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C-29

SPP-II

Experiment No.:- 11

Title:- Array.

❖ List:-

- 1. Create a Python list of the first 10 natural numbers. Print the 5th element using indexing.**

```
def list():  
  
    natural_numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]  
  
    print(f"List: {natural_numbers}")  
  
    fifth_element = natural_numbers[4]  
  
    print(f"The 5th element (at index 4) is: {fifth_element}")  
  
    list()
```

```
List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]  
The 5th element (at index 4) is: 5
```

- 2. Make a list of 10 random integers. Slice the list to print only the first 5 elements.**

```
import random  
  
def slice():  
  
    random_numbers = [random.randint(1, 100) for _ in range(10)]  
  
    print(f"Original 10 numbers: {random_numbers}")  
  
    first_five = random_numbers[:5]  
  
    print(f"The first 5 elements: {first_five}")  
  
    slice()
```

```
Original 10 numbers: [92, 25, 91, 62, 13, 10, 10, 78, 31, 55]  
The first 5 elements: [92, 25, 91, 62, 13]
```

- 3. Create a list [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]. Append the number 6 and print the list.**

```
def append():  
  
    my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

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```
print(f"Original list: {my_list}")

my_list.append(6)

print(f"List after appending 6: {my_list}")

append()
```

```
Original list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
List after appending 6: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

4. Create a list [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]. Remove the element at index 2.

```
def remove():

my_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]

print(f"Original list: {my_list}")

del my_list[2]

print(f"List after removing element at index 2: {my_list}")

if __name__ == "__main__":

remove()
```

```
Original list: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
List after removing element at index 2: [10, 20, 40, 50]
```

5. Create a list [1,2,3,4,5]. Replace the 3rd element with 99.

```
def replace():

my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

print(f"Original list: {my_list}")

my_list[2] = 99

print(f"List after replacing 3rd element with 99: {my_list}")

if __name__ == "__main__":

replace()
```

```
Original list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
List after replacing 3rd element with 99: [1, 2, 99, 4, 5]
```

6. Create two lists [1,2,3] and [4,5,6]. Concatenate them.

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```
def concatenation():  
  
    list_a = [1, 2, 3]  
  
    list_b = [4, 5, 6]  
  
    print(f"List A: {list_a}")  
  
    print(f"List B: {list_b}")  
  
    combined_list = list_a + list_b  
  
    print(f"Concatenated list: {combined_list}")  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
  
    concatenation()
```

```
List A: [1, 2, 3]  
List B: [4, 5, 6]  
Concatenated list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

7. Create a nested list [[1,2,3], [4,5,6], [7,8,9]]. Print the element 5.

```
def nested():  
  
    nested_list = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]  
  
    print(f"Nested list: {nested_list}")  
  
    element_five = nested_list[1][1]  
  
    print(f"The element 5 is found at index [1][1]: {element_five}")  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
  
    nested()
```

```
Nested list: [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]  
The element 5 is found at index [1][1]: 5
```

8. Create a list of numbers from 1 to 20. Slice and print only the even numbers.

```
def step_slicing():  
  
    numbers_20 = list(range(1, 21))  
  
    print(f"Full list (1-20): {numbers_20}")  
  
    even_numbers = numbers_20[1::2]  
  
    print(f"Even numbers only (sliced with step 2): {even_numbers}")
```

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```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
Full list (1-20): [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20]
Even numbers only (sliced with step 2): [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20]
```

```
step_slicing()
```

❖ Array:-

1. Create an integer array [10,20,30,40,50]. Print the third element.

```
def indexing():
```

```
integer_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
```

```
print(f"List created: {integer_list}")
```

```
third_element = integer_list[2]
```

```
print(f"The third element (at index 2) is: {third_element}")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
indexing()
```

```
Array created (Type 'i'): array('i', [1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
Sliced elements (index 1 to 3): array('i', [2, 3, 4])
```

2. Create an array of type 'i' (integers). Insert numbers from 1 to 5. Slice and print elements at index 1–3.

```
import array
```

```
def run_exercise_2():
```

```
my_array = array.array('i', [1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
```

```
print(f"Array created (Type 'i'): {my_array}")
```

```
sliced_elements = my_array[1:4]
```

```
print(f"Sliced elements (index 1 to 3): {sliced_elements}")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
run_exercise_2()
```

```
List created: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
The third element (at index 2) is: 30
```

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3. Create an integer array [2,4,6,8,10]. Append 12 to the array.

```
def append():  
  
    integer_list = [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]  
  
    print(f"Original list: {integer_list}")  
  
    integer_list.append(12)  
  
    print(f"List after appending 12: {integer_list}")  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    append()
```

```
Original list: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10]  
List after appending 12: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12]
```

4. Create an array [5,10,15,20,25]. Remove the element 15.

```
def remove():  
  
    my_list = [5, 10, 15, 20, 25]  
  
    print(f"Original list: {my_list}")  
  
    my_list.remove(15)  
  
    print(f"List after removing 15: {my_list}")  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    remove()
```

```
Original list: [5, 10, 15, 20, 25]  
List after removing 15: [5, 10, 20, 25]
```

5. Create two arrays [1,2,3] and [4,5,6]. Extend the first array with the second

```
def extend():  
  
    list_a = [1, 2, 3]  
    list_b = [4, 5, 6]  
  
    print(f"List A: {list_a}")  
    print(f"List B: {list_b}")  
  
    list_a.extend(list_b)  
  
    print(f"List A after being extended by List B: {list_a}")
```

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```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    extend()
```

```
List A: [1, 2, 3]
List B: [4, 5, 6]
List A after being extended by List B: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

6. Create an array [1,2,3,4,5]. Update the 2nd element to 99.

```
def update():
```

```
    my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

```
    print(f"Original list: {my_list}")
```

```
    my_list[1] = 99
```

```
    print(f"List after updating 2nd element to 99: {my_list}")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    update()
```

```
Original list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
List after updating 2nd element to 99: [1, 99, 3, 4, 5]
```

7. Create an array [10,20,30,40,50]. Use slicing to print the first three elements.

```
def run_exercise_7():
```

```
    my_list = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
```

```
    print(f"Original list: {my_list}")
```

```
    first_three = my_list[:3]
```

```
    print(f"The first three elements: {first_three}")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    run_exercise_7()
```

```
Original list: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
The first three elements: [10, 20, 30]
```

8. Create an array [100,200,300,400]. Reverse the array using slicing.

```
def reverse():
```

```
    my_list = [100, 200, 300, 400]
```

```
    print(f"Original list: {my_list}")
```

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```
reversed_list = my_list[::-1]
print(f'Reversed list: {reversed_list}')
if __name__ == "__main__":
    reverse()
```

```
Original list: [100, 200, 300, 400]
Reversed list: [400, 300, 200, 100]
```

❖ Numpy:-

➤ 1D array:-

1. Create a 1D array of numbers from 0 to 20. Print the 5th element.

```
import numpy as np
def index():
    arr = np.arange(21)
    print(f'Array: {arr}')
    fifth_element = arr[4]
    print(f'The 5th element (at index 4) is: {fifth_element}')
index()
```

```
Original array: [ 2  4  6  8 10]
Array after multiplying all elements by 3: [ 6 12 18 24 30]
```

2. Create a 1D array of the first 15 odd numbers. Slice elements from index 3 to 8.

```
import numpy as np
def slice():
    odd_numbers = np.arange(1, 30, 2)
    print(f'Array of 15 odd numbers: {odd_numbers}')
    sliced_array = odd_numbers[3:9]
    print(f'Elements from index 3 to 8: {sliced_array}')
slice()
```

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```
Array (50 to 60): [50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60]
The first 5 elements: [50 51 52 53 54]
```

3. Create a 1D array of numbers from 10 to 100 with a step of 10. Print the last element using negative indexing.

```
def negative():

arr = np.arange(10, 101, 10)

print(f"Array: {arr}")

last_element = arr[-1]

print(f"The last element (using index -1) is: {last_element}")

negative()
```

```
Original 1D array (1x12):
[ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11]

Reshaped (2 rows, 6 columns) array:
[[ 0  1  2  3  4  5]
 [ 6  7  8  9 10 11]]
```

4. Create a 1D array of numbers 1 to 12. Reshape it into a (3,4) array.

```
import numpy as np

def reshape():

arr_1d = np.arange(1, 13)

print(f"Original 1D array (1x12): \n{arr_1d}")

arr_2d = arr_1d.reshape(3, 4)

print(f"\nReshaped (3 rows, 4 columns) array: \n{arr_2d}")

reshape()
```

```
Original array: [ 5 10 15 20 25]
Array after adding 5 to all elements: [10 15 20 25 30]
```

5. Create an array [5,10,15,20,25]. Broadcast it by adding 5 to all elements.

```
import numpy as np

def broadcasting():

arr = np.array([5, 10, 15, 20, 25])
```


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```
print(f"Original array: {arr}")

result_array = arr + 5

print(f"Array after adding 5 to all elements: {result_array}")

broadcasting()
```

```
Original 1D array (1x12):
[ 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12]

Reshaped (3 rows, 4 columns) array:
[[ 1  2  3  4]
 [ 5  6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]]
```

6. Create a 1D array of 12 elements and reshape it into (2,6).

```
import numpy as np

def reshape():

arr_1d = np.arange(12)

print(f"Original 1D array (1x12): \n{arr_1d}")

Name-Manuj Kovale

Roll no.- C54

arr_2d = arr_1d.reshape(2, 6)

print(f"\nReshaped (2 rows, 6 columns) array: \n{arr_2d}")

reshape()
```

```
Array: [ 10  20  30  40  50  60  70  80  90 100]
The last element (using index -1) is: 100
```

7. Create a 1D array of numbers from 50 to 60. Slice the first 5 elements.

```
import numpy as np

def slice_first():

arr = np.arange(50, 61)

print(f"Array (50 to 60): {arr}")

first_five = arr[:5]

print(f"The first 5 elements: {first_five}")
```

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slice_first()

```
Array of 15 odd numbers: [ 1  3  5  7  9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29]  
Elements from index 3 to 8: [ 7  9 11 13 15 17]
```

8. Create a 1D array [2,4,6,8,10]. Broadcast it by multiplying with 3.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def broad_mult():
```

```
arr = np.array([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
```

```
print(f"Original array: {arr}")
```

```
result_array = arr * 3
```

```
print(f"Array after multiplying all elements by 3: {result_array}")
```

```
broad_mult()
```

```
Array: [ 0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20]  
The 5th element (at index 4) is: 4
```

➤ 2D array:-

1. Create a 2D array of shape (3,3) with numbers 1–9. Print the element at row 2, column 3.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def index():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 10).reshape(3, 3)
```

```
print(f"3x3 Array:\n{arr}")
```

```
element = arr[1, 2]
```

```
print(f"Element at Row 2, Column 3 (index [1, 2]): {element}")
```

```
index()
```

```
3x3 Array:  
[[1 2 3]  
 [4 5 6]  
 [7 8 9]]  
Element at Row 2, Column 3 (index [1, 2]): 6
```

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2. Create a 2D array of shape (4,4) with numbers 1–16. Slice the first two rows.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def slice():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 17).reshape(4, 4)
```

```
print(f"4x4 Array:\n{arr}")
```

```
first_two_rows = arr[0:2, :]
```

```
print(f"\nFirst two rows:\n{first_two_rows}")
```

```
slice()
```

```
4x4 Array:
[[ 1  2  3  4]
 [ 5  6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]
 [13 14 15 16]]

First two rows:
[[1 2 3 4]
 [5 6 7 8]]
```

3. Create a 2D array of shape (3,5) with numbers from 10 to 24. Slice the last column.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def slicelast():
```

```
arr = np.arange(10, 25).reshape(3, 5)
```

```
print(f"3x5 Array:\n{arr}")
```

```
last_column = arr[:, -1]
```

```
print(f"\nLast column:\n{last_column}")
```

```
slicelast()
```

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```
3x5 Array:
[[10 11 12 13 14]
 [15 16 17 18 19]
 [20 21 22 23 24]]

Last column:
[14 19 24]
```

4. Create a 2D array of shape (2,6). Reshape it into (3,4).

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def reshape():
```

```
arr_2x6 = np.arange(1, 13).reshape(2, 6)
```

```
print(f"Original (2x6) Array:\n{arr_2x6}")
```

```
arr_3x4 = arr_2x6.reshape(3, 4)
```

```
print(f"\nReshaped (3x4) Array:\n{arr_3x4}")
```

```
reshape()
```

```
Original (2x6) Array:
[[ 1  2  3  4  5  6]
 [ 7  8  9 10 11 12]]

Reshaped (3x4) Array:
[[ 1  2  3  4]
 [ 5  6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]]
```

5. Create a 2D array (3×3). Slice the first row.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def slicefirst():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 10).reshape(3, 3)
```

```
print(f"3x3 Array:\n{arr}")
```

```
first_row = arr[0, :]
```

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```
print(f"\nFirst row:\n{first_row}")
```

```
slicefirst()
```

```
3x3 Array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

First row:
[1 2 3]
```

6. Create a 2D array (4×4). Slice the last two rows and last two columns (bottom-right block).

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def sliceblock():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 17).reshape(4, 4)
```

```
print(f"4x4 Array:\n{arr}")
```

```
bottom_right_block = arr[2:, 2:]
```

```
print(f"\nBottom-right 2x2 block:\n{bottom_right_block}")
```

```
sliceblock()
```

```
4x4 Array:
[[ 1  2  3  4]
 [ 5  6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]
 [13 14 15 16]]

Bottom-right 2x2 block:
[[11 12]
 [15 16]]
```

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7. Create a 2D array of shape (2,3). Broadcast by adding [10,20,30] to each row.

```
import numpy as np

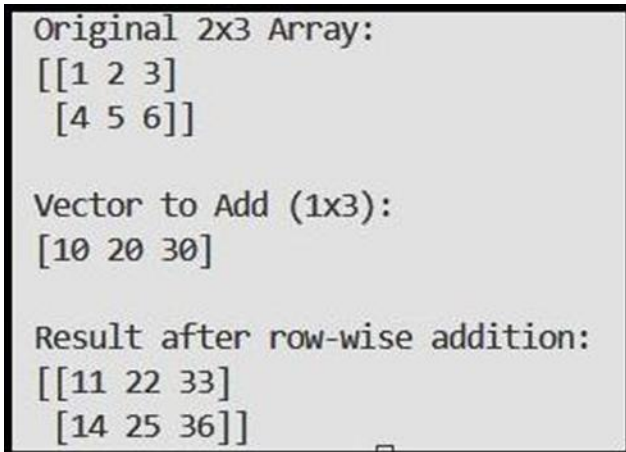
def broadrowadd():

    arr_2d = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
    print(f"Original 2x3 Array:\n{arr_2d}")

    vector_to_add = np.array([10, 20, 30])
    print(f"\nVector to Add (1x3):\n{vector_to_add}")

    result_array = arr_2d + vector_to_add
    print(f"\nResult after row-wise addition:\n{result_array}")

broadrowadd()
```



```
Original 2x3 Array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]

Vector to Add (1x3):
[10 20 30]

Result after row-wise addition:
[[11 22 33]
 [14 25 36]]
```

8. Create a 2D array (3×3). Print the diagonal elements using indexing.

```
import numpy as np

def diagonal():

    arr = np.arange(1, 10).reshape(3, 3)

    print(f"3x3 Array:\n{arr}")

    diagonal_elements = arr[[0, 1, 2], [0, 1, 2]]
```

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```
print(f"\nDiagonal elements (using fancy indexing): {diagonal_elements}")
```

```
diagonal()
```

```
3x3 Array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

Diagonal elements (using fancy indexing): [1 5 9]
```

➤ 3D array:-

1. Create a 3D array of shape (2,3,4) with numbers 1–24. Print element at [1,2,3].

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def a():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 25).reshape(2, 3, 4)
```

```
print(f"3D Array (2, 3, 4):\n{arr}")
```

```
element = arr[0, 1, 2]
```

```
print(f"\nElement at Block 1, Row 2, Column 3: {element}")
```

```
a()
```

```
3D Array (2, 3, 4):
[[[ 1  2  3  4]
   [ 5  6  7  8]
   [ 9 10 11 12]]

 [[13 14 15 16]
  [17 18 19 20]
  [21 22 23 24]]]

Element at Block 1, Row 2, Column 3: 7
```

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2. Create a 3D array of shape (2,2,3). Slice the first “block” (all rows/cols of index 0 along axis 0)

import numpy as np

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def b():

arr = np.arange(1, 13).reshape(2, 2, 3)

print(f"3D Array (2, 2, 3):\n{arr}")

first_block = arr[0, :, :]

print(f"\nFirst block (Index 0 along axis 0):{first_block}")

b()

```
3D Array (2, 2, 3):
```

```
[[[ 1  2  3]
   [ 4  5  6]]
```

```
 [[ 7  8  9]
  [10 11 12]]]
```

```
First block (Index 0 along axis 0):[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]
```

3. Create a 3D array (3,3,3) with numbers 1–27. Reshape it into (9,3).

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```
import numpy as np

def c():

arr_3d = np.arange(1, 28).reshape(3, 3, 3)

print(f"Original 3D Array (3, 3, 3): {arr_3d}")

arr_2d = arr_3d.reshape(9, 3)

print(f"\nReshaped 2D Array (9, 3): {arr_2d}")

c()
```

```
Original 3D Array (3, 3, 3): [[[ 1  2  3]
 [ 4  5  6]
 [ 7  8  9]]

 [[10 11 12]
 [13 14 15]
 [16 17 18]]

 [[19 20 21]
 [22 23 24]
 [25 26 27]]]

Reshaped 2D Array (9, 3): [[ 1  2  3]
 [ 4  5  6]
 [ 7  8  9]
 [10 11 12]
 [13 14 15]
 [16 17 18]
 [19 20 21]
 [22 23 24]
 [25 26 27]]
```

4. Create a 3D array (2,3,3). Slice the second row of the first block.

```
import numpy as np

def d():

arr = np.arange(1, 19).reshape(2, 3, 3)

print(f"3D Array (2, 3, 3):\n{arr}")
```

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```
second_row_first_block = arr[0, 1, :]
```

```
print(f"\nSecond row (index 1) of the First block (index 0): {second_row_first_block}")
```

```
d()
```

```
3D Array (2, 3, 3):
```

```
[[[ 1  2  3]
   [ 4  5  6]
   [ 7  8  9]]
```

```
 [[10 11 12]
  [13 14 15]
  [16 17 18]]]
```

```
Second row (index 1) of the First block (index 0): [4 5 6]
```

5. Create a 3D array (2,3,3). Broadcast by adding [5,10,15] to each row.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def e():
```

```
arr_3d = np.arange(1, 19).reshape(2, 3, 3)
```

```
print(f"Original 3D Array (2, 3, 3):\n{arr_3d}")
```

```
vector_to_add = np.array([5, 10, 15])
```

```
print(f"\nVector to Add (added to each column of every row): {vector_to_add}")
```

```
result_array = arr_3d + vector_to_add
```

```
print(f"Result after row-wise addition:\n{result_array}")
```

```
e()
```

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C-29

SPP-II

```
Original 3D Array (2, 3, 3):  
[[[ 1  2  3]  
   [ 4  5  6]  
   [ 7  8  9]]  
  
 [[10 11 12]  
  [13 14 15]  
  [16 17 18]]]  
  
Vector to Add (added to each column of every row): [ 5 10 15]  
Result after row-wise addition:  
[[[ 6 12 18]  
   [ 9 15 21]  
   [12 18 24]]  
  
 [[15 21 27]  
  [18 24 30]  
  [21 27 33]]]
```

6. Create a 3D array (2,2,4) with numbers from 1 to 16. Slice the last two columns of all blocks.

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def f():
```

```
arr = np.arange(1, 17).reshape(2, 2, 4)
```

```
print(f"3D Array (2, 2, 4):\n{arr}")
```

```
last_two_columns = arr[:, :, -2:]
```

```
print(f"\nArray containing only the last two columns from all blocks:\n{last_two_columns}")
```

```
f()
```

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```
3D Array (2, 2, 4):
```

```
[[[ 1  2  3  4]
   [ 5  6  7  8]]
```

```
 [[ 9 10 11 12]
  [13 14 15 16]]]
```

```
Array containing only the last two columns from all blocks:
```

```
[[[ 3  4]
   [ 7  8]]
```

```
 [[11 12]
  [15 16]]]
```

7. Create a 3D array (2,3,2). Print the element at [0,1,1].

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def g():
```

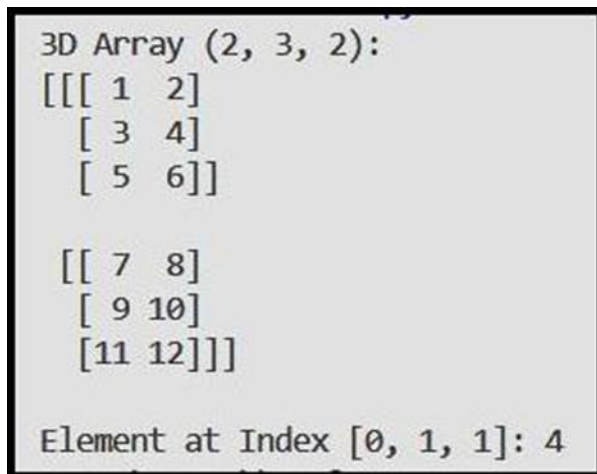
```
arr = np.arange(1, 13).reshape(2, 3, 2)
```

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```
print(f"3D Array (2, 3, 2):\n{arr}")  
element = arr[0, 1, 1]  
print(f"\nElement at Index [0, 1, 1]: {element}")  
g()
```



The screenshot shows the output of a Python script. It first displays a 3D array with dimensions (2, 3, 2). The array is visualized as two 3x2 grids. The first grid contains the values 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. The second grid contains the values 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. Below the array, it shows the element at index [0, 1, 1] is 4.

```
3D Array (2, 3, 2):  
[[[ 1  2]  
  [ 3  4]  
  [ 5  6]]  
  
 [[ 7  8]  
  [ 9 10]  
  [11 12]]]  
  
Element at Index [0, 1, 1]: 4
```

8. Create a 3D array (3,2,2). Reshape it into (2,3,2).

```
import numpy as np  
  
def h():  
    arr_original = np.arange(1, 13).reshape(3, 2, 2)  
    print(f"Original 3D Array (3, 2, 2):\n{arr_original}")  
    arr_resaped = arr_original.reshape(2, 3, 2)  
    print(f"Reshaped 3D Array (2, 3, 2): {arr_resaped}")  
h()
```

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Original 3D Array (3, 2, 2):

```
[[[ 1  2]
   [ 3  4]]
```

```
[[ 5  6]
 [ 7  8]]
```

```
[[ 9 10]
 [11 12]]]
```

Reshaped 3D Array (2, 3, 2):

```
[[[ 1  2]
   [ 3  4]
   [ 5  6]]
```

```
[[ 7  8]
 [ 9 10]
 [11 12]]]
```