



SOLIDProof
Bring trust into your projects

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Banana Club

Audit

Security Assessment
14. July, 2022

For



SolidProof.io



@solidproof_io

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	12. July 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Layout project• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing• Summary
1.1	14. July 2022	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Layout project• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing• Summary

Network

Ethereum (ERC20)

Website

<https://www.mandoxglobal.com/>

Telegram

<https://t.me/officialmandoX>

Twitter

<https://twitter.com/officialmandox>

Facebook

<https://m.facebook.com/OfficialMandoX/>

Instagram

https://www.instagram.com/official_mandox/

Reddit

<https://www.reddit.com/r/MandoX/>

Discord

<https://discord.com/invite/f26ud6Efft>

Youtube

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UChyotxPAAwuMJ98YGEC_JFw/videos

LinkedIn

https://www.linkedin.com/company/mando-x-llc/?original_referer=

Description

TBA

Project Engagement

During the 8th of July 2022, **Banana Club Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link

v1.1

- Google drive
 - <https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1FGetQyPavB8VPEdd3Ht5cy9ULnK8hXza>
 - 14. July 2022
- <https://etherscan.io/address/0x350D3f0f41b5B21F0e252fe2645AE9D55562150a#code>

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as they were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- ◆ BANANA20.sol
- ◆ BananaClubToken.sol
- ◆ BananaFactory.sol
- ◆ BananaRouter.sol
- ◆ BCTFlattened.sol
- ◆ Context.sol
- ◆ Counters.sol
- ◆ draft-EIP712.sol
- ◆ draft-ERC20Permit.sol
- ◆ draft-IERC20Permit.sol
- ◆ ECDSA.sol
- ◆ ERC20Votes.sol
- ◆ IERC20.sol
- ◆ IERC20MetaData.sol
- ◆ LazyMath.sol
- ◆ Math.sol
- ◆ Ownable.sol
- ◆ SafeCast.sol
- ◆ Strings.sol

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

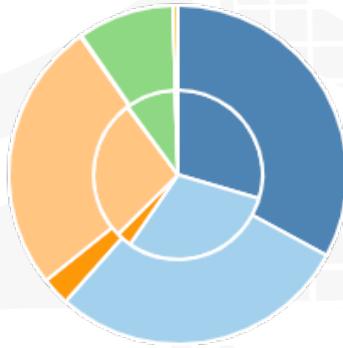
v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/BCTFlattened.sol	881fd8a54ba8c7cb3f5392bef5ce511aa245a4fb

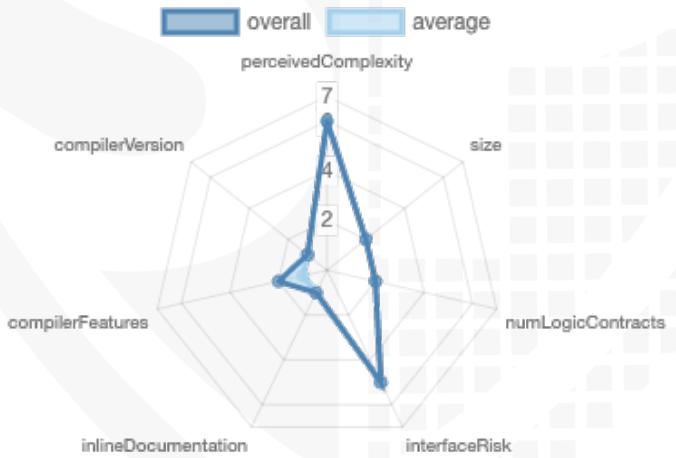
Metrics

Source Lines v1.0

source comment single block mixed
empty todo blockEmpty



Risk Level v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	2	8	7	5

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	115	5

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	87	156	11	58	52

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	46	13

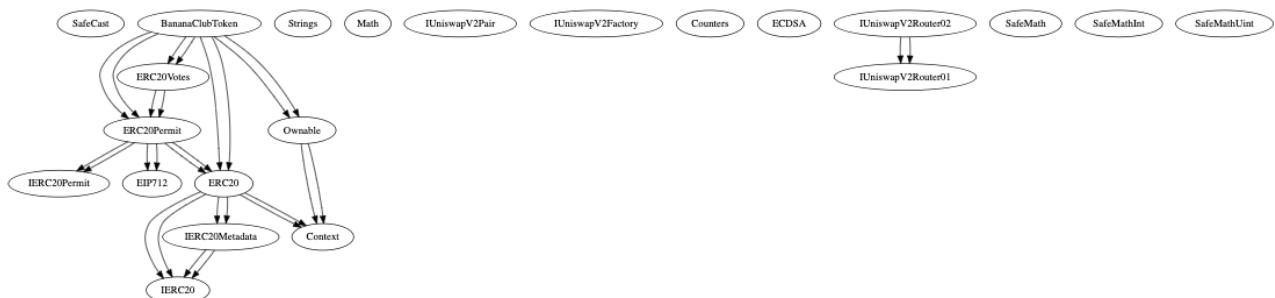
Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	^0.8.0 0.8.2		yes	yes (3 asm blocks)	

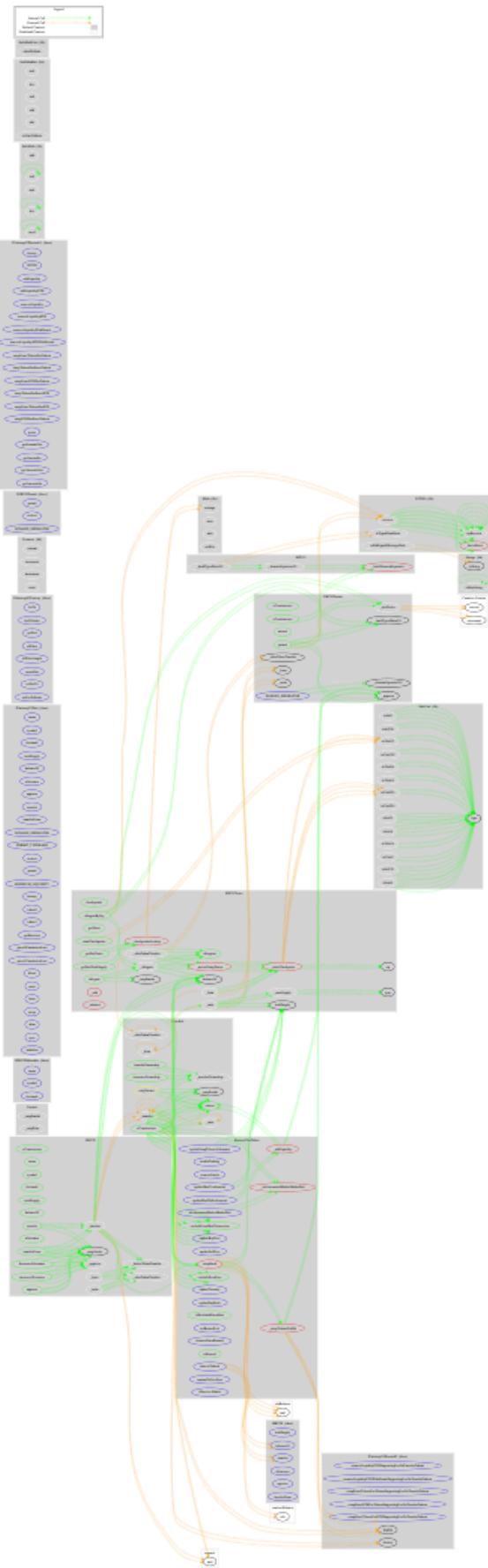
Version	Transfers ETH	Low-Level Calls	DelegateCall	Uses Hash Functions	EC Recover	New/Create/Create2

1.0	yes			yes	yes	
-----	-----	--	--	-----	-----	--

Inheritance Graph v1.0



CallGraph v1.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Is contract an upgradeable
2. Correct implementation of Token standard
3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
6. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Is contract an upgradeable

Name

Is contract an upgradeable?

No



Correct implementation of Token standard

ERC20				
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	✓	✓	✓
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	✓	✓	✓

Write functions of contract

v1.1

```
removeTokens
enableTrading
removeLimits
updateSwapTokensAtAmount
updateMaxTxnAmount
updateMaxWalletAmount
excludeFromMaxTransaction
updateBuyFees
updateSellFees
excludeFromFees
setAutomatedMarketMakerP...
updateTreasury
updateBuyBack
setBannedList
removeFromBanned
manualCollectFees

transfer
approve
transferFrom
increaseAllowance
decreaseAllowance
permit
delegate
delegateBySig
renounceOwnership
transferOwnership
```

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	✓	✓	✓
Max / Total Supply			1E+08

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✓
Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✓

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	-	-	-

Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	✓
Partly Verified	🚩
Unverified / Not checked	✗
Not available	-

Modifiers and public functions

v1.0

removeTokens	onlyOwner
enableTrading	onlyOwner
removeLimits	onlyOwner
updateSwapTokensAtAmount	onlyOwner
updateMaxTxnAmount	onlyOwner
updateMaxWalletAmount	onlyOwner
excludeFromMaxTransaction	onlyOwner
updateBuyFees	onlyOwner
updateSellFees	onlyOwner
excludeFromFees	onlyOwner
setAutomatedMarketMakerPair	onlyOwner
updateTreasury	onlyOwner
updateBuyBack	onlyOwner
setBannedList	onlyOwner
removeFromBanned	onlyOwner
manualCollectFees	onlyOwner

transfer
approve
transferFrom
increaseAllowance
decreaseAllowance
permit
delegate
delegateBySig
renounceOwnership
onlyOwner
transferOwnership
onlyOwner

Comments

- Deployer can enable/disable following state variables
 - tradingActive
 - limitsInEffect
 - _isExcludedMaxTransactionAmount
 - _isExcludedFromFees
 - automatedMarketMakerPairs
- Deployer can set following addresses
 - treasury
 - Is set to owner by default

- buyBack
 - Is set to owner by default
- Existing Modifiers
 - onlyOwner
- We recommend to use uniswapV2 router address instead of V1
- Owner is able to call manualCollectFees to transfer etc balance to treasury address which are the owner itself
- Liquidity will be added to owner address

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/BCTFlattened.sol	15	7	2540	2141	923	1037	855	
	Totals	15	7	2540	2141	923	1037	855	

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

No medium issues

Low issues

No low issues

Informational issues

No informational issues

Note: We are only checking the token itself, not the libraries, because it was imported from open zeppelin contracts without any changes, Confirmed by the owner

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

14. July 2022:

- Local shadowing variable and the NAT documentation was acknowledged by the team
- Read whole report and modifiers section for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
SW C-1 36	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
SW C-1 35	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-1 34	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
SW C-1 33	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
SW C-1 32	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
SW C-1 31	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-1 30	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
SW C-1 29	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
SW C-1 28	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW C-1 27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 25</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 20</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 7</u>	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW C-11 6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 0</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 09</u>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 07</u>	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW C-1 05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<u>CWE-284: Improper Access Control</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	<u>CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 03</u>	Floating Pragma	<u>CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	<u>CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<u>CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-1 00</u>	Function Default Visibility	<u>CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</u>	PASSED

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