Pg, H, Gd, Ta=30,
6
                         lambda=0.0045, TONC=47,
7
                         eta=0.95, Gmax=1200, t0=6, Nm=6,
8
                         title='', theme=custom.theme.2()){
9
10
       ##I build the type day by IEC procedure
11
       t=seq(-t0,t0,1=2*t0*Nm);
12
       d=Gd/(Gmax*2*t0)
13
       s=(d*pi/2-1)/(1-pi/4)
14
       G=Gmax*cos(t/t0*pi/2)*(1+s*(1-cos(t/t0*pi/2)))
15
       G[G<0]<-0
16
17
       G=G/(sum(G,na.rm=1)/Nm)*Gd
       Red <- expand.grid (G=G, Pnom=Pg, H=H, Ta=Ta)
18
       {\tt Red < -within(Red, \{Tcm < -Ta + G*(TONC - 20)/800)}
19
                          Pdc=Pnom*G/1000*(1-lambda*(Tcm-25)) #Available DC power
                          Pac=Pdc*eta})
                                                                 #Inverter yield
21
22
       res=data.table(Red,Q=0)
23
```

```
for (i in seq_along(H)){
25
            fun=fPump(pump, H[i])
26
            Cond=res$H==H[i]
27
            x=res$Pac[Cond]
28
            z=res$Pdc[Cond]
29
            rango=with(fun,x>=lim[1] & x<=lim[2]) #I limit the power to the operating
30
        range of the pump.
            x[!rango] < -0
31
            z[!rango]<-0
32
            y=res$Q[Cond]
33
            y[rango]<-fun$fQ(x[rango])</pre>
34
            res$Q[Cond]=y
35
            res$Pac[Cond]=x
36
            res$Pdc[Cond]=z
37
       }
38
39
       resumen <- res[, lapply(.SD, function(x)sum(x, na.rm = 1)/Nm),
40
                        by = .(Pnom, H)]
41
       param=list(pump=pump, Pg=Pg, H=H, Gd=Gd, Ta=Ta,
42
                   lambda=lambda, TONC=TONC, eta=eta,
43
                   Gmax=Gmax, t0=t0, Nm=Nm)
44
45
46
   ###Abacus with common X-axes
47
48
        ##I check if I have the lattice package available, which should have been
49
       loaded in .First.lib
       lattice.disp<-("lattice" %in% .packages())</pre>
50
       latticeExtra.disp<-("latticeExtra" %in% .packages())</pre>
51
        if (lattice.disp && latticeExtra.disp){
52
            tema<-theme
53
            tema1 <- modifyList(tema, list(layout.width = list(panel=1,</pre>
54
                                              ylab = 2, axis.left=1.0,
55
56
                                              left.padding=1, ylab.axis.padding=1,
                                              axis.panel=1)))
57
            tema2 <- modifyList(tema, list(layout.width = list(panel=1,</pre>
58
                                              ylab = 2, axis.left=1.0, left.padding=1,
59
                                              ylab.axis.padding=1, axis.panel=1)))
60
            temaT <- modifyList(tema, list(layout.heights = list(panel = c(1, 1))))</pre>
61
            p1 <- xyplot(Q~Pdc, groups=H, data=resumen,
62
                          ylab="Qd (m\u00b3/d)",type=c('l','g'),
63
                          par.settings = tema1)
64
65
            p1lab<-p1+glayer(panel.text(x[1], y[1], group.value, pos=2, cex=0.7))
66
67
            ##I paint the linear regression because Pnom Pdc depends on the height.
68
            p2 <- xyplot(Pnom~Pdc, groups=H, data=resumen,
69
                          ylab="Pg",type=c('l','g'), #type=c('smooth','g'),
70
                          par.settings = tema2)
71
            p2lab<-p2+glayer(panel.text(x[1], y[1], group.value, pos=2, cex=0.7))
72
73
            p<-update(c(p1lab, p2lab, x.same = TRUE),</pre>
74
                       main=paste(title, '\nSP', pump$Qn, 'A', pump$stages, ' ',
75
                       'Gd ', Gd/1000," kWh/m\u00b2",sep=''),
76
77
                       layout = c(1, 2),
                       scales=list(x=list(draw=FALSE)),
78
```

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```
79
                       ylab = list(c("Qd (m\u00b3/d)","Pg (Wp)"), y = c(1/4, 3/4)),
80
                       par.settings = temaT
81
            print(p)
83
            result<-list(I=res,D=resumen, plot=p, param=param)</pre>
84
       } else {
85
            warning('lattice, latticeExtra packages are not all available. Thus, the
       plot could not be created')
            result<-list(I=res,D=resumen, param=param)</pre>
87
88
   }
```

utils-angle

```
#degrees to radians
   d2r < function(x) \{x*pi/180\}
2
3
   #radians to degrees
   r2d<-function(x){x*180/pi}</pre>
6
   #hours to radians
   h2r<-function(x){x*pi/12}</pre>
9
   #hours to degrees
10
   h2d < -function(x) \{x*180/12\}
11
12
   #radians to hours
13
   r2h < -function(x) \{x*12/pi\}
14
15
   #degrees to hours
   d2h < function(x) \{x*12/180\}
17
18
   #radians to seconds
19
   r2sec < -function(x) \{x*12/pi*3600\}
20
21
   #radians to minutes
22
   r2min < -function(x) \{x*12/pi*60\}
```

utils-time

```
#complete time to hours
   t2h <- function(x)
2
   {
3
       hour(x)+minute(x)/60+second(x)/3600
4
   }
   #hours minutes and seconds to hours
   hms <- function(x)
       hour(x)+minute(x)/60+second(x)/3600
10
   }
11
12
  #day of the year
```

```
doy <- function(x){</pre>
      as.numeric(format(x, '%j'))
15
   }
16
17
   #day of the month
18
   dom <- function(x){</pre>
19
     as.numeric(format(x, '%d'))
20
21
22
   #trunc days
23
   truncDay <- function(x){as.POSIXct(trunc(x, units='days'))}</pre>
```

A.4. Métodos

as.data.tableI

as.data.tableD

```
setGeneric('as.data.tableD', function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
       standardGeneric('as.data.tableD')})
2
   setMethod('as.data.tableD',
3
              signature=(object='Sol'),
4
              definition=function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
5
                   sol <- copy(object)</pre>
6
                   solD <- sol@solD
7
                   data <- solD</pre>
8
                   if(day){
9
                       ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
10
                       data[, day := doy(ind)]
11
                       data[, month := month(ind)]
12
                       data[, year := year(ind)]
13
                   }
14
                   return(data)
15
              }
16
              )
17
18
   setMethod('as.data.tableD',
19
              signature = (object='GO'),
20
              definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
21
                   g0 <- copy(object)
22
                   GOD <- gO@GOD
23
                   solD <- g0@solD
24
                   if(complete){
25
                       data <- data.table(GOD, solD[, Dates := NULL])</pre>
26
                   } else {
27
28
                       GOD[, Fd := NULL]
29
                       GOD[, Kt := NULL]
                       data <- GOD
30
                   }
31
                   if (day) {
32
                       ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
33
                       data[, day := doy(ind)]
34
                       data[, month := month(ind)]
35
                       data[, year := year(ind)]
```

```
37
                   return(data)
38
               })
39
40
    setMethod('as.data.tableD',
41
               signature = (object='Gef'),
42
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
43
                   gef <- copy(object)</pre>
44
                   GefD <- gef@GefD
45
                   GOD <- gef@GOD
46
                   solD <- gef@solD
47
                   if(complete){
                        data <- data.table(GefD,</pre>
49
                                              GOD[, Dates := NULL],
50
                                              solD[, Dates := NULL])
51
                   } else {data <- GefD[, c('Dates', 'Gefd',</pre>
52
                                                'Defd', 'Befd')]}
53
                   if(day){
54
                        ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
55
                        data[, day := doy(ind)]
56
                        data[, month := month(ind)]
57
                        data[, year := year(ind)]
58
59
                   return(data)
60
               }
61
               )
62
    setMethod('as.data.tableD',
64
               signature = (object='ProdGCPV'),
65
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
66
                   prodgcpv <- copy(object)</pre>
67
                   prodD <- prodgcpv@prodD</pre>
68
                   GefD <- prodgcpv@GefD</pre>
69
                   GOD <- prodgcpv@GOD
70
                   solD <- prodgcpv@solD
                   if(complete){
72
                        data <- data.table(prodD,</pre>
73
                                              GefD[, Dates := NULL],
74
                                              GOD[, Dates := NULL],
75
                                              solD[, Dates := NULL]
76
77
                   } else { data <- prodD[, c('Dates', 'Eac',</pre>
78
                                                  'Edc', 'Yf')]}
79
                   if(day){
80
                        ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
81
                        data[, day := doy(ind)]
82
                        data[, month := month(ind)]
83
                        data[, year := year(ind)]
84
85
                   return(data)
86
               }
87
               )
88
89
   setMethod('as.data.tableD',
91
               signature = (object='ProdPVPS'),
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
92
```

```
prodpvps <- copy(object)</pre>
93
                     prodD <- prodpvps@prodD</pre>
94
                     GefD <- prodpvps@GefD</pre>
95
                     GOD <- prodpvps@GOD
                     solD <- prodpvps@solD
97
                     if(complete){
98
                          data <- data.table(prodD,</pre>
99
                                                GefD[, Dates := NULL],
100
                                                GOD[, Dates := NULL],
101
                                                solD[, Dates := NULL]
102
103
                     } else { data <- prodD[, c('Dates', 'Eac',</pre>
                                                     'Qd', 'Yf')]}
105
                     if (day) {
106
                          ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
107
                          data[, day := doy(ind)]
108
                          data[, month := month(ind)]
109
                          data[, year := year(ind)]
110
                     }
111
                     return(data)
                }
113
                )
114
```

as.data.tableM

```
setGeneric('as.data.tableM', function(object, complete = FALSE, day=FALSE){
        standardGeneric('as.data.tableM')})
2
    setMethod('as.data.tableM',
3
              signature=(object='GO'),
4
              definition=function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
5
                   g0 <- copy(object)
6
                   GOdm <- gO@GOdm
7
                   data <- GOdm
8
                   if(day){
9
                       ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
10
                       data[, month := month(ind)]
11
                       data[, year := year(ind)]
12
                   }
13
                   return(data)
14
              }
15
              )
16
17
    setMethod('as.data.tableM',
18
              signature=(object='Gef'),
19
              definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
20
21
                   gef <- copy(object)</pre>
22
                   Gefdm <- gef@Gefdm
                   GOdm <- gef@GOdm
23
                   if(complete){
24
                       data <- data.table(Gefdm, GOdm[, Dates := NULL])</pre>
25
                   } else {data <- Gefdm}</pre>
26
                   if(day){
27
                       ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
28
                       data[, month := month(ind)]
```

```
data[, year := year(ind)]
30
31
                    return(data)
32
               }
33
               )
34
35
    setMethod('as.data.tableM',
36
               signature = (object='ProdGCPV'),
37
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
38
                    prodgcpv <- copy(object)</pre>
39
                    prodDm <- prodgcpv@prodDm</pre>
40
                    Gefdm <- prodgcpv@Gefdm</pre>
41
                    GOdm <- prodgcpv@GOdm
42
                    if(complete){
43
                         data <- data.table(prodDm,</pre>
44
                                               Gefdm[, Dates := NULL],
                                               GOdm[, Dates := NULL])
46
                    } else {data <- prodDm}</pre>
47
                    if(day){
48
                         ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
49
                         data[, month := month(ind)]
50
                         data[, year := year(ind)]
51
                    }
52
                    return(data)
53
               }
54
               )
55
    setMethod('as.data.tableM',
57
               signature = (object='ProdPVPS'),
58
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
59
                    prodpvps <- copy(object)</pre>
60
61
                    prodDm <- prodpvps@prodDm</pre>
                    Gefdm <- prodpvps@Gefdm</pre>
62
                    GOdm <- prodpvps@GOdm</pre>
63
                    if(complete){
                         data <- data.table(prodDm,</pre>
65
                                               Gefdm[, Dates := NULL],
66
                                               GOdm[, Dates := NULL])
67
                    } else {data <- prodDm}</pre>
68
                    if (day) {
69
                         ind <- indexD(object)</pre>
70
                         data[, month := month(ind)]
71
                         data[, year := year(ind)]
72
73
                    return(data)
74
               }
75
               )
76
```

as.data.tableY

```
setGeneric('as.data.tableY', function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
    standardGeneric('as.data.tableY')})

setMethod('as.data.tableY',
    signature=(object='GO'),
```

```
definition=function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
5
                   g0 <- copy(object)
6
                   GOy <- g0@GOy
7
                   data <- GOy
8
                    if(day){data[, year := Dates]}
9
                   return(data)
10
               }
11
               )
12
13
    setMethod('as.data.tableY',
14
               signature = (object='Gef'),
15
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
                   gef <- copy(object)</pre>
17
                   Gefy <- gef@Gefy
18
                   GOy <- gef@GOy
19
                   if(complete){
                        data <- data.table(Gefy, GOy[, Dates := NULL])</pre>
21
                   } else {data <- Gefy}</pre>
22
                   if(day){data[, year := Dates]}
23
                   return(data)
24
               }
25
               )
26
27
    setMethod('as.data.tableY',
28
               signature = (object='ProdGCPV'),
29
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
30
                   prodgcpv <- copy(object)</pre>
31
                   prody <- prodgcpv@prody</pre>
32
                   Gefy <- prodgcpv@Gefy</pre>
33
                   GOy <- prodgcpv@GOy
34
                   if(complete){
35
36
                        data <- data.table(prody,</pre>
                                              Gefy[, Dates := NULL],
37
                                              GOy[, Dates := NULL])
38
                   } else {data <- prody}</pre>
39
                    if(day){data[, year := Dates]}
40
                   return(data)
41
               }
42
               )
43
44
   setMethod('as.data.tableY',
45
               signature = (object='ProdPVPS'),
46
               definition = function(object, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE){
47
                   prodpvps <- copy(object)</pre>
48
                   prody <- prodpvps@prody</pre>
49
                   Gefy <- prodpvps@Gefy</pre>
50
                   GOy <- prodpvps@GOy
51
                   if(complete){
52
                        data <- data.table(prody,</pre>
53
                                              Gefy[, Dates := NULL],
54
                                              GOy[, Dates := NULL])
55
                   } else {data <- prody}</pre>
56
                   if(day){data[, year := Dates]}
57
                   return(data)
               }
59
               )
60
```

compare

```
## compareFunction: no visible binding for global variable 'name'
   ## compareFunction: no visible binding for global variable 'x'
   ## compareFunction: no visible binding for global variable 'y'
   ## compareFunction: no visible binding for global variable 'group.value'
5
    if(getRversion() >= "2.15.1") globalVariables(c('name', 'x', 'y', 'group.value'))
6
7
   setGeneric('compare', signature='...', function(...){standardGeneric('compare')})
9
    compareFunction <- function(..., vars){</pre>
10
        dots <- list(...)</pre>
11
        nms0 <- substitute(list(...))</pre>
12
        if (!is.null(names(nms0))){ ##in do.call
13
            nms \leftarrow names(nms0[-1])
14
        } else {
15
            nms <- as.character(nms0[-1])</pre>
16
17
        foo <- function(object, label){</pre>
18
            yY <- colMeans(as.data.tableY(object, complete = TRUE)[, ..vars])</pre>
19
            yY <- cbind(stack(yY), name=label)</pre>
20
            yY
21
        }
22
        cdata <- mapply(FUN=foo, dots, nms, SIMPLIFY=FALSE)</pre>
23
        z <- do.call(rbind, cdata)</pre>
24
        z$ind <- ordered(z$ind, levels=vars)</pre>
25
        p <- dotplot(ind~values, groups=name, data=z, type='b',</pre>
26
                       par.settings=solaR.theme)
27
        print(p+glayer(panel.text(x[length(x)], y[length(x)],
28
                                     label=group.value, cex=0.7, pos=3, srt=45)))
29
        return(z)
30
   }
31
32
33
   setMethod('compare',
34
35
               signature='GO',
               definition=function(...){
36
                 vars <- c('D0d', 'B0d', 'G0d')</pre>
37
                 res <- compareFunction(..., vars=vars)</pre>
38
                 return(res)
39
               }
40
               )
41
42
    setMethod('compare',
43
               signature='Gef',
44
               definition=function(...){
45
                 vars <- c('Defd', 'Befd', 'Gefd')</pre>
46
47
                 res <- compareFunction(..., vars=vars)</pre>
                 return(res)
48
               }
49
               )
51
   setMethod('compare',
52
               signature='ProdGCPV',
53
               definition=function(...){
```

```
vars <- c('GOd', 'Gefd', 'Yf')
res <- compareFunction(..., vars=vars)
return(res)
}
</pre>
```

getData

```
## extracts the data for class Meteo ##
   setGeneric('getData', function(object){standardGeneric('getData')})
3
   ### getData ####
4
   setMethod('getData',
5
             signature = (object = 'Meteo'),
6
7
             definition = function(object){
                 result <- object@data
8
                  return(result)
9
             })
10
```

getG0

```
## extracts the global irradiance for class Meteo ##
   setGeneric('getG0', function(object){standardGeneric('getG0')})
2
3
   ### getG0 ###
4
   setMethod('getG0',
5
              signature = (object = 'Meteo'),
6
7
              definition = function(object){
                  result <- getData(object)</pre>
8
                  return(result$G0)
9
              })
10
```

getLat

```
## extracts the latitude from the objects ##
   setGeneric('getLat', function(object, units = 'rad')
2
   {standardGeneric('getLat')})
3
   ## extracts the latitude from the objects ##
   setGeneric('getLat', function(object, units = 'rad')
6
   {standardGeneric('getLat')})
7
   setMethod('getLat',
9
              signature = (object = 'Meteo'),
10
              definition = function(object, units = 'rad'){
11
                  stopifnot(units %in% c('deg', 'rad'))
12
                  result = switch(units,
13
                                   rad = d2r(object@latm),
14
                                   deg = object@latm)
15
                  return(result)
16
              })
17
```

indexD

```
## extract the index of the daily data ##
   setGeneric('indexD', function(object){standardGeneric('indexD')})
2
   ### indexD ###
3
   setMethod('indexD',
             signature = (object = 'Sol'),
             definition = function(object){as.POSIXct(object@solD$Dates)
6
7
   setMethod('indexD',
9
             signature = (object = 'Meteo'),
10
             definition = function(object){as.POSIXct(getData(object)$Dates)})
11
```

indexI

```
## extract the index of the intradaily data ##
setGeneric('indexI', function(object){standardGeneric('indexI')})
### indexI ##
setMethod('indexI',
signature = (object = 'Sol'),
definition = function(object){as.POSIXct(object@solI$Dates)}
})
```

levelplot

```
setGeneric('levelplot')
2
   ## setMethod('levelplot',
3
                 signature=c(x='formula', data='zoo'),
   ##
4
   ##
                 definition=function(x, data,
   ##
                   par.settings=solaR.theme,
6
                                  panel=panel.levelplot.raster, interpolate=TRUE,...){
   ##
   ##
                   xscale.components=xscale.solar,
                   yscale.components=yscale.solar,
   ##
10
   ##
                   ...){
   ##
                   data0=as.data.frame(data)
11
                   ind=index(data)
   ##
12
                   dataO$day=doy(ind) ##Incorporo dia, mes y año para facilitar la
   ##
13
       formula.
   ##
                   dataO$month=month(ind)
14
   ##
                   data0$year=year(ind)
15
                   if (!('w' %in% names(data0))){
   ##
16
                     data0$w=h2r(hms(ind)-12) ##hora solar en radianes
17
   ##
18
   ##
                   levelplot(x, data0, par.settings=par.settings,
19
20
   ##
                              xscale.components=xscale.components,
   ##
                              yscale.components=yscale.components,
21
                                                      panel=panel, interpolate=
   ##
22
       interpolate,
   ##
                              ...)
23
                 }
   ##
24
   ##
                 )
25
```

```
27
   setMethod('levelplot',
28
              signature=c(x='formula', data='Meteo'),
29
              definition=function(x, data,
30
                                    par.settings = solaR.theme,
31
                                    panel = panel.levelplot.raster, interpolate = TRUE,
32
                                    xscale.components = xscale.solar,
33
                                    yscale.components = yscale.solar,
34
35
                data0=getData(data)
36
                levelplot(x, data0,
37
38
                           par.settings = par.settings,
                           xscale.components = xscale.components,
39
                           yscale.components = yscale.components,
40
                           panel = panel, interpolate = interpolate,
41
42
              }
43
              )
44
45
   setMethod('levelplot',
46
              signature=c(x='formula', data='Sol'),
47
              definition=function(x, data,
48
49
                                    par.settings = solaR.theme,
                                    panel = panel.levelplot.raster, interpolate = TRUE,
50
                                    xscale.components = xscale.solar,
51
                                    yscale.components = yscale.solar,
52
                                     . . . ) {
                data0=as.data.tableI(data, complete=TRUE, day=TRUE)
54
                levelplot(x, data0,
55
                           par.settings = par.settings,
56
                           xscale.components = xscale.components,
57
                           yscale.components = yscale.components,
58
                           panel = panel, interpolate = interpolate,
59
                           ...)
60
              }
61
62
63
   setMethod('levelplot',
64
              signature=c(x='formula', data='G0'),
65
              definition=function(x, data,
66
                                    par.settings = solaR.theme,
67
                                    panel = panel.levelplot.raster, interpolate = TRUE,
68
                                    xscale.components = xscale.solar,
69
                                    yscale.components = yscale.solar,
70
                                    ...){
71
                data0=as.data.tableI(data, complete=TRUE, day=TRUE)
72
                levelplot(x, data0,
73
                           par.settings = par.settings,
74
                           xscale.components = xscale.components,
75
                           yscale.components = yscale.components,
76
                           panel = panel, interpolate = interpolate,
77
78
              }
79
              )
```

losses

```
setGeneric('losses', function(object){standardGeneric('losses')})
2
   setMethod('losses',
3
              signature=(object='Gef'),
              definition=function(object){
5
                dat <- as.data.tableY(object, complete=TRUE)</pre>
6
                isShd=('Gef0d' %in% names(dat)) ##is there shadows?
7
                if (isShd) {
                   shd <- with(dat, mean(1-Gefd/Gef0d))</pre>
9
                  eff <- with(dat, mean(1-Gef0d/Gd))</pre>
10
                } else {
11
                   shd <- 0
12
                   eff <- with(dat, mean(1-Gefd/Gd))</pre>
13
14
15
                result <- data.table(Shadows = shd, AoI = eff)
                result
16
              }
17
              )
18
19
   setMethod('losses',
20
              signature=(object='ProdGCPV'),
21
              definition=function(object){
22
                   datY <- as.data.tableY(object, complete=TRUE)</pre>
23
                  module0=object@module
24
                   moduleO$CoefVT=O ##No losses with temperature
25
                   Pg=object@generator$Pg
26
                   Nm=1/sample2Hours(object@sample)
27
                   datI <- as.data.tableI(object, complete=TRUE)</pre>
28
                   if (object@type=='prom'){
29
                       datI[, DayOfMonth := DOM(datI)]
30
                       YfDCO <- datI[, sum(Vmpp*Impp/Pg*DayOfMonth, na.rm = TRUE),
31
                                      by = month(Dates)][[2]]
32
                       YfDCO <- sum(YfDCO, na.rm = TRUE)
33
                       YfACO <- datI[, sum(Pdc*EffI/Pg*DayOfMonth, na.rm = TRUE),
34
35
                                       by = month(Dates)][[2]]
                       YfACO <- sum(YfACO, na.rm = TRUE)
36
                   } else {
37
                       datI[, DayOfMonth := DOM(datI)]
38
                       YfDCO <- datI[, sum(Vmpp*Impp/Pg*DayOfMonth, na.rm = TRUE),
39
                                       by = year(Dates)][[2]]
40
                       YfACO <- datI[, sum(Pdc*EffI/Pg*DayOfMonth, na.rm = TRUE),
41
                                       by = year(Dates)][[2]]
42
43
                   gen <- mean(1-YfDCO/datY$Gefd)</pre>
44
                   YfDC <- datY$Edc/Pg*1000
45
                  DC=mean(1-YfDC/YfDC0)
46
47
                   inv=mean(1-YfACO/YfDC)
                   AC=mean(1-datY$Yf/YfACO)
48
                  result0 <- losses(as(object, 'Gef'))</pre>
49
                   result1 <- data.table(Generator = gen,
                                           DC = DC,
51
                                           Inverter = inv,
52
                                           AC = AC)
53
                   result <- data.table(result0, result1)</pre>
```

```
result
55
               }
56
               )
57
   ###compareLosses
59
60
   ## compareLosses, ProdGCPV: no visible binding for global variable 'name'
61
   if(getRversion() >= "2.15.1") globalVariables(c('name'))
62
63
   setGeneric('compareLosses', signature='...', function(...){standardGeneric('
64
        compareLosses')})
   setMethod('compareLosses', 'ProdGCPV',
66
              definition=function(...){
67
                 dots <- list(...)</pre>
68
                 nms0 <- substitute(list(...))</pre>
69
                 if (!is.null(names(nms0))){ ##do.call
70
                   nms \leftarrow names(nms0[-1])
71
                 } else {
72
                   nms <- as.character(nms0[-1])</pre>
73
74
                 foo <- function(object, label){</pre>
75
76
                   yY <- losses(object)</pre>
                   yY <- cbind(yY, name=label)
77
                   уY
78
                 }
79
                 cdata <- mapply(FUN=foo, dots, nms, SIMPLIFY=FALSE)</pre>
                 z <- do.call(rbind, cdata)
81
                 z <- melt(z, id.vars = 'name')</pre>
82
                 p <- dotplot(variable~value*100, groups=name, data=z,</pre>
83
                                par.settings=solaR.theme, type='b',
84
                                auto.key=list(corner=c(0.95,0.2), cex=0.7), xlab='Losses
85
         (%)')
                 print(p)
86
                 return(z)
87
88
               )
89
```

mergeSolar

```
setGeneric('mergesolaR', signature='...', function(...){standardGeneric('
       mergesolaR')})
2
   fooMeteo <- function(object, var){yY <- getData(object)[, .SD,</pre>
3
                                                                 by = Dates,
4
                                                                 .SDcols = var]}
5
6
   fooG0 <- function(object, var){yY <- as.data.tableD(object)[, .SD,</pre>
                                                                     by = Dates,
8
                                                                     .SDcols = var]}
9
10
   mergeFunction <- function(..., foo, var){</pre>
11
       dots <- list(...)</pre>
12
       dots <- lapply(dots, as, class(dots[[1]])) ##the first element is the one
13
       that dictates the class to everyone
```

```
nms0 <- substitute(list(...))</pre>
14
        if (!is.null(names(nms0))){ ##do.call
15
             nms \leftarrow names(nms0[-1])
16
        } else {
17
             nms <- as.character(nms0[-1])</pre>
18
19
        cdata <- sapply(dots, FUN=foo, var, simplify=FALSE)</pre>
20
        z <- cdata[[1]]</pre>
21
        for (i in 2:length(cdata)){
22
             z <- merge(z, cdata[[i]], by = 'Dates', suffixes = c("", paste0('.', i)))
23
24
        names(z)[-1] \leftarrow nms
25
26
   }
27
28
    setMethod('mergesolaR',
               signature='Meteo',
30
               definition=function(...){
31
                 res <- mergeFunction(..., foo=fooMeteo, var='GO')</pre>
32
33
               }
34
               )
35
36
    setMethod('mergesolaR',
37
               signature='GO',
38
               definition=function(...){
39
                 res <- mergeFunction(..., foo=fooG0, var='GOd')</pre>
40
                 res
41
               }
42
               )
43
44
45
    setMethod('mergesolaR',
               signature='Gef',
46
               definition=function(...){
47
                 res <- mergeFunction(..., foo=fooG0, var='Gefd')</pre>
49
               }
50
               )
51
52
    setMethod('mergesolaR',
53
               signature='ProdGCPV',
54
               definition=function(...){
55
                 res <- mergeFunction(..., foo=fooG0, var='Yf')</pre>
56
                 res
57
               }
58
               )
59
60
    setMethod('mergesolaR',
61
               signature='ProdPVPS',
62
               definition=function(...){
63
                 res <- mergeFunction(..., foo=fooG0, var='Yf')</pre>
64
                 res
65
               }
66
               )
```

shadeplot

```
setGeneric('shadeplot', function(x, ...)standardGeneric('shadeplot'))
2
   setMethod('shadeplot', signature(x='Shade'),
3
4
              function(x,
                        main='',
5
                        xlab=expression(L[ew]),
6
                        ylab=expression(L[ns]),
7
                        n=9, ...){
                  red=x@distances
9
                  FS.loess=x@FS.loess
10
                  Yf.loess=x@Yf.loess
11
                  struct=x@struct
12
                  mode=x@modeTrk
13
                  if (mode=='two'){
14
15
                       Lew=seq(min(red$Lew),max(red$Lew),length=100)
                       Lns=seq(min(red$Lns),max(red$Lns),length=100)
16
                       Red=expand.grid(Lew=Lew,Lns=Lns)
17
                       FS=predict(FS.loess,Red)
18
                       Red$FS=as.numeric(FS)
19
                       AreaG=with(struct,L*W)
20
                       GRR=Red$Lew*Red$Lns/AreaG
21
                       Red$GRR=GRR
22
                       FS.m<-matrix(1-FS,
23
                                    nrow=length(Lew),
24
                                    ncol=length(Lns))
25
                       GRR.m<-matrix(GRR,</pre>
26
                                      nrow=length(Lew),
27
                                      ncol=length(Lns))
28
                       niveles=signif(seq(min(FS.m),max(FS.m),l=n+1),3)
29
                       pruebaCB<-("RColorBrewer" %in% .packages())</pre>
30
                       if (pruebaCB) {
31
                           paleta=rev(brewer.pal(n, 'YlOrRd'))
32
                       } else {
33
                           paleta=rev(heat.colors(n))}
34
                       par(mar=c(4.1,4.1,2.1,2.1))
35
                       filled.contour(x=Lew,y=Lns,z=FS.m,#...,
36
                                       col=paleta, #levels=niveles,
37
                                       nlevels=n,
38
                                       plot.title=title(xlab=xlab,
39
                                                         ylab=ylab, main=main),
40
                                       plot.axes={
41
                                           axis(1);axis(2);
42
                                           contour(Lew, Lns, FS.m,
43
                                                    nlevels=n, #levels=niveles,
44
                                                    col="black", labcex=.8, add=TRUE)
45
46
                                           contour (Lew, Lns, GRR.m,
47
                                                    col="black", lty=3, labcex=.8, add=
       TRUE)
                                           grid(col="white",lty=3)},
48
                                       key.title=title("1-FS",cex.main=.8))
                  }
50
                  if (mode=='horiz') {
51
                       Lew=seq(min(red$Lew),max(red$Lew),length=100)
52
                       FS=predict(FS.loess,Lew)
```

```
GRR=Lew/struct$L
54
                       plot(GRR,1-FS,main=main,type='l',...)
55
                       grid()
                                  }
56
                   if (mode=='fixed'){
57
                       D=seq(min(red$D), max(red$D), length=100)
58
                       FS=predict(FS.loess,D)
59
                       GRR=D/struct$L
60
                       plot(GRR,1-FS,main=main,type='l',...)
61
                       grid()
62
              }
63
              )
64
```

window

```
setMethod('[',
1
2
                signature='Meteo',
                definition=function(x, i, j,...){
3
                  if (!missing(i)) {
4
                     i <- truncDay(i)</pre>
5
                  } else {
6
7
                     i \leftarrow indexD(x)[1]
8
                  if (!missing(j)) {
9
                     j \leftarrow truncDay(j)+86400-1 ##The end is the last second of the day
10
                  } else {
11
                     nDays <- length(indexD(x))</pre>
12
                     j \leftarrow indexD(x)[nDays]+86400-1
13
                  }
14
                  stopifnot(j>i)
15
                  if (!is.null(i)) i <- truncDay(i)</pre>
16
                  if (!is.null(j)) j <- truncDay(j)+86400-1</pre>
17
                  d <- indexD(x)</pre>
18
                  x@data <- x@data[(d >= i & d <= j)]</pre>
19
20
                }
^{21}
                )
22
23
24
    setMethod('[',
25
                signature='Sol',
26
                definition=function(x, i, j, ...){
27
                     if (!missing(i)) {
28
                         i <- truncDay(i)</pre>
29
                     } else {
30
                         i \leftarrow indexD(x)[1]
31
32
33
                     if (!missing(j)) {
34
                         j \leftarrow truncDay(j) + 86400 - 1 ##The end is the last second of the day
                     } else {
35
                         nDays <- length(indexD(x))</pre>
36
                          j \leftarrow indexD(x)[nDays]+86400-1
37
                     }
38
                     stopifnot(j>i)
39
                     if(!is.null(i)) i <- truncDay(i)</pre>
40
                     if(!is.null(j)) j <- truncDay(j)</pre>
41
```

```
d1 \leftarrow indexD(x)
42
                    d2 <- indexI(x)
43
                    x@solD \leftarrow x@solD[(d1 \ge i \& d1 <= j)]
44
                    x@solI \leftarrow x@solI[(d2 >= i & d2 <= j)]
45
46
               }
47
               )
48
49
    setMethod('[',
50
               signature='GO',
51
               definition=function(x, i, j, ...){
52
                    sol \leftarrow as(x, 'Sol')[i=i, j=j, ...] ##Sol method
53
                    meteo <- as(x, 'Meteo')[i=i, j=j, ...] ##Meteo method
54
                    i <- indexI(sol)[1]</pre>
55
                    j <- indexI(sol)[length(indexI(sol))]</pre>
56
                    d1 \leftarrow indexD(x)
57
                    d2 <- indexI(x)
58
                    GOIw \leftarrow x@GOI[(d2 >= i \& d2 <= j)]
59
                    Taw \leftarrow x@Ta[(d2 >= i \& d2 <= j)]
60
                    GOdw <- x@GOD[(d1 >= truncDay(i) & d1 <= truncDay(j))]</pre>
61
                    GOdmw <- GOdw[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm= TRUE),</pre>
62
                                    .SDcols = c('GOd', 'DOd', 'BOd'),
63
                                    by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
64
                    if (x@type=='prom'){
65
                        GOdmw[, DayOfMonth := DOM(GOdmw)]
66
                        GOyw <- GOdmw[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
67
                                         .SDcols = c('GOd', 'DOd', 'BOd'),
                                         by = .(Dates = year)]
69
                        GOdmw[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
70
                    } else {
71
                        GOyw <- GOdw[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),
72
                                        .SDcols = c('GOd', 'DOd', 'BOd'),
73
                                       by = .(Dates = year(unique(truncDay(Dates))))]
74
75
                    GOdmw[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
76
                    GOdmw[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
77
                    setcolorder(GOdmw, 'Dates')
78
                    result <- new('GO',
79
                                    meteo,
80
                                    sol,
81
                                    GOD=GOdw,
82
                                    GOdm=GOdmw,
83
                                    GOy=GOyw,
84
                                    GOI=GOIw,
85
                                    Ta=Taw)
86
                    result
87
               }
88
               )
89
90
91
    setMethod('[',
92
               signature='Gef',
93
               definition=function(x, i, j, ...){
94
                    g0 \leftarrow as(x, 'G0')[i=i, j=j, ...] ##G0 method
95
                    i <- indexI(g0)[1]</pre>
96
                    j <- indexI(g0)[length(indexI(g0))]</pre>
97
```

```
d1 \leftarrow indexD(x)
98
                     d2 <- indexI(x)
99
                     GefIw \leftarrow x@GefI[(d2 >= i \& d2 <= j)]
100
                     Thetaw \leftarrow x@Theta[(d2 >= i & d2 <= j)]
101
                     Gefdw <- x@GefD[(d1 >= truncDay(i) & d1 <= truncDay(j))]</pre>
102
                     nms <- c('Bod', 'Bnd', 'Gd', 'Dd',</pre>
103
                               'Bd', 'Gefd', 'Defd', 'Befd')
104
                     Gefdmw <- Gefdw[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
105
                                       .SDcols = nms,
106
                                       by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
107
                     if (x@type=='prom'){
108
                         Gefdmw[, DayOfMonth:= DOM(Gefdmw)]
                         Gefyw <- Gefdmw[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum),</pre>
110
                                            .SDcols = nms,
111
                                            by = .(Dates = year)]
112
                         Gefdmw[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
                     } else {
114
                         Gefyw <- Gefdw[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
115
                                           .SDcols = nms,
116
                                           by = .(Dates = year)]
117
118
                     Gefdmw[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
119
                     Gefdmw[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
120
                     setcolorder(Gefdmw, 'Dates')
121
                     result <- new('Gef',
122
                                     g0,
123
                                     GefD=Gefdw,
124
                                     Gefdm=Gefdmw,
125
                                     Gefy=Gefyw,
126
                                     GefI=GefIw,
127
                                     Theta=Thetaw,
128
129
                                     iS=x@iS,
                                     alb=x@alb,
130
                                     modeTrk=x@modeTrk,
131
                                     modeShd=x@modeShd,
132
                                     angGen=x@angGen,
133
                                     struct=x@struct.
134
                                     distances=x@distances
135
                                     )
136
                     result
137
                }
138
                )
139
140
141
     setMethod('[',
142
                signature='ProdGCPV',
143
                definition=function(x, i, j, ...){
144
                     gef \leftarrow as(x, 'Gef')[i=i, j=j, ...] ##Gef method
145
                     i <- indexI(gef)[1]</pre>
146
147
                     j <- indexI(gef)[length(indexI(gef))]</pre>
                     d1 \leftarrow indexD(x)
148
                     d2 <- indexI(x)
149
                     prodIw <- x@prodI[(d2 >= i & d2 <= j)]</pre>
150
                     prodDw <- x@prodD[(d1 >= truncDay(i) & d1 <= truncDay(j))]</pre>
151
                     prodDmw <- prodDw[, lapply(.SD/1000, mean, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
152
                                         .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Edc'),
153
```

```
by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
154
                    prodDmw$Yf <- prodDw$Yf</pre>
155
                    if (x@type=='prom'){
156
                         prodDmw[, DayOfMonth := DOM(prodDmw)]
157
                         prodyw <- prodDmw[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
158
                                             .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Edc', 'Yf'),
159
                                             by = .(Dates = year)]
160
                        prodDmw[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
161
                    } else {
162
                      prodyw <- prodDw[, lapply(.SD/1000, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
163
                                          .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Edc', 'Yf'),
164
                                         by = .(Dates = year)]
                  }
166
                    prodDmw[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
167
                    prodDmw[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
168
                    setcolorder(prodDmw, c('Dates', names(prodDmw)[-length(prodDmw)]))
169
                    result <- new('ProdGCPV',
170
                                    gef,
171
                                    prodD=prodDw,
172
                                    prodDm=prodDmw,
                                    prody=prodyw,
174
                                    prodI=prodIw,
175
176
                                    module=x@module,
                                    generator=x@generator,
177
                                    inverter=x@inverter,
178
                                    effSys=x@effSys
179
                    result
181
               }
182
               )
183
    setMethod('[',
185
               signature='ProdPVPS',
186
               definition=function(x, i, j, ...){
187
                  gef <- as(x, 'Gef')[i=i, j=j, ...] ##Gef method
                  i <- indexI(gef)[1]</pre>
189
                  j <- indexI(gef)[length(indexI(gef))]</pre>
190
                  d1 \leftarrow indexD(x)
191
                  d2 \leftarrow indexI(x)
192
                  prodIw \leftarrow x@prodI[(d2 >= i \& d2 <= j)]
193
                  prodDw <- x@prodD[(d1 >= truncDay(i) & d1 <= truncDay(j))]</pre>
194
                  prodDmw <- prodDw[, .(Eac = Eac/1000,</pre>
195
                                           Qd = Qd,
196
                                           Yf = Yf)
197
                                      by = .(month(Dates), year(Dates))]
198
                  if (x@type=='prom'){
199
                      prodDmw[, DayOfMonth := DOM(prodDmw)]
200
                      prodyw <- prodDmw[, lapply(.SD*DayOfMonth, sum, na.rm = TRUE),</pre>
201
                                           .SDcols = c('Eac', 'Qd', 'Yf'),
202
                                           by = .(Dates = year)]
203
                      prodDmw[, DayOfMonth := NULL]
204
                  } else {
205
                      prodyw <- prodDw[, .(Eac = sum(Eac, na.rm = TRUE)/1000,</pre>
206
                                              Qd = sum(Qd, na.rm = TRUE),
207
208
                                              Yf = sum(Yf, na.rm = TRUE)),
                                          by = .(Dates = year)]
209
```

```
210
                 prodDmw[, Dates := paste(month.abb[month], year, sep = '. ')]
211
                 prodDmw[, c('month', 'year') := NULL]
212
                 setcolorder(prodDmw, c('Dates', names(prodDmw)[-length(prodDmw)]))
213
                 result <- new('ProdPVPS',
214
                                 gef,
215
                                 prodD=prodDw,
216
                                 prodDm=prodDmw,
217
                                 prody=prodyw,
218
                                 prodI=prodIw,
219
                                 pump=x@pump,
220
221
                                 H=x@H,
222
                                 Pg=x@Pg,
                                 converter=x@converter,
223
                                 effSys=x@effSys
224
225
                 result
226
               }
227
               )
228
```

writeSolar

```
setGeneric('writeSolar', function(object, file,
                                        complete=FALSE, day=FALSE,
2
                                        timeScales=c('i', 'd', 'm', 'y'), sep=',',
3
4
                                        ...){
       standardGeneric('writeSolar')})
5
6
   setMethod('writeSolar', signature=(object='Sol'),
7
              definition=function(object, file, complete=FALSE, day=FALSE,
8
                                    timeScales=c('i', 'd', 'm', 'y'), sep=',', ...){
9
                  name <- strsplit(file, '\\.')[[1]][1]</pre>
10
                  ext <- strsplit(file, '\\.')[[1]][2]</pre>
11
                  timeScales <- match.arg(timeScales, several.ok=TRUE)</pre>
12
                  if ('i' %in% timeScales) {
13
                       zI <- as.data.tableI(object, complete=complete, day=day)</pre>
14
                       write.table(zI,
15
                                    file=file, sep=sep, row.names = FALSE, ...)
16
17
                  if ('d' %in% timeScales) {
18
                       zD <- as.data.tableD(object, complete=complete, day = day)</pre>
19
                       write.table(zD,
20
                                  file=paste(name, 'D', ext, sep='.'),
21
                                  sep=sep, row.names = FALSE, ...)
22
23
                  if ('m' %in% timeScales) {
24
                       zM <- as.data.tableM(object, complete=complete, day = day)</pre>
25
26
                       write.table(zM,
                                 file=paste(name, 'M', ext, sep='.'),
27
                                 sep=sep, row.names = FALSE, ...)
28
                  }
29
                  if ('y' %in% timeScales) {
30
                       zY <- as.data.tableY(object, complete=complete, day = day)</pre>
31
                       write.table(zY,
32
                             file=paste(name, 'Y', ext, sep='.'),
```

```
sep=sep, row.names = FALSE, ...)

sep=sep, row.names = FALSE, ...)

}
```

xyplot

```
## THEMES
2
   xscale.solar <- function(...){ans <- xscale.components.default(...); ans$top=</pre>
      FALSE: ans}
   yscale.solar <- function(...){ans <- yscale.components.default(...); ans$right=</pre>
      FALSE; ans}
6
   solaR.theme <- function(pch=19, cex=0.7, region=rev(brewer.pal(9, 'YlOrRd')),</pre>
7
      ...) {
    theme <- custom.theme.2(pch=pch, cex=cex, region=region, ...)
8
    theme$strip.background$col='transparent'
9
    theme$strip.shingle$col='transparent'
10
    theme$strip.border$col='transparent'
11
12
    theme
  }
13
14
   solaR.theme.2 <- function(pch=19, cex=0.7, region=rev(brewer.pal(9, 'YlOrRd')),</pre>
15
      ...) {
    theme <- custom.theme.2(pch=pch, cex=cex, region=region, ...)
16
    theme$strip.background$col='lightgray'
17
    theme$strip.shingle$col='lightgray'
    theme
19
  }
20
21
   22
23
   24
   setGeneric('xyplot')
25
27
   setMethod('xyplot',
            signature = c(x = 'data.frame', data = 'missing'),
28
            definition = function(x, data,
29
                                par.settings = solaR.theme.2,
30
                                xscale.components=xscale.solar,
31
                                yscale.components=yscale.solar,
32
                                scales = list(y = 'free'),
33
                                ...){
34
               N \leftarrow length(x)-1
35
               x0 <- x[, lapply(.SD, as.numeric), by = Dates]</pre>
36
               x0 <- melt(x0, id.vars = 'Dates')</pre>
37
38
               x0$variable <- factor(x0$variable,</pre>
                                   levels = rev(levels(factor(x0$variable))))
39
               xyplot(value ~ Dates | variable, x0,
40
                      par.settings = par.settings,
41
                      xscale.components = xscale.components,
42
                      yscale.components = yscale.components,
43
                      scales = scales,
44
                      type = 'l', layout = c(1,N),
```

```
...)
46
               })
47
48
    setMethod('xyplot',
49
               signature=c(x='formula', data='Meteo'),
50
               definition=function(x, data,
51
                                    par.settings=solaR.theme,
52
                                    xscale.components=xscale.solar,
53
                                    yscale.components=yscale.solar,
54
                                     ...){
55
                 data0=getData(data)
56
                 xyplot(x, data0,
                        par.settings = par.settings,
58
                        xscale.components = xscale.components,
59
                        yscale.components = yscale.components,
60
                        strip = strip.custom(strip.levels=c(TRUE, TRUE)), ...)
61
               }
62
               )
63
64
    setMethod('xyplot',
65
               signature=c(x='formula', data='Sol'),
66
               definition=function(x, data,
67
68
                                    par.settings=solaR.theme,
                                    xscale.components=xscale.solar,
69
                                    yscale.components=yscale.solar,
70
                                     ...){
71
                   data0=as.data.tableI(data, complete=TRUE, day=TRUE)
72
                   data0[, w := h2r(hms(Dates)-12)]
73
                   xyplot(x, data0,
74
                           par.settings = par.settings,
75
                           xscale.components = xscale.components,
76
77
                           yscale.components = yscale.components,
                           strip = strip.custom(strip.levels=c(TRUE, TRUE)), ...)
78
               }
79
               )
81
    setMethod('xyplot',
82
               signature=c(x='formula', data='G0'),
83
               definition=function(x, data,
84
                                    par.settings=solaR.theme,
85
                                    xscale.components=xscale.solar,
86
                                    yscale.components=yscale.solar,
                                     ...){
88
                 data0=as.data.tableI(data, complete=TRUE, day=TRUE)
89
                 xyplot(x, data0,
90
                        par.settings = par.settings,
91
                        xscale.components = xscale.components,
92
                        yscale.components = yscale.components,
93
                        strip = strip.custom(strip.levels=c(TRUE, TRUE)), ...)
94
               }
95
               )
96
97
    setMethod('xyplot',
98
               signature=c(x='formula', data='Shade'),
99
               definition=function(x, data,
100
                                   par.settings=solaR.theme,
101
```

```
xscale.components=xscale.solar,
102
                                     yscale.components=yscale.solar,
103
                                      ...){
104
                 data0=as.data.table(data)
105
                 xyplot(x, data0,
106
                         par.settings = par.settings,
107
                         xscale.components = xscale.components,
108
                         yscale.components = yscale.components,
109
                         strip = strip.custom(strip.levels=c(TRUE, TRUE)), ...)
110
               }
111
               )
112
113
    setMethod('xyplot',
114
               signature=c(x='Meteo', data='missing'),
115
               definition=function(x, data,
116
                                     ...){
                   x0=getData(x)
118
                   xyplot(x0,
119
                           scales=list(cex=0.6, rot=0, y='free'),
120
                           strip=FALSE, strip.left=TRUE,
                           par.strip.text=list(cex=0.6),
122
                           ylab = '',
123
124
                           ...)
               }
125
               )
126
127
    setMethod('xyplot',
128
               signature=c(x='G0', data='missing'),
129
               definition=function(x, data, ...){
130
                   x0 <- as.data.tableD(x, complete=FALSE)</pre>
131
                   x0 <- melt(x0, id.vars = 'Dates')</pre>
132
133
                   xyplot(value~Dates, x0, groups = variable,
                           par.settings=solaR.theme.2,
134
                           xscale.components=xscale.solar,
135
                           yscale.components=yscale.solar,
                           superpose=TRUE,
137
                           auto.key=list(space='right'),
138
                           ylab='Wh/m\u00b2',
139
                           type = '1',
140
                            ...)
141
               }
142
               )
143
144
    setMethod('xyplot',
145
               signature=c(x='ProdGCPV', data='missing'),
146
               definition=function(x, data, ...){
147
                   x0 <- as.data.tableD(x, complete=FALSE)</pre>
148
                   xyplot(x0,
149
                           strip = FALSE, strip.left = TRUE,
150
                           ylab = '', ...)
151
               }
152
               )
153
154
    setMethod('xyplot',
               signature=c(x='ProdPVPS', data='missing'),
156
               definition=function(x, data, ...){
157
```

A.5. Conjunto de datos

aguiar

```
data(MTM)
Ktlim
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [1,] 0.031 0.058 0.051 0.052 0.028 0.053 0.044 0.085 0.010 0.319 [2,] 0.705 0.694 0.753 0.753 0.807 0.856 0.818 0.846 0.842 0.865
```

```
1 Ktmtm
```

[1] 0.30 0.35 0.40 0.45 0.50 0.55 0.60 0.65 0.70 1.00

```
head(MTM)
```

SIAR

```
data(SIAR)
head(est_SIAR)
```

```
Estacion Codigo
                               Longitud Latitud Altitud Fecha_Instalacion Fecha_Baja
           <char> <char>
                                   <num>
                                             <num>
                                                       <int>
                                                                          <Date>
                                                                                       <Date>
                      A01 -0.884444444 38.67639
A02 -0.772777778 38.67917
A03 -0.256111111 38.52778
                                                                      1999-11-09 2000-03-19
          Villena
                                                         519
                                                                      1999-11-09
                                                                                         <NA>
2: Camp de Mirra
                                                         589
     Vila Joiosa
                                                                      1999-11-10
           Ondara
                      A04 0.006388889 38.81833
                                                          38
                                                                      1999-11-10
                                                                                         <NA>
5:
      Dénia Gata
                      A05 0.082500000 38.79250
                                                          86
                                                                      1999-11-15
                                                                                         <NA>
                      A06 -1.060555556 38.42722
                                                                      1999-11-14
           Pinoso
                                                         629
                                                                                         <NA>
```

helios

```
data(helios)
head(helios)
```

```
yyyy.mm.dd
1 2009/01/01
                 G.O. TambMax TambMin
              980.14
                        11.77
                                  6.31
                        15.08
2 2009/01/02 1671.80
                                  7.27
3 2009/01/03
                         9.33
             671.02
4 2009/01/04 2482.80
                        11.71
5 2009/01/05 1178.19
                         7.33
                                -1.54
6 2009/01/06 1722.31
                         7.77
                                -0.78
```

prodEx

```
data(prodEx)
head(prodEx)
```

```
Dates
                                       <num>
           <Date>
                          <n11m>
                                                     <num>
                                                                   <num>
                                                                                 <num>
                                                                                              <num>
                                                                                                            <niim>
                                                                                                                          <num>
                                                                                                                                        <n11m>
1: 2007-07-02 8.874982 8.847533 7.173181 8.874982 8.920729 8.975626 8.948177 8.948177 8.948177
2: 2007-07-03 8.710291 8.691992 8.655395 8.710291 8.737740 8.792637 8.774338 8.774338 8.7746889
    2007-07-04 8.746889 8.737740 8.865832 8.737740 8.765188 8.838384 8.810935 8.792637 8.801786
4: 2007-07-05 8.280266 8.271117 8.408359 8.280266 8.344313 8.380911 8.353462 8.362612 8.316864 5: 2007-07-06 8.399209 8.417508 8.509003 8.435807 8.490704 8.490704 8.499854 8.527302 8.472405 6: 2007-07-07 8.197921 8.170473 8.335163 8.225370 8.243669 8.307715 8.298565 8.280266 8.243669
            10
                                        12
                                                     13
                                                                   14
                                                                                 15
                                                                                              16
                                                                                                            17
                                                                                                                                        19
                         11
                                                                                                                          18
         <num>
                       <num>
                                    <num>
                                                  <num>
                                                                <num>
                                                                              <num>
                                                                                           <num>
                                                                                                         <num>
                                                                                                                       <num>
                                                                                                                                     <num>
                                                                                                                                                  <num>
1: 8.984775 8.783487 8.865832 8.966476 8.884131 8.774338 8.829234 8.627946 8.911580 8.807886 6.505270
2: 8.801786 8.545601 8.682843 8.774338 8.691992 8.591348 8.646245 8.426658 8.710291 8.563900 3.952569
2. 8.829234 8.545601 8.618797 8.829234 8.719441 8.618797 8.664544 8.426658 8.728590 8.612697 6.331430 4: 8.380911 8.179622 8.271117 8.353462 8.280266 8.207071 8.261968 8.188772 7.950886 8.222320 5.498829 5: 8.509003 8.316864 8.426658 8.490704 8.435807 8.344313 8.408359 8.371761 8.463256 8.332113 6.551017 6: 8.326014 8.152174 8.161323 8.316864 8.234519 8.143024 8.179622 8.170473 8.243669 8.161323 6.669960
                           22
             21
1: 3.742131 3.980018
2: 4.080662 3.238911
3: 1.363270 1.043039
4: 3.998316 2.461206
5: 5.361587 4.959010
6: 5.215195 4.922413
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