KG+LLM: A Happy Marriage Integrating LLMs with Knowledge Graphs

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Outline

- Introduction
- 2 Dataset
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion

Background

- Knowledge Graphs (KGs): Structured ways of representing entities and relationships.
- Challenge: Traditional KG construction is labor-intensive.
- Solution: Automate KG construction using NLP models like LSTM, BERT, and RoBERTa.

Problem Statement

- Current Challenge:
 - Manual KG construction is time-consuming
 - Hard to maintain consistency
 - Difficult to scale
- Research Question: How can we effectively automate KG construction using language models?
- Impact: More efficient and scalable knowledge representation

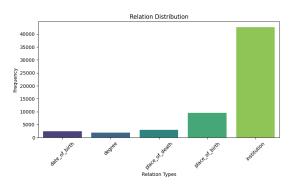
Objectives

- Evaluate machine learning models for relation classification.
- 2 Construct and visualize Knowledge Graphs.
- Identify strengths and limitations of each model.

Dataset Overview

- Relation types:
 - date_of_birth, place_of_birth, place_of_death, institution, degree.
- Preprocessing:
 - Normalization, Balancing, Tokenization.
- Dataset Link: Relation Extraction Corpus.

Dataset Distribution



- Total samples: 8,745
- Balanced across 5 relations
- Evidence snippets included

Models Used

- **LSTM**: Captures long-term dependencies.
- BiLSTM: Adds bidirectional context.
- BERT: Transformer-based, pretrained embeddings.
- RoBERTa: Robustly optimized BERT.

Model Configurations

LSTM/BiLSTM:

Embedding dim: 256Hidden dim: 256/512

• Layers: 2

• BERT/RoBERTa:

Base models

• Dropout: 0.4/0.5

• Learning rates: 1e-5/3e-6

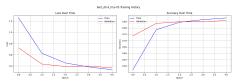
Training and Evaluation

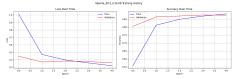
- Metrics: Accuracy, Precision, Recall, F1-Score.
- Tools: PyTorch, Hugging Face, Matplotlib.
- Workflow:
 - Data Splitting.
 - Model Training and Tuning.
 - Second Evaluation using classification reports and confusion matrices.

Model Performance

- BERT: Highest accuracy (86%).
- RoBERTa: Strong performance (85%).
- BiLSTM: Balanced performance (81%).
- LSTM: Efficient but less accurate (74%).

Training Progress

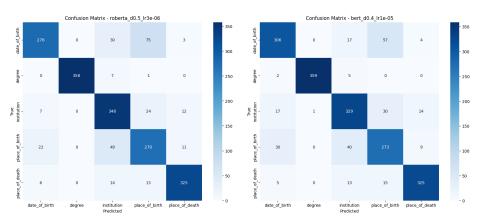




BERT Training

RoBERTa Training

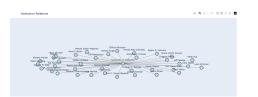
Confusion Matrices



RoBERTa Confusion Matrix

BERT Confusion Matrix

Knowledge Graph Analysis



- Institution relations form key clusters
- Clear temporal patterns visible
- Geographic distribution evident
- Connected educational networks

Key Findings

• Model Performance:

- Transformers excel at complex relations
- LSTM/BiLSTM efficient for simple relations

Trade-offs:

- Accuracy vs Computational Cost
- Model Size vs Training Speed

KG Insights:

- Rich institutional networks
- Clear temporal patterns

Conclusion

- BERT and RoBERTa excel in accuracy and generalization.
- BiLSTM is a balanced option for resource-constrained setups.
- Knowledge Graphs can be effectively constructed using automated relation extraction.

Future Work

- Explore lightweight models like DistilBERT.
- Incorporate external data sources for enrichment.
- Optimize for scalability using distributed training.

Thank You!

Questions?