

Course Project
Phase 1: Process Management

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Introduction:

The project is to create a CPU scheduling algorithm simulator which will be able to emulate the process management usually used by OS. The project here is reading the list of process from a text file and based on user requirement is doing one of the below scheduling algorithm;

1. Shortest Job First (SJF)
2. First Come First Serve (FCFS)
3. Non-Preemptive Priority Scheduling (Priority)
4. Round Robin scheduling with Time Quantum Q

The program is also simulating the Process moving in and out of various Queues (READY vs WAITING) and updating the state of the process according to the process state cycle. Used CLI User Interface and modular design fashion using different modules based on the operating system function perform during CPU scheduling

Tools:

The project is built using ATOM IDE (we can use any IDE) and using java v1.8.

Assumption:

The section list down the assumptions that have been made for the project.

- SJF – Process having shortest burst time executed first.
- FCFS - Process arrived first executed first.
- ROUND-ROBIN - Process executed for the time quantum provided by the user as an input move back to the queue after completing the particular time quantum as its state halted after a while return as a current job to execute .
- PRIORITY NON-PREEMPTIVE - Process executed according to the priority where 1 is treated as highest priority

The Simulator is assuming all the processes are in the Queue but depending on its arrival time may or may not be Ready to be processed. In my project, I try to represent simulation of CPU scheduling using different aspect and concept of the operating system. I have consider the system current time in millisecond (unix time(epoch)) for calculating the time elapse between the process execution and the start, final and waiting time of the process. So I implied condition to match the system current system time with the process arrival time. I consider the state of the each process according to the process state cycle. So if the process is in the waiting state then with applying random probability process can change its state to ready. Maintain the state of each process as per the process state cycle. I am using various queue as Ready queue, Waiting queue as well as depending on the scheduling technique used priority queue and SJF Queue as a linked list and round robin queue as circular linked list.

Due to consideration of system current time in millisecond there is some overhead introduced in the program execution and writing various outputs and checks used in program.

How to Execute the Project

Part A:

Step 1: Go to Terminal or CMD prompt depending on the Operating system you are working with.

Step 2: Navigate to the Project folder

Step 3: Type `javac *.java` to compile all the files

Step 4: In order to verify the PART A of the project execute `"java Queue1"`

```
$ java Queue1
Running Unit Tests on Queue
*****
Process PID present in the Ready queue:
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
*****
Process PID present in the Waiting queue:
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
*****
Number of new process you want to insert in Queue: █
```

PART B:

For this part of project there are two ways to execute the scheduling algorithm.

Method 1: If you want to run all the algorithm at once you can execute by typing “./SimulationExecution.sh”. This will create the output file for each scheduling algorithm and one file which compares all the average waiting time.

```
$ ./SimulationExecution.sh
Simulation is Running
Running SJF
Output file is SJF.txt
Running Round Robin with Time Quantum 2
Output file is RR.txt
Running FCFS
Output file is FCFS.txt
Running Priority
Output file is Priority.txt
Simulation is done
```

Method 2:

If you want to run individual algorithm you can do it by typing as below;

1. java CPU "SJF" 0 to execute SJF
2. java CPU "ROUND ROBIN" 2 to execute Round-Robin with Time Quantum of n
3. java CPU "FCFS" 0 to run FCFS

4. `java CPU "PRIORITY" 0` to run Non-Preemptive Priority scheduling.

The output files are:

1. SJF.txt for SJF
2. FCFS.txt for FCFS
3. RR.txt for RoundRobin
4. Priority.txt for Priority
5. ProjectOutput.txt to compare average waiting time comparison.

Sample output files are also there for quick reference.

1. SJFOutput.txt
2. RoundRobinOutput.txt
3. FCFSOutput.txt
4. PRIORITYOutput.txt

Project Report:

PART A

1. Each process will be represented by its Process Control Block (PCB) and each process will be given a priority

In order to define PCB for each process I am calling `ProcessControlBlock.java` from my main program to create a PCB for each process that user has provided to simulation.

```
import java.util.Map;

public class ProcessControlBlock{
    // New State of the PCB (Default)
    public State pState = State.NEW;
    public int Pnumber=-1;
    public long arrival;
    public long burst;
    public long priority;

    // To save the State
    private Object[] registers = new Object[12];

    //To save the schedule
    private long schedule = -1;

    // Start time of the process
    private long startTime = -1;

    Process p;

    //Default
    public ProcessControlBlock(int PID,long arrival,long burst ,long priority )
    {
```

2. Each process info can be entered manually by user input or loaded from text file. Proper Error Handling is expected.

Using Java file reader and user input of desired algorithm I am reading the text file to get the list of process.

```
try {
    // FileReader.
    FileReader fileReader=new FileReader("newprocess.txt");
    BufferedReader bufferedReader =new BufferedReader(fileReader);
    while((line = bufferedReader.readLine()) != null)
    {
        nextPID++;
        StringTokenizer st2 = new StringTokenizer(line, ",");
        while (st2.hasMoreTokens())
        {
            PID= Integer.parseInt(st2.nextToken());
            arrival=Long.parseLong(st2.nextToken());
            burst=Long.parseLong(st2.nextToken());
            priority=Long.parseLong(st2.nextToken());

            Process p = cpu.newJob(PID,arrival,burst,priority);

            cpu.allocateJob(p);
        }
    }
}
```

3. Each PCB should have a uniform format

The process have following PCB format;

1. Process ID PID
2. Burst time: burst
3. Priority: priority
4. Arrival time: arrival

5. State: state of the process

```
//Default
public ProcessControlBlock(int PID,long arrival,long burst ,long priority )
{
    Pnumber = PID;
    arrival=arrival;
    burst=burst;
    priority=priority;
    pState = State.NEW;
    p = new Process(Pnumber,arrival,burst,priority);
    setStartTime(System.currentTimeMillis());
}
```

4. The collections of PCBs form single or doubly linked lists for all queues implemented in the system

I maintain various queue as Ready queue, Waiting queue using single link-list. Also depending on the scheduling technique used Priority, SJB and FCFS Queue are using single linked list and Round-Robin queue as circular linked list.

5. The Operation on Queue

To implement this part of the project I have created “Queue1.java” and “ProcessControlBlock1.java”.

The features are:

1. The program reads the process list from a user input file (newprocess.txt) and load the process into PCB.

```
$ java Queue1
Running Unit Tests on Queue
*****
Process PID present in the Ready queue:
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
*****
Process PID present in the Waiting queue:
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
*****
Number of new process you want to insert in Queue: █
```

2. The simulation also gives the user an option to add a process in either “Ready” or “Waiting” Queue. Below you can see the user add a process in Ready Queue with PID 6. The default position is tail


```
Number of new process you want to insert in Queue: 2
New processes you want to insert in the Queue :
Process ID : 6
Arrival Time : 12
Burst Time : 12
Priority : 6
Which queue want to enter the process. Select 1 for Ready queue or 0 for Waiting queue : 1
Printing Ready Queue with new processes added by default at tail of the Ready Queue
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
PID: 6 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:6
Printing Waiting Queue
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
```

The below user is able to insert a process in "Waiting" Queue.

```
New processes you want to insert in the Queue :
Process ID : 7
Arrival Time : 23
Burst Time : 12
Priority : 1
Which queue want to enter the process. Select 1 for Ready queue or 0 for Waiting queue : 0
Printing Waiting Queue with new processes added by default at tail of the Waiting Queue
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
PID: 7 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 23 Priority:1
Printing Ready Queue
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
PID: 6 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:6
Where you want insert the new process. State the PID of the process before which you want to insert the new process
Process ID of the process before which you want to insert : █
```

3. The simulation also gives user an option to insert a process between any current process

```
Where you want insert the new process. State the PID of the process before which you want to insert the new process
Process ID of the process before which you want to insert : 6
New processes you want to insert in the queue before 6 process. Enter the process Details:
Process ID : 9
Arrival Time : 12
Burst Time : 12
Priority : 1
Which queue want to enter the process:select 1 for ready queue or 0 for waiting queue
1
Printing Ready Queue
Insert before process id 9 to the before the given process id 6 afterwise insert at the tail by default if process id not found
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
PID: 9 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:1
PID: 6 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:6
Printing Waiting Queue
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
PID: 7 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 23 Priority:1
Which queue want to delete the process from :select 1 for ready queue or 0 for waiting queue █
```

4. The simulation also provide user with an option to delete the Process.

```
Printing Waiting Queue
PID: 3 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 Arrival Time (ms): 0 Priority:1
PID: 7 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 23 Priority:1
Which queue want to delete the process from :select 1 for ready queue or 0 for waiting queue 0
Enter process id you want to remove :3
Printing Queue Waiting queue
PID: 7 State: WAITING Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 23 Priority:1
Printing Ready Queue
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:2
PID: 2 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 Arrival Time (ms): 8 Priority:1
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 Arrival Time (ms): 2 Priority:3
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 Arrival Time (ms): 6 Priority:4
PID: 9 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:1
PID: 6 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 12 Arrival Time (ms): 12 Priority:6
```

6. The control program will call on different functions/methods to add/delete PCBs.

We have created below two functions which are going to add and remove PCB's


```
*/  
public void enqueue(ProcessControlBlock1 pcb){  
    if(head == null){  
        setHead(pcb);  
    }else{  
        //Tail should never be null, but we check for it for safety  
        if(tail == null){  
            tail = new Link(pcb);  
  
            Link node;  
            //Traverse  
            for(node = head; node.next != null; node = node.next){}  
            node.next = tail;  
        }else{  
            tail.next = new Link(pcb);  
            tail = tail.next;  
        }  
    }  
    size++;  
}  
  
/**  
 *Returns and removes the head of the list  
 *@return The head of the list.  
 */  
public ProcessControlBlock1 dequeue(){  
    if(tail == null && head == null){  
        //No structure exists  
        return null;  
    }else{  
        //Save the old head  
        Link temp = head;  
        head = head.next;  
        //Handle degenerate case of the list  
        tail = head == null ? null : tail;  
        size--;  
        return temp.getPCB();  
    }  
}
```

7. You also need some utility functions/methods to show the contents of different queues

For this I have implemented a function called “printQueue”.

```
/**
 *Prints the Queue.
 */
public void printQueue(){
    for(Link node = head; node != null; node = node.next){
        System.out.println(node.getPCB());
    }
}

System.out.println("Printing Ready Queue with new processes added by default at tail of the Ready Queue");
q.printQueue();
System.out.println("Printing Waiting Queue");
q1.printQueue();
}
else
{
    ProcessControlBlock1 pcb1 =new ProcessControlBlock1(processid,arrival_time,burst_time,priority);
    pcb1.doIO();
    q1.enqueue(pcb1);

    System.out.println("Printing Waiting Queue with new processes added by default at tail of the Waiting Queue");
    q1.printQueue();
    System.out.println("Printing Ready Queue");
    q.printQueue();
}
}
```

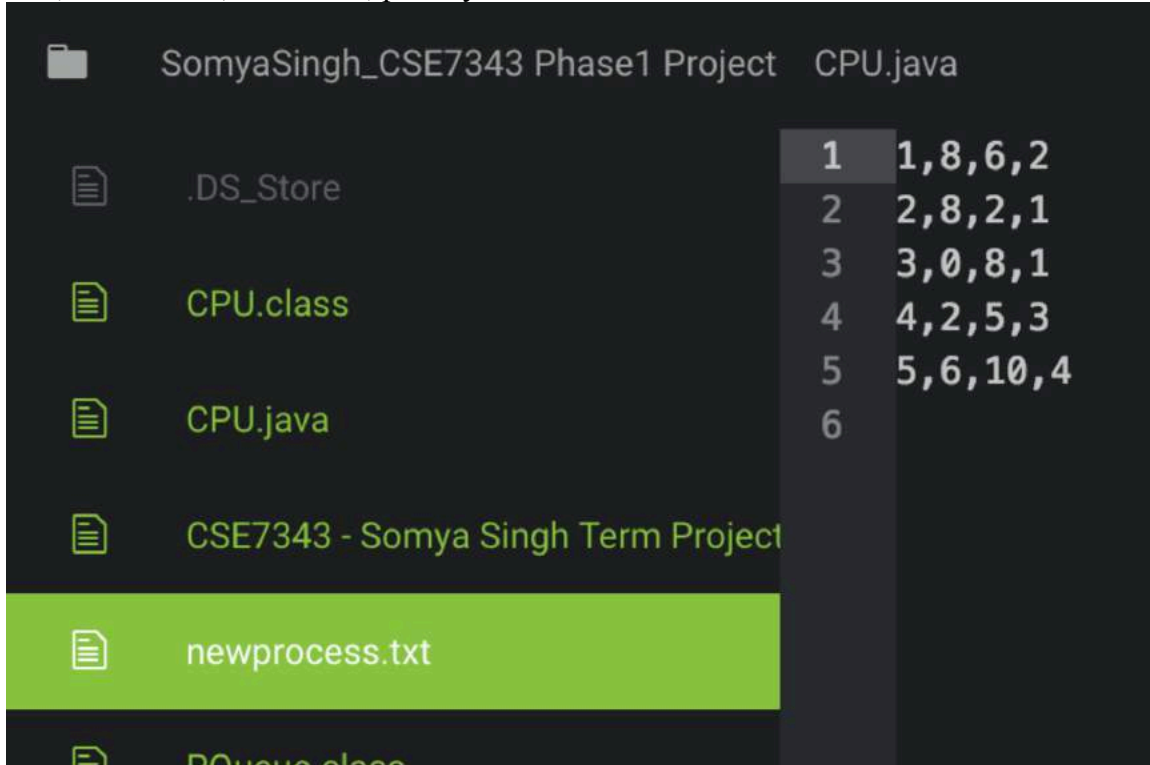
PART B: Implementing Scheduler

For this part of my project below are the important files with their mechanism;

1. CPU.java: This is my main program which is doing below functionality;
 - a. Reading the input file to get the list of all the processes.
 - b. Calls Queue java file to create a PCB for each process that user has defined in the input file
 - c. Schedule the PCB into the Queues using different scheduler.
 - d. Execute the jobs by fetching the processes from their Queues
 - e. If the process completes successfully it TERMINATES the process and remove it from Queue by changing its state to TERMINATED. Then it calculates the Start time, end time and total Wait time for each process
 - f. **Finally the program prints the "GANTT CHART" and average waiting time.**
2. Scheduler.java: This is the main scheduling program which calls the respective Queues to execute the process in the CPU.java.
3. Queue.java / SJBQueue / RoundRobinQueue / PriorityQueue : This helps to arrange the processes into their respective order based on scheduling algorithm used

4. ProcessControlBlock.java: This forms the PCB for process
5. State.java: which defines the various state of process

Input file is “newprocess.txt”. The columns are
PID, arrival time, burst time, priority



1	1,8,6,2
2	2,8,2,1
3	3,0,8,1
4	4,2,5,3
5	5,6,10,4
6	

The “SimulationExecution.sh” is the shell script which runs all the Scheduling algorithm at once and create an output file for each Scheduling algorithm. **It also create one single file which will have all the Average Waiting time “ProjectOutput.txt”**

```
1 FINAL_REPORT_START
2 *****
3 The Scheduling Algorithm Used :SJF
4 Average Waiting Time: 14
5 *****
6 FINAL_REPORT_END
7 FINAL_REPORT_START
8 *****
9 The Scheduling Algorithm Used :ROUND ROBIN
10 Average Waiting Time: 17
11 *****
12 FINAL_REPORT_END
13 FINAL_REPORT_START
14 *****
15 The Scheduling Algorithm Used :FCFS
16 Average Waiting Time: 16
17 *****
18 FINAL_REPORT_END
19 FINAL_REPORT_START
20 *****
21 The Scheduling Algorithm Used :PRIORITY
22 Average Waiting Time: 11
23 *****
24 FINAL_REPORT_END
25
```

Some of the sample screen shots are attached below:

For the below screen shot you can see the first step is allocating the job for each PID in the file and then depending on the algorithm it will pick and process the processes.

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For below we are using SJF which based on my input file should be starting with PID 2 followed by PID 4, 1, 3 and last 5.

This is by lowest to highest burst time.

```

1 1, 4, 6, 2
2 2, 4, 2, 1
3 3, 6, 8, 1
4 4, 3, 5, 3
5 5, 6, 10, 4
6

$ java CPU "SJF" 0
Allocating Job with PID 1 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 2 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 3 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 4 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 5 into Process List
Jobs Ready:
Running Simulation

*****
Fetching Job from Q
with PID 2
Current State of the CPU:
*****
List of processes:
PID: 1
PID: 2
PID: 3
PID: 4
PID: 5
*****
Current Process Queue
Scheduler using SJBQueue Type Queue Structure
Printing Queue.
PID: 2 State: HALTED Desired CPU Time (ms): 2
PID: 4 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 5
PID: 1 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 6
PID: 3 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 8
PID: 5 State: NEW Desired CPU Time (ms): 10

```

Finally once the scheduler is completed the user will be able to see the “GANTT Chart” with each process Start time, End Time , Waiting time and Average Waiting time


```
Fetching Job from Q  
No More Jobs on Queue. Exiting Simulation
```

```
CPU Stats:  
*****CPU STATS*****  
Hash Table Entry  
PID: 1 & START TIME: 1490921299535  
PID: 2 & START TIME: 1490921299525  
PID: 3 & START TIME: 1490921299543  
PID: 4 & START TIME: 1490921299529  
PID: 5 & START TIME: 1490921299551  
PID: 1 & FINAL TIME: 1490921299543  
PID: 2 & FINAL TIME: 1490921299529  
PID: 3 & FINAL TIME: 1490921299551  
PID: 4 & FINAL TIME: 1490921299534  
PID: 5 & FINAL TIME: 1490921299564  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 1 | StartTime: 1490921299535 | FinalTime: 1490921299543 |  
*****  
PID: 1 | Waiting Time: 12 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 2 | StartTime: 1490921299525 | FinalTime: 1490921299529 |  
*****  
PID: 2 | Waiting Time: 0 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 3 | StartTime: 1490921299543 | FinalTime: 1490921299551 |  
*****  
PID: 3 | Waiting Time: 26 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 4 | StartTime: 1490921299529 | FinalTime: 1490921299534 |  
*****  
PID: 4 | Waiting Time: 10 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 5 | StartTime: 1490921299551 | FinalTime: 1490921299564 |  
*****  
PID: 5 | Waiting Time: 27 |  
*****  
Averages:  
Waiting Time: 15
```

SJF

```
Fetching Job from Q  
No More Jobs on Queue. Exiting Simulation
```

```
CPU Stats:  
*****CPU STATS*****  
Hash Table Entry  
PID: 1 & START TIME: 1490921740407  
PID: 2 & START TIME: 1490921740404  
PID: 3 & START TIME: 1490921740393  
PID: 4 & START TIME: 1490921740414  
PID: 5 & START TIME: 1490921740421  
PID: 1 & FINAL TIME: 1490921740413  
PID: 2 & FINAL TIME: 1490921740406  
PID: 3 & FINAL TIME: 1490921740404  
PID: 4 & FINAL TIME: 1490921740420  
PID: 5 & FINAL TIME: 1490921740433  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 1 | StartTime: 1490921740407 | FinalTime: 1490921740413 |  
*****  
PID: 1 | Waiting Time: 10 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 2 | StartTime: 1490921740404 | FinalTime: 1490921740406 |  
*****  
PID: 2 | Waiting Time: 4 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 3 | StartTime: 1490921740393 | FinalTime: 1490921740404 |  
*****  
PID: 3 | Waiting Time: 1 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 4 | StartTime: 1490921740414 | FinalTime: 1490921740420 |  
*****  
PID: 4 | Waiting Time: 20 |  
*****GANNT CHART*****  
PID: 5 | StartTime: 1490921740421 | FinalTime: 1490921740433 |  
*****  
PID: 5 | Waiting Time: 23 |  
*****  
Averages:  
Waiting Time: 11
```

Non-
preemptive
PRIORITY


```
*****
Fetching Job from Q
No More Jobs on Queue. Exiting Simulation

CPU Stats:
*****CPU STATS*****
Hash Table Entry
PID: 1 & START TIME: 1490922260185
PID: 2 & START TIME: 1490922260115
PID: 3 & START TIME: 1490922260193
PID: 4 & START TIME: 1490922260162
PID: 5 & START TIME: 1490922260214
PID: 1 & FINAL TIME: 1490922260192
PID: 2 & FINAL TIME: 1490922260117
PID: 3 & FINAL TIME: 1490922260202
PID: 4 & FINAL TIME: 1490922260171
PID: 5 & FINAL TIME: 1490922260226
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 1 | StartTime: 1490922260185 | FinalTime: 1490922260192 |
*****
PID: 1 | Waiting Time: 30 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 2 | StartTime: 1490922260115 | FinalTime: 1490922260117 |
*****
PID: 2 | Waiting Time: 35 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 3 | StartTime: 1490922260193 | FinalTime: 1490922260202 |
*****
PID: 3 | Waiting Time: 8 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 4 | StartTime: 1490922260162 | FinalTime: 1490922260171 |
*****
PID: 4 | Waiting Time: 18 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 5 | StartTime: 1490922260214 | FinalTime: 1490922260226 |
*****
PID: 5 | Waiting Time: 18 |
=====
Averages:
Waiting Time: 21
=====
```

ROUND ROBIN

```
*****
Fetching Job from Q
No More Jobs on Queue. Exiting Simulation
```

```
CPU Stats:
*****CPU STATS*****
Hash Table Entry
PID: 1 & START TIME: 1490922080859
PID: 2 & START TIME: 1490922080866
PID: 3 & START TIME: 1490922080829
PID: 4 & START TIME: 1490922080840
PID: 5 & START TIME: 1490922080846
PID: 1 & FINAL TIME: 1490922080866
PID: 2 & FINAL TIME: 1490922080869
PID: 3 & FINAL TIME: 1490922080838
PID: 4 & FINAL TIME: 1490922080845
PID: 5 & FINAL TIME: 1490922080858
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 1 | StartTime: 1490922080859 | FinalTime: 1490922080866 |
*****
PID: 1 | Waiting Time: 25 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 2 | StartTime: 1490922080866 | FinalTime: 1490922080869 |
*****
PID: 2 | Waiting Time: 30 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 3 | StartTime: 1490922080829 | FinalTime: 1490922080838 |
*****
PID: 3 | Waiting Time: 0 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 4 | StartTime: 1490922080840 | FinalTime: 1490922080845 |
*****
PID: 4 | Waiting Time: 9 |
*****GANNT CHART*****
PID: 5 | StartTime: 1490922080846 | FinalTime: 1490922080858 |
*****
PID: 5 | Waiting Time: 11 |
=====
Averages:
Waiting Time: 15
=====
```

FCFS

Also for Round Robin based on user input of Time quantum the scheduler is moving process in and out of active working. For below you can see the Time Quantum defines is 2 and the Process burst time was 8 so it executed it for 2 sec and then moved the process to HALTED state with time left as 6.

```
s java CPU "ROUND ROBIN" 2
Time Quantum 0:2
Allocating Job with PID 1 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 2 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 3 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 4 into Process List
Allocating Job with PID 5 into Process List
Jobs Ready:
Running Simulation

*****
Fetching Job from Q
with PID 1
Current State of the CPU:

List of processes:
PID: 1
PID: 2
PID: 3
PID: 4
PID: 5
*****
Current Process Queue:
Scheduler using RoundRobinQueue Type Queue Structure
Time Quantum: 2
Printing Queue:
PID: 2 Desired CPU Time (ms): 2 State: NEW Time Left: 2
PID: 3 Desired CPU Time (ms): 8 State: NEW Time Left: 8
PID: 4 Desired CPU Time (ms): 5 State: NEW Time Left: 5
PID: 5 Desired CPU Time (ms): 10 State: NEW Time Left: 10
PID: 1 Desired CPU Time (ms): 6 State: HALTED Time Left: 6
*****
Fetching Job from Q
with PID 2
Current State of the CPU:
*****
```

JAVA Packages used:

```
import java.io.*
import java.util.*
import java.net.*
```