

(1)

(1) DATI

$$\mu_d = 0.2$$

$$\mu_s = 0.3$$

$$m_1 = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 3 \text{ kg}$$

$$T_{\max} = 20 \text{ N}$$

RICHIESTE

$$a, T = ?$$

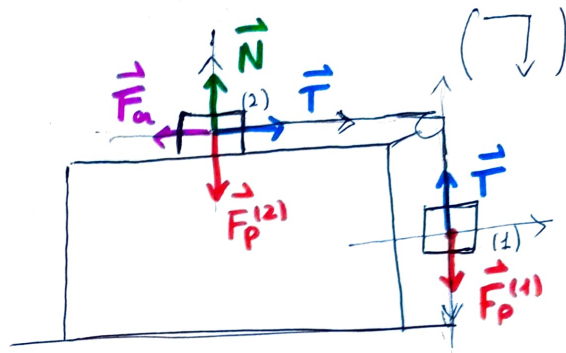
$$\rightarrow m_1 \gg m_2$$

$$a' = ?$$

$$T' = ?$$

$$m_{\max}^{(1)} = ?$$

Condizione di  
equilibrio = ?

SOLUZIONECORPO 1

$$\sum \vec{F}_{(2)} = m_1 \vec{a}_1 \rightarrow \vec{T} + \vec{F}_p^{(1)} = m_1 \vec{a}_1$$

$$[-T + F_p^{(1)} = m_1 a_1] \quad (I)$$

CORPO 2

$$\sum \vec{F}_{(2)} = m_2 \vec{a}_2$$

asse y :  $|\vec{F}_p^{(2)}| = |\vec{N}| \Rightarrow \text{equilibrio}$

asse x :  $\vec{F}_a + \vec{T} = m_2 \vec{a}_2$

$$[-F_a + T = m_2 a_2] \quad (II)$$

$$(a_1 = a_2 = a)$$

$$\begin{cases} m_1 a = -T + F_p^{(1)} \\ m_2 a = -F_a + T \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} a(m_1 + m_2) = -T + F_p^{(1)} - F_a + T \\ T = m_2 a + F_a \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = \frac{F_p^{(1)} - F_a}{m_1 + m_2} \\ T = m_2 a + F_a \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow F_p^{(1)} = m_1 g$$

$$\rightarrow F_a = \mu_d m_2 g$$

$$a = \frac{m_1 g - \mu_d m_2 g}{m_1 + m_2} = g \frac{m_1 - \mu_d m_2}{m_1 + m_2} \rightarrow \boxed{a = g \frac{m_1 - \mu_d m_2}{m_1 + m_2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T &= m_2 g \frac{m_1 - \mu_d m_2}{m_1 + m_2} + \mu_d m_2 g = m_2 g \left[ \frac{m_1 - \mu_d m_2}{m_1 + m_2} + \mu_d \right] \\ &= m_2 g \left[ \frac{m_1 - \mu_d m_2 + \mu_d (m_1 + m_2)}{m_1 + m_2} \right] = m_2 g \left[ \frac{m_1 - \cancel{\mu_d m_2} + \mu_d m_1 + \cancel{\mu_d m_2}}{m_1 + m_2} \right] \\ &= m_2 g \left[ \frac{m_1 (1 + \mu_d)}{m_1 + m_2} \right] \rightarrow \boxed{T = \frac{m_1 m_2 g (1 + \mu_d)}{m_1 + m_2}} \end{aligned}$$

o.  $|w_1 \gg w_2|$   
 $a = g \frac{w_1 - \mu d w_2}{w_1 + w_2} \rightarrow a = g \frac{w_2}{w_1} \quad *$

$T = \frac{w_1 w_2 g (1 + \mu d)}{w_1 + w_2} \rightarrow T = \frac{w_1 w_2 g (1 + \mu d)}{w_1} = w_2 g (1 + \mu d) \quad *$

o.  $w_1 = 1 \text{ kg}, w_2 = 3 \text{ kg}$

$a = \left( 9.81 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} \right) \frac{1 \text{ kg} - 0.2 \times 3 \text{ kg}}{1 \text{ kg} + 3 \text{ kg}} = 0.98 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} = 0.98 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$

$T = [\dots] = 8.83 \text{ N}$

o.  $T_{\max} = \frac{w_1^{\max} w_2 g (1 + \mu d)}{w_1^{\max} + w_2} \rightarrow T_{\max} (w_1^{\max} + w_2) = w_1^{\max} w_2 g (1 + \mu d)$

$[...] w_1^{\max} = \frac{T_{\max} w_2}{g w_2 (1 + \mu d) - T_{\max}} [...] = 3.92 \text{ kg}$

o conditions d'équilibre

$$\begin{cases} m_1 g - T = 0 \\ -F_a + T = 0 \end{cases} \quad (+)$$

$$m_1 g - T - F_a + T = 0$$

$$\underline{F_a = m_1 g}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{F_a \leq F_{s, \max}}$$

$$m_1 g \leq \mu_s m_2 g$$

$$\boxed{m_1 \leq \underline{\mu_s m_2}}$$

$$\left( \underline{\vec{F}_{s, \max} = \mu_s \vec{F}_\perp} \rightarrow \underline{\vec{F}_s \leq \vec{F}_{s, \max}} \right) \quad (3.1)$$

$$F_{s, \max} = \mu_s m_2 g$$

DATI

$\theta = 30^\circ$

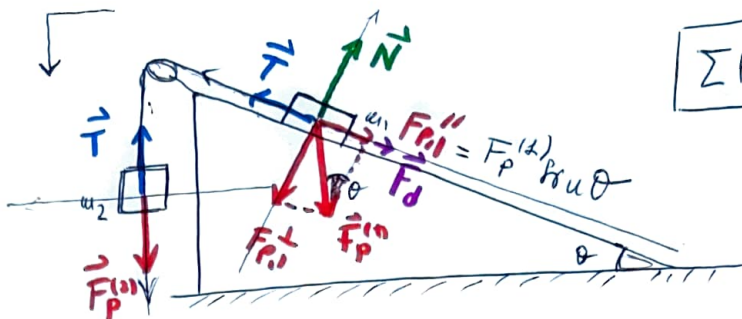
$m_1 = 10 \text{ kg}$

$m_2 = 6 \text{ kg}$

$\mu_d = 0.1$

RICHIESTE

$a = ?$



$\sum \vec{F} = m \vec{a}$

### SOLUZIONE

Corpo 1

$$\sum \vec{F}_{(1)} = m_1 \vec{a}$$

asse y :  $|\vec{F}_{P,1}| = |\vec{N}| \Rightarrow a_y^{(1)} = 0 \Rightarrow \text{equilibrio}$

asse x :  $\vec{T} + \vec{F}_d + \vec{F}_{P,1}'' = m_1 \vec{a}$

$T - F_d - F_{P,1}'' = m_1 a$

Corpo 2

$$\sum \vec{F}_{(2)} = m_2 \vec{a} \rightarrow -\vec{F}_P^{(2)} + \vec{T} = m_2 \vec{a} \rightarrow \boxed{F_P^{(2)} - T = m_2 a}$$

$$(I) \begin{cases} T - F_d - F_{P,1}'' = m_1 a \end{cases} (+)$$

$$(II) \begin{cases} F_P^{(2)} - T = m_2 a \end{cases}$$

$$T - F_d - F_{P,1}'' + F_P^{(2)} - T = m_1 a + m_2 a \rightarrow a(m_1 + m_2) = F_P^{(2)} - F_{P,1}'' - F_d$$

$$a = \frac{F_P^{(2)} - F_{P,1}'' - F_d}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\bullet F_P^{(2)} = m_2 g$$

$$\bullet F_P^{(1)} = m_1 g$$

$$F_{P,1}'' = F_P^{(1)} \cos \theta$$

$$\bullet F_d = \mu_d F_{P,1}^{\perp} = \mu_d F_P^{(1)} \sin \theta$$

$$a = \frac{F_P^{(2)} - F_{P,1}'' - F_d}{m_1 + m_2} = \frac{m_2 g - m_1 g \cos \theta - \mu_d m_1 g \sin \theta}{m_1 + m_2} = [\dots] = 0.47 \text{ m/s}^2$$

③ DATI

$$M = 10 \text{ kg}$$

$$\left( \sum \vec{F} = 0 \right)$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ$$

$$\mu_s = 0.3$$

$$k = 300 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\Delta x = 10 \text{ cm} = 0.1 \text{ m}$$

$$\beta = 45^\circ$$

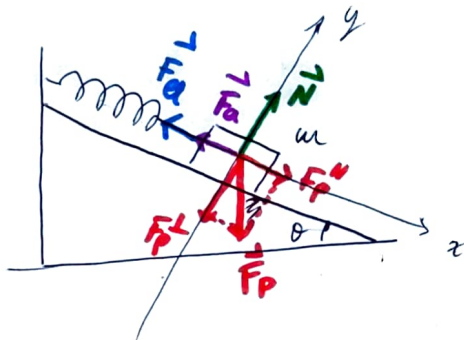
$$\mu_d = 0.2$$

SOLUZIONE

RICHIESTE

$$\vec{F}_s = ?$$

$$a = ?$$



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$$\sum \vec{F} = 0 \begin{cases} \text{ASSE Y : } \vec{F}_P^\perp + \vec{N} = 0 \rightarrow -F_P^\perp + N = 0 \rightarrow F_P^\perp = N \\ \text{ASSE X : } \vec{F}_e + \vec{F}_{as} + \vec{F}_P'' = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$-F_e - F_{as} + F_P'' = 0$$

~~$$F_s = F_P - F_P'' - F_e$$~~

$$F_s = F_P'' - F_e = F_P \cdot \sin \theta - k \Delta x = M \cdot g \sin \theta - k \Delta x$$

$$F_s = (10 \text{ kg}) \left( 9.81 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}} \right) \sin 30^\circ - 300 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}} \cdot 0.1 \text{ m} = 19.05 \text{ N}$$

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$$\sum \vec{F} = M\vec{a} \rightarrow \vec{F}_e + \vec{F}_d + \vec{F}_p'' = M\vec{a}$$

$$-F_e - F_d + F_p'' = Ma$$

$$\boxed{F_s \leq F_s^{\max}}$$

$$F_d = \mu_d F_L$$

$$a = \frac{-F_e - F_d + F_p''}{M} = \frac{-k\Delta x - \mu_d Mg \cos \beta + Mg \sin \beta}{M} [\dots] = 2.55 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} F_p'' = F_p \sin \beta \\ F_p^\perp = F_p \cos \beta \end{pmatrix}$$

④ DATI

$$m_1 = 2 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$\theta_1 = 45^\circ$$

$$\theta_2 = 30^\circ$$

$$k = 300 \text{ N/m}$$

$$\Delta l = 30 \text{ cm} = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

SOLUZIONE

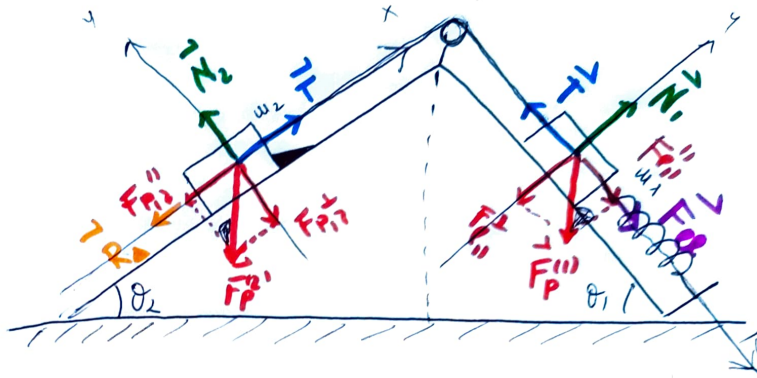
$$|\vec{R}_{v,2}| = \sqrt{\overset{\uparrow}{N_2^2} + \overset{\uparrow}{R_\Delta^2}}$$

$$N_2 = m_2 g \cos \theta_2 \cong 42.4 \text{ N}$$

RICHIESTE

$$|\vec{R}_{v,2}| = ?$$

$$\alpha = ?$$



$$\vec{F}_P = m g \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{v}$$

corpo 1

$$\vec{T} + \vec{F}_{P,1}'' + \vec{F}_{el} = 0$$

$$-T + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} = 0$$

corpo 2

$$\vec{R}_\Delta + \vec{F}_{P,2}'' + \vec{T} = 0$$

$$-R_\Delta - F_{P,2}'' + T = 0$$



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$$\begin{cases} -T + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} = 0 \\ -R_{\Delta} - F_{P,2}'' + T = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} T = F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} \\ -R_{\Delta} - F_{P,2}'' + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$R_{\Delta} = -F_{P,2}'' + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el}$$

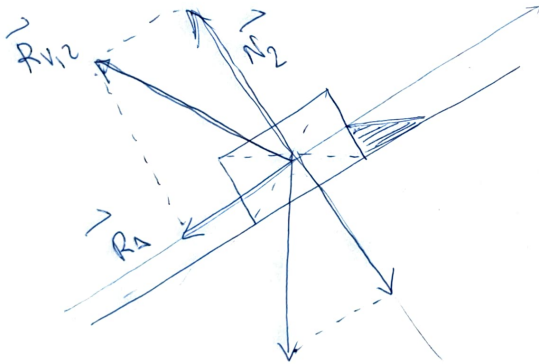
$$\begin{bmatrix} \bullet F_{P,2}'' = F_{P,2} \sin \theta_2 \\ \bullet F_{P,1}'' = F_{P,1} \sin \theta_1 \\ \bullet F_{el} = k \Delta l \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F}_{el} = -k \Delta \vec{x}$$



$$R_{\Delta} = -w_2 g \sin \theta_2 + w_1 g \sin \theta_1 + k \Delta l = [\dots] \approx 79.4 \text{ N}$$

$$|\vec{R}_{V,2}| = \sqrt{N_2^2 + R_{\Delta}^2} \approx 90 \text{ N}$$



(9)

corp 1  $\vec{T} + \vec{F}_{P,1}'' + \vec{F}_{el} = m_1 \vec{a} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -T + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} = m_1 a \\ -F_{P,12}'' + T = m_2 a \end{cases} \quad (+)$

corp 2  $\vec{F}_{P,12}'' + \vec{T} = m_2 \vec{a}$

$$\cancel{-T} + F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} - F_{P,12}'' + \cancel{T} = m_1 \underline{a} + m_2 \underline{a}$$

$$a(m_1 + m_2) = F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} - F_{P,12}'' \quad \triangleright \quad a = \frac{F_{P,1}'' + F_{el} - F_{P,12}''}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$a = \frac{m_1 g \sin \theta_1 + k \Delta l - m_2 g \sin \theta_2}{m_1 + m_2} = [\dots] \cong 11.3 \text{ m/s}^2$$