

4. Given: \Rightarrow RTT between client and server
 $= 10\text{ms}$

\Rightarrow web page of size 1KB consisting of
10 objects each of size 100KB.

Assumption: ① RTT is much larger than
other delay and
response time and would
be neglected in further
analysis. ② Data of an object
can be sent in one TCP connection.

Soln

1 RTT = time needed for one TCP
connection.

1 RTT = time for web page of 1KB.

a) Non-persistent (For sending every obj. x establish the connection)
Total time
 $= 1\text{RTT} + 1\text{RTT} + \text{transmit time for objects.}$

Total time $= 2\text{RTT} + \text{transmit time for 10 obj.}$

For every object you require, 2RTT
~~one~~ for TCP connection and one for
sending the object.

Date ____ / ____ / ____

$$\text{Transmit time for 10 Obj's} = 2(10RTT) = 20RTT$$

$$\text{Total time} = 2RTT + 20RTT = 22RTT \\ = 22 \times 10ms = 220ms$$

b) Persistent connection

In a persistent connection, TCP connection is not required to be made again and again.

So, the total time = $2RTT + \text{Transmit time for 10 Obj's}$

$$= 2RTT + (1 \times 10)RTT$$

only for sending the obj, you need not do TCP connection

$$= 12RTT = 120ms$$

c) Persistent connection with Pipelines and dataframes of 1KB each.

Dataframe = 1KB, let the transmission time for it be n seconds. (n s / KB)

$$\text{Total time} = 1RTT + 1RTT + 1RTT + (\text{Data size})n$$

for TCP

For web page

for sending all obj

$$(100KB) \times 10 + 1KB$$

$$= 1001KB$$

$$\text{Total time} = 3RTT + (1001n)$$