15. Dire se i sequenti ni neus sons

(a)
$$S = \{(1,0,0), (1,2,0), (1,2,3)\}$$

Beste for veclere due neuro liu, undip.
 $(0,0,0) = d(1,0,0) + \beta(1,2,0) + \gamma(1,2,3)$

$$\begin{cases}
0 = \alpha + \beta + \gamma & \beta \neq = 0 \\
0 = 2\beta + 2\gamma & \beta = 0 \\
0 = 3\gamma & \gamma = 0
\end{cases}$$

E'una hare.

(b)
$$S = \{(4,0,0), (4,2,1), (5,4,2)\}$$

$$\begin{cases}
0 = x + \beta + 5y & 0 = x - 2y + 5y \\
0 = 2\beta + 4y & 0 = -4y + 4y \\
0 = \beta + 2y & \beta = -2y
\end{cases}$$

(c)
$$S = \{(1, 1, 0) (1, -1, 0) (1, 1, 1)\}$$

 $(0, 0, 0) = \alpha (1, 1, 0) + b (1, -1, 0) + c(1, 1, 1)$
 $\begin{cases} 0 = \alpha + b + c \\ 0 = \alpha - b + c \\ 0 = c \end{cases}$
Seno une bose di R^3

(d) $S = \{(4,2,3)(5,4,2)\}$ vou perous enere une bose perchi men sous generatori di R³.

(e) $S = \{(4,2,3), (-3,4,5), (4,3,-2), (4,1,1)\}$ wen seno une bose per ché sous liu-dip.

Sono 4 elementi e il morrino numero di elementi lin. vidip-di IR3 è 3.

 $S = \{(1,1,1), (2,-1,1), (3,0,2)\}$ ge som une bese di R3? (0,0,0) = e(4,1,1) + b(2,-1,1) + c(3,0,2) $\begin{cases}
0 = a + 2b + 3c & a = b \\
0 = a - b & 0 = 3a + 3c \\
0 = a + b + 2c & 0 = 2a + 2c
\end{cases}$ 2000 lineoremente dipendent Dunque mon sons une bose di R3.

12. Stobblire se i sequenti minerie nous live widip. (0) $S = d(0,0) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ l. objevedente (b) $S=\{(0,2)\}\subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$ l. violipendente (C) S= of (0,0), (1,3) f = R² e. dipendenti (d) $S = \{(4,2,3), (2,4,6)\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$ l. dipendenti (2,4,6)=2.(4,2,3)(e) $S = \{(4,2,3), (2,4,5)\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{l. widip.} \\ \text{S} = \left\{ (1,0,0), (0,1,1)(3,4,4) \right\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{3} \end{array}$ (0,0,0) = a(d,0,0) + b(0,1,1) + c(3,4,4) $\begin{cases}
0 = 2 + 3c \\
0 = 6 + 4c
\end{cases}$ a = -3c l. dip. b=-4c 0 = b + 4c (8) $S = \{(4,2,4), (2,4,8), (4,2,3)\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^3$ e.dip. (2,4,8)=2(4,2,4)(b) $S = \{(1,2,-1),(2,-3,5),(7,8,26)\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^2$

19. Trovore un aineme di generatori, une hose e la dimensieme di
$$W = \{(x_1y_1z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid 2x_1 - 3z_2 = 0\}$$

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$$W = \{(x_1y_1z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid z = (x_2, 0, 1) \mid (0, 1, 0) \mid z = (x_1, 0, 1) \mid (0, 1, 0) \mid z = (x_1, 0, 1) \mid (0, 1, 0) \mid z = (x_1, 0, 1) \mid (0, 1, 0) \mid z = (x_1, 0, 1) \mid z = (x_1, 0, 1)$$