

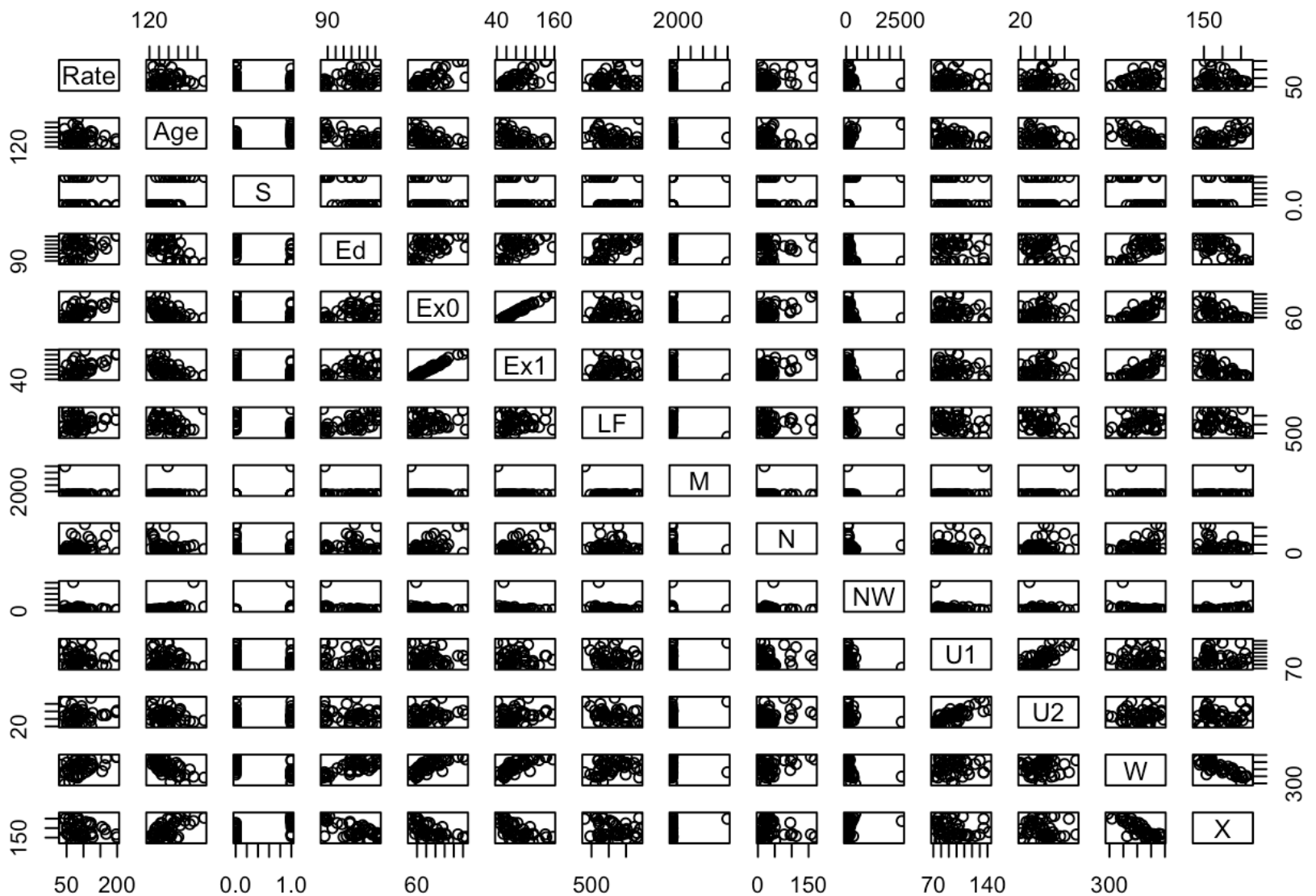
Raport 4 Statystyka

Jan Solarz

11 05 2020

z.1/2/3

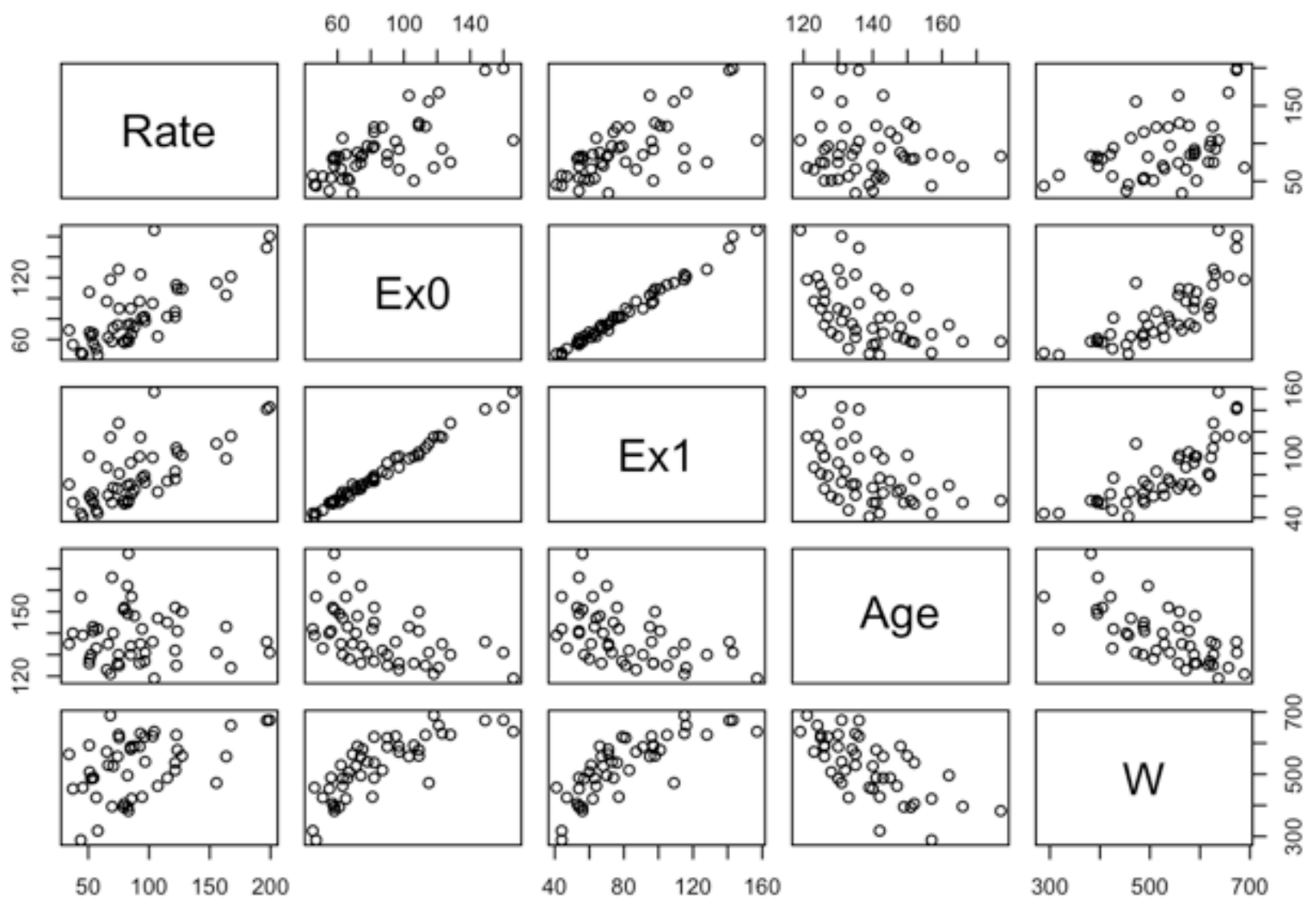
```
pairs(cbind(Rate, Age, S, Ed, Ex0, Ex1, LF, M, N, NW, U1, U2, W, X))
```



```
#widzimy silna korelacje miedzy cechami Ex0 i Ex1, ale również miedzy U1 i U2  
cor(cbind(Rate, Age, S, Ed, Ex0, Ex1, LF, M, N, NW, U1, U2, W, X))
```

##		Rate	Age	S	Ed	Ex0	Ex1
##	Rate	1.00000000	-0.089519902	-0.09087073	0.32310629	0.68761660	0.66674511
##	Age	-0.08951990	1.000000000	0.58435534	-0.53023964	-0.50696949	-0.51317336
##	S	-0.09087073	0.584355338	1.00000000	-0.70274132	-0.37354720	-0.37616753
##	Ed	0.32310629	-0.530239642	-0.70274132	1.00000000	0.48326144	0.49940958
##	Ex0	0.68761660	-0.506969490	-0.37354720	0.48326144	1.00000000	0.99359772
##	Ex1	0.66674511	-0.513173356	-0.37616753	0.49940958	0.99359772	1.00000000
##	LF	0.18913745	-0.160948824	-0.50546948	0.56117795	0.12217106	0.10634960
##	M	-0.16902237	0.004461682	0.19845402	-0.22557612	-0.19533933	-0.20932621
##	N	0.33749589	-0.280637618	-0.04991832	-0.01722740	0.52608277	0.51378940
##	NW	-0.06372231	0.457234083	0.39708823	-0.38365025	-0.18123271	-0.18655758
##	U1	-0.05067083	-0.224380599	-0.17241931	0.01810345	-0.04277496	-0.05171199
##	U2	0.17706371	-0.244843390	0.07169289	-0.21568155	0.18564957	0.16922422
##	W	0.44149947	-0.670055056	-0.63694543	0.73599704	0.78724481	0.79426205
##	X	-0.18585829	0.629962825	0.67496961	-0.69788198	-0.63228425	-0.65072345
##		LF	M	N	NW	U1	U2
##	Rate	0.1891374	-0.169022371	0.33749589	-0.06372231	-0.05067083	0.17706371
##	Age	-0.1609488	0.004461682	-0.28063762	0.45723408	-0.22438060	-0.24484339
##	S	-0.5054695	0.198454020	-0.04991832	0.39708823	-0.17241931	0.07169289
##	Ed	0.5611780	-0.225576121	-0.01722740	-0.38365025	0.01810345	-0.21568155
##	Ex0	0.1221711	-0.195339325	0.52608277	-0.18123271	-0.04277496	0.18564957
##	Ex1	0.1063496	-0.209326206	0.51378940	-0.18655758	-0.05171199	0.16922422
##	LF	1.0000000	-0.288299113	-0.12367222	-0.22796997	-0.22939968	-0.42076249
##	M	-0.2882991	1.000000000	-0.07853513	-0.04361084	0.33547258	0.33600928
##	N	-0.1236722	-0.078535135	1.00000000	0.05942204	-0.03811995	0.27042159
##	NW	-0.2279700	-0.043610839	0.05942204	1.00000000	-0.21818218	-0.10460448
##	U1	-0.2293997	0.335472578	-0.03811995	-0.21818218	1.00000000	0.74592482
##	U2	-0.4207625	0.336009279	0.27042159	-0.10460448	0.74592482	1.00000000
##	W	0.2946323	-0.101849407	0.30826271	-0.34330695	0.04485720	0.09207166
##	X	-0.1923744	0.213000458	-0.12466424	0.31281286	-0.11491193	-0.05777706
##		W	X				
##	Rate	0.44149947	-0.18585829				
##	Age	-0.67005506	0.62996283				
##	S	-0.63694543	0.67496961				
##	Ed	0.73599704	-0.69788198				
##	Ex0	0.78724481	-0.63228425				
##	Ex1	0.79426205	-0.65072345				
##	LF	0.29463231	-0.19237444				
##	M	-0.10184941	0.21300046				
##	N	0.30826271	-0.12466424				
##	NW	-0.34330695	0.31281286				
##	U1	0.04485720	-0.11491193				
##	U2	0.09207166	-0.05777706				
##	W	1.00000000	-0.84417172				
##	X	-0.84417172	1.00000000				

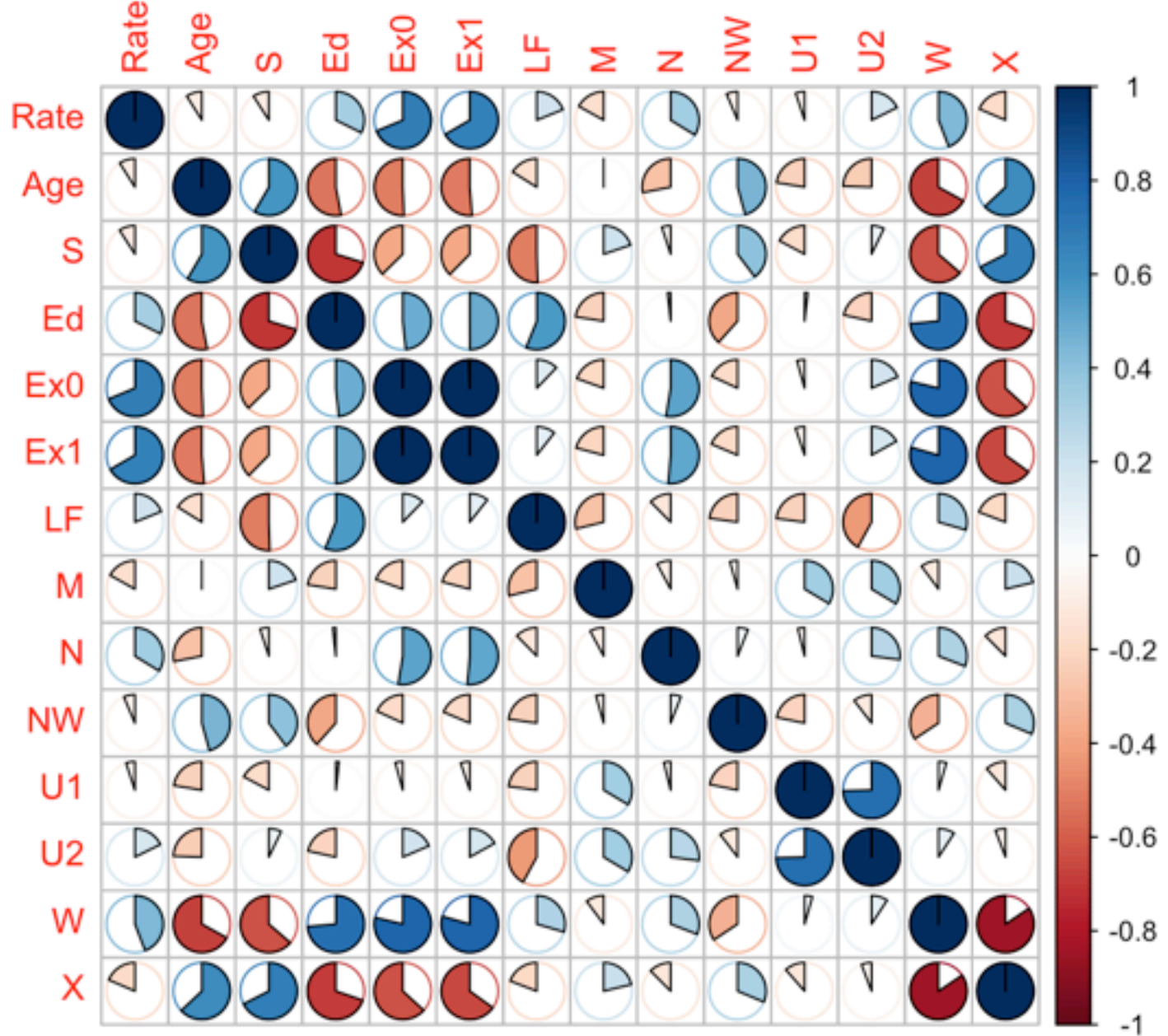
```
pairs(cbind(Rate,Ex0,Ex1,Age,W))
```



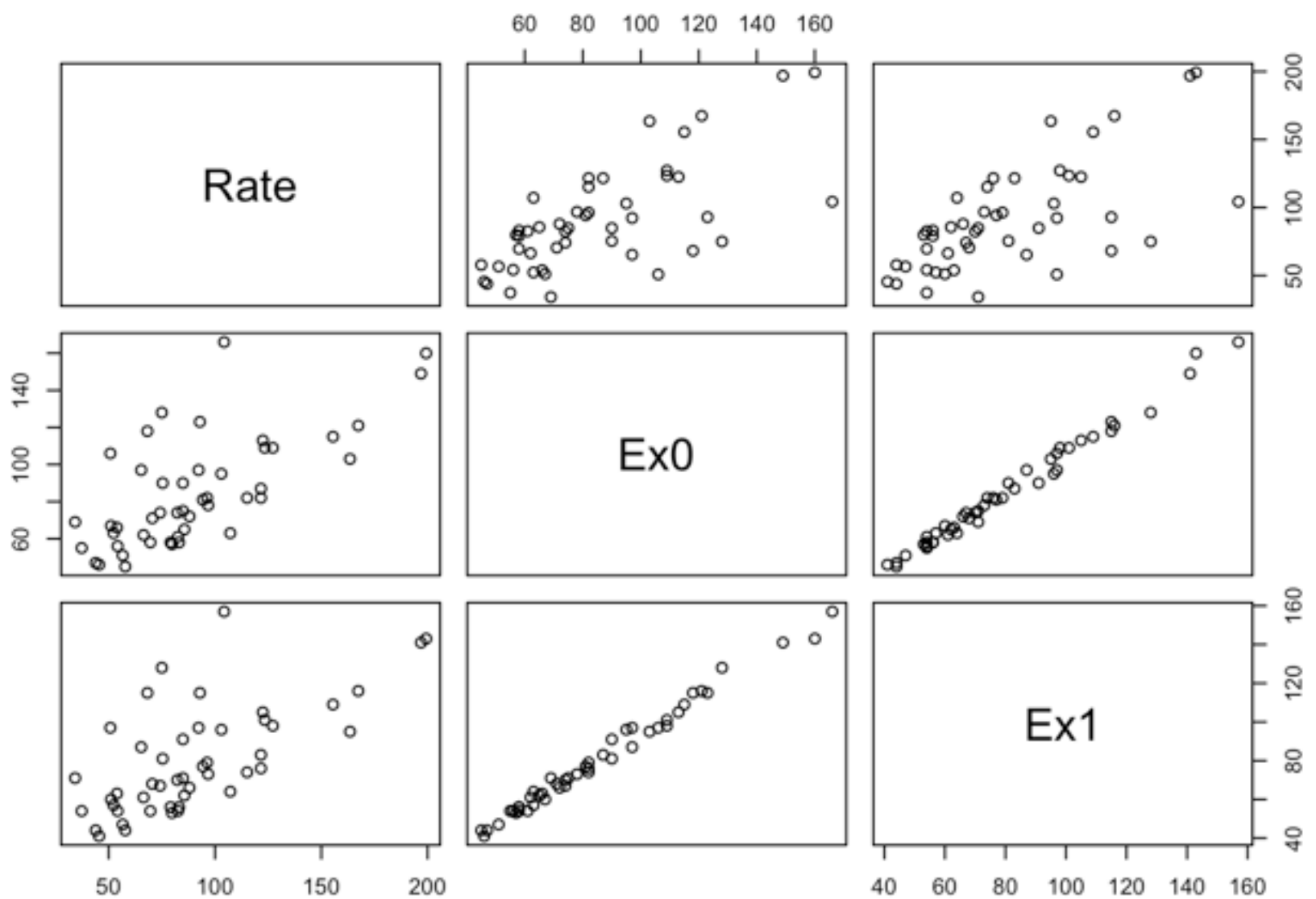
```
cor(cbind(Rate,Ex0,Ex1,Age,W))
```

```
##           Rate           Ex0           Ex1           Age           W
## Rate  1.0000000  0.6876166  0.6667451 -0.0895199  0.4414995
## Ex0   0.6876166  1.0000000  0.9935977 -0.5069695  0.7872448
## Ex1   0.6667451  0.9935977  1.0000000 -0.5131734  0.7942621
## Age  -0.0895199 -0.5069695 -0.5131734  1.0000000 -0.6700551
## W     0.4414995  0.7872448  0.7942621 -0.6700551  1.0000000
```

```
corrplot::corrplot(cor(wiatr),method = "pie")
```



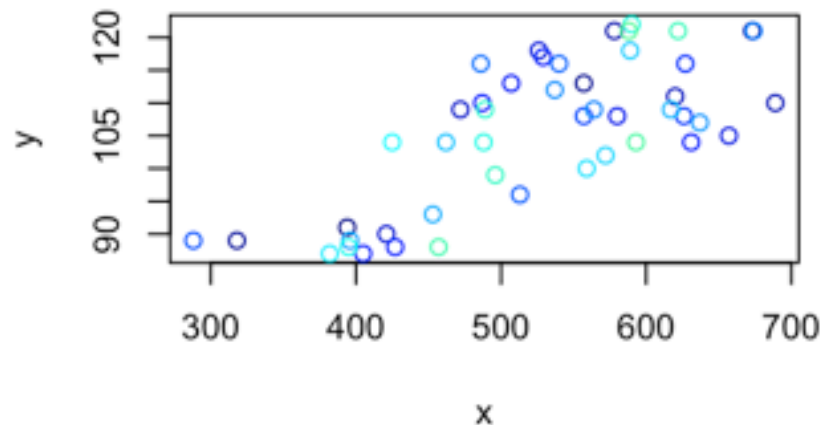
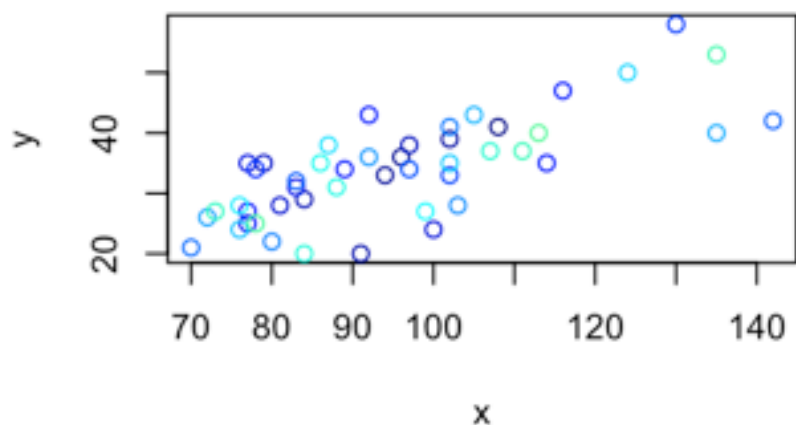
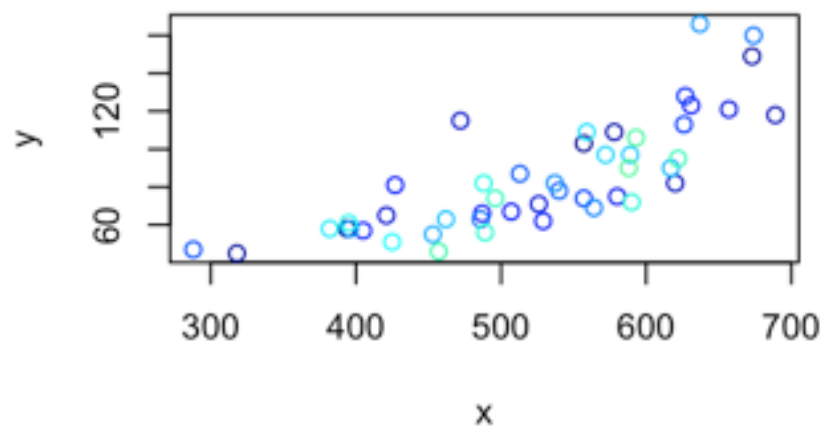
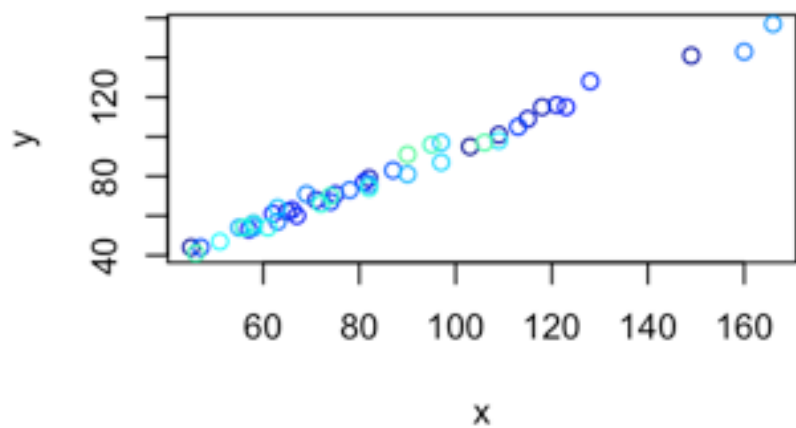
```
#po wygenerowaniu macierzy współczynników i wykresu obrazującego wielkości korelac
ji możemy #stwierdzić że silna korelacja jest między W,Ed | W,Ex0 | W,Ex1
#W odniesieniu do Rate: Rate,Ex0 i Rate,Ex1
pairs(cbind(Rate,Ex0,Ex1))
```



```
cor(cbind(Rate,Ex0,Ex1))
```

```
##           Rate      Ex0      Ex1
## Rate 1.0000000 0.6876166 0.6667451
## Ex0  0.6876166 1.0000000 0.9935977
## Ex1  0.6667451 0.9935977 1.0000000
```

```
#najwiekszy liniowy wpływ na zmienna Rate maja Ex0 i Ex1- najwyższy współczynnik 0
.69 i 0.67
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
plot3D::points2D(Ex0,Ex1)
plot3D::points2D(W,Ex0)
plot3D::points2D(U1,U2)
plot3D::points2D(W,Ed)
```



#Istnieje prara Ex0 i Ex1 ktore sa silnie ze soba skorelowane- widac na wykresach rozrzutu, wspolczynniki wielkosci 0.99

Czesc druga zad. 4/5/6/7

```
#zad4
#Nasz model regresji liniowej opisujący zależność między zmienną Rate a trzynasto
ma #zmiennymi objaśniającymi Age,...,X
aa<-lm(Rate~Age+ S+ Ed+ Ex0+ Ex1+ LF+ M+ N+ NW+ U1+ U2 +W+
X,data=wiatr)
bb<-c(150, 1, 90, 50, 60, 500, 950, 30, 300, 100, 40, 400, 200)
cc<-c(Age, S, Ed, Ex0, Ex1, LF, M, N, NW, U1, U2 ,W, X)
names((summary(aa)))
```

```
## [1] "call"          "terms"          "residuals"      "coefficients"
## [5] "aliased"        "sigma"          "df"             "r.squared"
## [9] "adj.r.squared" "fstatistic"     "cov.unscaled"
```

```
summary(aa)$coefficients
```

##	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
## (Intercept)	-5.145976e+02	1.193486e+02	-4.3117196	0.0001377801
## Age	1.078183e+00	4.377478e-01	2.4630237	0.0191644210
## S	5.513618e+00	1.329101e+01	0.4148382	0.6809449633
## Ed	1.512464e+00	6.708269e-01	2.2546267	0.0309152825
## Ex0	1.876910e+00	1.138562e+00	1.6484911	0.1087416157
## Ex1	-8.788587e-01	1.232634e+00	-0.7129922	0.4808623885
## LF	5.758384e-02	1.364631e-01	0.4219738	0.6757806107
## M	-3.304402e-03	3.277325e-03	-1.0082621	0.3206648508
## N	-8.804831e-02	1.253989e-01	-0.7021456	0.4875116208
## NW	-2.112354e-03	1.115786e-02	-0.1893153	0.8510052926
## U1	-2.763975e-01	3.913121e-01	-0.7063352	0.4849371528
## U2	1.769364e+00	8.994953e-01	1.9670635	0.0576302765
## W	7.899337e-02	1.062441e-01	0.7435081	0.4624352019
## X	5.462586e-01	2.067025e-01	2.6427288	0.0124800018

```
Ratel=sum(aa$coefficients[2:14]*bb)+aa$coefficients[1]
#prognozowana wartość Rate przy 13 zmiennych objaśniających
Ratel
```

```
## (Intercept)
##      36.24069
```

```
names((summary(aa)))
```

```
## [1] "call"          "terms"          "residuals"      "coefficients"
## [5] "aliased"        "sigma"          "df"             "r.squared"
## [9] "adj.r.squared"  "fstatistic"     "cov.unscaled"
```

```
#współczynnik determinacji R^2
summary(aa)$r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.7330418
```

```
#współczynnik determinacji adj R^2
summary(aa)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.6278765
```

```
cat("Rownanie regresji opisujace zaleznosc:", "Nasze_Rate=cecha[i]*wspolczynnik[i]+
wyraz wolny")
```

```
## Rownanie regresji opisujace zaleznosc: Nasze_Rate=cecha[i]*wspolczynnik[i]+wyr
z wolny
```

```
cat("Rate=Age*1.078183e+00 + S*5.513618e+00 + Ed*1.512464e+00 + Ex0*1.876910e+00 + Ex1*(-8.788587e-01) + LF*5.758384e-02 + M*-3.304402e-03 + N*(-8.804831e-02) + NW*(-2.112354e-03) + U1*(-2.763975e-01) + U2*1.769364e+00 + W*7.899337e-02 + X*5.462586e-01 + -5.145976e+02")
```

```
## Rate=Age*1.078183e+00 + S*5.513618e+00 + Ed*1.512464e+00 + Ex0*1.876910e+00 + Ex1*(-8.788587e-01) + LF*5.758384e-02 + M*-3.304402e-03 + N*(-8.804831e-02) + NW*(-2.112354e-03) + U1*(-2.763975e-01) + U2*1.769364e+00 + W*7.899337e-02 + X*5.462586e-01 + -5.145976e+02
```

```
#zad5,6,7
#(a)
wektor_a<-c(Ex1,X,Ed, Age,U2)
wartosci_a<-c(60,200,90,150,40)
model_a<-lm(Rate~Ex1+X+Ed+ Age+U2,data=wiatr)
summary(model_a)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Rate ~ Ex1 + X + Ed + Age + U2, data = wiatr)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -53.916 -13.952  -3.081   13.355   59.164
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  -479.5483    100.3883   -4.777 2.29e-05 ***
## Ex1           1.2689     0.1665    7.621 2.22e-09 ***
## X             0.5253     0.1469    3.576 0.000913 ***
## Ed            1.6652     0.4815    3.458 0.001281 **
## Age           1.1067     0.3819    2.898 0.006000 **
## U2            1.1204     0.4722    2.373 0.022426 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.21 on 41 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.679, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6399
## F-statistic: 17.35 on 5 and 41 DF, p-value: 3.37e-09
```

```
summary(model_a)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.6398613
```

```
summary(model_a)$r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.6790068
```



```
model_a$coefficients
```

```
## (Intercept)          Ex1              X              Ed              Age              U2
## -479.5483284      1.2688878      0.5252569      1.6652227      1.1067425      1.1204328
```

```
Rate_a=sum(model_a$coefficients[2:6]*wartosci_a)+model_a$coefficients[1]
Rate_a
```

```
## (Intercept)
##      62.33506
```

```
##(b)
wektorb<-c(Ex0,LF,M,N,NW)
wartosci_b<-c(50, 500, 950, 30, 300)
model_b<-lm(Rate~Ex0+LF+M+N+NW,data=wiatr)
summary(model_b)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Rate ~ Ex0 + LF + M + N + NW, data = wiatr)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -62.048 -16.267   2.798  18.395  53.936
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -5.443e+01  6.819e+01  -0.798    0.429
## Ex0          9.132e-01  1.808e-01   5.051 9.53e-06 ***
## LF          1.184e-01  1.170e-01   1.012    0.318
## M           1.813e-04  3.519e-03   0.052    0.959
## N          -2.187e-02  1.379e-01  -0.159    0.875
## NW          9.694e-03  1.230e-02   0.788    0.435
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 29.2 on 41 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.4918, Adjusted R-squared:  0.4298
## F-statistic: 7.936 on 5 and 41 DF,  p-value: 2.658e-05
```

```
summary(model_b)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.4298397
```

```
summary(model_b)$r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.4918136
```

```
model_b$coefficients
```

```
##      (Intercept)           Ex0           LF           M           N  
## -5.443313e+01  9.132311e-01  1.184325e-01  1.812538e-04 -2.186963e-02  
##              NW  
##  9.693557e-03
```

```
Rate_b=sum(model_b$coefficients[2:6]*wartosci_b)+model_b$coefficients[1]  
Rate_b
```

```
## (Intercept)  
##      52.86884
```

Porównanie trzech modeli

```
#model gdzie występują wszystkie cechy  
summary(aa)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.6278765
```

```
#model z 5a  
summary(model_a)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.6398613
```

```
#model z 5b  
summary(model_b)$adj.r.squared
```

```
## [1] 0.4298397
```

```
#Najlepszy współczynnik determinacji ma model_a dla cech Ex1,X,Ed, Age,U2.  
#Współczynnik ten wynosi 0.64, ten model jest "najlepszy"
```

```
cat("Równanie najlepszej regresji opisujące zależność:", "Nasze_Rate=cecha[i]*współ-  
czynnik[i]+wyraz wolny")
```

```
## Równanie najlepszej regresji opisujące zależność: Nasze_Rate=cecha[i]*współczyn-  
nik[i]+wyraz wolny
```

```
cat("Rate=Age*1.1067 + Ed*1.6652 + Ex1*1.2689 + U2*1.1204 + X*0.5253 -479.5483  
")
```

```
## Rate=Age*1.1067 + Ed*1.6652 + Ex1*1.2689 + U2*1.1204 + X*0.5253 -479.5483
```

Porównanie prognoz

```
#model gdzie występują wszystkie cechy  
Rate1
```

```
## (Intercept)  
## 36.24069
```

```
#5a  
Rate_a
```

```
## (Intercept)  
## 62.33506
```

```
#5b  
Rate_b
```

```
## (Intercept)  
## 52.86884
```

#Jak widać wartości te są zupełnie różne, skorygowane współczynniki determinacji są na podobnym poziomie (ok 0.63). Wpływ na odpowiednie dobranie współczynnika Rate mogą mieć ilość cech objaśniających, ale również odpowiedni ich dobór(każda ma inną wagę)