

ROS Tutorials

• Creating a ROS Workspace

- ❑ `$ mkdir -p ~/catkin_ws/src`
`$ cd ~/catkin_ws/`
`$ catkin_make`
Source the setup files - `$ source devel/setup.bash`
- ❑ Consists of three folders
 - src-contains our ros package
 - devel
 - build

• Creating a ROS Package

- ❑ Catkin package consists of
 - The package.xml file - provides meta information about the package.
 - CMakeLists.txt
 - Each package must have its own folder.
- ❑ `$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src`
`$ catkin_create_pkg <package_name> [depend1] [depend2] [depend3]`
(ex: `$ catkin_create_pkg beginner_tutorials std_msgs rospy roscpp`)
- ❑ Building catkin workspace
`$ cd ~/catkin_ws`
`$ catkin_make`
source the generated setup file - `$. ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash`
- ❑ First order dependencies
 - The dependencies are stored in package.xml
 - roscpp
 - rospy
 - std_msgs
- ❑ Indirect dependencies : there are many indirect dependencies,

can be known through - `$ rospack depends [Package Name]`

- ❑ The package.xml file also needs to be customized. ([Link](#))

● Building packages

- ❑ `$ source /opt/ros/kinetic/setup.bash`
- ❑ In a catkin workspace -
`$ catkin_make`
- ❑ This process is run for each CMake project.

● Ros Nodes

- ❑ ROS nodes use a ROS client library to communicate with other nodes. Nodes can publish or subscribe to a Topic. Nodes can also provide or use a Service.
- ❑ `$ roscore` - roscore is the first thing you should run when using ROS.
- ❑ `$ rosnode` - rosnode displays information about the ROS nodes that are currently running.
`$ rosnode list` - The rosnode list command lists these active nodes.
`$ rosnode info` - The rosnode info command returns information about a specific node.
- ❑ `$ rosrun [package_name] [node_name]` - rosrun allows you to use the package name to directly run a node within a package .

● ROS Topics

- ❑ `rqt_graph`
 - `rqt_graph` creates a dynamic graph of what's going on in the system.
 - Installation : (replace <distro> with the ros version)
`$ sudo apt-get install ros-<distro>-rqt`
`$ sudo apt-get install ros-<distro>-rqt-common-plugins`
 - `$ rosrun rqt_graph rqt_graph`
- ❑ `Rostopic` - `$ rostopic -h`
 - `rostopic bw` : display bandwidth used by topic
 - `rostopic echo` : print messages to screen
 - `rostopic hz` : display publishing rate of topic
 - `rostopic list` : print information about active topics
 - `rostopic pub` : publish data to topic
 - `rostopic type` : print topic type

❑ rostopic echo

- \$ rostopic echo [topic]
- rostopic echo shows the data published on a topic.

❑ rostopic list

- rostopic list returns a list of all topics currently subscribed to and published.

→ Usage: \$ rostopic list [/topic]

Options:

- h, --help show this help message and exit
- b BAGFILE, --bag=BAGFILE
 list topics in .bag file
- v, --verbose list full details about each topic
- p list only publishers
- s list only subscribers

❑ rostopic pub

- rostopic pub publishes data on to a topic currently advertised.
- \$ rostopic pub [topic] [msg_type] [args]
-

❑ rostopic hz

- rostopic hz reports the rate at which data is published.
- rostopic hz [topic]

❑ ROS Messages

- Communication on topics happens by sending ROS messages between nodes.
- rostopic type returns the message type of any topic being published.
- \$ rostopic type [topic]
- We can look at the details of the message using rosmmsg:
Eg: \$ rosmmsg show turtlesim/Velocity
Gives :
float32 linear
float32 angular

● ROS Services and Parameters

- ❑ Services are another way that nodes can communicate with each other. Services allow nodes to send a request and receive a response.
- ❑ rosservice can easily attach to ROS's client/service framework with services.
 - rosservice list print information about active services
 - rosservice call call the service with the provided args
 - rosservice type print service type
 - rosservice find find services by service type
 - rosservice uri print service ROSRPC uri
- ❑ rosservice list
 - \$ rosservice list
 - Lists all the services about the running node
- ❑ rosservice type
 - \$ rosservice type [service]
 - Tells about the type of the service , the arguments it takes etc.
- ❑ rosservice call
 - \$ rosservice call [service] [args]
 - Calls and makes the service function.
- ❑ rosparam
 - rosparam allows you to store and manipulate data on the ROS Parameter server . The Parameter Server can store integers, floats, boolean, dictionaries, and lists.
- ❑ rosparam set and get
 - rosparam set [param_name]
 - rosparam get [param_name]
- ❑ Rosparam dump and load
 - rosparam dump [file_name] [namespace]
 - rosparam load [file_name] [namespace]

- **ROS msg and srv**

- ❑ msg files are simple text files that describe the fields of a ROS message. They are used to generate source code for messages in different languages.
- ❑ an srv file describes a service. It is composed of two parts: a request and a response.
- ❑ msg files are stored in the msg directory of a package, and srv files are stored in the srv directory.