

# SOLES codeRs

Version Control with Git and GitHub

Thomas White

# What is version control?

Everyone uses it in one way or another:

 draft_1.md	✓
 draft_22.md	✓
 FINALNOC...MENTS.md	✓
 offcuts.md	✓
 post_review_fixed.md	✓
 todo_v6fixed.md	✓
 USETHISONE_REAL.md	✓
 v_reviewed.md	✓
 v1.md	✓
 v2.1 copy.md	✓
 v2.md	✓
 v4_4.md	✓
 V6_crashola.md	✓
 V8_skipped.md	✓
 version_1a copy.md	✓
 version_1b.md	✓
 version_FINAL.md	✓
 vv1_quicktest.md	✓
 WHERE AM I.md	✓

# Why use proper version control?

- Explicit, well-documented project history.
- Tight integration between tidily organising, completing, disseminating work. Satisfying. Sparks joy.
- Ease of revision, experimentation, and/or recovery from error.
- Structured collaboration, sharing, & reproducible research.
- Bonus skills: build personal website, host your own blog (lol), database, etc.



# When use proper version control?

- Writing papers & managing projects (alone or collaboratively).
- Writing lectures and talks.
- Sharing: teaching material, code, data, papers...
- Writing/maintaining software.



# Can we do better?

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	vv1_quicktest.md	✓
	WHERE AM I.md	✓

# Yes

## Git

- A ‘distributed’ version control system



**paper\_v1.Rmd**  
**paper\_v2.Rmd**  
**paper\_v3.Rmd**  
**paper\_v3.3.Rmd**  
**paper\_v3.3.1.Rmd**  
**paper\_v7?.Rmd**

# Yes

## Git

- A ‘distributed’ version control system



**manuscript.Rmd**

- Finished intro
- Methods done
- Add draft of Fig. 1
- Submitted to Nature
- Submitted to PLoS One

# Yes

## Git

- A ‘distributed’ version control system
- Manages the evolution of a set of files—a **repository** (‘repo’)—in a sensible, flexible way
- Takes ‘snapshots’ of a project when you tell it to, and stores it alongside your informative description of that snapshot
- Kind of in the vein of Word’s ‘track changes’ + Dropbox
- Can use via command line or friendly apps, like [GitHub Desktop](#)
- n.b. A ‘repository’ is just a folder on your computer that you’ve told Git to keep an eye on

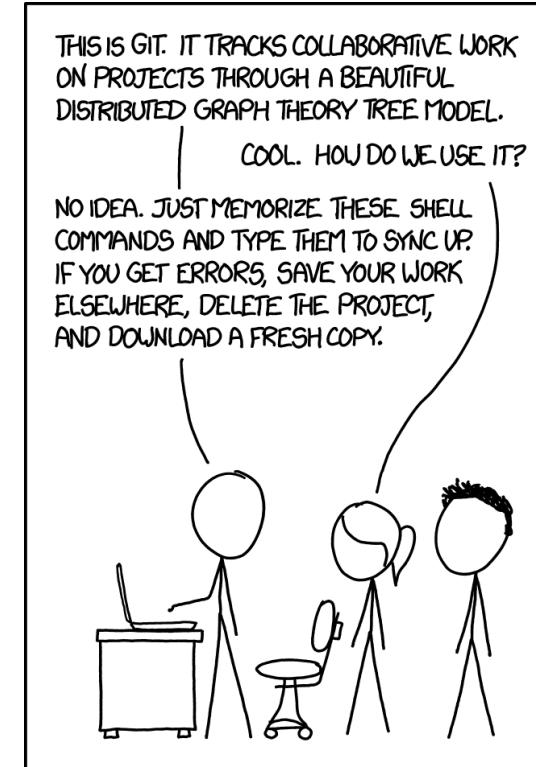
# The workflow: outline

## Solo projects

1. Verbal step-by-step
2. Visual step-by-step
3. Joint adventure

## Collaborative projects

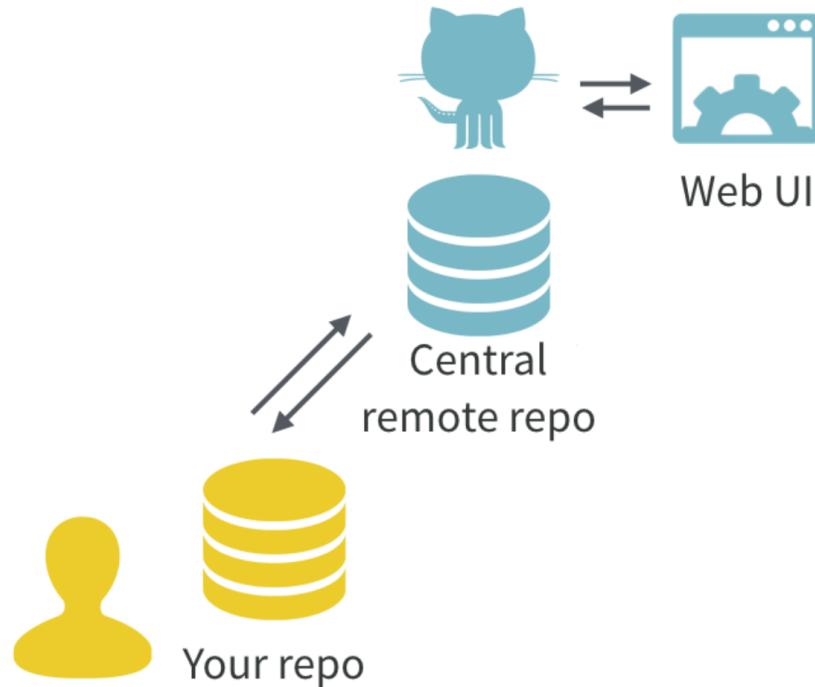
1. Visual step-by-step
2. Visual step-by-step
3. Joint adventure



# The workflow: solo



# The workflow: solo



Keywords: **commit** your changes, **push** to the remote repo.

# The workflow: solo

Setting up a new project:

- **Create a new local repository** using GitHub Desktop
- Add whatever files you like to the repository, as you would for any other project.

Day-to-day:

- Make some changes anywhere in your project
- **commit** those changes, with some helpful descriptive comments
- **push** those changes to the remote repository
- less frequently: **revert** changes, use **branches**

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Let's do it!

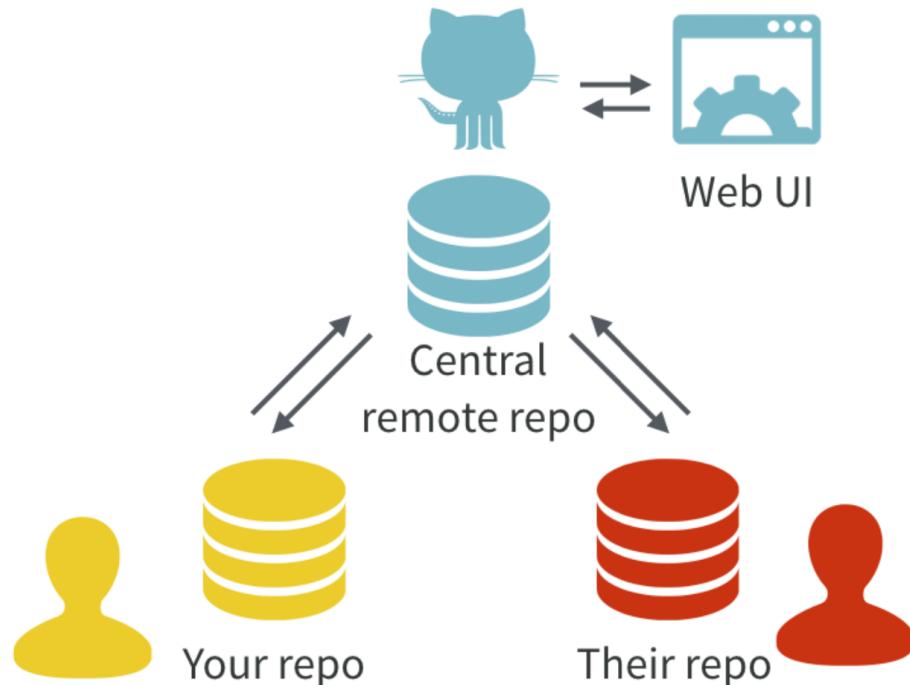
# Lets do it

1. Create a [GitHub account](#)
2. Download Github Desktop [here](#)
3. Create a new ‘public’ repository via Github Desktop
4. Open the repository (folder) on your computer, and add some files to it
5. Commit those changes, including a helpful ‘summary’ message and ‘description’
6. Push those changes to the remote repository. The first time you do so, you’ll need to ‘publish’ the repository.

# The workflow: collaborative



# The workflow: collaborative



Keywords: **pull** any new changes, **commit** your changes, **push** to the remote repo.

# The workflow: collaborative

Two forms:

- You & collaborators have full access rights (new skills: **cloning & fetching/pulling**)
- You and/or collaborators do not have full rights (new skills: **forking, cloning, fetching/pulling, pull requests**)



# The workflow: collaborative

Two forms:

- You & collaborators have full access rights (new skills: cloning & pulling)
- You and/or collaborators do not have full rights (new skills: forking, cloning, pulling, pull requests)



# The workflow: collaborative

Setting up a new project:

**If you're leading the charge:**

- **Create a new local repository** using GitHub Desktop
- Add whatever files you like to the repository, as you would for any other project.
- **Add your buddies** to the remote repo on GitHub, so they can do what they like to it too



# The workflow: collaborative

Setting up a new project:

**If someone else is leading the charge:**

- **Clone** their *remote* repository from GitHub, via GitHub Desktop
- That's it. Use it like you would your own repo.



# The workflow: collaborative

Day-to-day:

- **Fetch/pull** any new changes from the remote repository
- Make some changes to files in your local repository
- **Commit** those changes, with helpful comments
- **Push** those changes to the remote repository
- less frequently: **resolve conflicts**
- Actually now I'm here it's exactly the same as solo, but for the occassional conflict

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Day-to-day:

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- Make some changes in your local repository
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Let's do it!

Thanks!

