WebScraping

May 3, 2024

1 Web Scraping Job Vacancies

1.1 Introduction

In this project, we'll build a web scraper to extract job listings from a popular job search platform. We'll extract job titles, companies, locations, job descriptions, and other relevant information.

Here are the main steps we'll follow in this project:

- 1. Setup our development environment
- 2. Understand the basics of web scraping
- 3. Analyze the website structure of our job search platform
- 4. Write the Python code to extract job data from our job search platform
- 5. Save the data to a CSV file
- 6. Test our web scraper and refine our code as needed

1.2 Prerequisites

Before starting this project, you should have some basic knowledge of Python programming and HTML structure. In addition, you may want to use the following packages in your Python environment:

- requests
- BeautifulSoup
- csv
- datetime

These packages should already be installed in Coursera's Jupyter Notebook environment, however if you'd like to install additional packages that are not included in this environment or are working off platform you can install additional packages using !pip install packagename within a notebook cell such as:

- !pip install requests
- !pip install BeautifulSoup

1.3 Step 1: Importing Required Libraries

```
[8]: pip install PyGithub
    Collecting PyGithub
      Downloading PyGithub-2.3.0-py3-none-any.whl (354 kB)
                           | 354 kB 38.4 MB/s
    Collecting urllib3>=1.26.0
      Downloading urllib3-2.0.7-py3-none-any.whl (124 kB)
                            | 124 kB 118.3 MB/s
    Collecting pynacl>=1.4.0
      Downloading PyNaCl-1.5.0-cp36-abi3-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.
    manylinux_2_24_x86_64.whl (856 kB)
                           | 856 kB 94.8 MB/s
    Collecting Deprecated
      Downloading Deprecated-1.2.14-py2.py3-none-any.whl (9.6 kB)
    Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.14.0 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from PyGithub) (2.23.0)
    Collecting pyjwt[crypto]>=2.4.0
      Downloading PyJWT-2.8.0-py3-none-any.whl (22 kB)
    Collecting typing-extensions>=4.0.0
      Downloading typing_extensions-4.7.1-py3-none-any.whl (33 kB)
    Collecting cryptography>=3.4.0
      Downloading
    cryptography-42.0.5-cp37-abi3-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
    (4.6 MB)
                           | 4.6 MB 77.3 MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: cffi>=1.4.1 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pynacl>=1.4.0->PyGithub) (1.14.0)
    Collecting requests>=2.14.0
      Downloading requests-2.31.0-py3-none-any.whl (62 kB)
                           | 62 kB 6.5 MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.14.0->PyGithub) (2.9)
    Collecting charset-normalizer<4,>=2
      Downloading charset_normalizer-3.3.2-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinu
    x2014_x86_64.whl (136 kB)
                           | 136 kB 108.9 MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.14.0->PyGithub)
    (2020.4.5.1)
    Collecting wrapt<2,>=1.10
      Downloading wrapt-1.16.0-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.man
    ylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (77 kB)
                           | 77 kB 31.6 MB/s
    Requirement already satisfied: pycparser in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
    packages (from cffi>=1.4.1->pynacl>=1.4.0->PyGithub) (2.20)
```

```
cryptography, charset-normalizer, requests, pynacl, Deprecated, PyGithub
       Attempting uninstall: typing-extensions
         Found existing installation: typing-extensions 3.7.4.2
         Uninstalling typing-extensions-3.7.4.2:
           Successfully uninstalled typing-extensions-3.7.4.2
       Attempting uninstall: urllib3
         Found existing installation: urllib3 1.25.9
         Uninstalling urllib3-1.25.9:
           Successfully uninstalled urllib3-1.25.9
       Attempting uninstall: pyjwt
         Found existing installation: PyJWT 1.7.1
         Uninstalling PyJWT-1.7.1:
           Successfully uninstalled PyJWT-1.7.1
       Attempting uninstall: cryptography
         Found existing installation: cryptography 2.9.2
         Uninstalling cryptography-2.9.2:
           Successfully uninstalled cryptography-2.9.2
       Attempting uninstall: requests
         Found existing installation: requests 2.23.0
         Uninstalling requests-2.23.0:
           Successfully uninstalled requests-2.23.0
     Successfully installed Deprecated-1.2.14 PyGithub-2.3.0 charset-normalizer-3.3.2
     cryptography-42.0.5 pyjwt-2.8.0 pynacl-1.5.0 requests-2.31.0 typing-
     extensions-4.7.1 urllib3-2.0.7 wrapt-1.16.0
     WARNING: You are using pip version 21.3.1; however, version 24.0 is
     available.
     You should consider upgrading via the '/opt/conda/bin/python -m pip install
     --upgrade pip' command.
     Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[23]: from github import Github
      import pandas as pd
      import io # Import io module for StringIO
      # GitHub authentication
      access_token = 'ghp_seGT9haqsFLXgyiiCQY6rGwQL0gJ2r2xzKSD' # Replace_
      → 'your-access-token' with your personal access token
      github = Github(access_token)
      # Repository name and file paths
      repository_name = 'sombir1/Projext-X' # Your repository name
      file paths = [
          'final_ai_jobs.csv',
      ]
```

Installing collected packages: typing-extensions, wrapt, urllib3, pyjwt,

```
# Initialize an empty DataFrame to store the merged data
      merged_df = pd.DataFrame()
      # Loop through each CSV file path
      for file_path in file_paths:
          # Get file content from GitHub
          repo = github.get_repo(repository_name)
          file_content = repo.get_contents(file_path)
          # Decode the content
          decoded content = file content.decoded content.decode('utf-8')
          # Read CSV file into DataFrame
          df = pd.read_csv(io.StringIO(decoded_content))
          # Merge DataFrame with previous ones
          merged_df = pd.concat([merged_df, df], ignore_index=True)
      # Write the merged DataFrame to a CSV file
      merged_df.to_csv('merged.csv', index=False)
[24]: import pandas as pd
      # Read the merged CSV file into a DataFrame
      merged_df = pd.read_csv('merged.csv')
      # Display the DataFrame
      merged_df.head() # Display the first few rows of the DataFrame
[24]:
                                                  job_link \
      0 https://www.indeed.com/rc/clk?jk=3a9047b41601a...
      1 https://www.indeed.com/rc/clk?jk=b1b60d57adfbb...
      2 https://www.indeed.com/rc/clk?jk=a0f33cc71b175...
      3 https://www.indeed.com/rc/clk?jk=ac4bbf72deed7...
      4 https://www.indeed.com/rc/clk?jk=7f8e658852335...
                                                 job_title company_name \
      0
                UX Researcher, Qualitative - Generative AI
                                                                    Meta
       Fundamental Language Research Scientist - Gene...
                                                                  Meta
                   Data Scientist, Product - Generative AI Facebook App
      2
                          Product Designer - Generative AI
                                                                    Meta
      4 Director, Product Technical Program Management...
                                                                  Meta
        company_location salary
                                       job_type rating \
            New York, NY 184500
                                      Full-time
                                                   4.1
      0
            New York, NY 173500 Not available
                                                   4.1
      1
      2
            New York, NY 164000 Not available
                                                   4.1
```

```
3
            New York, NY 158000 Not available
                                                   4.1
      4
            New York, NY 265000 Not available
                                                   4.1
                                           job_description
                                                             searched_job \
     O Work closely with product and business teams t... Generative AI
      1 Direct experience in responsible ,, , , and L... Generative AI
     2 You will collaborate on a wide array of produc... Generative AI
      3 We utilize a full range of product design skil... Generative AI
      4 We are uniquely positioned to adopt an end-to-... Generative AI
        searched_location
      0
                New York
                New York
      1
      2
                New York
      3
                New York
                New York
[25]: import pandas as pd
      # Read the merged CSV file into a DataFrame
      merged_df = pd.read_csv('merged.csv')
      # Display the column headings
      print(merged_df.columns)
     Index(['job_link', 'job_title', 'company_name', 'company_location', 'salary',
            'job_type', 'rating', 'job_description', 'searched_job',
            'searched_location'],
           dtype='object')
[26]: import pandas as pd
      # Read the merged CSV file into a DataFrame
      merged_df = pd.read_csv('merged.csv')
      # Display the column headings
      print(merged_df.columns)
     Index(['job_link', 'job_title', 'company_name', 'company_location', 'salary',
            'job_type', 'rating', 'job_description', 'searched_job',
            'searched_location'],
           dtype='object')
[29]: common_job_titles = merged_df['job_title'].value_counts().head(10)
      print("Top 10 most common job titles:\n", common_job_titles)
     Top 10 most common job titles:
```

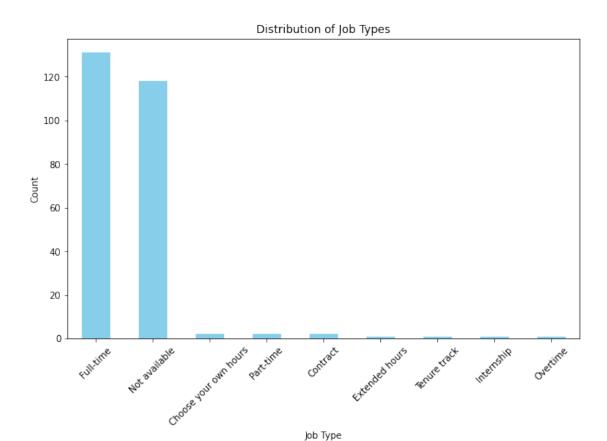
Digital Contact Solutions Manager

```
Senior Research Scientist, Generative AI
     UX Researcher, Qualitative - Generative AI
     Senior Director of Public Relations and Corporate Communications (USA REMOTE)
     Enterprise Account Executive
     Data Scientist, Product - Generative AI
     Software Engineer, Product - Generative AI
     Machine Learning Engineer
     Director, Product Technical Program Management - Generative AI
     Engineering Manager
     Name: job_title, dtype: int64
[35]: print(merged_df['rating'].dtype)
     object
[36]: merged_df['rating'] = pd.to_numeric(merged_df['rating'], errors='coerce')
[37]: highest_rated_companies = merged_df.groupby('company_name')['rating'].mean().
       →nlargest(10)
      print("\nTop 10 companies with highest-rated job postings:\n",_
       →highest_rated_companies)
     Top 10 companies with highest-rated job postings:
      company_name
                                     5.0
     Revvity
     Quizlet
                                     4.8
                                     4.6
     Grammarly
                                     4.5
     DiDi Labs
                                     4.5
     Kasisto
     SecurityScorecard
                                     4.4
     Tencent
                                     4.4
     Adobe
                                     4.3
     Argonne National Laboratory
                                     4.3
     Discord
                                     4.3
     Name: rating, dtype: float64
[38]: print(merged_df['salary'].dtype)
```

```
object
```

```
[39]: merged_df['salary'] = pd.to_numeric(merged_df['salary'], errors='coerce')
[40]: average_salaries = merged df.groupby('job_title')['salary'].mean().nlargest(10)
      print("\nAverage salaries for top 10 job titles:\n", average_salaries)
     Average salaries for top 10 job titles:
      job_title
     Technical Director, Machine Learning (Individual Contributor)
                                                                         412050.0
     Technical Product Manager
                                                                         410000.0
     Vice President of Product and Software Security
                                                                         292950.0
     Executive Director, Corporate Affairs- Operations
                                                                         279997.0
     Director of Product
                                                                         266500.0
     Director, Product Technical Program Management - Generative AI
                                                                         265000.0
     Sr. Director Security Engagement
                                                                         265000.0
     Senior Director of Product
                                                                         258400.0
     Machine Learning Engineer (Mobile Team)
                                                                         256500.0
     Senior Research Engineer
                                                                         254750.0
     Name: salary, dtype: float64
[32]: | job_type_distribution = merged_df['job_type'].value_counts()
      print("\nDistribution of job types:\n", job_type_distribution)
     Distribution of job types:
      Full-time
                                131
     Not available
                               118
     Choose your own hours
                                 2
     Part-time
                                 2
     Contract
                                 2
     Extended hours
                                 1
     Tenure track
                                 1
     Internship
                                 1
     Overtime
     Name: job_type, dtype: int64
[41]: print(merged_df.columns)
     Index(['job_link', 'job_title', 'company_name', 'company_location', 'salary',
            'job_type', 'rating', 'job_description', 'searched_job',
            'searched_location'],
           dtype='object')
 []:
```

```
[42]: correlation = merged_df[['rating', 'salary']].dropna().corr()
      print("\nCorrelation between company ratings and offered salaries:\n", __
       →correlation)
     Correlation between company ratings and offered salaries:
                rating
                           salary
     rating 1.000000 0.348204
     salary 0.348204 1.000000
[34]: frequent_searched_job_titles = merged_df['searched_job'].value_counts().head(10)
      print("\nTop 10 most frequently searched job titles:\n",
       →frequent_searched_job_titles)
      frequent_searched_locations = merged_df['searched_location'].value_counts().
      \rightarrowhead(10)
      print("\nTop 10 most frequently searched locations:\n", 
       →frequent_searched_locations)
     Top 10 most frequently searched job titles:
      Generative AI
                       259
     Name: searched_job, dtype: int64
     Top 10 most frequently searched locations:
      California
                       139
     New York
                       57
     San Francisco
                       40
     Chicago
                       14
                        9
     Los Angeles
     Name: searched_location, dtype: int64
[43]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      # Plot the distribution of job types
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
      merged_df['job_type'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue')
      plt.title('Distribution of Job Types')
      plt.xlabel('Job Type')
      plt.ylabel('Count')
      plt.xticks(rotation=45)
      plt.show()
```



[44]: # Extract job descriptions from the 'job_description' column
job_descriptions = merged_df['job_description']

Display the first few job descriptions
for idx, job_desc in enumerate(job_descriptions[:5]):
 print(f"Job Description {idx + 1}:")
 print(job_desc)
 print("------")

Job Description 1:

Work closely with product and business teams to identify research topics., Act as a thought leader in the domain of research, while advocating for the people who...

Job Description 2:

Direct experience in responsible ,, , ,, and LLM research., We are looking for recognized experts in responsible NLP, with experience in areas like...

Job Description 3:

You will collaborate on a wide array of product and business problems with a diverse set of cross-functional partners across Product, Engineering, Research,...

```
We utilize a full range of product design skills to contribute to high-level
     strategic decisions with the rest of the product and executive teams.
     Job Description 5:
     We are uniquely positioned to adopt an end-to-end approach to , , that few
     organizations can offer, through building breakthrough product experiences...
[46]: pip install nltk
     Collecting nltk
       Downloading nltk-3.8.1-py3-none-any.whl (1.5 MB)
                            | 1.5 MB 50.6 MB/s
     Requirement already satisfied: click in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
     packages (from nltk) (7.1.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
     (from nltk) (4.45.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
     (from nltk) (0.14.1)
     Collecting regex>=2021.8.3
       Downloading
     regex-2024.4.16-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (761
     kB)
                             | 761 kB 73.2 MB/s
          Ι
     Installing collected packages: regex, nltk
     Successfully installed nltk-3.8.1 regex-2024.4.16
     WARNING: You are using pip version 21.3.1; however, version 24.0 is
     available.
     You should consider upgrading via the '/opt/conda/bin/python -m pip install
     --upgrade pip' command.
     Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.
[47]: import nltk
      from nltk.corpus import stopwords
      from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
      from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
      nltk.download('stopwords')
      nltk.download('punkt')
      nltk.download('wordnet')
      # Initialize stopwords and lemmatizer
      stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
      lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
```

Job Description 4:

```
# Preprocess function
def preprocess text(text):
    # Tokenization and lowercase conversion
    tokens = word_tokenize(text.lower())
    # Lemmatization and stopword removal
    filtered_tokens = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(token) for token in tokens if token.
 ⇒isalnum() and token not in stop words]
    return filtered tokens
# Preprocess job descriptions
preprocessed_job_descriptions = [preprocess_text(job_desc) for job_desc in_
 \rightarrowjob_descriptions]
# Display the preprocessed job descriptions
for idx, tokens in enumerate(preprocessed_job_descriptions[:5]):
    print(f"Preprocessed Job Description {idx + 1}:")
    print(tokens)
    print("----")
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /home/jovyan/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping corpora/stopwords.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /home/jovyan/nltk_data...
[nltk data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /home/jovyan/nltk_data...
Preprocessed Job Description 1:
['work', 'closely', 'product', 'business', 'team', 'identify', 'research',
'act', 'thought', 'leader', 'domain', 'research', 'advocating', 'people']
Preprocessed Job Description 2:
['direct', 'experience', 'responsible', 'llm', 'looking', 'recognized',
'expert', 'responsible', 'nlp', 'experience', 'area']
Preprocessed Job Description 3:
['collaborate', 'wide', 'array', 'product', 'business', 'problem', 'diverse',
'set', 'partner', 'across', 'product', 'engineering', 'research']
_____
Preprocessed Job Description 4:
['utilize', 'full', 'range', 'product', 'design', 'skill', 'contribute',
'strategic', 'decision', 'rest', 'product', 'executive', 'team']
_____
Preprocessed Job Description 5:
['uniquely', 'positioned', 'adopt', 'approach', 'organization', 'offer',
'building', 'breakthrough', 'product']
```

```
[48]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
       # Convert preprocessed job descriptions back to text
      preprocessed_job_descriptions_text = [" ".join(tokens) for tokens in_
        →preprocessed_job_descriptions]
       # Initialize TF-IDF vectorizer
      tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
       # Fit and transform the preprocessed job descriptions
      tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.
        →fit_transform(preprocessed_job_descriptions_text)
      # Display the shape of the TF-IDF matrix
      print("Shape of TF-IDF matrix:", tfidf_matrix.shape)
      Shape of TF-IDF matrix: (259, 1057)
[49]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
       # Initialize K-means clustering with k=5
      kmeans = KMeans(n clusters=5, random state=42)
      # Fit K-means clustering to the TF-IDF matrix
      kmeans.fit(tfidf_matrix)
       # Get cluster labels for each job description
      cluster_labels = kmeans.labels_
      # Display the cluster labels
      print("Cluster Labels:", cluster_labels)
      Cluster Labels: [4 0 4 4 4 4 1 2 2 1 4 2 1 0 4 0 1 1 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 2 0 4
      0 0 0 3 0
       \begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 2 & 2 & 4 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 4 & 4 & 2 & 4 \\ \end{smallmatrix}
       \begin{smallmatrix}0&4&2&4&2&0&4&1&4&1&0&1&0&2&0&4&0&0&0&4&4&1&2&0&1&0&4&0&0&2&0&2&0&2&0&2&2\end{smallmatrix}
       1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 4 \ 4 \ 4 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 2 \ 4 \ 2 \ 2 \ 4 \ 0 \ 0 \ 4 \ 2 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ 4 \ 2 \ 2 \ 4 \ 0 \ 0 \ 2
       \begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \end{smallmatrix}
       1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 2 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 3 2 0 1 4 0 4 0 0 3 0 2 2 1 1 3 4]
[50]: # Create a dictionary to store job descriptions for each cluster
      cluster_job_descriptions = {i: [] for i in range(5)}
      # Group job descriptions by cluster
      for idx, label in enumerate(cluster_labels):
           cluster_job_descriptions[label].append(job_descriptions[idx])
```

```
# Print job descriptions for each cluster

for cluster, descriptions in cluster_job_descriptions.items():
    print(f"\nCluster {cluster} Job Descriptions:")
    for idx, desc in enumerate(descriptions[:5]): # Print the first 5

    → descriptions for brevity
        print(f"Job Description {idx + 1}: {desc}")
```

Cluster O Job Descriptions:

Job Description 1: Direct experience in responsible ,, , ,, and LLM research., We are looking for recognized experts in responsible NLP, with experience in areas like...

Job Description 2: We focus on a collection of organisational technology capabilities, including business intelligence, data management, and data assurance that help our clients...

Job Description 3: We are looking for a Lead Engineer for implementing and operating , , technologies applied to developer productivity e.g. GitHub Copilot, Amazon...

Job Description 4: Experience with NLP platforms & familiarity with , , and Large Language Models (LLMs)., This role will be responsible for driving key automation &...

Job Description 5: We are looking for an experienced Business Intelligence Data Manager to scale a critically important function responsible for building and maintaining systems,...

Cluster 1 Job Descriptions:

Job Description 1: Full stack web/mobile application development with a variety of coding languages., Create consumer products and features using internal programming language Hack...

Job Description 2: We rely on sophisticated in-house tools and new technologies such as , , and automated feedback systems to build learning content at scale. Job Description 3: Continually work to improve the design and functioning of resources, including incorporating , artificial intelligence (AI) technologies and suggesting...

Job Description 4: While you are currently permitted to work remotely in New York and the San Francisco Bay Area, you must remain able to work in the office as business needs...

Job Description 5: Knowledge of how marketing campaigns work, including content generation as well as the potential applications of , , to these tasks.

Cluster 2 Job Descriptions:

Job Description 1: The ideal candidate will have a minimum of 5 years of finance or industry experience in sectors that include: Machine Learning, Data Science, and Artificial...

Job Description 2: The ideal candidate will have industry experience working on a range of classification and optimization problems, e.g. payment fraud, click-

through rate...

Job Description 3: Bachelor's degree or equivalent practical experience.,6 years of experience in marketing., Knowledge of product marketing with a track record in launching...

Job Description 4: 15+ years of experience in , ,, including hands-on experience with state-of-the-art , models and techniques.

Job Description 5: Experience with modern , methods, such as probabilistic ML, Bayesian reasoning, sampling algorithms, and , , models.

Cluster 3 Job Descriptions:

Job Description 1: Kasisto is the leader in conversational , for financial institutions, with a mission to humanize digital experiences., What you need for this position.

Job Description 2: Aisera is the , , space focused on creating a ChatGPT experience for Enterprise applications., Aisera fast tracks the digital transformation journey...

Job Description 3: Our Digital Experience Platform, KAI, is designed to enable financial institutions to offer personalized and intelligent digital assistants to their consumers,...

Job Description 4: Aisera is the , , space focused on creating a ChatGPT experience for Enterprise applications., Aisera fast tracks the digital transformation journey...

Job Description 5: Kasisto is the leader in conversational, for financial institutions, with a mission to humanize digital experiences.

Cluster 4 Job Descriptions:

Job Description 1: Work closely with product and business teams to identify research topics., Act as a thought leader in the domain of research, while advocating for the people who...

Job Description 2: You will collaborate on a wide array of product and business problems with a diverse set of cross-functional partners across Product, Engineering, Research,...

Job Description 3: We utilize a full range of product design skills to contribute to high-level strategic decisions with the rest of the product and executive teams.

Job Description 4: We are uniquely positioned to adopt an end-to-end approach to , , that few organizations can offer, through building breakthrough product experiences...

Job Description 5: Product TPMs work at the cross-section between technical execution and business strategy and are expected to partner closely with Engineering and Product teams.

[51]: pip install matplotlib seaborn

Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (3.2.1)

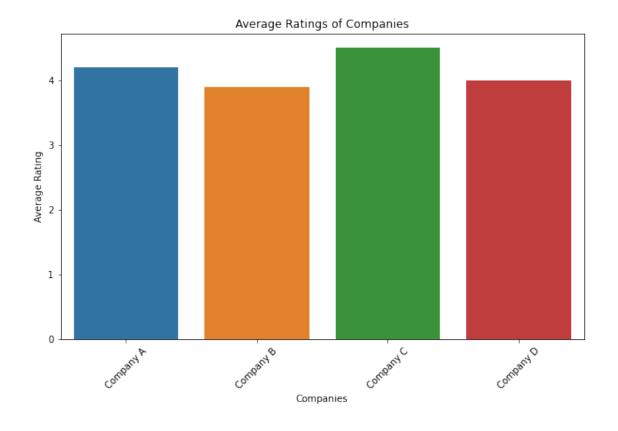
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.10.1)

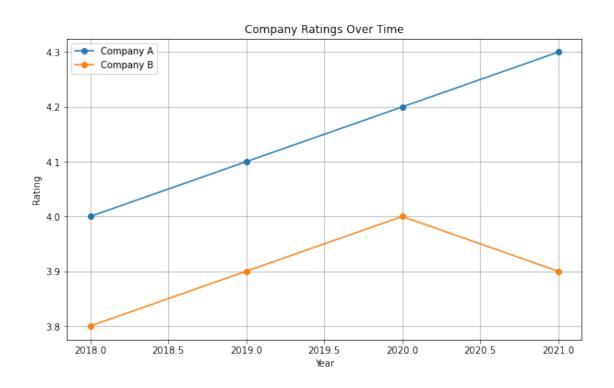
```
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!=2.1.2,!=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.4.7)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.11 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from matplotlib) (1.18.4)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from matplotlib) (2.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from matplotlib) (0.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.22.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from seaborn) (1.0.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.0.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from seaborn) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages
(from cycler>=0.10->matplotlib) (1.14.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-
packages (from pandas>=0.22.0->seaborn) (2020.1)
WARNING: You are using pip version 21.3.1; however, version 24.0 is
available.
You should consider upgrading via the '/opt/conda/bin/python -m pip install
--upgrade pip' command.
```

Note: you may need to restart the kernel to use updated packages.

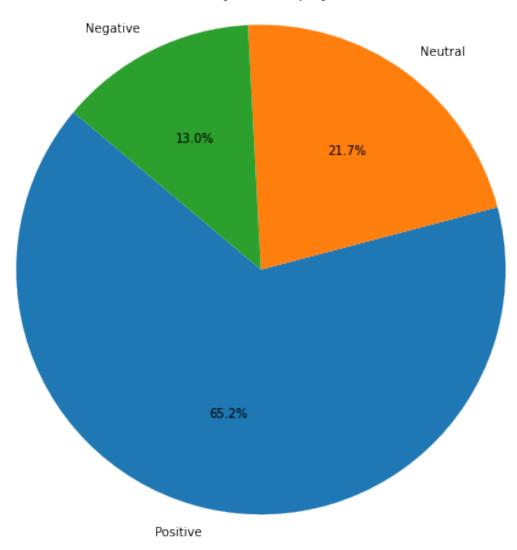
```
[55]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
      # Example data (replace with actual data)
      companies = ['Company A', 'Company B', 'Company C', 'Company D']
      ratings = [4.2, 3.9, 4.5, 4.0]
      # Bar chart of company ratings
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
      sns.barplot(x=companies, y=ratings)
      plt.title('Average Ratings of Companies')
      plt.xlabel('Companies')
      plt.ylabel('Average Rating')
      plt.xticks(rotation=45)
      plt.show()
      # Example data for trends over time (replace with actual data)
      years = [2018, 2019, 2020, 2021]
      ratings_company_a = [4.0, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3]
      ratings_company_b = [3.8, 3.9, 4.0, 3.9]
      # Line chart of trends over time
```

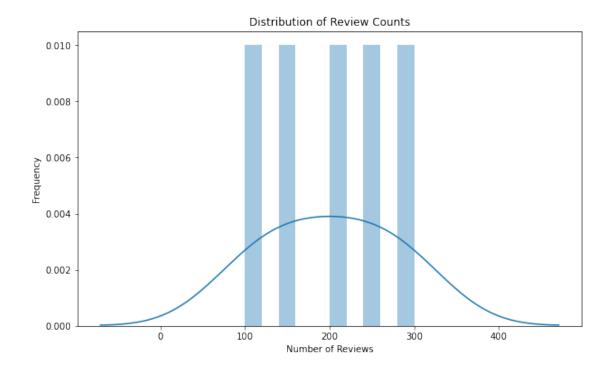
```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(years, ratings_company_a, marker='o', label='Company A')
plt.plot(years, ratings_company_b, marker='o', label='Company B')
plt.title('Company Ratings Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Rating')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
# Example data for sentiment analysis (replace with actual data)
sentiments = ['Positive', 'Neutral', 'Negative']
sentiment_counts = [150, 50, 30]
# Pie chart of sentiment analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(sentiment_counts, labels=sentiments, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140)
plt.title('Sentiment Analysis of Employee Reviews')
plt.axis('equal') # Equal aspect ratio ensures that pie is drawn as a circle.
plt.show()
# Example data for histogram (replace with actual data)
review_counts = [100, 200, 150, 300, 250]
# Histogram of review counts
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.distplot(review_counts, bins=10, kde=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Review Counts')
plt.xlabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```





Sentiment Analysis of Employee Reviews





[56]: 2-3

[56]: -1

[]: