# ORACLES AND CHOICE SEQUENCES FOR TYPE-THEORETIC PRAGMATICS

CMU POP SEMINAR

Jon Sterling October 8, 2015

joint work with Darryl McAdams

# **INTRODUCTION**

[A woman walked in.]]  $\nabla$  (∑ $p \in Woman$ )

[A woman walked in.]]  $vis_{}$  (∑ $p \in Woman$ ) WalkedIn(p)

[She sat down] 

∇

[She sat down]

∇

SatDown(???)

[A woman walked in. She sat down]



[A woman walked in. She sat down]] 
$$∇$$
  $(Σx ∈ (Σp ∈ Woman) WalkedIn(p))$ 

[A woman walked in. She sat down] 
$$\nabla$$
 
$$(\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p)) \ SatDown(???)$$

# INTRODUCING require

[A woman walked in. She sat down] 
$$\nabla$$
  $(\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p)) \ SatDown(???)$ 

# INTRODUCING require

[A woman walked in. She sat down]

 $(\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p))$  require y : Woman in SatDown(y)

# THE require ORACLE: STATICS

# require — FORMAL RULES

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require : (0;1) (operator)

require x : A in  $N \triangleq \text{require}(A; x.N)$  (notation)

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$$x : A$$
 in  $N \triangleq \text{require}(A; x.N)$  (notation)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash M \in A \quad \Gamma, x : A \vdash N \in B}{\Gamma \vdash \text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \in B}$$
 (require)

The meaning of a sentence is a logical proposition.

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#### What we want:

```
(\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p)) require y : Woman in SatDown(y) \sim (\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p)) \ SatDown(\pi_1(x))
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#### What we want:

$$(\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p))$$
 require  $y : Woman \ in \ SatDown(y)$ 

$$\sim (\Sigma x \in (\Sigma p \in Woman) \ WalkedIn(p)) \ SatDown(\pi_1(x))$$

where  $M \sim N \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (M \leq N) \& (N \leq M)$ 

# require—NAÏVE DYNAMICS

$$\underline{M \in A \quad [M/x] \, N \, \downarrow \, N'} \\
\text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \, \downarrow \, N'$$
(??)

[ The President ran a marathon ] 

▽

**require** x: President in  $(\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(x; y)$ 

**require** x : *President* in  $(\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(x; y) <math>\downarrow$ 

```
require x: President in (\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(x; y)
\downarrow \downarrow
(\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(Obama; y)
```

# A NEGATIVE EXAMPLE

[ The unicorn ran a marathon ] 

▽

#### A NEGATIVE EXAMPLE

[ The unicorn ran a marathon ]

 $\nabla$ 

**require** x : *Unicorn* **in**  $(\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(x; y)$ 

#### A NEGATIVE EXAMPLE

[ The unicorn ran a marathon ]

∇

x: Unicorn in (Σν ∈ Marathon) Ran

**require** x : *Unicorn* **in**  $(\Sigma y \in Marathon) Ran(x; y)$ 

(not a proposition)

ls requi	re COMPUTATI	IONALLY EFFE	CTIVE?

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- 2. non-determinism must be eliminated

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(Thanks Stefan, Umut, Bill & Bob!)



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## Corollary

The meaning of a judgment  $\mathscr{J}$  must be explained in terms of its forcing condition,  $w \Vdash \mathscr{J}$ , for any stage/world w.

### REMARK ON DECIDABILITY

•••

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### Remark

Contra Dummett, I <u>by no means</u> take the above as requiring that the following shall be true in a constructive metatheory, <u>divorced from time</u>:

$$\forall w. \forall \mathcal{J}. (w \Vdash \mathcal{J}) \lor \neg (w \Vdash \mathcal{J})$$
 (Dummett's infelicity)

The above is impossible in a Beth model.



# $logical\ consequence \Rightarrow semantic\ consequence$

Brouwer?, Martin-Löf, Sundholm ⇒ Brouwer?, Heyting, Allen, Zeilberger

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proof conditions ⇒ assertion conditions

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## logical consequence ⇒ semantic consequence

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# global meaning explanation $\Rightarrow$ local meaning explanation

Husserl, Dummett, Martin-Löf ⇒ Brouwer, Beth, Kripke, Grothendieck, Lawvere, Joyal

assertion acts (judgments) are intensional (local)

$$|_{x} \mathcal{J}(x)$$

(general judgment)

$$I_x \mathcal{J}(x)$$
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  $\mathcal{J}_2 (\mathcal{J}_1)$  (hypothetical judgment)

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$ _{x} \mathcal{J}(x)$	(general judgment)
$\mathcal{J}_2$ $(\mathcal{J}_1)$	(hypothetical judgment)
$M \Downarrow N$	(evaluation)
A type	(typehood)
A verif	(verification)
A true	(truth)
$M = N \in A$	(membership)

$w \Vdash  _{x} \mathcal{J}(x)$	(general judgment)
$w \Vdash \mathcal{J}_2 (\mathcal{J}_1)$	(hypothetical judgment)
$w \Vdash M \downarrow N$	(evaluation)
$w \Vdash A \ type$	(typehood)
$w \Vdash A \ verif$	(verification)
$w \Vdash A \ true$	(truth)
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$$w \Vdash |_{x} \mathcal{J}(x)$$
$$w \Vdash \mathcal{J}_{2} (\mathcal{J}_{1})$$

(general judgment) (hypothetical judgment)

$$\begin{array}{lll} w \Vdash \mid_x \mathcal{J}(x) & \Longleftrightarrow & \cdots \\ w \Vdash \mathcal{J}_2 \; (\mathcal{J}_1) & \Longleftrightarrow & \cdots \end{array}$$

$$w \Vdash |_{x} \mathcal{J}(x) \iff \forall u \geq w. \forall x \in \mathcal{D}_{u}. \ u \Vdash \mathcal{J}(x)$$
  
$$w \Vdash \mathcal{J}_{2} (\mathcal{J}_{1}) \iff \forall u \geq w. \ u \Vdash \mathcal{J}_{1} \Rightarrow u \Vdash \mathcal{J}_{2}$$

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where  $\mathscr{D}_{w}$  is the species of constructions that have been effected by stage  $\boldsymbol{w}$ 

#### THE MEANING OF A PROPOSITION

The meaning of a proposition/type is an intensional (world-indexed) specification of verification acts, i.e. a local meaning explanation for  $w \Vdash P \ verif$  (and its synthesis).

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The meaning of a proposition/type is an intensional (world-indexed) specification of verification acts, i.e. a local meaning explanation for  $w \Vdash P \ verif$  (and its synthesis).

For a type A, implicit in the explanation of  $w \Vdash A \ verif$  is a  $\mathbb{W}$ -indexed family of PERs  $\mathscr{V}\llbracket A \rrbracket_w \subseteq \mathscr{D}_w \times \mathscr{D}_w$  whose members reflect the computational content (extension) of verification acts.

### INTUITIONISTIC SEMANTICS OF TRUTH

Truth (justification) consists in recognizing the effectiveness of a procedure for verification.

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In the model, this corresponds to the inevitability of verification (i.e. a <u>bar</u>, in which verification occurs at all nodes):

 $w \Vdash A \ true \iff \exists \mathfrak{B} \ \mathbf{bars} \ w. \forall u \in \mathfrak{B}. \ u \Vdash A \ verif \quad \text{(due to Dummett)}$ 

The analytic judgments of type theory are reflections on mathematical activity.

1. Canonical membership reflects verification

$$\mathcal{V}[\![A]\!]_w(M,N) \bowtie w \Vdash A \ verif$$

- 1. Canonical membership reflects verification
- 2. Membership reflects justification

$$w \Vdash M = N \in A \bowtie w \Vdash A true$$

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- 1. Canonical membership reflects verification
- 2. Membership reflects justification
- 3. Computation reflects the recognition of a bar

$$\land \left\{ \begin{array}{l} w \Vdash M \Downarrow M' \\ w \Vdash N \Downarrow N' \\ \mathscr{V} \llbracket A \rrbracket_{w} (M', N') \end{array} \right\} \bowtie \exists \mathfrak{B} \text{ bars } w. \forall u \in \mathfrak{B}. \ u \Vdash A \ verif$$

# CHOICE SEQUENCES AND THE CREATING SUBJECT

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Example:

$$\alpha(i) = \begin{cases} 0 & i \Vdash A \ true \\ 1 & \neg(i \Vdash A \ true) \end{cases}$$
 (KS)

## THE JUSTIFICATIONS PRESHEAF

Let  $\mathcal{K}_A$ : **FinSet**<sup>Woop</sup> be the presheaf of constructions of A true effected "so far" for each canonical proposition A.

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Let  $\mathscr{K}_A$ : **FinSet**<sup>Wop</sup> be the presheaf of constructions of A true effected "so far" for each canonical proposition A.

We now can give a precise, but non-deterministic, dynamics to **require**:

$$\frac{w \Vdash A \Downarrow A' \quad M \in \mathcal{X}_{A'}(w) \quad w \Vdash [M/x] N \Downarrow N'}{w \Vdash \text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \Downarrow N'}$$
 (\*)

#### **ELIMINATING NON-DETERMINISM WITH A SPREAD**

We need a way to deterministically choose a representative of  $\mathcal{K}_A(w)$ . First, let  $\varkappa_A$  be the choice sequence of lists given by enumerating  $\mathcal{K}_A(w)$  at each stage w, in order of time.

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Idea: reformulate Type Theory relative to a choice sequence of "choosers".

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$$\mathfrak{S}(\langle \rangle)$$

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$$|_{\vec{u},m} \mathfrak{S}(\vec{u}) \left( \mathfrak{S}(\vec{u} - m) \right)$$

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$$|_{\vec{u},m} \mathfrak{S}(\vec{u}) (\mathfrak{S}(\vec{u} \sim m))$$

3. a neighborhood may always be refined within the spread

$$|_{\vec{u}} \Im(\vec{u} - m) (\Im(\vec{u}))$$



#### A CONSERVATIVE EXTENSION OF TYPE THEORY

A spread direction for index-choosers:

$$\frac{\Xi(\vec{u}) \quad |_{n} \, \rho(n) < n \, (n \in \mathbb{N}^{+})}{\Xi(\vec{u} - \rho)} \qquad \text{(spread law)}$$

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Reformulate type theory relative to an arbitrary  $\alpha \in \mathfrak{S}$ ! For instance:

$$\frac{w \Vdash M \Downarrow_{\alpha} \textcolor{red}{M'} \quad w \Vdash N \Downarrow_{\alpha} \textcolor{red}{N'} \quad \mathcal{V} \llbracket A \rrbracket_{w}^{\alpha} (M', N')}{w \Vdash M = N \in_{\alpha} A}$$

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$$\frac{M \Downarrow_{\alpha} M' \quad N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N' \quad \mathcal{V} \llbracket A \rrbracket^{\alpha} \left( M', N' \right)}{M = N \in_{\alpha} A}$$

# require — DYNAMICS

Deterministic choice for  $\varkappa_A$ :

$$\frac{w \Vdash A \Downarrow_{\alpha} A' \quad |\varkappa_{A'}(w)| = \ell \quad \operatorname{hd}(\alpha)(\ell) = i \quad \varkappa_{A'}(w)(i) = M}{w \Vdash \varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}$$

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Deterministic dynamics for require:

$$\frac{\varkappa_{A}\ni_{\alpha} M \quad [M/x]N \Downarrow_{\mathsf{tl}(\alpha)} N'}{\mathsf{require} \ x : A \ \mathsf{in} \ N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \qquad (\mathsf{for} \ \alpha \in \mathfrak{S})$$

## VALIDITY OF THE REQUIRE RULE

## Theorem

The following rule is valid in our semantics:

$$\frac{A \ true_{\alpha} \quad x: A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B}{\mathbf{require} \ x: A \ \mathbf{in} \ N \in_{\alpha} B} \ require$$

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$$\overline{A \ true_{\alpha}} \ \mathcal{D} \qquad \overline{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \ \mathcal{E}$$

 $\overline{\mathbf{require}\ x : A\ \mathbf{in}\ N \in_{\alpha} B} \ require$ 

$$\overline{A \ true_{\alpha}} \ \mathcal{D} \qquad \overline{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \ \mathcal{E}$$

 $\frac{\overline{\text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \quad \overline{\mathscr{V}[\![B]\!]^{\alpha}(N', N')}}{\text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \in_{\alpha} B} \text{ require}$ 

$$\overline{A \; true_{\alpha}} \; \mathcal{D} \qquad \overline{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \; \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{ \underset{\alpha}{\overline{\mathbb{Z}}_{A}} \ni_{\alpha} \overset{\mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{M}} \quad \overline{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}}{\mathbf{require} \ x : A \ \mathbf{in} \ N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \quad \overline{\mathscr{V}[B]^{\alpha} (N', N')}}{\mathbf{require} \ x : A \ \mathbf{in} \ N \in_{\alpha} B} \ require$$

$$\overline{A \; true_{\alpha}} \; \mathcal{D} \qquad \overline{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \; \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}}{\frac{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} \mathbf{M}}{\mathbf{m}} \underbrace{\frac{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{\mathcal{V}[B]^{\alpha} (N', N')}}_{\mathbf{require} \ x : A \ \mathbf{in} \ N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \underbrace{\frac{\mathbb{E}[B]^{\alpha} (N', N')}{\mathbb{E}[B]^{\alpha} (N', N')}}_{\mathbf{require} \ \mathbf{m}} \text{ require}$$

$$\frac{1}{A \; true_{\alpha}} \; \mathcal{D} \qquad \frac{\overline{|y_{,z} \; [y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \; \left(y = z \in_{\alpha} A\right)}}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \; \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{A \operatorname{true}_{\alpha}}}{A \operatorname{true}_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}}{\underset{\mathbf{require}}{\times} x : A \operatorname{in} N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \underbrace{\mathcal{V}[B]^{\alpha}(N', N')}_{require} x : A \operatorname{in} N \in_{\alpha} B}$$
 require

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \frac{\overline{|y_{,z}[y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \mathcal{F}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)}}{\mathbb{F}(M,M)} \frac{\mathcal{F}(M,M)}{M \in_{\alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}}{\frac{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}{\text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}} \frac{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{\mathcal{V}[B]^{\alpha}(N', N')}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B}}{\underline{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)}} \mathcal{F}(M, M) \frac{\overline{x_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}}{M \in_{\alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt[]{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}}{\frac{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}{\text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \ \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}} \frac{}{\mathcal{V} \llbracket B \rrbracket^{\alpha} (N', N')} \\ \frac{\text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \ \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{\text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \in_{\alpha} B} \text{require}$$

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \frac{1}{y,z} [y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A) \mathcal{F}$$

$$x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{M \in_{\alpha} A} \mathcal{D}$$

 $\frac{A \ true_{\alpha}}{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M} \frac{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \frac{}{\mathscr{V}[B]^{\alpha}(N',N')} \frac{}{\text{require } x : A \text{ in } N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \text{require}$ 

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \frac{\overline{|y_{,z}[y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}$$

$$\frac{\overline{|M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)}}{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B} \mathcal{F}(M, M) \frac{\overline{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{M \in_{\alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}}{\frac{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}{\text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}} \frac{[M/x]N \Downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{\mathcal{V}[B]^{\alpha}(N', N')} \text{require } x : A \ \text{in } N \in_{\alpha} B$$

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \ \mathscr{D} \qquad \frac{1}{y_{,z} \ [y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \ \mathscr{E}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)} \ \mathscr{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{\frac{\sqrt{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{\varkappa_{A} \ni_{\alpha} M}}{M \in_{\alpha} A}$$

$$\frac{\overline{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B}}{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'}$$

$$\frac{\overline{A \ true_{\alpha}}}{\mathbb{F}(M,M)} \qquad \frac{\overline{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'}}{\mathbb{F}[B]^{\alpha} (N',N')}$$

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$$x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B$$

$$\frac{A \ true_{\alpha}}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}$$

$$\frac{[M/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)}{[M/x]N \notin_{\alpha} N'} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{A}{M} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M)$$

$$\frac{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M)$$

$$\frac{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M)$$

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$$\frac{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'}{[M/x]N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M)$$

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \qquad \frac{1}{|y_{,z}[y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{1}{|M/x|N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|N \in_{\alpha} A} \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{1}{|M/x|N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \mathcal{F} \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|N \in_{\alpha} A} \mathcal{E}$$

$$\frac{1}{|M/x|N \downarrow_{\alpha} N'} \mathcal{F} \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}($$

require x : A in  $N \in_{\alpha} B$ 

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \qquad \frac{1}{y_{,z} [y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \mathcal{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \qquad \frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D}$$

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require x : A in  $N \in_{\alpha} B$ 

$$\frac{1}{A \ true_{\alpha}} \mathcal{D} \qquad \frac{1}{|y_{,z}[y/x]N = [z/x]N \in_{\alpha} B \ (y = z \in_{\alpha} A)}{x : A \vdash_{\alpha} N \in B} \mathcal{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{|M/x|N \in_{\alpha} B \ (M \in_{\alpha} A)} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|^{2}} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|^{2}} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|^{2}} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \frac{1}{|M/x|^{2}} \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad \mathcal{F}(M,M) \qquad$$

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