```
% Function providing equality and inequality constraints
% ceq(var) = 0 and c(var) \setminus le 0
function [c,ceq] = constraint(var)
global N;
global T;
global y0;
global v0;
global m0;
global mf;
% Put here constraint inequalities
c = [];
% Note that var = [y;v;m;u]
y = var(1:N+1); v = var(N+2:2*N+2); m = var(2*N+3:3*N+3); u = var(3*N+4:4*N+4); % Note: var = [y;v;m;u]
% Computing dynamical constraints via the trapezoidal rule
h = 1.0*T/(1.0*N);
for i = 1:N
    % Provide here dynamical constraints via the trapeziodal formula
    [yDyn_i,vDyn_i,mDyn_i] = fDyn(y(i),v(i),m(i),u(i));
    [yDyn_ii,vDyn_ii,mDyn_ii] = fDyn(y(i+1),v(i+1),m(i+1),u(i+1));
    ceq(i) = y(i+1) - y(i) - h*(yDyn_i + yDyn_i)/2;
    ceq(i+N) = v(i+1) - v(i) - h*(vDyn_i + vDyn_i)/2;
    ceq(i+2*N) = m(i+1) - m(i) - h*(mDyn_i + mDyn_i)/2;
end
% Put here initial and final conditions
ceq(1+3*N) = y(1) - y0;
ceq(2+3*N) = v(1) - v0;
ceq(3+3*N) = m(1) - m0;
ceq(4+3*N) = m(end) - mf;
```

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