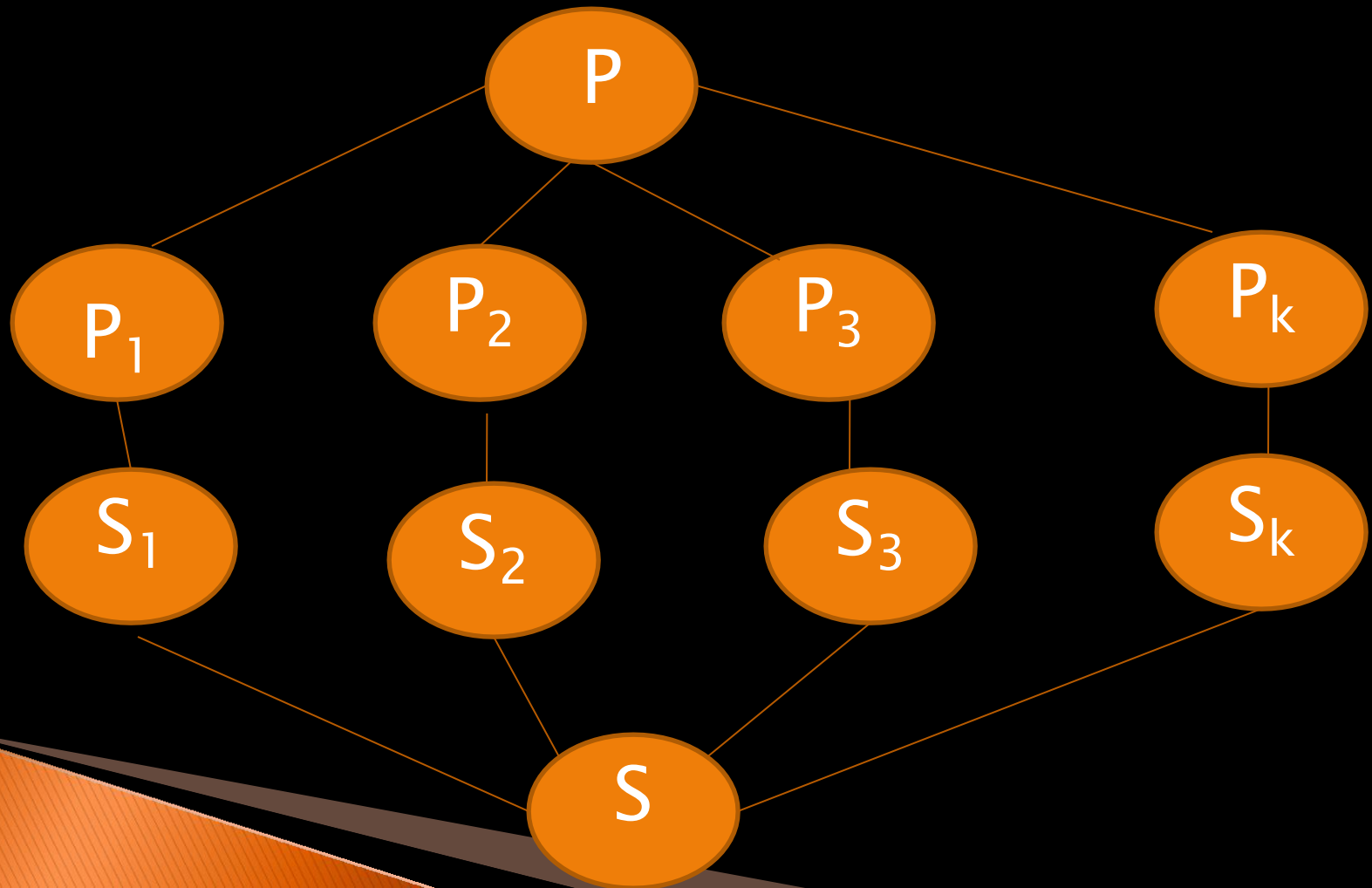



# Concept of Divide and Conquer

- The divide and conquer approach is a problem-solving technique used in computer science and mathematics. It works by recursively breaking a problem into smaller subproblems, solving each subproblem, and combining their solutions to solve the original problem.
- **Steps of Divide and Conquer**
  1. **Divide:** Split the problem into smaller, manageable subproblems.
  2. **Conquer:** Solve each of the smaller subproblems individually.
  3. **Combine:** Merge or combine the solutions of the subproblems to solve the original problem.

# Concept of Divide and Conquer



# Examples: Divide-and-conquer

- Binary Search
  - Merge Sort
  - Quick Sort
  - Matrix Multiplication Problem
  - Tree Traversal
  - Backtracking Problems, etc
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- Divide and conquer is the strategy that uses recursion to tackle complex problems systematically.
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# Recursion

- Recursion is a process in which a function calls itself. Functions that incorporate recursion are called recursive functions.
- Recursion is often seen as an efficient method of programming since it requires the least amount of code to perform the necessary functions.
- A recursive function must have the following properties:
  1. There must be a certain criteria, called base criteria for which the function does not call itself.
  2. Each time the function does call itself, the argument of the function must be closer to a base value.

# Recursion

```
def factorial(n):  
    # Base case  
    if n == 1:  
        return 1  
    # Recursive case  
    return n * factorial(n - 1)
```

