# FINDING TIME COMPLEXITY OF AN ALGORITHMS:-

```
1) Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity
using the counter method.
void function (int n)
{
    int i= 1;
    int s = 1;
    while(s <= n)
         i++;
         s += i;
     }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count
variable printf() statements.
Input:
A positive Integer n
Output:
Print the value of the counter variable
```

## For example:

| Input | Result |
|-------|--------|
| 9     | 12     |

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
   int i=1,s=1,n,a;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   a=2;
   while(s<=n){
   i++;
   a++;
   s+=i;
   a++;
}printf("%d",a+i);
}</pre>
11
12 }
```

|   | Input | Expected | Got |   |
|---|-------|----------|-----|---|
| ~ | 9     | 12       | 12  | ~ |
| ~ | 4     | 9        | 9   | ~ |

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct
Marks for this submission: 1 00/1 00

```
2) Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity
using the counter method.
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
      printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
     for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
       for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)</pre>
          printf("*");
          printf("*");
          break;
       }
     }
  }
 }
Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
```

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
 a++;
for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
10
                 a++;
break;}}}
14 printf('
15 }
16 v int main(){
       printf("%d",a);
      int n;
scanf("%d",&n);
func(n);
18
```

|          | Input | Expected | Got  |   |
|----------|-------|----------|------|---|
| ~        | 2     | 12       | 12   | ~ |
| ~        | 1000  | 5002     | 5002 | ~ |
| <b>~</b> | 143   | 717      | 717  | ~ |

Passed all tests!

3) Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

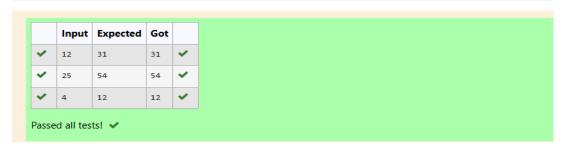
```
Factor(num) {
    {
       for (i = 1; i <= num;++i)
       {
            if (num % i== 0)
            {
                printf("%d ", i);
            }
        }
}</pre>
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

#### Input:

A positive Integer n

### **Output:**



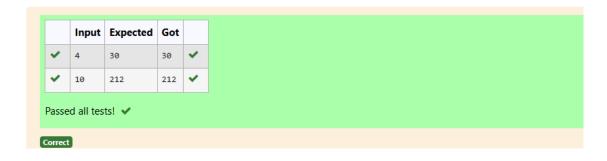
4) Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

#### Input:

A positive Integer n

#### **Output:**



5) Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
   int rev = 0, remainder;
   while (n != 0)
   {
      remainder = n % 10;
      rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
      n/= 10;
   }
print(rev);
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

### Input:

A positive Integer n

#### Output:

```
| Input | Expected | Got |
| ✓ | 12 | 11 | 11 | ✓ |
| ✓ | 1234 | 19 | 19 | ✓ |
| Passed all tests! ✓ |
```