

Assignment-5

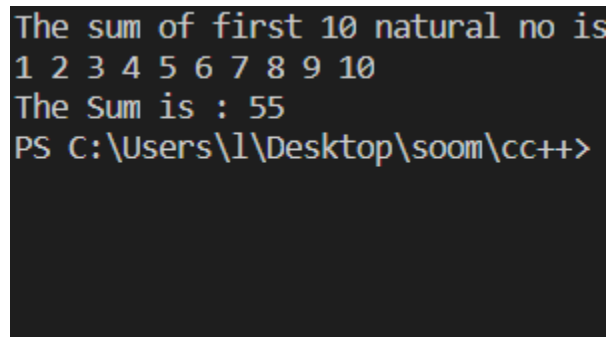
1. find the sum of first 10 natural numbers.

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int i, sum = 0;

    printf("The sum of first 10 natural no is :\n");

    for (i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
    {
        sum = sum + i;
        printf("%d ", i);
    }
    printf("\nThe Sum is : %d\n", sum);
}
```



```
The sum of first 10 natural no is
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
The Sum is : 55
PS C:\Users\l\Desktop\soom\cc++>
```

2. display the multiplication table of a given integer

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int n, i;

    printf("Enter a Number ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    i=1;
```

```

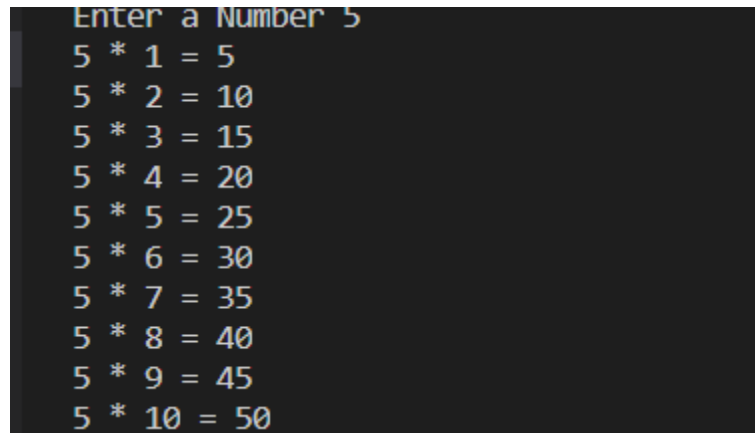
while(i<=10){

    printf("%d * %d = %d \n", n, i, n*i);

    ++i;
}
return 0;

}

```



```

Enter a Number 5
5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10
5 * 3 = 15
5 * 4 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
5 * 6 = 30
5 * 7 = 35
5 * 8 = 40
5 * 9 = 45
5 * 10 = 50

```

3. display the n terms of odd natural number and their sum

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main(){

    int n,i=1,sum;

    printf("Enter the number for n:");

    scanf("%d",&n);

    do {

        if(i%2!=0){

            sum=sum+i;

        }

        i++;

    }

    while(i<=n);

    printf("The sum of odd number is:%d\n",sum);

    return 0;

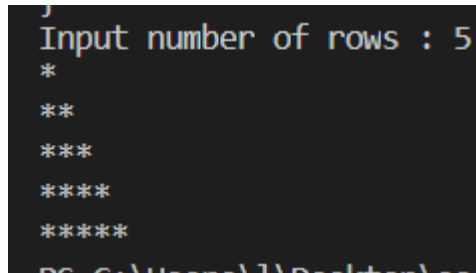
}

```

4. display the pattern like right angle triangles.

```
#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int i,j,rows;
    printf("Input number of rows : ");
    scanf("%d",&rows);
    for(i=1;i<=rows;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
            printf("*");
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```



```
Input number of rows : 5
*
**
***
****
*****
```

5. display the pattern like right angle triangles.

```
#include <stdio.h>

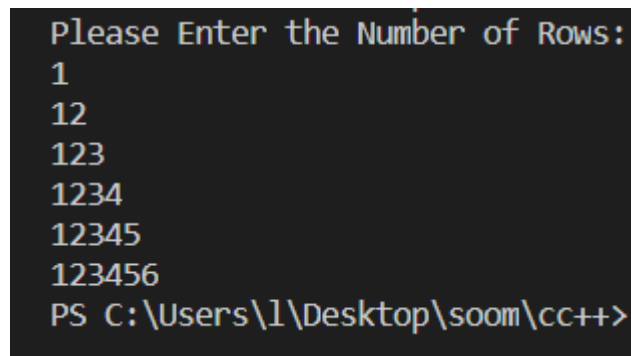
int main()
{
    int Rows, i = 1, j,k=1;

    printf("Please Enter the Number of Rows: ");
    scanf("%d", &Rows);
    while ( i <= Rows)
    {
```

```

j=1;
while(j<=i)
{
    printf("%d",k++);
    j++;
}
i++;
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}

```



The screenshot shows a terminal window with a black background and yellow text. It displays the output of a C++ program that prints a number pyramid. The prompt is "Please Enter the Number of Rows:". The user has entered "1", and the program has printed the following pattern:

```

1
12
123
1234
12345
123456

```

The terminal prompt at the bottom is "PS C:\Users\1\Desktop\soom\cc++>".

6. make such a pattern like a pyramid with numbers

```

#include <stdio.h>

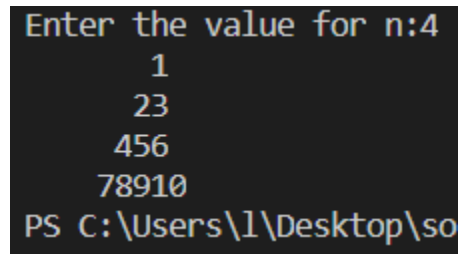
int main(){
    int i=1,j,k,n,t=1,g;
    printf("Enter the value for n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    g=n+4-1;
    do
    {
        for(k=g;k>=1;k--){
            printf(" ");
        }
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
            printf("%d",t++);
        }
    }
}

```

```

printf("\n");
g--;
i++;
}
while(i<=n);
return 0;
}

```



```

Enter the value for n:4
1
23
456
78910
PS C:\Users\1\Desktop\so

```

7. display Pascal's triangle. (Using for loop)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

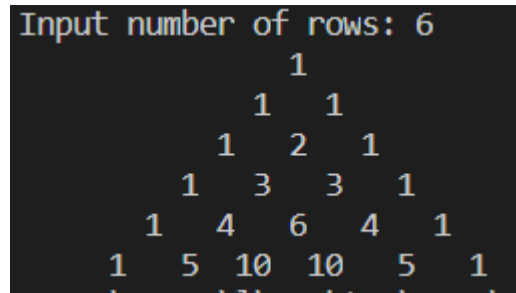
void main()
{
    int rows,c=1,m,i,j;
    printf("Input number of rows: ");
    scanf("%d",&rows);
    for(i=0;i<rows;i++)
    {
        for(m=1;m<=rows-i;m++)
            printf(" ");
        for(j=0;j<=i;j++)
        {
            if (j==0 || i==0)
                c=1;
            else
                c=c*(i-j+1)/j;

```

```

        printf("% 4d",c);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}

```



```

Input number of rows: 6
      1
     1 1
    1 2 1
   1 3 3 1
  1 4 6 4 1
 1 5 10 10 5 1

```

8. display the first n terms of Fibonacci series. (Using for loop)

```

#include <stdio.h>

void main()
{
    int a=0,b=1,tem,i,n;
    printf("display the numbers : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf(" Fibonacci series strat to %d terms : \n",n);
    printf("% 5d % 5d", a,b);

    for(i=3;i<=n;i++)
    {
        tem=a+b;
        printf("% 5d",tem);
        a=b;
        b=tem;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

```
display the numbers : 5
Fibonacci series strat to 5 terms :
    0    1    1    2    3
PS C:\Users\l\Desktop\soom\cc++>
```

9. check whether a given number is a perfect number or not

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int i=1,n,sum=0;
    printf("Enter the value for n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    while(i<=n/2) {
        if(n%i==0) {
            sum=sum+i;
        }
        i++;
    }
    if(sum==n)
        printf("%d it is a perfect number",n);
    else
        printf("%d it is not a perfect number",n);
    return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the value for n:6
6 it is a perfect number
PS C:\Users\l\Desktop\soom\cc
```

10. find the Armstrong number for a given range of number.

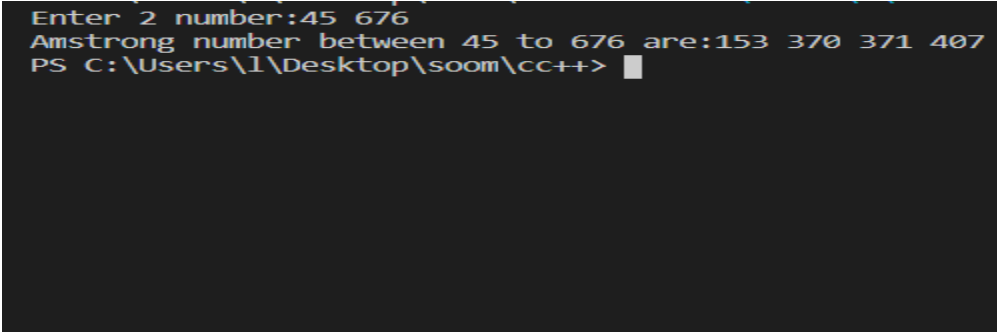
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<math.h>
int main() {
    int a,b,n,on,m,c=0;
    double num=0.0;
    printf("Enter 2 number:");
    scanf("%d %d", &a,&b);
    printf("Armstrong number between %d to %d are:",a,b);
    for(n=a+1;n<b;++n)
    {
        on=n;
        while(on!=0)
        {
            on=on/10;
            ++c;
        }
        on=n;
        while(on!=0)
        {
            m=on % 10;
            num=num+ pow(m, c);
            on=on/10;
        }
        if(num==n)
            printf("%d ",n);
    }
}
```



```

        c=0;
        num=0;
    }
    return 0;
}

```



```

Enter 2 number:45 676
Amstrong number between 45 to 676 are:153 370 371 407
PS C:\Users\1\Desktop\soom\cc++>

```

11.determine whether a given number is prime or not

```

#include <stdio.h>

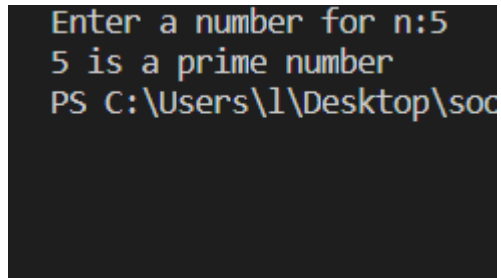
int main() {
    int n,i=2,num=0;
    printf("Enter a number for n:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    while(i<=n/2) {
        if(n%i==0) {
            num=1;
            break;
        }
        ++i;
    }
    if(n==1) {
        printf("1 is neither prime nor composite");
    }
    else
    {
        if(num==0)
            printf("%d is a prime number",n);
    }
}

```

```

        else
            printf("%d is not a prime number",n);
    }
    return 0;
}

```



```

Enter a number for n:5
5 is a prime number
PS C:\Users\l\Desktop\soc

```

12.display the number in reverse order

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n,r=0;
    printf("Enter the number:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    do {
        r=r*10;
        r=r+n%10;
        n=n/10;
    }
    while(n!=0);
    printf("Reverse of the number is:%d\n",r);
    return 0;
}

```

```
Enter the number:4567
Reverse of the number is:7654
PS C:\Users\l\Desktop\soom\cc++>
```

13.display the sum of the series [9 + 99 + 999 + 9999 ...]

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
    long int n,i,t=9;
    int sum=0;
    printf("Enter the value of n:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        sum=sum+t;
        printf("%ld ",t);
        t=t*10+9;
    }
    printf("\nsum of the series is:%d\n",sum);
}
```

```
Enter the value of n:5
9 99 999 9999 99999
sum of the series:111105
```

14.find the sum of the series [$1 - \frac{X^2}{2!} + \frac{X^4}{4!} - \dots$].

```
#include <stdio.h>
void main()
{
```

```

float x,sum,t,d;
int i=1,n;
printf("Enter the value for x:");
scanf("%f", &x);
printf("Enter the value for n:");
scanf("%d",&n);
sum=1;
t=1;
while(i<n)
{
    d=(2*i)*(2*i-1);
    t=-t*x*x/d;
    sum=sum+t;
    i++;
}
printf("the sum= %f\n Value of n= %d\n Value of X=%.2f\n",sum,n,x);
}

```

```
Enter the value for x:2
```

```
Enter the value for n:5
```

```
the sum= -
0.415873
```

```
Value of n= 5
```

```
Value of X=2.00
```

15.find the sum of the series [$x - x^3 + x^5 + \dots$].

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
void main()
{
    int x,sum,ctr,i=1,n,m,mm,nn;
    printf("Enter the value for x:");

```

```

scanf("%d",&x);
printf("Enter the value for n:");
scanf("%d",&n);
sum=x;
m=-1;
printf("The value of the series:\n");
printf("%d\n",x);
do
{
    ctr=(2*i+1);
    mm=pow(x,ctr);
    nn=mm*m;
    printf("%d\n",nn);
    sum=sum+nn;
    m=m*(-1);
    i++;
}
while(i<n);
printf("\n The sum=%d\n",sum);
}

```

```

Enter the value for x:2
Enter the value for n:5
The value of the series:
2
-
8
32
-
128
512

```

The sum=410