

Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana: Per Drop More Crop Are you sure you want to sign out? Cancel Sign Out English/à¹à²à³à´àµà¶à·à¸à¹àºà»à¼à½à¾à¿Sign In Back Details Benefits Eligibility Application Process Documents Required Frequently Asked Questions Sources And References Feedback Something went wrong. Please try again later. Ok You need to sign in before applying for schemes Cancel Sign In Something went wrong. Please try again later. Ok It seems you have already initiated your application earlier. To know more please visit Cancel Apply Now Check Eligibility Ministry Of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana: Per Drop More Crop Agriculture Crop Farmer Irrigation Water Harvesting Water Management Details The scheme à€œPradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana: Per Drop More Cropà€ was launched by the Dept. of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Govt. of India on 1st July 2015. The scheme mainly focuses on enhancing water use efficiency at the farm level through Micro Irrigation (Drip and Sprinkler Irrigation System). Besides, it also supports micro-level water storage, and water conservation/management activities (Other Interventions) to supplement source creation for Micro Irrigation. Objectives: Increase the area under micro irrigation technologies to enhance water use efficiency in the country. Increase the productivity of crops and income of farmers through precision water management. Promote micro-irrigation technologies in water-intensive/consuming crops like sugarcane, banana, cotton, etc., and give adequate focus to extend the coverage of field crops under micro-irrigation technologies. Make potential use of micro irrigation systems for promoting fertigation. Promote micro-irrigation technologies in water-scarce, water-stressed, and critical groundwater blocks/districts. Link tube-well / river-lift irrigation projects with micro irrigation technologies for the best use of energy both for lifting and pressurized irrigation as far as possible. Establish convergence and synergy with activities of ongoing programmes and schemes, particularly with created water sources for their potential use, integration of solar energy for pressurized irrigation, etc. Promote, develop, and disseminate micro irrigation technology for agriculture and horticulture development with modern scientific knowledge. Create employment opportunities for skilled and unskilled persons, especially unemployed youth for installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems. Important Features: Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) not only focuses on creating water sources for assured irrigation, but it also creating protective irrigation by harnessing rainwater at the micro level through à€™Jal Sanchayà€™ and à€™Jal Sinchanà€™. Micro irrigation is an integral component of the scheme to maximize water use efficiency at the farm level. There are four components to the scheme: Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP), Per Drop More Crop (PDMC), Har Khet Ko Pani, and Watershed Development Per Drop More Crop: to focus on micro-level storage structures, efficient water conveyance & application, precision irrigation systems, topping up of input cost beyond MGNREGA permissible limits, secondary storage, water lifting devices, extension activities, coordination & management - being implemented by DAC&FW. Nodal Department: Since the final outcome of PMKSY is to ensure access to efficient delivery and application of water at every farm thereby enhancing agricultural production & productivity, State Agriculture Department may be the Nodal Department for implementation of PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop). However, State Govt. is free to identify the nodal department based on the established institutional setup and mandate of the department. All communication between the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and the State Government would be preferable with and through the nodal department. States are free to identify dedicated implementing agencies/departments for the implementation of Per Drop More Crop. Benefits Financial assistance to farmers for the installation of irrigation components under Micro Irrigation (all assets/ water sources for this must be mandatorily linked with a Micro Irrigation system to achieve water use efficiency). Installation of drip or sprinkler irrigation in the farmersà€™ field for selected crops. Installation of the irrigation system can be done either by the farmers themselves or by the selection of any approved Micro Irrigation companies. The pattern of assistance payable to the beneficiary under the micro irrigation scheme will be 55% for small and marginal farmers and 45% for other farmers which will be met by both the Central Government and State Government in the ratio of 60:40 for all states except the North Eastern and Himalayan states. In the case of these states, the ratio of sharing is 90:10. For the Union Territories, the funding pattern is 100% granted by the Central Government. Direct Benefit Transfer into the accounts of farmers. Farmers can also avail benefits like water harvesting structures both at individual and community levels, water lifting devices for conveyance efficiency, and digging of a farm pond, under Other Interventions of Per Drop More Crop. Eligibility The applicant should be a citizen of India. All the farmers of the State & Union Territory are eligible to take the benefits of this scheme. The subsidy payable to the beneficiary will be limited to an overall ceiling of 5 hectares per beneficiary. Note 01: The beneficiary has to purchase only BIS-marked systems/components under the scheme. Note 02: The scheme is to be implemented through the mechanism of Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT). Aadhaar details of the beneficiary are required to access the benefit of the programme. Application Process Offline Step 1: The farmers, based on the requirement of their field & region, may contact their Block/District Agriculture Office through their respective Gram Panchayat. Further, the farmer may also contact the Agriculture Officer of their Block/District or call Kisan Call Centre (Toll-Free No. 1800-180-1551). Step 2: The farmers may approach the concerned authority and request/collect an application form for the scheme. Step 3: In the application form, fill in all the mandatory fields, paste the passport-sized photograph (signed across), and attach all the (self-attested) mandatory documents. Step 4: Submit the duly filled and signed application form along with the documents to the designated receiving authority. Step 5: Acquire the receipt/acknowledgment of the successful submission of the application form from the receiving authority. Documents Required Aadhaar Card Bank Account Details Address proof Passport size photograph Caste Certificate (If applicable) Proof of Agriculture land documents Domicile Certificate of State/UT Frequently Asked Questions What does this scheme focus on? The scheme mainly focuses on enhancing water use efficiency at the farm level through Micro Irrigation (Drip and Sprinkler Irrigation System). Besides, it also supports micro-level water storage, and water conservation/management activities (Other Interventions) to supplement source creation for Micro Irrigation. Which Ministry has Launched the Scheme? Department of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Government of India When was this scheme launched? The scheme was launched on 1st July 2015 What are the components of Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY)? It comprises four components, namely (i) Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP), (ii) Har Khet Ko Paani, (iii) Watershed Development (iv) Per Drop More Crop. Is it a centrally sponsored scheme? Yes, it is a centrally sponsored scheme. What is the pattern of assistance payable to the beneficiary under the micro irrigation scheme? The pattern of assistance payable to the beneficiary under the micro irrigation scheme will be 55% for small and marginal farmers and 45% for other farmers which will be met by both the Central Government and State Government in the ratio of 60:40 for all states except the North Eastern and Himalayan. What is the percentage of share of the Central Government and the North Eastern States? The ratio of sharing is 90:10. What is the funding pattern for the Union Territories under the scheme? For the Union Territories, the funding pattern is 100% grant by the Central Government. How will farmers be benefited from the scheme? Under the scheme, farmers may get support for their farm ponds and means of micro-irrigation like sprinkler irrigation & drip irrigation equipment. Besides, they may also get training on methods of crop management & water harvesting/management through assured irrigation. Who is eligible for the scheme? All the farmers of the State & Union Territory are eligible to take the benefits of this scheme. For how many hectares can farmers avail of financial assistance under the scheme? The financial assistance for the installation of a micro irrigation system will be limited to the overall ceiling of 5 hectares per beneficiary. How will the farmers receive financial assistance under the scheme? The scheme is to be implemented through the mechanism of Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT). Is an Aadhaar card mandatory for the beneficiary to avail of the benefits of the scheme? Yes, the Aadhaar details of the beneficiary are required to

access the benefit of the programme. Which is the nodal department for implementing the PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop)? State Agriculture Department may be the Nodal Department for the implementation of PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop). How will the state government identify the nodal departments? The state government is free to identify dedicated implementing agencies/departments for the implementation of Per Drop More Crop based on the established institutional setup and mandate of the department. All communication between the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and the State Government would be preferable with and through the nodal department. How can I apply under the scheme? The farmers, based on the requirement of their field & region, may contact their Block/District Agriculture Office through respective Gram Panchayat. Further, the farmer may also contact the Agriculture Officer of their Block/District or call Kisan Call Centre (Toll-Free No. 1800-180-1551). Sources And References

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The scheme “Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana: Per Drop More Crop” was launched by the Dept. of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture & Farmers Welfare, Govt. of India on 1st July 2015. The scheme mainly focuses on enhancing water use efficiency at the farm level through Micro Irrigation (Drip and Sprinkler Irrigation System). Besides, it also supports micro-level water storage, and water conservation/management activities (Other Interventions) to supplement source creation for Micro Irrigation.

Objectives: Increase the area under micro irrigation technologies to enhance water use efficiency in the country. Increase the productivity of crops and income of farmers through precision water management. Promote micro-irrigation technologies in water-intensive/consuming crops like sugarcane, banana, cotton, etc., and give adequate focus to extend the coverage of field crops under micro-irrigation technologies. Make potential use of micro irrigation systems for promoting fertigation. Promote micro-irrigation technologies in water-scarce, water-stressed, and critical groundwater blocks/districts. Link tube-well / river-lift irrigation projects with micro irrigation technologies for the best use of energy both for lifting and pressurized irrigation as far as possible. Establish convergence and synergy with activities of ongoing programmes and schemes, particularly with created water sources for their potential use, integration of solar energy for pressurized irrigation, etc. Promote, develop, and disseminate micro irrigation technology for agriculture and horticulture development with modern scientific knowledge. Create employment opportunities for skilled and unskilled persons, especially unemployed youth for installation and maintenance of micro irrigation systems.

Important Features: Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) not only focuses on creating water sources for assured irrigation, but it also creating protective irrigation by harnessing rainwater at the micro level through “Jal Sanchay”™ and “Jal Sinchan”™. Micro irrigation is an integral component of the scheme to maximize water use efficiency at the farm level. There are four components to the scheme: Accelerated Irrigation Benefit Programme (AIBP), Per Drop More Crop (PDMC), Har Khet Ko Pani, and Watershed Development.

Per Drop More Crop: to focus on micro-level storage structures, efficient water conveyance & application, precision irrigation systems, topping up of input cost beyond MGNREGA permissible limits, secondary storage, water lifting devices, extension activities, coordination & management - being implemented by DAC&FW.

Nodal Department: Since the final outcome of PMKSY is to ensure access to efficient delivery and application of water at every farm thereby enhancing agricultural production & productivity, State Agriculture Department may be the Nodal Department for implementation of PMKSY (Per Drop More Crop). However, State Govt. is free to identify the nodal department based on the established institutional setup and mandate of the department. All communication between the Ministry of Agriculture (MoA) and the State Government would be preferable with and through the nodal department. States are free to identify dedicated implementing agencies/departments for the implementation of Per Drop More Crop.

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