

# Pertussis Vaccination

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Pertussis (whooping cough) is a highly contagious lung infection that is most deadly for the very young (under 1 year of age)

Let's begin by having a look at Pertussis case numbers per year in the United States

The CDC tracks Pertussis case numbers and makes the data available here:

[https://www.cdc.gov/pertussis/php/surveillance/pertussis-cases-by-year.html?CDC\\_AAref\\_Val=https://www.cdc.gov/pertussis/php/surveillance/pertussis-cases-by-year.html](https://www.cdc.gov/pertussis/php/surveillance/pertussis-cases-by-year.html?CDC_AAref_Val=https://www.cdc.gov/pertussis/php/surveillance/pertussis-cases-by-year.html)

Q1. With the help of the R “addin” package datapasta assign the CDC pertussis case number data to a data frame called cdc and use ggplot to make a plot of cases numbers over time.

```
cdc <- data.frame(  
  year = c(1922L, 1923L, 1924L, 1925L,  
           1926L, 1927L, 1928L, 1929L, 1930L, 1931L,  
           1932L, 1933L, 1934L, 1935L, 1936L,  
           1937L, 1938L, 1939L, 1940L, 1941L, 1942L,  
           1943L, 1944L, 1945L, 1946L, 1947L,  
           1948L, 1949L, 1950L, 1951L, 1952L,  
           1953L, 1954L, 1955L, 1956L, 1957L, 1958L,  
           1959L, 1960L, 1961L, 1962L, 1963L,  
           1964L, 1965L, 1966L, 1967L, 1968L, 1969L,  
           1970L, 1971L, 1972L, 1973L, 1974L,  
           1975L, 1976L, 1977L, 1978L, 1979L, 1980L,  
           1981L, 1982L, 1983L, 1984L, 1985L,  
           1986L, 1987L, 1988L, 1989L, 1990L,  
           1991L, 1992L, 1993L, 1994L, 1995L, 1996L,  
           1997L, 1998L, 1999L, 2000L, 2001L,  
           2002L, 2003L, 2004L, 2005L, 2006L, 2007L,  
           2008L, 2009L, 2010L, 2011L, 2012L,  
           2013L, 2014L, 2015L, 2016L, 2017L, 2018L,
```

```

                                2019L,2020L,2021L),
cases = c(107473,164191,165418,152003,
          202210,181411,161799,197371,
          166914,172559,215343,179135,265269,
          180518,147237,214652,227319,103188,
          183866,222202,191383,191890,109873,
          133792,109860,156517,74715,69479,
          120718,68687,45030,37129,60886,
          62786,31732,28295,32148,40005,
          14809,11468,17749,17135,13005,6799,
          7717,9718,4810,3285,4249,3036,
          3287,1759,2402,1738,1010,2177,2063,
          1623,1730,1248,1895,2463,2276,
          3589,4195,2823,3450,4157,4570,
          2719,4083,6586,4617,5137,7796,6564,
          7405,7298,7867,7580,9771,11647,
          25827,25616,15632,10454,13278,
          16858,27550,18719,48277,28639,32971,
          20762,17972,18975,15609,18617,
          6124,2116)
)

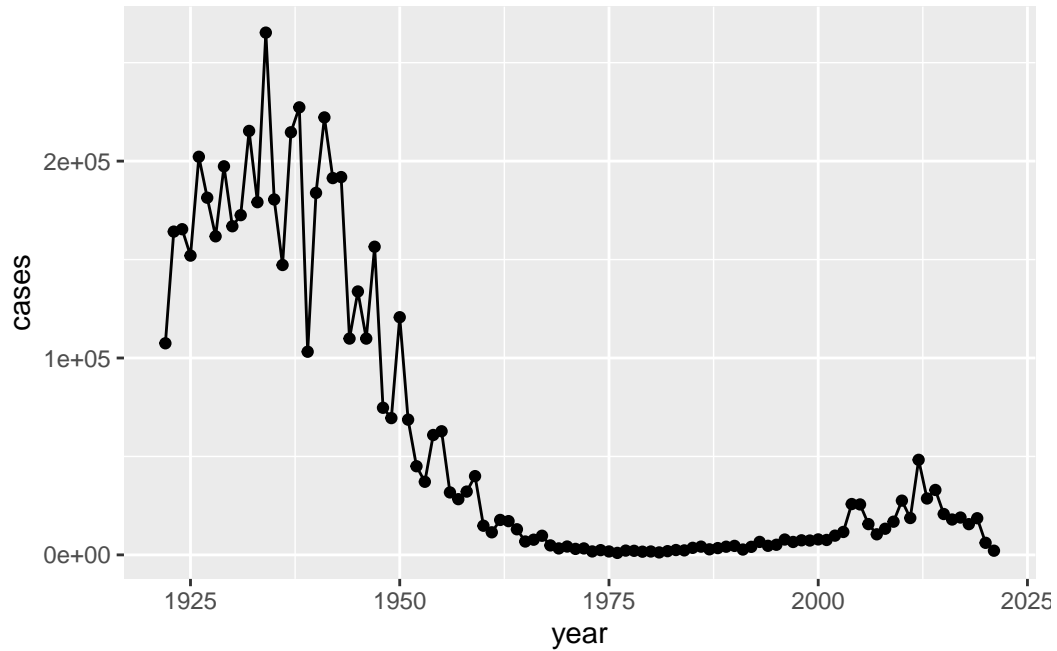
```

I want a plot of case number per yaer.

```

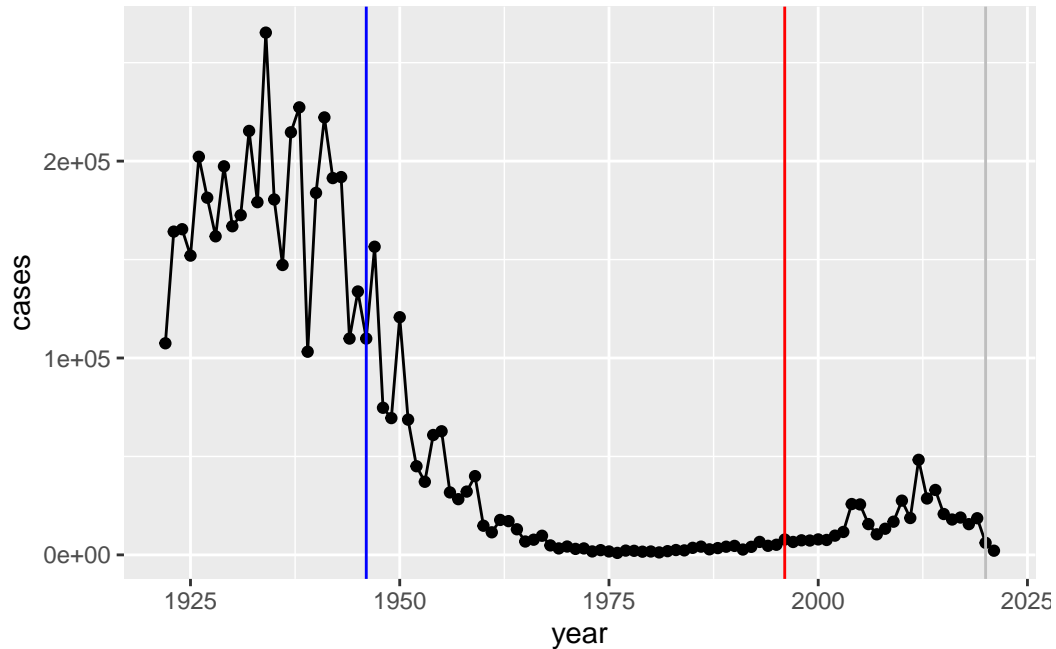
library(ggplot2)
x <- ggplot(cdc) + aes(year, cases) + geom_point() + geom_line()
x

```



Q2. Using the ggplot `geom_vline()` function add lines to your previous plot for the 1946 introduction of the wP vaccine and the 1996 switch to aP vaccine (see example in the hint below). What do you notice?

```
x + geom_vline(xintercept = 1946, col="blue") + geom_vline(xintercept = 1996, col="red") +
```



Q3. Describe what happened after the introduction of the aP vaccine? Do you have a possible explanation for the observed trend?

Vaccine hesitancy resulting in less vaccination of infants contributed to increase number of cases

Possibly pertussis evolved and became more resistant to the vaccination resulting in more cases

## CMI-PB

A systems vaccinology project to figure out what is going on with aP vs wP immune responses.

The resource has an API (application programming interface) that returns JSON format data.

Basically “key”:“value” pair format.

We will use the jsonlite package to read this data into R

```
library(jsonlite)

subject<-read_json("https://www.cmi-pb.org/api/subject", simplifyVector = T)
```

```
head(subject)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female Not	Hispanic or Latino	White
2	2	wP	Female Not	Hispanic or Latino	White
3	3	wP	Female	Unknown	White
4	4	wP	Male Not	Hispanic or Latino	Asian
5	5	wP	Male Not	Hispanic or Latino	Asian
6	6	wP	Female Not	Hispanic or Latino	White

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
2	1968-01-01	2019-01-28	2020_dataset
3	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset
4	1988-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset
5	1991-01-01	2016-08-29	2020_dataset
6	1988-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset

Q. How many individuals are in this dataset

```
nrow(subject)
```

```
[1] 118
```

Q. How many wP and aP subjects are there

```
table(subject$infancy_vac)
```

```
aP wP  
60 58
```

Q. How many male and female are there in the dataset.

```
table(subject$biological_sex)
```

```
Female  Male  
79      39
```

Q. What is the breakdown of race and gender in the dataset

```
table(subject$race, subject$biological_sex)
```

	Female	Male
American Indian/Alaska Native	0	1
Asian	21	11
Black or African American	2	0
More Than One Race	9	2
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1	1
Unknown or Not Reported	11	4
White	35	20

Read other tables from the CMI-PB resource

```
specimen <- read_json("https://www.cmi-pb.org/api/specimen", simplifyVector = T)
ab_titer <- read_json("https://www.cmi-pb.org/api/v4/plasma_ab_titer", simplifyVector = T)
```

```
head(specimen)
```

	specimen_id	subject_id	actual_day_relative_to_boost	
1	1	1	-3	
2	2	1	1	
3	3	1	3	
4	4	1	7	
5	5	1	11	
6	6	1	32	

	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type	visit
1	0	Blood	1
2	1	Blood	2
3	3	Blood	3
4	7	Blood	4
5	14	Blood	5
6	30	Blood	6

```
head(ab_titer)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425

3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000
		unit	lower_limit_of_detection			
1		UG/ML			2.096133	
2		IU/ML			29.170000	
3		IU/ML			0.530000	
4		IU/ML			6.205949	
5		IU/ML			4.679535	
6		IU/ML			2.816431	

I need to link or merge (join) these tbaes to get all the meta dat I needed about subjects and specimens in one place. We will use the **Dplyr** `join()` functions for this task

```
library(dplyr)
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

`filter`, `lag`

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

`intersect`, `setdiff`, `setequal`, `union`

```
meta <- inner_join(subject, specimen)
```

Joining with ``by = join_by(subject_id)``

```
head(meta)
```

	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	ethnicity	race
1	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
2	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White
3	1	wP	Female	Not Hispanic or Latino	White

4	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino White		
5	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino White		
6	1	wP	Female Not Hispanic or Latino White		

	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset	specimen_id
1	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	1
2	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	2
3	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	3
4	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	4
5	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	5
6	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	6

	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type
1	-3	0	Blood
2	1	1	Blood
3	3	3	Blood
4	7	7	Blood
5	11	14	Blood
6	32	30	Blood

	visit
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6

Now we can take our new meta table and join it with our Ab table `ab_titer`:

```
abdata <- inner_join(ab_titer, meta)
```

Joining with ``by = join_by(specimen_id)``

```
dim(abdata)
```

```
[1] 41775    20
```

```
head(abdata)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.21154	2.493425



2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.91616	2.493425
3	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
4	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
5	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956
6	1	IgE	TRUE	ACT	0.10000	1.000000

	unit	lower_limit_of_detection	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex
1	UG/ML	2.096133	1	wP	Female
2	IU/ML	29.170000	1	wP	Female
3	IU/ML	0.530000	1	wP	Female
4	IU/ML	6.205949	1	wP	Female
5	IU/ML	4.679535	1	wP	Female
6	IU/ML	2.816431	1	wP	Female

	ethnicity	race	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset
1	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
2	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
3	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
4	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
5	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset
6	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset

	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type
1	-3		Blood
2	-3		Blood
3	-3		Blood
4	-3		Blood
5	-3		Blood
6	-3		Blood

	visit
1	1
2	1
3	1
4	1
5	1
6	1

What Ab are measured/recorded in the `ab_data` table:

```
table(ab_titer$isotype)
```

```

IgE  IgG  IgG1  IgG2  IgG3  IgG4
6698 3233 7961 7961 7961 7961

```

```
table(ab_titer$antigen)
```

ACT	BETV1	DT	FELD1	FHA	FIM2/3	LOLP1	LOS	Measles	OVA
1970	1970	3435	1970	3829	3435	1970	1970	1970	3435
PD1	PRN	PT	PTM	Total	TT				
1970	3829	3829	1970	788	3435				

We have merged dataset with all the needed metadata and antibody measurements called `abdata`

```
head(abdata, 2)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised	unit
1	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	1110.212	2.493425	UG/ML
2	1	IgE	FALSE	Total	2708.916	2.493425	IU/ML
	lower_limit_of_detection	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex			
1	2.096133	1	wP	Female			
2	29.170000	1	wP	Female			
	ethnicity	race	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset		
1	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset		
2	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset		
	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type				
1	-3		0	Blood			
2	-3		0	Blood			
	visit						
1	1						
2	1						

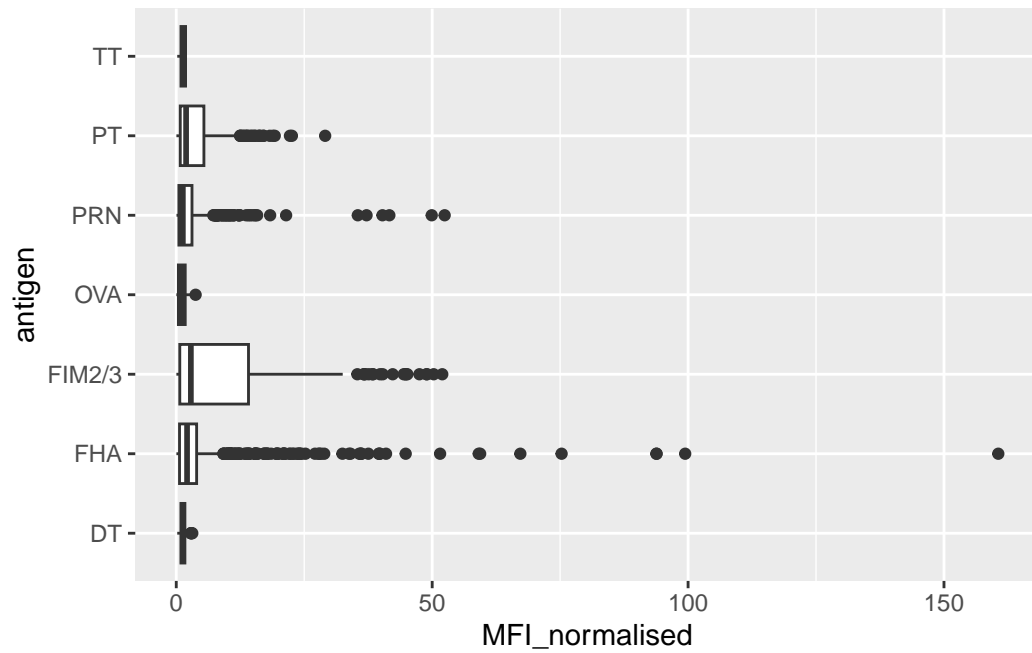
## Examine IgG Ab titer levels

```
igg <- abdata %>% filter(isotype == "IgG")
head(igg)
```

	specimen_id	isotype	is_antigen_specific	antigen	MFI	MFI_normalised
1	1	IgG	TRUE	PT	68.56614	3.736992
2	1	IgG	TRUE	PRN	332.12718	2.602350
3	1	IgG	TRUE	FHA	1887.12263	34.050956

4	19	IgG	TRUE	PT	20.11607	1.096366
5	19	IgG	TRUE	PRN	976.67419	7.652635
6	19	IgG	TRUE	FHA	60.76626	1.096457
	unit	lower_limit_of_detection	subject_id	infancy_vac	biological_sex	
1	IU/ML	0.530000	1	wP	Female	
2	IU/ML	6.205949	1	wP	Female	
3	IU/ML	4.679535	1	wP	Female	
4	IU/ML	0.530000	3	wP	Female	
5	IU/ML	6.205949	3	wP	Female	
6	IU/ML	4.679535	3	wP	Female	
	ethnicity	race	year_of_birth	date_of_boost	dataset	
1	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
2	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
3	Not Hispanic or Latino	White	1986-01-01	2016-09-12	2020_dataset	
4	Unknown	White	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset	
5	Unknown	White	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset	
6	Unknown	White	1983-01-01	2016-10-10	2020_dataset	
	actual_day_relative_to_boost	planned_day_relative_to_boost	specimen_type			
1	-3		0	Blood		
2	-3		0	Blood		
3	-3		0	Blood		
4	-3		0	Blood		
5	-3		0	Blood		
6	-3		0	Blood		
	visit					
1	1					
2	1					
3	1					
4	1					
5	1					
6	1					

```
y<- ggplot(igg) + aes(MFI_normalised, antigen) + geom_boxplot()
y
```



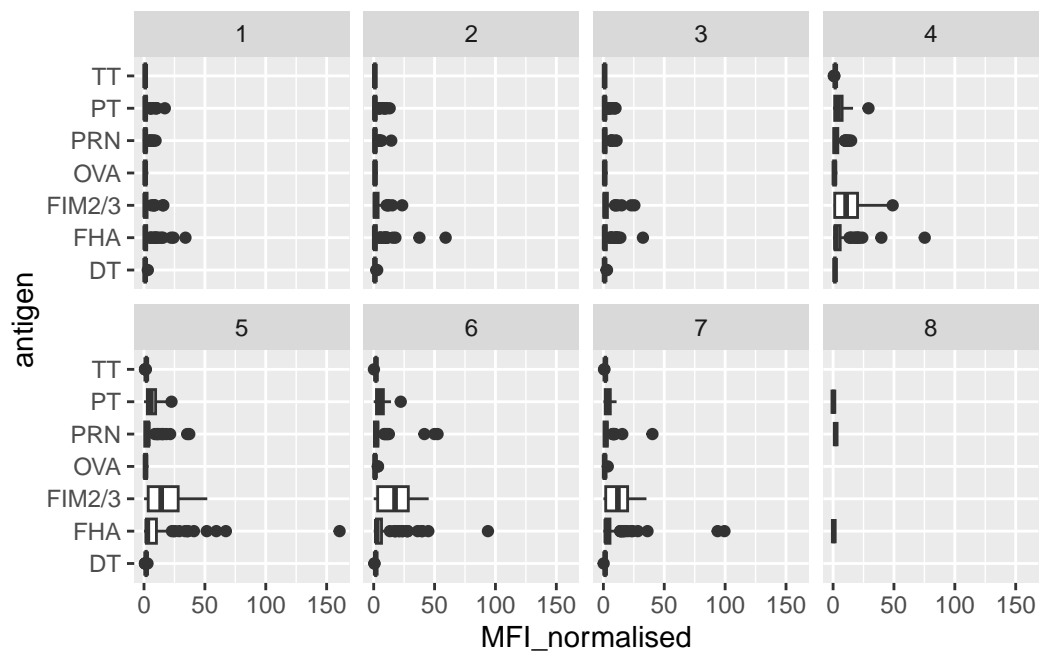
```
table(igg$visit)
```

```

 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8
524 531 552 426 426 393 378  3

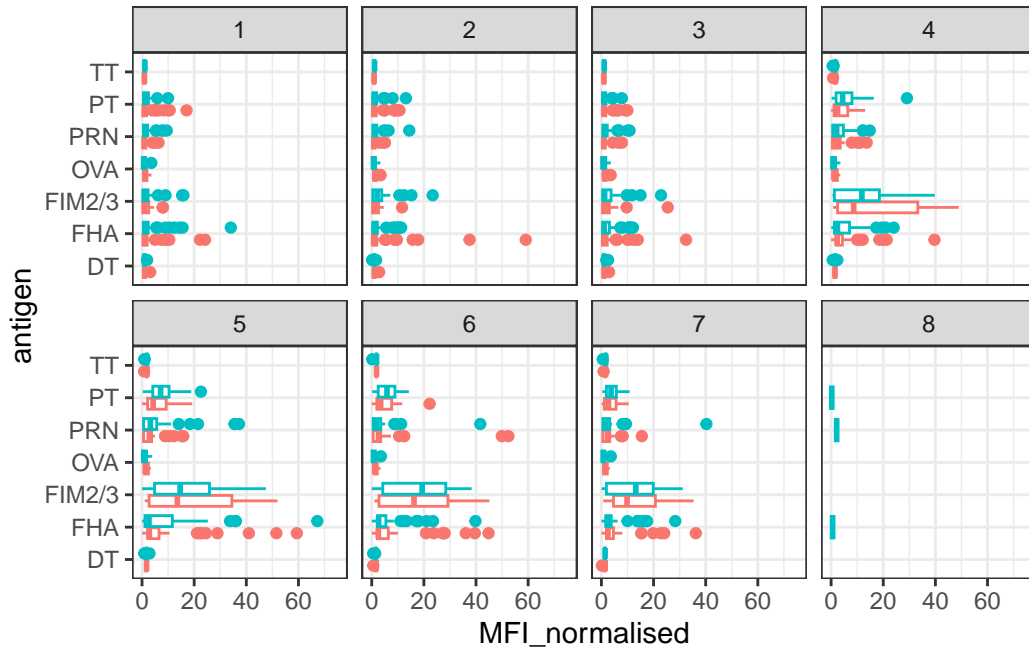
```

```
y + facet_wrap(vars(visit), nrow=2)
```



```
ggplot(igg) +
  aes(MFI_normalised, antigen, col=infancy_vac ) +
  geom_boxplot(show.legend = FALSE) +
  facet_wrap(vars(visit), nrow=2) +
  xlim(0,75) +
  theme_bw()
```

Warning: Removed 5 rows containing non-finite outside the scale range (``stat_boxplot()``).



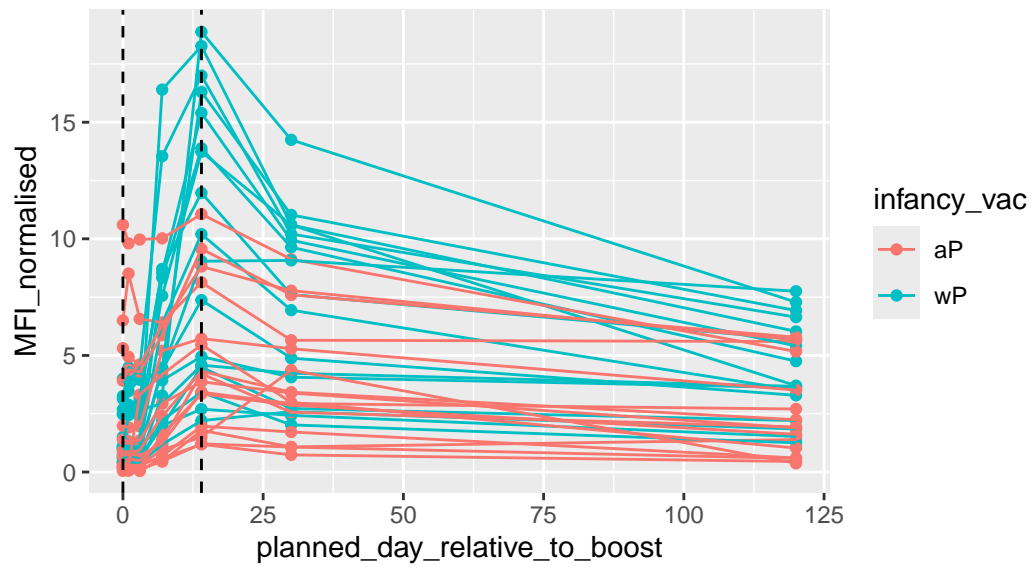
Let's dig in a little bit more...

```
abdata.21 <- abdata %>% filter(dataset == "2021_dataset")

abdata.21 %>%
  filter(isotype == "IgG", antigen == "PT") %>%
  ggplot() +
    aes(x=planned_day_relative_to_boost,
        y=MFI_normalised,
        col=infancy_vac,
        group=subject_id) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_line() +
  geom_vline(xintercept=0, linetype="dashed") +
  geom_vline(xintercept=14, linetype="dashed") +
  labs(title="2021 dataset IgG PT",
        subtitle = "Dashed lines indicate day 0 (pre-boost) and 14 (apparent peak levels)")
```

## 2021 dataset IgG PT

Dashed lines indicate day 0 (pre-boost) and 14 (apparent peak levels)



```
table(abdata$dataset)
```

2020_dataset	2021_dataset	2022_dataset
31520	8085	2170