- At time $t = 0$, the model is initiated with $G_0^{(m,p_t)}$ which is a graph consisting of two vertices and an edge between them.

- At each discrete time point $t \geq 1$, a new vertex v_t appears with m half-edges each of which are to be attached to already existing vertices.

- At time $t \geq 1$, there were total $(t+1)$ already existing vertices. Among them, $\lfloor (t+1)p_t \rfloor$ many with high degrees are chosen and made *taboo* so that the new half-edges don't attach to them.

- Finally, the half-edges are attached to non-taboo vertices preferentially.