1   Probe

Add `print` statements. Use to:

- Check if a function is being called or not:

```python
def f(x, y):
    return x + 3*y
```
→
```python
def f(x, y):
    print("IN f")
    return x + 3*y
```

- Check the value of a variable:

```python
y = 15 / x
```
→
```python
print("x:", x)
y = 15 / x
```

- Check what happens at a conditional:

```python
if x > 5:
    y = 10
else:
    y = 3
```
→
```python
if x > 5:
    print("x > 5")
    y = 10
else:
    print("x <= 5")
    y = 3
```

2   Trace

Use multiple **probes** to understand code. Use to:

- Figure out where a value comes from:

```python
def f(a):
    g(a * 3)

def g(b):
    for i in range(b):
        h(9-i)

def h(c):
    print(10/c)
```
→
```python
def f(a):
    print("a:", a)
    g(a * 3)

def g(b):
    print("b:", b)
    for i in range(b):
        print("i:", i)
        h(9-i)

def h(c):
    print("c:", c)
    print(10/c)
```

(error if `c` is 0 in function `h`)

3   Unpack

Split up a complicated expression into multiple statements. Use this to:

- Isolate an error in a complex expression:

```python
x = function(
    (a + 3*b)/(c * d),
    b / a
)
```
(ZeroDivisionError on line 1)
→
```python
top = a + 3*b
bot = c * d
fst = top / bot
sec = b / a
x = function(fst, sec)
```
(ZeroDivisionError on line 4, so `a` must be the problem)

4   Toggle

Turn a line of code into a comment. Use to:

- Disable (can later re-enable) optional code:

```python
def f(a, b):
    print("R: ", a/b)
    return a + b + a
```
↔
```python
def f(a, b):
    #print("R: ", a/b)
    return a + b + a
```

- Temporarily replace broken code with a dummy value:

```python
x = (3*y + 4*z)/w
```
→
```python
#x = (3*y + 4*z)/w
x = 9
```

5   Bisect

Comment out half of your code to find the half that works, and then half of the broken part, etc., until you isolate an error. Use this to:

- Find missing brackets or commas:

```python
pairs = [
    [0, 1],
    [10, 11,
    [20, 21],
    [30, 31],
]
```
(syntax error at end of file)
→
```python
pairs = [
#    [0, 1],
#    [10, 11,
    [20, 21],
    [30, 31],
]
```
(works now, so error must be in the commented zone)

Note: To fit examples on this page, short and meaningless variable names have been used. **DO NOT** *do this in your own code.*