



SOLIDProof
Bring trust into your projects

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC

MADE IN GERMANY

Audit

**Security Assessment
04. December, 2021**

For



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Version	Date	Description
1.0	04. December 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Layout project• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing• Summary

Network

Binance Smart Chain (BEP20)

Website

<https://planet3coin.com/>



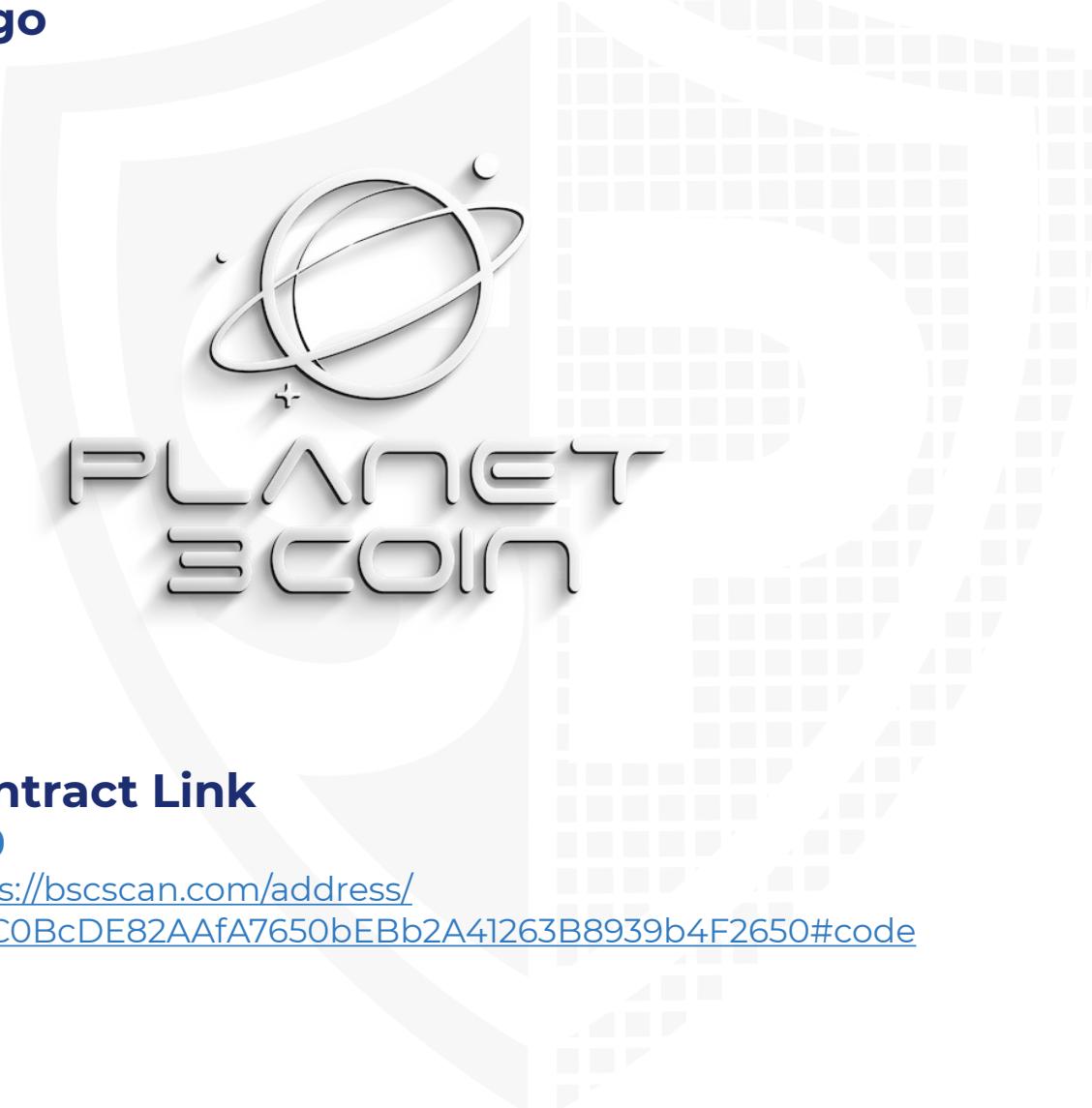
Description

TBA

Project Engagement

During the 29th of November 2021, **Planet3Coin Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link

v1.0

[https://bscscan.com/address/
0xFC0BcDE82AAfA7650bEBb2A41263B8939b4F2650#code](https://bscscan.com/address/0xFC0BcDE82AAfA7650bEBb2A41263B8939b4F2650#code)

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	0 – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as they were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

- IBEP20
- IDexFactory
- IDexRouter
- Context
- Ownable
- ReentrancyGuard

- Utils
- SafeMath

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

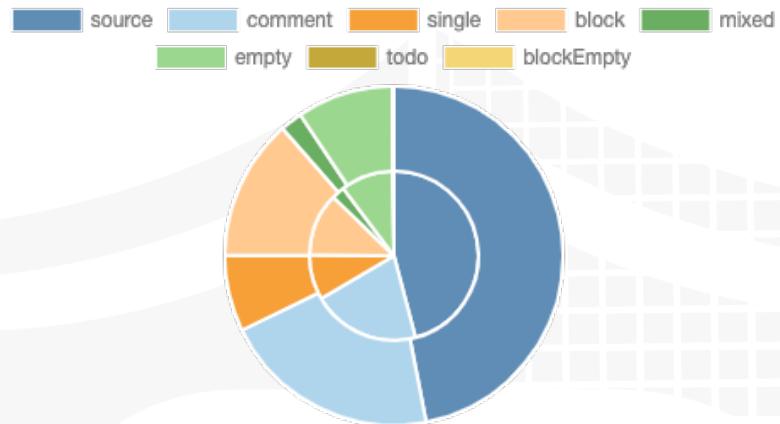
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

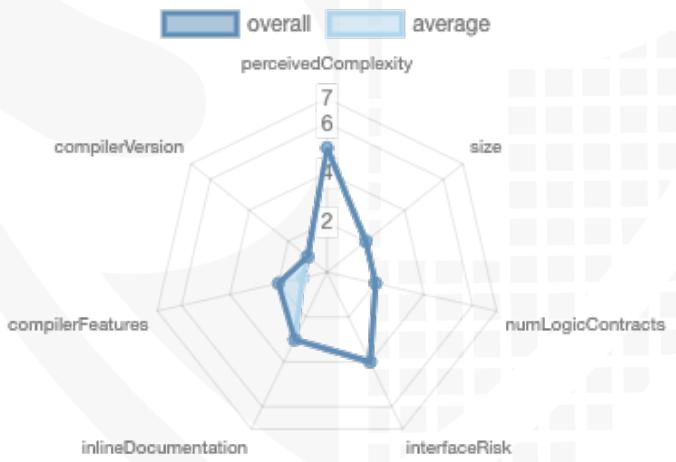
File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/planet3coin.sol	1065fec1ba446e49a53cfe9f1ed5fdf8126f3681

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Risk Level v1.0



Capabilities

Components

Version	Contracts	Libraries	Interfaces	Abstract
1.0	1	2	3	3

Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Version	Public	Payable
1.0	51	2

Version	External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
1.0	23	65	17	10	22

State Variables

Version	Total	Public
1.0	55	27

Capabilities

Version	Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features	Can Receive Funds	Uses Assembly	Has Destroyable Contracts
1.0	^0.8.9	ABIEncoder2	yes	**** (0 asm blocks)	

Version	Transfers ETH	Low-Level Calls	DelegatedCall	Uses Hash Functions	ECRecover	New/Create/Create2

1.0	yes						
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Scope of Work

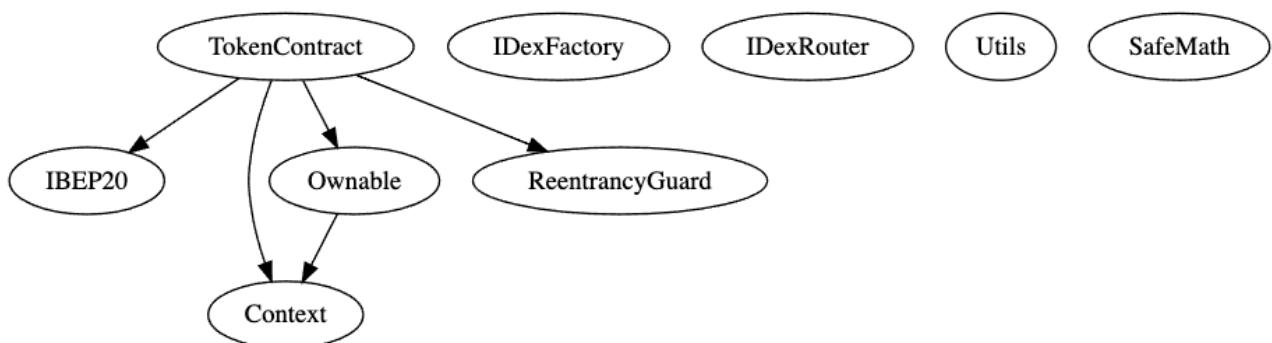
The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Correct implementation of Token standard
2. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
3. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
4. Deployer cannot pause the contract
5. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Inheritance Graph

v1.0



Verify Claims

Correct implementation of Token standard

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
TotalSupply	provides information about the total token supply	✓	✓	✓
BalanceOf	provides account balance of the owner's account	✓	✓	✓
Transfer	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	✓	✓	✓
TransferFrom	executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	✓	✓	✓
Approve	allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	✓	✓	✓
Allowance	returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	✓	✓	✓

Write functions of contract

1. approve
2. decreaseAllowance
3. deliver
4. enableMaxSellLimit
5. enableOrDisableFees
6. enableOrDisableMaxHoldLimit
7. enableOrDisableSwapAndLiquify
8. excludeFromReward
9. includeInReward
10. includeOrExcludeFromFee
11. includeOrExcludeFromMaxHoldLimit
12. increaseAllowance
13. renounceOwnership
14. setAwardPoolAddress
15. setBuyFeePercent
16. setEarthBankWalletAddress
17. setMaxHoldingAmount
18. setMaxSellLimitDuration
19. setMinTokenToSwap
20. setNormalFeePercent
21. setRoute
22. setSellFeePercent
23. startTrading
24. transfer
25. transferFrom
26. transferOwnership

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified	File
Deployer cannot mint	-	-	-	Main
Comment	Line: -			

Max / Total Supply: 30.000.000.000.000

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot lock	✓	✓	✗
Deployer cannot burn	✓	✓	✓

Comments:

v1.0

- If address is not excludedFromMaxHoldingLimit, isMaxHoldLimitValid equal to true and maxHoldingAmount is 0 then user funds are locked
 - It is used in _checkMaxWalletAmount which is called in every _transfer functions
- Deployer can prevent selling tokens
 - maxSellLimitDuration can be set to a high time to prevent selling tokens
 - If it's active addresses have to wait 6 hours after the first sell, 4 hours after the second sell and after that you can sell whenever you want because there is not _nextSellTime set anymore
 - for the next sell time and it can only sell at most 50% of your balance

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Verified
Deployer cannot pause	-	-	-

Comments:

v1.0

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Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Tested	Verified
✓	✓

Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	✓
Partly Verified	🚩
Unverified / Not checked	✗
Not available	-

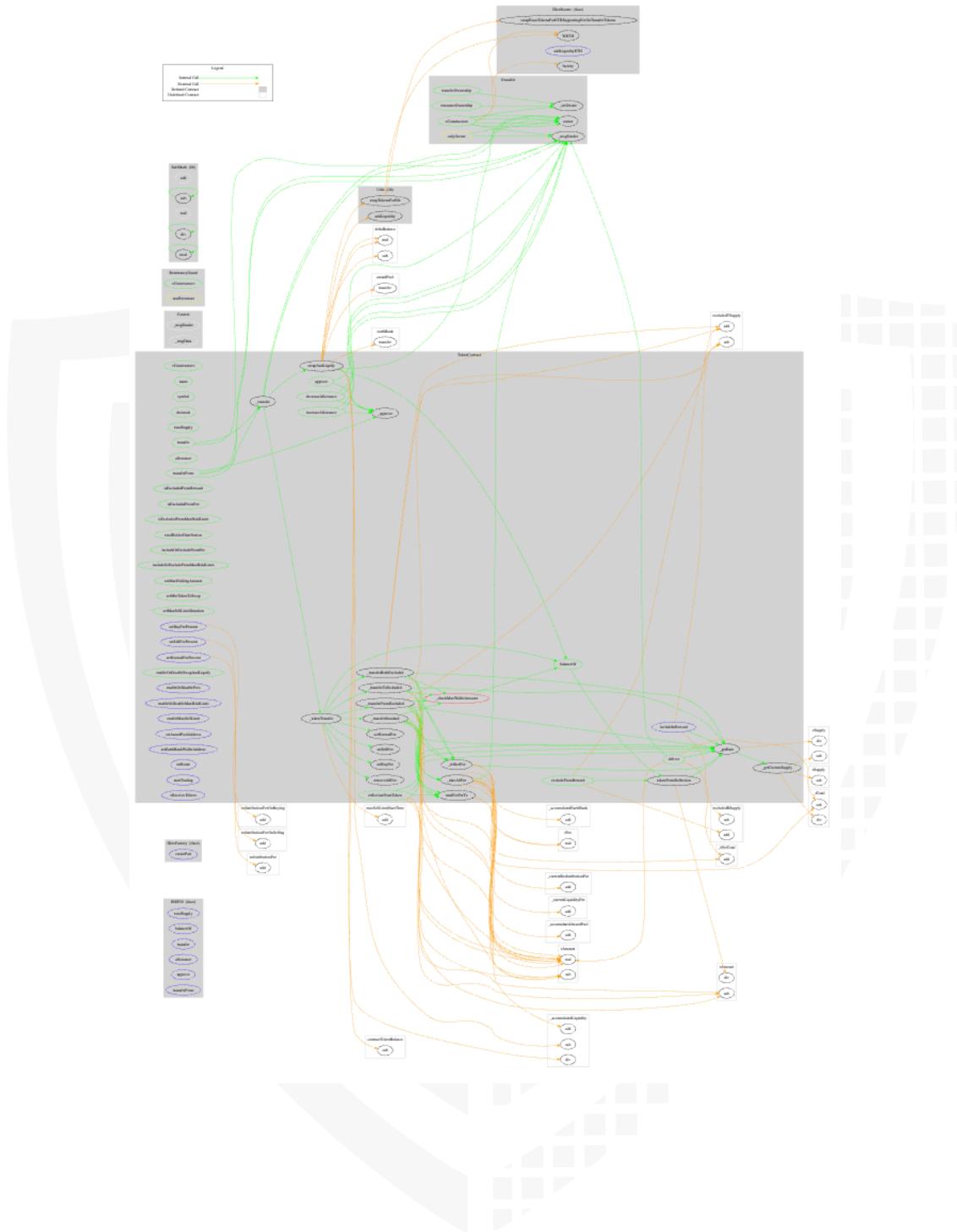
Modifiers

```
includeInReward  
excludeFromReward  
includeOrExcludeFromFee  
includeOrExcludeFromMaxHoldLimit  
setMaxHoldingAmount  
setMinTokenToSwap  
setMaxSellLimitDuration  
setBuyFeePercent  
setSellFeePercent  
setNormalFeePercent  
enableOrDisableSwapAndLiquify  
enableOrDisableFees  
enableOrDisableMaxHoldLimit  
enableMaxSellLimit  
setAwardPoolAddress  
setEarthBankWalletAddress  
setRoute  
startTrading
```

Comments:

- Deployer can set following state variables without any limitations
 - maxHoldingAmount with setMaxHoldingAmount function
 - minTokenToSwap with setMinTokenToSwap function
 - maxSellLimitDuration with setMaxSellLimitDuration function
- Deployer can enable/disable swap
- Deployer can enable/disable fees for everyone with enableOrDisableFees function

CallGraph



Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/planet3coin.sol	6	3	1350	1128	700	376	495	
	Totals	6	3	1350	1128	700	376	495	

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

Audit Results

AUDIT PASSED

Critical issues

- no critical issues found -

High issues

- no high issues found -

Medium issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Reentrancy vulnerabilities	838	Apply the [`check-effects-interactions pattern`](http://solidity.readthedocs.io/en/v0.4.21/security-considerations.html#reentrancy).or nonReentrant modifier from OpenZeppelin

Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)	-	We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	A floating pragma is set	30	The current pragma Solidity directive is „^0.8.9”.
#3	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing-zero-check)	392, 735, 743, 751	Check that the address is not zero

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
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#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	332, 330, 331, 326, 338, 342	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Main	Unused return values	1172	Ensure that all the return values of the function calls are used and handle both success and failure cases if needed by the business logic

Commented Code exist

There are some instances of code being commented out in the following files that should be removed:

Line	Comment
1309	// assert(a == b * c + a % b); // There is no case in which this doesn't hold

Recommendation

Remove the commented code, or address them properly.

Audit Comments

04. December 2021:

- Comment line 868
 - There is no burn fee in that contract

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
SW C-13_6	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
SW C-13_5	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-13_4	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
SW C-13_3	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
SW C-13_2	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
SW C-13_1	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
SW C-13_0	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
SW C-12_9	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
SW C-12_8	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW C-12 7</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<u>CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 5</u>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<u>CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 4</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	<u>CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 3</u>	Requirement Violation	<u>CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 2</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<u>CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 1</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<u>CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-12 0</u>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<u>CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	<u>CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<u>CWE-665: Improper Initialization</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-11 7</u>	Signature Malleability	<u>CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</u>	PASSED

SW C-11 6	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
SW C-11 5	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
SW C-11 4	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
SW C-11 3	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
SW C-11 2	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
SW C-11 1	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
SW C-11 0	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-10 9	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
SW C-10 8	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-10 7	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	NOT PASSED
SW C-10 6	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW C-10 5</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<u>CWE-284: Improper Access Control</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-10 4</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	<u>CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-10 3</u>	Floating Pragma	<u>CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</u>	NOT PASSED
<u>SW C-10 2</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	<u>CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-10 1</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<u>CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</u>	PASSED
<u>SW C-10 0</u>	Function Default Visibility	<u>CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</u>	PASSED

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