Somi: What are JS/browser events? What causes an event?

- Signal fired by browser when something happens
- Triggered by browser vs user vs API/system
 - o Browser
 - Start video
 - Resize
 - User
 - Keypress
 - Form submission
 - Click
 - o System change
 - Change in network connectivity

```
button.addEventListener('click', function(){
   alert('you clicked the button!!')
   button.innerHTML = 'The button has been clicked!'
})
```

Manuel: What can you do when an event happens? What do you need to do to be able to respond to an event?

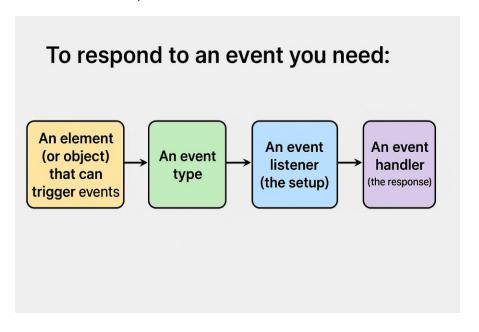
- Event Handling.
 - o Listening to the event.
 - o Run something (functions, code, etc.)

```
javascript

// Select an element
const button = document.querySelector("#myButton");

// Attach an event listener
button.addEventListener("click", () => {
   console.log("Button was clicked!");
});
```

How to respond to an event?



Daniela:

- Explain the syntax for event handlers.
- Basic syntax using HTML attributes (used directly in the elements)
 "onclick" is the event attribute. "handleClick()" is the function called when the event occurs

```
<button onclick="handleClick()">Click Me</button>
```

JavaScript DOM Syntax (assigns a function to an element's event)
 "onclick" is a property of the DOM element. The function is the event handler.

```
const button = document.getElementById("myButton");
button.onclick = function () {
   alert("Button clicked!");
};
```

Using addEventListener (allows multiple handlers)
 "click" is the event type. The second argument is the callback function.

```
function showGreeting() {
   alert("Welcome aboard!");
}
btn.addEventListener("click", showGreeting);
```

To remove event listener

```
btn.removeEventListener("click", showGreeting);
```

When does event handler code run?
 Event handlers run when the specified event occurs. It does not execute immediately when the page loads or when it is defined.

