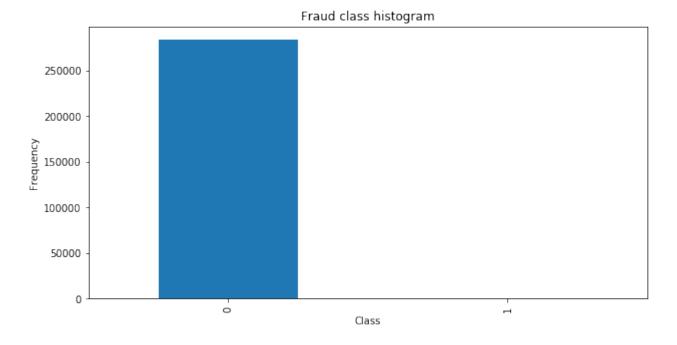
```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        from collections import Counter
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        import imblearn as il
        from imblearn.over sampling import SMOTE
        from imblearn.combine import SMOTEENN
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        %matplotlib inline
        from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.metrics import recall score
        from sklearn.metrics import average precision score
        from sklearn.metrics import precision recall curve
        pd.set_option('display.max rows', 500)
        pd.set option('display.max columns', 500)
        pd.set option('display.float format', lambda x: '%.4f' % x)
In [2]: data = pd.read csv("/Users/sonia/Downloads/creditcard.csv")
In [4]: count_classes = pd.value_counts(data['Class'], sort = True).sort_index()
        count classes
Out[4]: 0
             284315
                492
        1
```

Name: Class, dtype: int64

Out[5]: Text(0,0.5,'Frequency')



In [6]: data.isnull().sum()

Out[6]:	Time	0
	V1	0
	V2	0
	V3	0
	V4	0
	V5	0
	V6	0
	V7	0
	V8	0
	V9	0
	V10	0
	V11	0
	V12	0
	V13	0
	V14	0
	V15	0
	V16	0
	V17	0
	V18	0
	V19	0
	V20	0
	V21	0
	V22	0
	V23	0
	V24	0
	V25	0
	V26	0
	V27	0
	V28	0
	Amount	0
	Class	0
	dtype:	int64

In [7]: data.describe()

Out[7]:

	Time	V 1	V2	V 3	V 4	V 5	1
count	284807.0000	284807.0000	284807.0000	284807.0000	284807.0000	284807.0000	284807.00
mean	94813.8596	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.0000	-0.0000	0.000
std	47488.1460	1.9587	1.6513	1.5163	1.4159	1.3802	1.33
min	0.0000	-56.4075	-72.7157	-48.3256	-5.6832	-113.7433	-26.16
25%	54201.5000	-0.9204	-0.5985	-0.8904	-0.8486	-0.6916	-0.76
50%	84692.0000	0.0181	0.0655	0.1798	-0.0198	-0.0543	-0.27
75%	139320.5000	1.3156	0.8037	1.0272	0.7433	0.6119	0.39
max	172792.0000	2.4549	22.0577	9.3826	16.8753	34.8017	73.30°

In [9]: cols = list(data.columns.values)

```
In [10]: cols
Out[10]: ['Time',
           'V1',
           'V2',
           'V3',
           'V4',
           'V5',
           'V6',
           'V7',
           'V8',
           'V9',
           'V10',
           'V11',
           'V12',
           'V13',
           'V14',
           'V15',
           'V16',
           'V17',
           'V18',
           'V19',
           'V20',
           'V21',
           'V22',
           'V23',
           'V24',
           'V25',
           'V26',
           'V27',
           'V28',
           'Amount',
           'Class']
In [11]: X = data.iloc[:, data.columns != 'Class']
          Y = data.iloc[:, data.columns == 'Class']
In [12]: Y.shape
Out[12]: (284807, 1)
In [13]: X.shape
Out[13]: (284807, 30)
```

```
In [14]: print('Class labels:', np.unique(Y))
         Class labels: [0 1]
In [15]: X train, X test, Y train, Y test = train test split(X, Y, test size=0.1,
In [16]: train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train, Y_train,test size
In [17]: | lr = LogisticRegression(random state=0)
In [18]: | lr.fit(x train, y train)
         /anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/linear model/logistic.p
         y:433: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in 0.2
         2. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
           FutureWarning)
         /anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:761
         : DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array
         was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n samples, ), for examp
         le using ravel().
           y = column or 1d(y, warn=True)
Out[18]: LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class weight=None, dual=False, fit intercept
         =True,
                   intercept scaling=1, max iter=100, multi class='warn',
                   n jobs=None, penalty='12', random state=0, solver='warn',
                   tol=0.0001, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [19]: | print('Validation Results')
         print('Accuracy: ', lr.score(x val, y val))
         print('Recall Score: ', recall score(y val, lr.predict(x val)))
         Validation Results
         Accuracy: 0.9990246947294503
         Recall Score: 0.5121951219512195
In [20]: print('Test Results')
         print('Accuracy: ', lr.score(X test, Y test))
         print('Recall Score: ', recall score(Y test, lr.predict(X test)))
         Test Results
         Accuracy: 0.9990168884519505
```

Recall Score: 0.5636363636363636

```
In [21]: sm = SMOTE(random_state=12, ratio = 'auto', kind = 'regular')
In [22]: | x_train_res, y_train_res = sm.fit_sample(x_train, y_train)
         print('Resampled dataset shape {}'.format(Counter(y train res)))
         /anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:761
         : DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array
         was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n samples, ), for examp
         le using ravel().
           y = column or 1d(y, warn=True)
         Resampled dataset shape Counter({0: 230297, 1: 230297})
In [23]: sm logr = LogisticRegression(random state=0)
         sm logr.fit(x train res, y train res)
         /anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/linear model/logistic.p
         y:433: FutureWarning: Default solver will be changed to 'lbfgs' in 0.2
         2. Specify a solver to silence this warning.
           FutureWarning)
Out[23]: LogisticRegression(C=1.0, class weight=None, dual=False, fit intercept
         =True,
                   intercept scaling=1, max iter=100, multi class='warn',
                   n jobs=None, penalty='12', random state=0, solver='warn',
                   tol=0.0001, verbose=0, warm start=False)
In [24]: print('Validation Results')
         print('Accuracy: ', sm_logr.score(x_val, y_val))
         print('Recall Score: ', recall score(y val, sm logr.predict(x val)))
         Validation Results
         Accuracy: 0.9855264697850428
         Recall Score: 0.7804878048780488
In [25]: print('Test Results')
         print('Accuracy: ', sm logr.score(X test, Y test))
         print('Recall Score: ', recall_score(Y_test, sm_logr.predict(X_test)))
         Test Results
         Accuracy: 0.9853937712861206
         Recall Score: 0.9090909090909091
 In [ ]:
```