

**Stanford**  
**AA203: Optimal and Learning-based Control**  
**Problem set 4, due on May 1**

**Problem 1:** Find the curve  $x^*(t)$  that minimizes the functional

$$J = \int_0^1 \left[ \frac{1}{2} \dot{x}^2(t) + 5x(t)\dot{x}(t) + x^2(t) + 5x(t) \right] dt$$

and passes through the points  $x(0) = 1$  and  $x(1) = 3$ .

**Problem 2:** Find extremals for the functional

$$J = \int_0^{\pi/2} [\dot{x}_1^2(t) + \dot{x}_2^2(t) + 2x_1(t)x_2(t)] dt,$$

with boundary conditions  $x_1(0) = 0$ ,  $x_1(\pi/2)$  free,  $x_2(0) = 0$ ,  $x_2(\pi/2) = 1$ .

**Problem 3 (optional, no credits given for this question):** Find the curve joining points  $(-1, 5)$  and  $(1, 5)$  and that generates the surface of minimum area when rotated about the  $t$ -axis, i.e., that minimizes the functional

$$J = 2\pi \int_{-1}^1 x(t) \sqrt{1 + \dot{x}^2(t)} dt.$$

Plot the solution. Remarkably, the resulting surface is the shape that a thin soap film assumes when suspended between two concentric wire rings. (*Hint: use the Beltrami identity.*)

**Problem 4:** A ship must travel through a region of strong currents, which depend on position. The ship has a constant speed  $V$ , and its heading  $\theta(t)$  can be controlled. The current is directed in the  $x$  direction with a speed

$$u = \frac{Vy(t)}{h}$$

for a given  $h$ . It is desired to find the ship's heading  $\theta(t)$  required to move from a given initial position  $(x(t_0), y(t_0))$  to the origin in minimum time. The equations of motion are

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x}(t) &= V \cos \theta(t) + \frac{Vy(t)}{h} \\ \dot{y}(t) &= V \sin \theta(t) \end{aligned}$$

and the performance index is

$$J = \int_{t_0}^T 1 dt.$$

(a) Show that the optimal control law takes the form of

$$\tan \theta(t) = \alpha + \frac{V(T-t)}{h},$$

where  $\alpha$  is a constant. This law is referred to as linear tangent law.

(b) Compute the optimal transfer time, i.e.,  $T - t_0$ , for the case where the current's speed is equal to a constant, i.e.,  $u = \beta > 0$ .

**Problem 5:** Find the Hamiltonian and then solve the necessary conditions to compute the optimal control and state trajectory that minimize

$$J = \int_0^1 u^2(t) dt$$

for the system  $\dot{x}(t) = -2x(t) + u(t)$  with initial state  $x(0) = 2$  and terminal state  $x(1) = 0$ . Plot the optimal control and state response using MATLAB.

Learning goals for this problem set:

**Problem 1:** To familiarize with the process of solving calculus of variations problems.

**Problem 2:** To learn how to solve calculus of variations problems involving multiple *independent* functions, and how to make the appropriate substitutions in the boundary conditions for the Euler equation.

**Problem 3** To learn how calculus of variations can be useful for physics problems.

**Problem 4 & 5** To familiarize with the Hamiltonian equations for optimal control.