## Assignment - 9 A Job Ready Bootcamp in C++, DSA and IOT MySirG

## **Switch Case Problems**

1. Write a program which takes the month number as an input and display number of days in that month.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
  int month;
  printf("Enter the month number: ");
  scanf("%d",&month);
  switch(month)
  {
     case(1):
       printf("31");
       break;
     case(3):
       printf("31");
       break;
     case(5):
       printf("31");
       break;
     case(7):
       printf("31");
       break;
     case(8):
       printf("31");
       break;
```

```
case(10):
     printf("31");
     break;
  case(12):
     printf("31");
     break;
  case(4):
     printf("30");
     break;
  case(6):
     printf("30");
     break;
  case(9):
     printf("30");
     break;
  case(11):
     printf("30");
     break;
  case(2):
     printf("28 or 29");
     break;
  default:
     printf("not a month");
     break;
}
return 0;
```

}

2. Write a menu driven program with the following options:

```
a. Addition
b. Subtraction
c. Multiplication
d. Division
e. Exit
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
  int a,b,i=1;
  int operation;
  while(i)
  {
     printf("enter what you want to do: 1 for addition, 2 for substraction
, 3 for multiplication , 4 for division , 5 for exit.\n");
     scanf("%d",&operation);
     switch(operation)
     {
        case(1):
          printf("enter two numbers:");
          scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
          printf("addition is %d\n",a+b);
          break;
        case(2):
          printf("enter two numbers:");
          scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
          printf("substraction is %d\n",a+b);
          break;
        case(3):
          printf("enter two numbers:");
          scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
          printf("multiplication is %d\n",a-b);
```

```
break;
case(4):
    printf("enter two numbers:");
    scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
    printf("multiplication is %d\n",a*b);
    break;
case(5):
    exit(0);
break;
default:
    printf("enter correct key.\n");
}
return(0);
}
```

3. Write a program which takes the day number of a week and displays a unique greeting message for the day.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int day;
    printf("enter the week day: ");
    scanf("%d",&day);
    switch(day)
    {
        case(1):
            printf("It's Sunday! May your day go peaceful.");
```

```
break;
        case(2):
          printf("It's Monday! Be energetic!");
          break;
        case(3):
          printf("It's Tuesday! Start new things. Best of luck! ");
          break;
       case(4):
          printf("It's Wednesday !Have a great day! ");
          break;
       case(5):
          printf("It's Thursday! A pious and happy day!");
          break;
        case(6):
          printf("It's Friday! Weekend is nearer!");
        case(7):
          printf("It's Saturday! Half day work load! A happy day!");
        default:
          printf("Please enter correct day number..");
  }
     return(0);
}
```

- 4. Write a menu driven program with the following options: a. Check whether a given set of three numbers are lengths of an isosceles triangle or not
  - b. Check whether a given set of three numbers are lengths of sides of a right angled triangle or not
  - c. Check whether a given set of three numbers are equilateral triangle or not

```
d. Exit
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
  int i=1,triangle;
  float a,b,c;
  while(i)
     printf("\nenter what to check: 1. Check whether a given set of three
numbers are lengths of an isosceles triangle or not 2. Check whether a
given set of three numbers are lengths of sides of a right angled triangle
or not 3. Check whether a given set of three numbers are equilateral
triangle or not 4. Exit \n ");
     scanf("%d",&triangle);
     switch(triangle)
          case(1):
             printf("Enter lengths of the sides of the triangle: ");
             scanf("%f %f %f",&a,&b,&c);
             if(a+b>c && a+c>b && b+c>a && (a==b && a==c))
               printf("Isosceles triangle.");
               printf("Not a isosceles triangle ");
             break;
          case(2):
             printf("Enter lengths of the sides of the triangle: ");
             scanf("%f %f %f",&a,&b,&c);
             if(a+b>c && a+c>b && b+c>a &&
(a*a==b*b+c*c)||(b*b==a*a+c*c)||(c*c==a*a+b*b))
               printf("Right angled triangle.");
               printf("Not a Right angled triangle.");
             break;
          case(3):
             printf("Enter lengths of the sides of the triangle: ");
```

```
scanf("%f %f %f",&a,&b,&c);
if(a+b>c && a+c>b && b+c>a && (a==b)||(b==c)||(a==c))
printf("Equilateral triangle.");
else
printf("Not an equilateral triangle.");
break;
case(4):
exit(0);
break;
default:
printf("Please enter correct key.");

}
return(0);
}
```

5. Convert the following if-else-if construct into switch case:

```
scanf("%d",&var);
     switch(var)
     {
          case(1):
             printf("Good.");
             break;
          case(2):
             printf("Better.");
             break;
          case(3):
             printf("Best.");
             break;
          default:
             printf("Invalid.");
     return(0);
}
```

6. Program to check whether a year is a leap year or not. Using switch statement

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
{
```

```
int no, year;
  printf("enter the year you want-1 for century year, 2 for non
century year: ");
  scanf("%d",&no);
  switch(no)
  {
       case(1):
          printf("Enter the year: ");
          scanf("%d",&year);
          if(year%400==0)
             printf("Leap year.");
          else
             printf("Not a leap year.");
          break;
       case(2):
          printf("Enter the year: ");
          scanf("%d",&year);
```

7. Program to take the value from the user as input electricity unit charges and calculate total electricity bill according to the given condition. Using the switch statement.

For the first 50 units Rs. 0.50/unit For the next 100 units Rs. 0.75/unit For the next 100 units Rs. 1.20/unit

```
For units above 250 Rs. 1.50/unit
An additional surcharge of 20% is added to the bill.
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
  int units,n;
  float bill;
     printf("Enter the units of electricity used: ");
     scanf("%d",&units);
     printf("Enter 1 for less than or equal to 50 units. 2 for less than or
equal to 150 units 3 for less than or equal to 250 units and 4 for units
greater than 250.");
     scanf("%d",&n);
           switch(n)
       {
             case(1):
               bill=units*0.5+0.2;
               printf("Total electricity bill is %f",bill);
                break;
             case(2):
                  bill=50*0.5+(units-50)*0.75+0.2;
               printf("Total electricity bill is %f",bill);
                break;
             case(3):
                  bill=50*0.5+100*0.75+(units-150)*1.20+.2;
               printf("Total electricity bill is %f",bill);
               break:
             case(4):
                  bill=50*0.5+100*0.75+100*1.20+(units-250)*1.50;
               printf("Total electricity bill is %f",bill);
               break:
             default:
               printf("Invalid.Please, enter again");
```

```
break;
}
return(0);
}
```

8. Program to convert a positive number into a negative number and negative number into a positive number using a switch statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
  int a,num;
  printf("Enter a number:1 for +ve number and 2 for -ve number.");
  scanf("%d",&a);
  switch(a)
  {
     case(1):
       printf("enter the number: ");
       scanf("%d",&num);
       printf("%d",-1*num);
       break;
     case(2):
       printf("enter the number: ");
       scanf("%d",&num);
       printf("%d",-1*num);
       break;
     default:
       printf("Invalid.");
       break;
  }
```

```
return 0;
```

9. Program to Convert even number into its upper nearest odd number Switch Statement.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
{
  int a,n;
  printf("Enter 1 for even 2 for odd: ");
  scanf("%d",&a);
  switch(a)
  {
     case(1):
       printf("enter the number: ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("%d",n+1);
       break;
     case(2):
       printf("enter the number: ");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       printf("%d",n+1);
       break;
     default:
       printf("invalid");
       break;
  }
  return 0;
```

```
10. C program to find all roots of a quadratic equation using switch case
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
int main()
  int a,b,c,d,root;
  printf("Enter the coefficients of unknown: ");
  scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
  d=(b*b-4*a*c);
  printf("d=%d",d);
  printf("Enter 1 if d>0, 2 if d=0 and 3 if d<0");
  scanf("%d",&root);
  switch(root)
  {
     case(1):
       printf("Roots are real and distinct. %d %d",(-b+d)/(2*a),(-b-d)/(2*a));
       break;
     case(2):
       printf("Roots are real and equal. %d",-b/(2*a));
       break;
     case(3):
        printf("Roots are imaginary.");
     default:
       printf("Invalid.");
       break;
  }
  return 0;
}
```