Linux Project Automatic Backup of one server to another server using Rsync & Crontab

Backup today is a lifeline to the future for small, medium, and enterprise organizations. That's because data is the world's most valuable resource and you have to protect it. So to protect our data we can implement security

Of course, to ensure that's true no matter what happens — from natural disasters and human error to ransomware attacks -

A backup plan that includes local and cloud backup

In this project I have implemented ssh to access remote server and used rsync utility to take a backup from one machine to another remote machine.

Rsync

rsync is a powerful command-line tool for syncing files and directories between two locations. It's commonly used for backups and mirroring data, thanks to its efficiency and versatility.

rsync is a versatile tool that provides efficient file synchronization and copying capabilities. Whether you're performing local backups, syncing files across different systems, or automating routine tasks, rsync offers robust features that can be customized to suit various use cases in Linux environments.

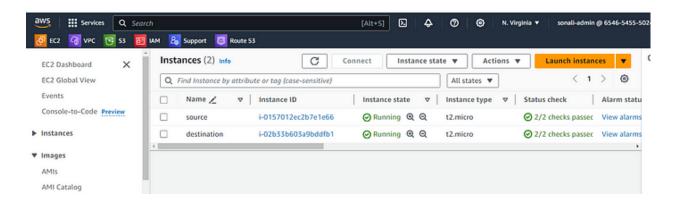
Crontab

The crontab command in Linux is used to schedule tasks (commands or scripts) to run automatically at specified intervals or times. Using crontab, you can automate repetitive tasks, backups, system maintenance, and more, making it a powerful tool for managing routine tasks on Linux systems.

Introduction

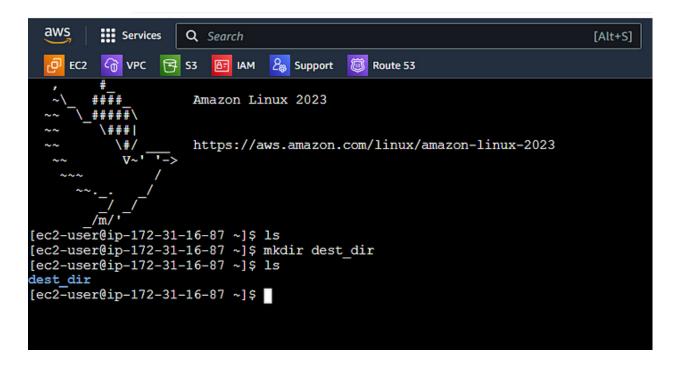
Automating backups in Linux using cron and rsync is a practical approach to ensure regular and reliable backups of your important data. Here's a step-by-step guide to set it up:

- · Launch two instances.
- Connect the instances.



- Check the repo list (yum repolist all or ls /etc/yum.repos.d)
- Install the rsync command (sudo yum install rsync -y)
- On the destination instance also check the repolist and install the rsync command.
- Create one directory in source instance

Create one directory in Destination instance

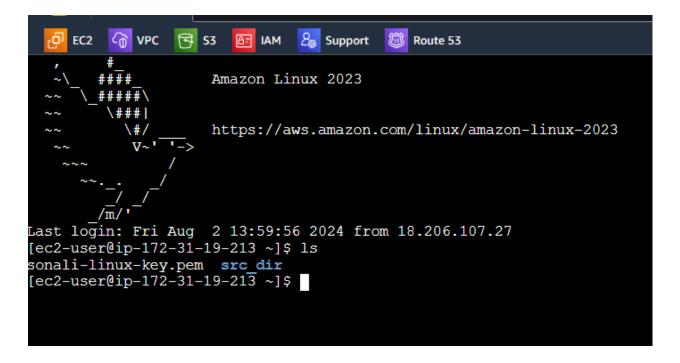


• Copy your key from physical machine to virtual machine.

```
admin@DESKTOP-CLT1FU5 MINGW64 ~/Downloads (master)
$ scp -i "sonali-linux-key.pem" /c/Users/admin/Downloads/sonali-linux-key.pem ec
2-user@ec2-34-207-234-210.compute-1.amazonaws.com:
The authenticity of host 'ec2-34-207-234-210.compute-1.amazonaws.com (34.207.234
.210)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:I7hOPvnA4xeg5gPJJCAmYQdGz6XT2wGOv4WCFvSncKc.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-34-207-234-210.compute-1.amazonaws.com' (ED25519)
) to the list of known hosts.
sonali-linux-key.pem

admin@DESKTOP-CLT1FU5 MINGW64 ~/Downloads (master)
$
```

Key is copied in Source Instance.



By writing rsync command manually copied file from source to destination.

sudo rsync -avz -e "ssh -i /home/ec2-user/sonali-linux-key.pem" /home/ec2-user/src_dir/* ec2-user@ec2-54-167-114-62.compute-.amazonaws.com: /home/ec2-user/dest_dir

```
aWS | Services | Q. Search | [Alt+S] | Q. | ② | N. Virginia ▼ | sonali-admin @ 6546-5455-6555 |

© EC2 | VPC | S3 | EMM | B3 | Support | Route S3 |

Connection to ec2-54-167-114-62.compute-1.amazonaws.com closed.

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~] $ 1s

sonali-linux-key.pem ssc dir

[ec2-user&ip-172-31-19-213 ~] $ sudo rsync -avz -e "ssh -i /home/ec2-user/sonali-linux-key.pem" /home/ec2-user/src_dir/* ec2-user@ec2-54-167-114-62.compute-1.amazonaws.com:/home/ec2-user/dest_dir

sending incremental file list

file1

file2

file3

file4

file5

file6

file6

file7

file8

file9

sent 546 bytes received 206 bytes 1,504.00 bytes/sec

total size is 0 speedup is 0.00

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~] $ ■
```

File is copied in destination.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ ls
file1 file10 file2 file3 file4 file5 file6 file7 file8 file9
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$
```

we deleted all the file which we have copied from source

```
EC2 GO VPC S3 AS IAM & Support S Route 53

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ ls

file1 file10 file2 file3 file4 file5 file6 file7 file8 file9

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ sudo rm -f *

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ ls

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 

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[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ 
[ec2-user@ip-172-3
```

We are creating backup.sh file to automate the backup.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo vim /root/backup.sh
```

· backup.sh file

Changed permission of backup.sh file

```
[ec2-user@ip-1/2-41-19-213 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo vim /root/backup.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo chmod +x /root/backup.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$
```

• Creating a cronjob for automate the backup

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -e
```

• Faced This issue

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -e sudo: crontab: command not found [ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ 

□
```

- Troubleshoot above error by installing crontab.
- Enable crontab

```
(ecz-usereip-1/2-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -e
sudo: crontab: command not found
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo yum install cronie
Last metadata expiration check: 2:25:24 ago on Fri Aug
Dependencies resolved.
                                                                                              2 13:48:08 2024.
                                                        Architecture
                                                                                                  Version
                                                                                                                                                                     Repository
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Size
Package
Installing:
                                                                                                  1.5.7-1.amzn2023.0.2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                       115 k
                                                        x86_64
                                                                                                                                                                     amazonlinux
Installing dependencies:
                                                        x86 64
                                                                                                  1.5.7-1.amzn2023.0.2
                                                                                                                                                                     amazonlinux
                                                                                                                                                                                                                         32 k
Transaction Summary
Install 2 Packages
Total download size: 147 k
(nstalled size: 341 k
fs this ok (y/N): y
Downloading Packages:
(1/2): cronie-anacron-1.5.7-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm
(2/2): cronie-1.5.7-1.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64.rpm
                                                                                                                                                                         524 kB/s | 32 kB
1.7 MB/s | 115 kB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                00:00
                                                                                                                                                                          1.1 MB/s | 147 kB
                                                                                                                                                                                                                00:00
 unning transaction check
ransaction check succeede
```

In Crontab we have written command directly

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -e
crontab: installing new crontab
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -1
* * * * * * sudo rsync -av -e "ssh -i /home/ec2-user/sonali-linux-key.pem" /home/ec2-user/src_dir/* ec2-user@ec2-107-21-72-30.comput
e-1.amazonaws.com:/home/ec2-user/dest_dir
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-213 ~]$ |
```

Copied file in destination

```
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[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ ls

file1 file10 file2 file3 file4 file5 file6 file7 file8 file9

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ |
```

Assigned Executable permission to backup.sh file. Permission changed.

```
-rwxr-xr-x. 1 root root 175 Aug 3 07:51 backup.sh
drwxr-xr-x. 2 root root 137 Aug 3 07:06 ec2-user@e
[root@ip=172-31-19-213 ~]#
logout
[ec2-user@ip=172-31-19-213 ~]$ sudo crontab -1
* * * * * * /bin/bash /root/backup.sh
[ec2-user@ip=172-31-19-213 ~]$
```

Crontab written with scripting file.

• Copied file.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ ls

file1 file10 file2 file3 file4 file5 file6 file7 file8 file9

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$ [ec2-user@ip-172-31-16-87 dest_dir]$
```

Summary

Following these steps, you can effectively automate backups using cron and rsync on your Linux system. This setup provides a robust solution for maintaining regular backups of critical files.