SQL Server: Temporary Objects

Module 1: Introduction

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Course Introduction

- SQL Server's version of Transact-SQL provides the ability to create and use temporary objects
- In addition to meeting various data-tier requirements, temporary objects can also be beneficial from a performance and scalability perspective
- This demo-centric course will cover the commonly used temporary objects available in SQL Server, and also include guidelines around appropriate usage and planning considerations

Why use Temporary Objects?

SQL Server provides a few temporary object options

- Temporary tables (local and global)
- Temporary stored procedures (not commonly used, in my experience)
- Table variables

Some reasons for using temporary objects

- No requirement for persistent data storage
- Intermediate state needed only temporarily
- Use of temporary storage only visible to the current session
- Reduce query plan complexity
- Portability of lookup-data by the containing modules

Why a Course on Temporary Objects?

- Your choices can significantly impact performance and scalability
 - Query plan quality
 - Workload degradation due to unnecessary usage
 - Tempdb overhead
- Making heavy use of demos, we'll review the mechanics of temporary tables and table variables
 - Syntax
 - Capabilities
 - Usage scenarios
- The demos in this course will use SQL Server 2012, however the information provided in this course also applies to earlier versions
 - SQL Server 2014 will have some variation from what is discussed in this course, for example, inline specification of non-unique clustered and nonclustered indexes for table variables

Course Structure

- Module 2: Temporary Tables
- Module 3: Table Variables
- Module 4: Tempdb and Temporary Object Considerations