Publisher-Subscriber scheme for Ethereum Smart Contracts

IMPLEMENTATION PROJECT - HARD

1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Ethereum based smart contract come with a nifty features to call other smart contract functions or emit messages (logs), here is a guide that sheds light on what this feature. Although this feature has been around for some time and is deemed useful by solidity developers, the scheme awaits a more robust and active system for logging and event handling right out of the box. Your engineering team at Coinbase has been tasked to create a publisher-subscribed system (link1, link2) that works for Ethereum based smart contracts.

2 OUTCOMES

- . Support creation/deletion of subscribers in the system.
- . Support creation/deletion of publishers in the system.
- . A subscriber can only subscribe to "x" event streams at a time.
- . A publisher can push upto 100 messages in an event stream at a time.
- · A publisher can also be a subscriber and vice-versa. INTERFACES

complete implementation of the following interfaces and interface functions or create appropriate structs or contracts whenever necessary. The implementation must be a "header" only usage implementation. Fill in the question marks with appropriate objects, types or code constructs as necessary.

```
// A class/smart contract that holds the
     // the implementation to create objects that are
     // of type "event_stream"
3
     event stream stream;
     function create_event_stream(struct_obj_type obj)
       public view returns (?) {
7
       // creates an new event stream and returns the id of the stream
8
10
     function delete_event_stream(string event_id)
11
       public view returns (?) {
12
       // delete an existing event stream and returns the id of the stream
13
14
```

Fig. 1. Eventstream Interfaces to implement a PuB-SuB system in Solidity.2 Implementation Project – Hard

```
// A class/smart contract that holds the
1
     // the implementation to create objects that can
     // be of type "publisher" or "subscriber"
3
     publisher p,
     function create_publisher(string event_id)
       public view returns (?) {
7
       // creates an new publisher that can publish to an event stream of id "event id"
8
       // and returns the id of the publisher
9
10
11
     function publish_to_event(publisher p, string event_id)
12
```

```
public view returns (?) {
13
       // make a publisher "p" bind to an event stream of id "event_id"
14
       // and return acknowledgement
15
       // The publisher must be able publish to that event stream.
16
17
18
     function remove publisher (publisher p, string event id)
19
       public view returns (?) {
20
       // make a publisher "p" un-bind from an event stream of id "event_id"
21
       // and return acknowledgement
22
       // The publisher must not be able publish to that event stream.
23
24
25
     function delete_publisher(publisher p)
26
       public view returns (?) {
27
         // delete a publisher "p".
28
29
  // A class/smart contract that holds the
   // the implementation to create objects that can
   // be of type "publisher" or "subscriber"
   subscriber s;
   function create subscriber (string event id)
     public view returns (?) {
     // creates an new subscriber that can publish to an event stream of id "event_id"
     // and returns the id of the publisher
9
10
11
   function subscribe_to_event(subscriber s, string event_id)
12
     public view returns (?) {
13
     // make a subscriber "s" subscribe to an event stream of id "event_id"
     // and return acknowledgement
15
16
17
   function unsubscribe_to_event(subscriber s, string event_id)
18
     public view returns (?) {
19
     // make a subscriber "s" unsubscribe to an existing
20
     // subscribed event stream of id "event_id"
21
     // and return acknowledgement
22
23
24
   function delete subscriber (subscriber s)
25
     public view returns (?) {
26
       // delete a subscriber "s".
27
28
```

Fig. 3. Subscriber Interfaces to implement a Pub-Sub system in Solidity.